FINAL SCREENING-LEVEL ECOLOGICAL
RISK ASSESSMENT (SLERA)
FOR THE
GULFCO MARINE MAINTENANCE
SUPERFUND SITE
FREEPORT, TEXAS

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LIST OF ACRONYMS

AET – apparent effects threshold

AST – aboveground storage tank

AUF – area-use factor (unitless)

BAF – bioaccumulation factor

BCF – bioconcentration factor

BERA – Baseline Ecological Risk Assessment

BSAF - biota-sediment accumulation factor

BW – wildlife receptor body weight (kg)

COI – chemicals of interest

COPEC – chemicals of potential ecological concern

CSM – conceptual site model

DDD – dichlorodiphenyldichloroethylene

DDE – dichlorodiphenyldichloroethane

DDT – dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane

EPA – United States Environmental Protection Agency

EPC – exposure point concentration

ERA – Ecological Risk Assessment

ERL – Effects Range-Low

ERM – Effects Range-Medium

HPAH – high-molecular weight polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon

HQ – hazard quotient

LOAEL – lowest observed effects level

LPAH – low-molecular weight polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon

NEDR - Nature and Extent Data Report

NOAEL - no observed adverse effects level

NPL – National Priorities List

PAH – polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon

PCB – polychlorinated biphenyl

PCL - Protective Concentration Limit

QAPP – Quality Assurance Project Plan

RI/FS – Remedial investigation/Feasibility Study

ROPC – receptors of potential concern

SLERA - Screening-Level Ecological Risk Assessment

SMDP – Scientific Management Decision Point

SOW - Statement of Work

TCEQ – Texas Commission on Environmental Quality

TDSHS – Texas Department of State Health Services

TPWD – Texas Parks and Wildlife Department

TRV – species-specific toxicity reference value

TRRP – Texas Risk Reduction Program

TSWQS - Texas Surface Water Quality Standard

UAO – Unilateral Administrative Order

UCL – upper confidence limit

USDA – United States Department of Agriculture

USFWS – United States Fish and Wildlife Service

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The purpose and scope of this document is to summarize the analytical data for environmental media sampled during the Remedial Investigation (RI) and to conduct an updated Screening-Level Ecological Risk Assessment (SLERA) based on those data for the Gulfco Marine Maintenance Superfund Site located in Freeport, Texas in Brazoria County at 906 Marlin Avenue. The SLERA is a conservative assessment and serves to evaluate the need and, if required, the level of effort necessary to conduct a baseline ecological risk assessment. Per the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) guidance, the SLERA provides a general indication of the potential for ecological risk (or lack thereof) and may be conducted for several purposes including: 1) to estimate the likelihood that a particular ecological risk exists; 2) to identify the need for site-specific data collection efforts; or 3) to focus site-specific ecological risk assessments where warranted.

The Site consists of approximately 40 acres within the 100-year coastal floodplain along the north bank of the Intracoastal Waterway between Oyster Creek to the east and the Old Brazos River Channel to the west. Beginning in approximately 1971, barges were brought to the facility and cleaned of waste oils, caustics and organic chemicals, with these products reportedly stored in onsite tanks and later sold. Sandblasting and other barge repair/refurbishing activities also occurred on the Site. During the operation, wash waters were reportedly stored either on a floating barge, in on-site storage tanks, and/or in surface impoundments present on Lot 56 of the Site. The surface impoundments were closed under the Texas Water Commission's direction in 1982.

The South Area includes approximately 20 acres of upland that were created from dredged material from the Intracoastal Waterway. Prior to construction of the Intracoastal Waterway, this area was most likely coastal wetlands. The North Area, excluding the capped surface impoundments and access roads, is considered estuarine wetland. The North Area consists of approximately five acres of upland, which supports a variety of herbaceous vegetation that is tolerant of drier soil conditions, while the North wetlands is approximately 15 acres in size.

Data related to the nature and extent of potential contamination in ecologically-relevant media (e.g., soil, sediment, and surface water) at the Site were obtained as part of the RI. Unless otherwise noted, the samples were analyzed for the full suite of analytes as specified in the approved Remedial Investigation/Feasibility Study Work Plan for the Site. Samples included:

• Eighty-three surface soil samples (0 to 0.5 ft below ground surface) and 83 subsurface soil samples (0.5 ft to 4 ft below ground surface) were collected in the South Area.

- Eighteen surface soil and subsurface soil samples were collected in the North Area.
- Two additional surface soil samples were collected near the former transformer shed at the South Area for polychlorinated biphenyls analyses only.
- Ten background soil samples were collected within the approved background area approximately 2,000 feet east of the Site near the east end of Marlin Avenue.
- Sixteen sediment samples were collected from the Intracoastal Waterway in front of the Site. One additional sediment sample was collected near the Site and analyzed for 4,4'-DDT.
- Nine background sediment samples were collected from the Intracoastal Waterway east of the Site and across the main waterway canal.
- Forty-eight sediment samples were collected in the North Area wetlands. Additional sediment samples were collected from the North Area wetlands and analyzed for 4,4'-DDT; five of these samples were also analyzed for zinc.
- Eight sediment samples were collected from the two ponds located in the North Area.
- Four surface water samples were collected in the Intracoastal Waterway adjacent to the Site.
- Four surface water samples were collected from the background surface water area.
- Four surface water samples were collected in the North Area wetlands.
- Six surface water samples were collected from the two ponds located in the North Area.

All data were compared to appropriate ecological screening levels to identify the chemicals of potential ecological concern that were quantitatively evaluated further in the SLERA. Several representative groups of wildlife were identified as receptors of potential concern for use in the SLERA. Each group of receptors represents a group of species (i.e., feeding guild) with similar habitat use and feeding habits that could potentially inhabit either the terrestrial, estuarine wetland, or aquatic habitats at the Site.

Potential ecological risks were calculated for the various mobile receptors using a standard hazard quotient (HQ) approach for the various media using no-observed-adverse-effects-level-based toxicity reference values, high-end conservative exposure assumptions, and 95 percent upper confidence limits on the mean exposure point concentrations. The exception to the HQ

evaluation approach was fish, which were evaluated by comparing predicted tissue concentrations to literature studies that linked tissue concentrations to adverse effects. A sample-by-sample comparison of sediment samples to sediment screening criteria was also performed to ensure that the sedentary benthic organisms were adequately protected and HQs were calculated using maximum measured concentrations for the sedentary benthic organisms. Maximum surface water concentrations were compared to screening criteria or water quality standards to ensure that aquatic life communities were adequately protected.

Several of the risk calculations using maximum measured concentrations resulted in a HQ greater than one in soil from the South Area, North Area, and background area for the soil invertebrate (earthworm) receptor. HQs for the higher trophic level terrestrial receptors were less than one.

HQs exceeded one for two pesticides and several polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) for the benthic receptor in Intracoastal Waterway sediment using maximum measured concentrations. No compounds were measured in Site Intracoastal Waterway surface water samples in excess of their surface water screening criteria. Predicted fish tissue concentrations were much less than adverse effects levels reported in the literature. HQs for the avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron) were less than one. Localized adverse effects to sedentary biota communities may be possible at the sampling locations that exceeded the midpoint of the ERL/ERM. These chemicals of potential ecological concern (COPECs) will be further evaluated in a baseline ecological risk assessment (BERA).

In the background Intracoastal Waterway area, the only compounds that exceeded their screening level in sediment when using maximum measured concentrations were arsenic and nickel. Two COPECs (silver and 4,4'-DDT) were measured in excess of their surface water screening criteria. Predicted fish tissue concentrations were less than adverse effects levels reported in the literature. COPEC concentrations may be used in the BERA to evaluate potential risks from the same COPECs in various Site areas.

For the North Area wetlands sediment, the HQs exceeded one for several pesticides, a number of PAHs, and several metals for the benthic receptor using maximum measured concentrations. Most of the HQs are less than ten. HQs for the avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron) did not exceed one. Localized adverse effects may be possible at the sampling locations that exceed the midpoint of the ERL/ERM. Two COPECs (acrolein and dissolved copper) were measured in

excess of their surface water screening criteria. Predicted fish tissue concentrations were less than adverse effects levels reported in the literature. There may be the potential for adverse impacts to sedentary biota communities in sediment and aquatic life communities in surface water from the COPECs that exceed their HQs or water quality screening benchmarks, respectively. These COPECs will be further evaluated in a BERA.

HQs for 4,4'-DDT and zinc in pond sediment were greater than one when using the maximum measured concentrations. HQs for the avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron) did not exceed one. Dissolved silver was measured in pond surface water samples in excess of its surface water screening criteria. Predicted fish tissue concentrations were less than adverse effects levels reported in the literature. There may be the potential for adverse impacts to sedentary biota communities in sediment and aquatic life communities in surface water from the COPECs that exceed their HQs or water quality screening benchmarks, respectively. These COPECs will be further evaluated in a BERA.

Bioaccumulative compounds for each media are identified in Table 21 with a "+" notation. If a compound was measured above the detection limit and is considered bioaccumulative, it was quantitatively evaluated in the SLERA. These compounds were included in the abovementioned hazard quotient analysis.

This information indicates a potential for adverse ecological effects to certain COPECs and receptors, and a more thorough assessment is warranted (i.e., continue to Step 3 of EPA's Ecological Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund process). This conclusion is based on exceedances of protective ecological benchmarks for direct contact toxicity as described in the SLERA. No literature-based food chain HQs exceeded unity and, as such, adverse risks to higher trophic level receptors are unlikely.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) named the former site of Gulfco Marine Maintenance, Inc. (the Site) in Freeport, Brazoria County, Texas to the National Priorities List (NPL) in May 2003. The EPA issued a modified Unilateral Administrative Order (UAO), effective July 29, 2005, which was subsequently amended effective January 31, 2008. The UAO required the Respondents to conduct a Remedial Investigation and Feasibility Study (RI/FS) for the Site. The Statement of Work (SOW) for the RI/FS at the Site, provided as an Attachment to the UAO from the EPA, requires an Ecological Risk Assessment (ERA). The SOW specifies that the Respondents follow EPA's *Ecological Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund: Process for Designing and Conducting Ecological Risk Assessments* (EPA, 1997). This guidance document proposes an eight-step approach for conducting a scientifically-defensible ERA:

- 1. Screening-Level Problem Formulation and Ecological Effects Evaluation;
- 2. Screening-Level Preliminary Exposure Estimate and Risk Calculation;
- 3. Baseline Risk Assessment Problem Formulation;
- 4. Study Design and Data Quality Objectives;
- 5. Field Verification of Sampling Design;
- 6. Site Investigation and Analysis of Exposure and Effects;
- 7. Risk Characterization; and
- 8. Risk Management.

Briefly, Steps 1 and 2 of the process are scoping phases of the ERA in which existing information is reviewed to preliminarily identify the ecological components that are potentially at risk, the chemicals of potential ecological concern (COPECs), and the transport and exposure pathways that are important to the ERA. This process is conducted using conservative assumptions to avoid underestimating risk or omitting receptors or COPECs, and constitutes the Screening-Level Ecological Risk Assessment (SLERA). Step 3 is the Baseline Problem Formulation that uses the results of the SLERA to identify methods for risk analysis and characterization, resulting in the identification of ERA data needs for the RI/FS. Steps 4 through 7 include formalization of the data needs, data collection, and data analysis for the risk characterization. Risk management activities are the eighth step in the process.

Steps 1 and 2 were performed through the submittal of an initial SLERA based on pre-RI data to EPA on November 17, 2005, as outlined in the SOW. The initial SLERA recommended collecting additional data to better characterize the nature and extent of contamination and potential risks associated with the Site. These data needs were identified in the RI/FS Work Plan (PBW, 2006a), which was approved with modifications by EPA on May 4, 2006 and finalized on May 16, 2006. Data needs were based on the preliminary conceptual site models (CSMs) provided in the Work Plan. Identification of COPECs for the baseline ecological risk assessment (BERA), which was one of the primary objectives of the initial SLERA, is based on maximum soil and sediment concentrations exceeding risk-based criteria. However, given the limited data available for the Site when the initial SLERA was conducted, eliminating COPECs from further evaluation or determining those that do required further evaluation could not be performed at that time.

As discussed at the August 4, 2005 Project Scoping Meeting and provided for in the RI/FS Work Plan, the SLERA and the resulting Scientific Management Decision Point (SMDP) were to be reevaluated after the complete database of soil, sediment, and surface water samples collected during the RI was available. A Draft Nature and Extent Data Report (NEDR) providing these data was submitted to EPA on March 2, 2009 and was approved with modifications by EPA on April 29, 2009. The Final NEDR (PBW, 2009), which incorporated the requested modifications, was submitted to EPA on May 20, 2009. This SLERA presents a re-evaluation of the November 16, 2005 SLERA (PBW, 2005), is based on the data presented in the NEDR (PBW, 2009), and is responsive to EPA comments received on April 16, 2010 (EPA, 2010) on the Final SLERA (PBW, 2010).

1.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose and scope of this document is to summarize the analytical data for environmental media sampled during the RI and to conduct an updated SLERA based on those data. The SLERA is a conservative assessment and serves to evaluate the need and, if required, the level of effort necessary to conduct a baseline ecological risk assessment. Per EPA guidance (EPA, 2001), the SLERA provides a general indication of the potential for ecological risk (or lack thereof) and may be conducted for several purposes including: 1) to estimate the likelihood that a particular ecological risk exists; 2) to identify the need for site-specific data collection efforts; or 3) to focus site-specific ecological risk assessments where warranted.

This report provides documentation for whether further assessment (i.e., proceeding with the baseline ecological risk assessment) is necessary, and helps guide the next phases of evaluation, if necessary.

1.2 SITE SETTING AND HISTORY

The Site is located in Freeport, Texas in Brazoria County at 906 Marlin Avenue (also referred to as County Road 756). The Site consists of approximately 40 acres within the 100-year coastal floodplain along the north bank of the Intracoastal Waterway between Oyster Creek to the east and the Old Brazos River Channel to the west. Figure 1 provides a map of the site vicinity, while Plate 1 provides a detailed site map and shows site features and sampling locations.

During the 1960s, the Site was used for occasional welding but there were no on-site structures (Losack, 2005). According to the Hazard Ranking Score Documentation (TNRCC, 2002), from 1971 through 1999, at least three different owners used the Site as a barge cleaning facility. Beginning in approximately 1971, barges were brought to the facility and cleaned of waste oils, caustics and organic chemicals, with these products stored in on-site tanks and later sold (TNRCC, 2002). Sandblasting and other barge repair/refurbishing activities also occurred on the Site. At times during the operation, wash waters were stored either on a floating barge, in on-site storage tanks, and/or in surface impoundments on Lot 56 of the Site. The surface impoundments were closed under the Texas Water Commission's (Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) predecessor agency) direction in 1982 (Carden, 1982).

Marlin Avenue divides the Site into two areas. For the purposes of this report, it is assumed that Marlin Avenue runs due west to east. The property to the north of Marlin Avenue (the North Area) consists of undeveloped land and the closed surface impoundments, while the property south of Marlin Avenue (the South Area) was developed for industrial uses with multiple structures, a dry dock, sand blasting areas, an aboveground storage tank (AST) tank farm that is situated on a concrete pad with a berm, and two barge slips connected to the Intracoastal Waterway.

The South Area is zoned as "W-3, Waterfront Heavy" by the City of Freeport. This designation provides for commercial and industrial land use, primarily port, harbor, or marine-related activities. The North Area is zoned as "M-2, Heavy Manufacturing."

Adjacent property to the north, west and east of North Area is unused and undeveloped. Adjacent property to the east of the South Area is currently used for industrial purposes while the property directly to the west of the property is currently vacant and previously served as a commercial marina. The Intracoastal Waterway bounds the Site to the south. Residential areas are located south of Marlin Avenue, approximately 300 feet west of the Site, and 1,000 feet east of the Site.

2.0 SCREENING-LEVEL PROBLEM FORMULATION AND ECOLOGICAL EFFECTS EVALUATION (STEP 1)

Problem formulation establishes the goals, scope and focus of the SLERA by describing the physical features of the site, the communities of potential receptors present at the site, the selection of assessment and measurement endpoints, and potential exposure pathways. This information serves as the basis for the conceptual site model, which is used to focus the remaining steps of the SLERA.

2.1 ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING

The Site is located between Galveston and Matagorda Bays and is situated along approximately 1200 feet (ft.) of shoreline on the Intracoastal Waterway. The Intracoastal Waterway is a coastal shipping canal that extends from Port Isabel to West Orange on the Texas Gulf Coast and is a vital corridor for the shipment of bulk materials and chemicals. It is the third busiest shipping canal in the United States, and along the Texas coast carries an average of 60 to 90 million tons of cargo each year (TxDOT, 2001). Of the cargo carried between Galveston and Corpus Christi, TX, 49 percent is comprised of petroleum and petroleum products and 38 percent is comprised of chemicals and related products. Approximately 50,000 trips were made by vessels making the passage through the Intracoastal Waterway between Galveston and Corpus Christi, TX in 2006 (USACE, 2006).

The South Area includes approximately 20 acres of upland that were created from dredged material from the Intracoastal Waterway. Prior to construction of the Intracoastal Waterway, this area was most likely coastal wetlands. The North Area, excluding the capped impoundments and access roads, is considered estuarine wetland (USFWS, 2008). The North Area consists of approximately five acres of upland, which supports a variety of herbaceous vegetation that is tolerant of drier soil conditions, while the North wetlands is approximately 15 acres in size.

2.1.1 Terrestrial Areas

According to the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) County Soils Maps (USDA, 1981), surface soils south of Marlin Avenue are classified as Surfside clays, and soils north of the road are classified as Velasco clays. Both soils are listed on the state and federal soils lists as

hydric soils. The Velasco series consists of very deep, nearly level, very poorly drained saline soils. These soils formed in thick recent clayey sediments near the mouth of major rivers and streams draining into the Gulf of Mexico. They occur on level to slightly depressed areas near sea level and are saturated most of the year. Slope is less than one percent. The Surfside series consists of very deep, very poorly drained, saline soils that formed in recent clayey coastal sediments. They are saturated most of the year, and are on level to depressed areas near sea level with a slope less than one percent. It should be noted, however, that during drought periods, much of the wetlands area north of the Site is dry and desiccated, with standing water confined to very limited, localized areas.

Much of the South Area is covered with concrete slabs associated with former structures or Site operations. Because of the former industrial operations, the South Area contains very few areas of undisturbed terrestrial or upland habitat. Little resident wildlife has been observed at the South Area. During field work, nests were noted on some of the vertical structures at the Site.

The approximately five acres of terrestrial or upland habitat at the North area was created during previous operations at the Site. The five acres has developed some vegetation because plants have grown in some areas of the oyster-shell covered parking lot and former surface impoundments cap.

2.1.2 North Area Wetlands

There are two ponds on the North Area, located east of the former surface impoundments (Plate 1). The larger of the two ponds is called the Fresh Water Pond while the other pond is referred to as the Small Pond. It should be noted, however, that based on field measurements of specific conductance and salinity, the water in the Fresh Water Pond is brackish while water in the Small Pond is less brackish (but is not fresh water). The Fresh Water Pond water depth is generally 4 to 4.5 feet. The Small Pond is a shallow depression that tends to dry out during summer months and periods of drought; the water depth was approximately 0.2 feet when sampled in July 2006 and nearly dry when sampled in June 2008.

Based on field observations, the wetland in the North Area appears tidally influenced. Figure 2 depicts wetlands areas in the Site vicinity. Wetlands are the transitional zones between uplands and aquatic habitats and usually include elements of both. The wetlands at the Site are typical of

irregularly flooded tidal marshes on the Texas Gulf Coast. The lower areas in the northern half of the property are dominated by obligate and facultative wetland vegetation such as saltwort (*Batis maritima*), sea-oxeye daisy (*Borrichia frutescens*), shoregrass (*Monanthocloe littoralis*), Carolina wolf berry (*Lycium caroliniaum*), spike sedge (*Eleocharis sp.*), and glasswort (*Salicornia bigelovii*). Higher ground near the road supports facultative wetland vegetation such as eastern bacchari (*Baccharis halimifolia*), sumpweed (*Iva frutescens*), and wiregrass (*Spartina patens*). Near Marlin Avenue, there are several shallow depressions that apparently collect and hold enough freshwater to allow homogenous stands of saltmarsh bulrush (*Schoenoplectus robustus*) to develop.

The high marsh, or supra-tidal zone, is the driest part of the coastal marsh habitat and supports far fewer invertebrate species. Due to the irregularity of flooding in the high marsh, there are no filter feeding bivalves or worms. Rather, the worms, amphipods, and isopods that live in the high marsh sediment are detritivores, direct deposit feeders, or predators. The crabs that live in the high marsh live in burrows that are excavated to groundwater, allowing them to keep their gills moist. Most crab species only return to the water to lay their eggs.

The North Area supports wildlife that would be common in a Texas coastal marsh. Fiddler crabs (*Uca rapax*) are likely the most abundant crustacean in the North Area. Other crustaceans found at the Site were fiddler crabs (*Uca panacea*), and hermit crabs (*Clibanarius vittatus*). The most common gastropod is the marsh periwinkle (*Littorina irrorata*). The Site is also used by a variety of shorebirds. Birds observed at the Site include the great blue heron (*Ardea herodias*), great egret (*Casmerodius albus*), snowy egret (*Egretta thula*), green heron (*Butorides striatus*), white ibis (*Eudocimus albus*), glossy ibis (*Plegadis falcinellus*), and willet (*Catoptrophorus semipalmatus*). The Site provides suitable habitat for rails, sora, and gallinules and moorhens, and may also be used by a variety of small mammals, rodents, and reptiles.

Other than gross disturbances in the wetlands area due to the former surface impoundment caps and other man-made upland terrain, the North Area wetlands is functionally and visually identical to the adjacent off-site wetlands area. Likewise, observations made during sediment sampling indicated consistent sediment characteristics for all North Area wetlands sampling locations.

2.1.3 Intracoastal Waterway

The Intracoastal Waterway supports barge traffic and other boating activities. The area near the Site is regularly dredged and, as noted by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), shoreline habitat is limited (USFWS, 2005a). Reduced light penetration, periodic dredging, wave action from barge traffic, and higher than normal tidal energy prevent submerged vegetation from growing in the Intracoastal Waterway near the Site. The absence of attached vegetation, which provides food and shelter, decreases the number of invertebrate species that can utilize the habitat in this sub-tidal zone and, therefore, most of the epibenthic invertebrates that utilize the sub-tidal zone in the Intracoastal Waterway near the Site are migrants.

Because of the reduced tidal energy at the upper end of each of the barge slips, there is a small amount of intertidal emergent marsh that has developed in these areas. Sand and silt has accumulated in the ends of the slips and is supporting small stands of gulf cordgrass (*Spartina alterniflora*). Sheetpile and concrete bulkheads protect the remainder of the shoreline. The bulkheads provide habitat for oysters (*Crassostrea virginica*), barnacles (*Balanus improvisus*), sea anemones (*Bunodosoma cavernata*), limpets and sponges.

Fishing has been known to occur on and near the Site. Red drum (*Sciaenops ocellatus*), black drum (*Pogonias cromis*), spotted seatrout (*Cynoscion nebulosus*), southern flounder (*Paralichthys lethostigma*) and other species are reportedly caught in the area (TPWD, 2009). It should be noted that, during the fish sampling conducted for the human health fish ingestion pathway risk assessment, red drum were not caught (using nets) as frequently as other species (see discussion in NEDR (PBW, 2009)), presumably because of a lack of habitat and prey items to keep them near the Site. Recreational and commercial fishermen collect blue crabs (*Callinectes sapidus*) from waterways in the area. The Texas Department of State Health Services (TDSHS) has banned the collection of oysters from this area due to biological hazards and has issued a consumption advisory for king mackerel for the entire Gulf Coast due to mercury levels in the fish (TDSHS, 2005).

2.2 NATURE AND EXTENT OF POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION

Data related to the nature and extent of potential contamination in ecologically-relevant media (e.g., soil, sediment, and surface water) at the Site were obtained as part of the RI and, as noted

previously, are discussed in the NEDR (PBW, 2009). Unless otherwise noted, the samples were analyzed for the full suite of analytes as specified in the approved Work Plan (PBW, 2006a). Plate 1 provides sample locations for site-related samples, and Figure 3 provides sample locations for the background soil, surface water, and sediment samples. It should be noted on Plate 1, that different grid lines/areas and Zones 1 through 4 are identified. The grids were used to help locate samples based on EPA's preference to collect soil samples randomly over a grid while the zones represent the different areas where fish were sampled.

Tables 1 through 17 summarize the key parameters for the chemicals of interest (COIs) measured in these samples. A chemical of interest is defined in this report as any compound measured in at least one sample above the detection limit and at a detection frequency of greater than five percent. Tables 1 through 17 provide maximum and minimum measured concentrations, as well as summary statistics for each COI for each media. The 95% upper confidence limits (95% UCLs) on the mean were estimated using EPA guidance (EPA, 2002a and 2009a) and are described in greater detail in the following section.

Eighty-three surface soil samples (0 to 0.5 ft below ground surface (bgs)) and 83 subsurface soil samples (0.5 ft to 4 ft bgs) were collected in the South Area. Eighteen surface soil samples and 18 subsurface soil samples were collected in the North Area. Two additional surface soil samples were collected near the former transformer shed at the South Area for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) analyses only. Ten background soil samples were collected within the approved background area approximately 2,000 feet east of the Site near the east end of Marlin Avenue (Figure 3).

Sixteen sediment samples were collected from the Intracoastal Waterway in front of the Site. Nine background sediment samples were collected from the Intracoastal Waterway east of the Site and across the canal. One additional sediment sample was collected from the Intracoastal Waterway near the Site and analyzed for DDT to further characterize the extent of contamination as described in the NEDR (PBW, 2009). Forty-eight sediment samples were collected in the North Area wetlands. Additional sediment samples were collected from the North Area wetlands and analyzed for DDT; five of these samples were also analyzed for zinc. A total of eight sediment samples were collected from the North Area.

Four surface water samples were collected in the Intracoastal Waterway adjacent to the Site. Four surface water samples were collected from the background surface water area – the Intracoastal Waterway east of the Site, and across the canal (Figure 3). Four surface water samples were collected in the wetlands drainage areas north of Marlin Avenue and a total of six surface water samples were collected from the two ponds located in the North Area. Chemical analyses of these surface water samples included both total and dissolved concentrations of metals.

2.3 POTENTIALLY COMPLETE EXPOSURE PATHWAYS AND PRELIMINARY CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

The identification of potentially complete exposure pathways is performed to evaluate the exposure potential as well as the risk of effects on ecosystem components. In order for an exposure pathway to be considered complete, it must meet all of the following four criteria (EPA, 1997):

- A source of the contaminant must be present or must have been present in the past.
- A mechanism for transport of the contaminant from the source must be present.
- A potential point of contact between the receptor and the contaminant must be available.
- A route of exposure from the contact point to the receptor must be present.

Exposure pathways can only be considered complete if all of these criteria are met. If one or more of the criteria are not met, there is no mechanism for exposure of the receptor to the contaminant. Potentially complete pathways used in the SLERA are shown in the conceptual site models for the terrestrial and estuarine ecosystems (Figures 4 and 5, respectively).

In general, biota can be exposed to chemical stressors through direct exposure to abiotic media, or through ingestion of forage or prey that have accumulated contaminants. Exposure routes are the mechanisms by which a chemical may enter a receptor's body. Possible exposure routes include 1) absorption across external body surfaces such as cell membranes, skin, integument, or cuticle from the air, soil, water, or sediment; and 2) ingestion of food and incidental ingestion of soil, sediment, or water along with food. Absorption is especially important for plants and aquatic animals.

2.4 THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES

The USFWS was consulted (USFWS, 2005b) and information was obtained from the USFWS and Texas Parks and Wildlife Department (TPWD) regarding Threatened and Endangered Species. According to USFWS (USFWS, 2005c), Threatened and Endangered Species for Brazoria County include: bald eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus), brown pelican (Pelecanus occidentalis), green sea turtle (Chelonia mydas), hawksbill sea turtle (Eretmochelys imbricate), Kemp's ridley sea turtle (Lepidochelys kempii), leatherback sea turtle (Dermochelys coriacea), loggerhead sea turtle (Caretta caretta), piping plover (Circus melodus), and whooping crane (Grus americana). According to TPWD (TPWD, 2005), Threatened and Endangered Species for Brazoria County include: bald eagle (Haliaeetus leucocephalus), black rail (Laterallus jamaicensis), eastern brown pelican (Pelecanus occidentalis), interior least tern (Sterna antillarum), piping plover (Circus melodus), reddish egret (Falco rufescens), swallow-tailed kite (Elanoides forficatus), white-faced ibis (Plegadis chihi), wood stork (Mycteria americana), and corkwood (Leitneria floridana). None of these species have been observed at the Site but they are known to live in or on, feed in or on, or migrate through the Texas Gulf Coast and estuarine wetlands (TPWD, 2005).

2.5 ASSESSMENT AND MEASUREMENT ENDPOINTS

Assessment endpoints are explicit expressions of the ecological resource to be protected for a given receptor of potential concern (EPA, 1997). Identification of assessment endpoints is necessary to focus the SLERA on relevant receptors rather than attempting to evaluate risks to all potentially affected ecological receptors. Measurement endpoints comprise what are actually measured to protect the assessment endpoints. Assessment and measurement endpoints are discussed in relation to the risk question and testable hypotheses for each habitat and receptor group in Tables 18 and 19 (terrestrial and estuarine wetland/aquatic, respectively).

2.5.1 Terrestrial Assessment Endpoints

The terrestrial habitat associated with the Site includes the entire South Area and a small area of land adjacent to Marlin Avenue near the former surface impoundments in the North Area. The environmental value of this area is related to its ability to support plant communities, soil

microbes/detritivores and wildlife. As indicated on Figure 4 and described in Table 18, the assessment endpoints for this area include:

- Vegetation survival, growth, and reproduction are values to be preserved in the terrestrial
 ecosystem. As food, plants provide an important pathway for energy and nutrient
 transfer from the soil to herbivores, omnivores, and invertebrates. Plants also provide
 critical habitat for terrestrial animals.
- Detritivore survival, growth, and reproduction and function (as a decomposer) are
 ecological values to be preserved in a terrestrial ecosystem because they provide a
 mechanism for the physical and chemical breakdown of detritus for microbial
 decomposition (remineralization), which is a vital function.
- Mammalian and avian herbivore and omnivore survival, growth, and reproduction are
 ecological values to be preserved in a terrestrial ecosystem because they are critical
 components of local food webs in most habitat types. In addition, small mammal and
 avian receptors can be important in the dispersal of seeds and the control of insect
 populations.
- Mammalian, reptilian, and avian carnivore survival, growth, and reproduction are values
 to be preserved in the terrestrial ecosystem because they provide food to other carnivores,
 omnivores, scavengers, and microbial decomposers. They also affect the abundance,
 reproduction, and recruitment of lower trophic levels, such as vertebrate herbivores and
 omnivores, through predation.

2.5.2 Estuarine Wetland and Aquatic Habitat Assessment Endpoints

The estuarine wetland habitat for the Site extends over the majority of the North Area while the Intracoastal Waterway (i.e., aquatic habitat) is south of the Site. Wetlands are particularly important habitat because they often serve as a filter for water prior to it going into another water body, they are important nurseries for fish, crab, and shrimp, and they act as natural detention areas to prevent flooding. The environmental value for these areas is related to their ability to support wetland plant communities, microbes/benthos/detritivores and wildlife. As indicated in Figure 5 and described in Table 19, the assessment endpoints for the estuarine wetland and Intracoastal Waterway aquatic habitat include:

Wetland vegetation survival, growth, and reproduction are values to be preserved in the
estuarine wetland ecosystem. As food, plants provide an important pathway for energy
and nutrient transfer from the soil to herbivores and omnivores as well as invertebrates.
 Plants also provide critical habitat for vertebrates and invertebrates.

- Benthos survival, growth, and reproduction are values to be preserved because these
 organisms provide a critical pathway for energy transfer from detritus and attached algae
 to other omnivorous organisms (e.g., polychaetes (*Capitella capitata*) and crabs) and
 carnivorous organisms (e.g., black drum and sandpipers), as well as integrating and
 transferring the energy and nutrients from lower trophic levels to higher trophic levels.
 The most important service provided by benthic detritivores is the physical breakdown of
 organic detritus to facilitate microbial decomposition.
- Zooplankton survival, growth, and reproduction are values to be preserved. Zooplankton
 provide a food source for energy transfer through the water column-based pathway from
 phytoplankton to filter feeding and planktivorous organisms (e.g., finfish, shrimp, clams,
 worms, and oysters).
- Herbivorous and omnivorous fish and shellfish survival, growth, and reproduction are values to be preserved because they are critical components of the food web.
- Vertebrate carnivore (i.e., fish, fish-eating, and invertebrate-eating birds) survival, growth, and reproduction are values to be preserved. Vertebrates provide food for other carnivores and omnivores and affect species composition, recruitment, and abundance of lower trophic level organisms.

Because the Intracoastal Waterway is a deep, high-energy environment (i.e., dredged regularly) and light penetration is poor due to the high turbidity, submerged aquatic vegetation is not likely to thrive and, as such, is not an ecological resource to be protected as part of this assessment. Therefore, an assessment endpoint was not developed for submerged aquatic vegetation.

2.5.3 Measurement Endpoints

The measurement endpoints for the Site and the Intracoastal Waterway are the measurements of spatial distribution of chemical concentrations in soil, surface water and sediment to assess exposure concentrations for potentially exposed receptors. Maximum concentrations of chemicals measured in environmental media were compared to ecological benchmarks for the purposes of the screening-level problem formulation and ecological effects characterization (Step

1) of the SLERA. Food web dose calculations and comparisons with toxicity reference values as described in Section 3 provides a second measurement endpoint for higher trophic level receptors.

2.6 SELECTION OF AND COMPARISON TO ECOLOGICAL BENCHMARKS

This section describes the ecological benchmarks used to initially evaluate the data, and provides a summary of the comparison between Site data and the benchmarks. The benchmarks were chosen to conservatively represent the assessment endpoints since they are generally protective of the most relevant or sensitive endpoint for a variety of species. This was performed as an initial step in the SLERA process given the large number of analytes, media and receptors analyzed during the RI/FS and evaluated in the SLERA. It is believed that this is a reasonable step since the Site has been thoroughly characterized and the evaluation includes a robust data set. The COIs with no ecological benchmarks are discussed in the uncertainty section (Section 4.0).

It should be noted that any chemical considered to be bioaccumulative by the TCEQ (as defined in Table 3-1 of their ecological guidance document (TCEQ, 2006)) was retained for further evaluation if it was detected in at least one sample, even if it was reported below a screening criteria or if there was not a screening criteria. This approach was conservatively taken to ensure that food chain effects were considered for bioaccumulative compounds.

In addition, polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) were evaluated as individual compounds, as a total concentration, and grouped as high-molecular weight (HPAH) or low-molecular weight (LPAH) as defined by TCEQ in Box 3-6 of the TNRCC (2001) ecological risk guidance. To quantitatively evaluate classes of PAHs in Step 2, individual PAHs were not eliminated from further assessment in Step 1 if it was detected in one sample of a given media, even if they were measured below their benchmark. It should be noted, however, if an individual PAH was not measured above the detection limit in any samples for that media, it was not included in the total PAH, HPAH, or LPAH estimate.

2.6.1 Soil

Soil sample data were compared with EPA and TCEQ ecological soil screening values contained in Tables 1 through 5. The EPA soil screening values were obtained from EPA's website at www.epa.gov/ecotox/ecossl/ while the TCEQ values were obtained from Table 3-4 of TCEQ

ecological guidance document (TCEQ, 2006). The screening value listed in Tables 1 through 5 is the lowest of the values provided by each Agency for plants, soil invertebrates, avians, and mammals (as indicated with the notation of "p", "i", "a", or "m", respectively).

South Area. Tables 1 and 2 provide a summary of the data for South Area soil samples. Only compounds with measured detections, including "J" flagged (or estimated) data, are listed in these tables. Table 1 contains only surface soil (0 to 0.5 ft bgs) data while Table 2 provides data for both surface and subsurface samples (0.5 ft to 4 ft bgs). This distinction was made to account for the different soil horizons that the different receptors may be exposed. For example, it was assumed that incidental ingestion of soil for the avian herbivore/omnivore (American robin) would only occur within the 0 to 0.5 ft bgs soil whereas an invertebrate (earthworm) may reasonably be exposed to the surface soil and the soil below 0.5 ft bgs as well.

At least one South Area soil sample contained 4,4'-DDT, antimony, arsenic, barium, boron, cadmium, chromium, cobalt, copper, dieldrin, lead, lithium, manganese, mercury, molybdenum, nickel, vanadium, zinc, LPAHs or HPAHs at a concentration above an ecological benchmark. Figures 6A, 6B, 6C and 6D show sample locations and associated concentrations of compounds measured above their screening value. Screening value exceedences, primarily for metals such as antimony, boron, cadmium, chromium, lead, lithium, manganese, vanadium and zinc, were noted at nearly all sample locations. Concentrations above the maximum soil background value for a specific compound were highlighted blue on these figures. A relatively small percentage (less than half) of the screening value exceedences were also above background.

Although not reported in any South Area soil sample at a concentration above an ecological benchmark, 4,4'-DDD, 4,4'-DDE, Aroclor-1254, gamma-Chlordane, endrin aldehyde, and endrin ketone were detected in at least one South Area soil sample and are considered bioaccumulative in soil. These compounds, as well as those compounds with at least one sample concentration exceeding a benchmark, were evaluated further in the SLERA.

North Area. Tables 3 and 4 provide a summary of the data for North Area soil samples. Only compounds with measured detections, including "J" flagged (or estimated) data, are listed in these tables. Table 3 contains only surface soil data. Table 4 provides data for both surface (0 to 0.5 ft bgs) and subsurface samples (0.5 ft to 4 ft bgs). This distinction was made to account for the different soil horizons that the different receptors may be exposed. At least one sample

contained antimony, barium, boron, cadmium, chromium, copper, dieldrin, lead, lithium, manganese, molybdenum, nickel, vanadium, zinc, or HPAHs at a concentration above its ecological benchmark. Figures 7A, 7B, and 7C shows sample locations and associated concentrations of compounds measured above their screening value. Screening value exceedences, primarily for metals such as antimony, boron, chromium, lead, lithium, vanadium and zinc, were noted at nearly all sample locations. However, a localized area of HPAH exceedences was indicated immediately south of the former surface impoundments. The maximum concentrations of many metals (indicated in bold on the figures) was observed at location SB-202 (southeast of the former surface impoundment) where scrap metal was observed at the ground surface. As indicated by the blue highlighting on these figures, less than half of these screening value exceedences were also above background.

Although not reported in any North Area soil sample at a concentration above an ecological benchmark, endrin, endrin ketone, mercury, Aroclor-1254, 4,4'-DDE, and 4,4'-DDT were detected in at least one North Area soil sample and are considered bioaccumulative in soil. These compounds, as well as those compounds with measurements exceeding a benchmark, were evaluated further in the SLERA.

Background Soils. Table 5 provides a summary of the data for background soil samples (all surface samples). Only compounds with measured detections, including "J" flagged (or estimated) data, are listed in the table. At least one background sample contained antimony, barium, chromium, lead, lithium, manganese, zinc, or HPAHs at a concentration above its ecological benchmark. Figure 8 shows sample locations and associated concentrations of compounds measured above their screening value in these background soil samples, thus the compounds shown on Figure 8 are a subset of all compounds detected in background soil samples (listed in Table 5). Although not reported in any background soil sample at a concentration above the ecological benchmark, cadmium, copper, and mercury were detected in at least one background soil sample and are considered bioaccumulative in soil. These compounds, as well as those compounds with measurements exceeding a benchmark, were evaluated further in the SLERA. It should be noted that boron, nickel, strontium, titanium, and vanadium analyses were not performed on background soil samples.

2.6.2 Sediment

Sediment sample data were compared with EPA and TCEQ ecological screening values contained in Tables 6 through 9. The sediment screening values were the lower of the benchmark criterion obtained from EPA's ECO Update re: Ecotox Thresholds (EPA, 1996) and the TCEQ's ecological benchmarks listed in Table 3-3 of TCEQ (2006). The hierarchy for the benchmark values from the Ecotox Thresholds was marine sediment quality criteria, sediment quality benchmark, and Effects Range-Low (ERL) value. The midpoint between the ERL and Effects Range-Medium (ERM) are presented in the table as well. This is, in most if not all cases, the same as the TCEQ's Protective Concentration Limit (PCL) under the Texas Risk Reduction Program (TRRP).

Intracoastal Waterway. Table 6 provides a summary of the data for sediment samples collected in the Intracoastal Waterway adjacent to the Site. Only compounds with measured detections, including "J" flagged (or estimated) data are listed in the table. At least one sample contained 4,4'-DDT, acenapthene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, chrysene, dibenz(a,h)anthracene, pyrene, fluoranthene, fluorene, phenanthrene, pyrene, LPAHs, HPAHS, or total PAHs at a concentration above an ecological benchmark. Figure 9 shows sample locations and associated concentrations of compounds measured above their screening value. As shown on this figure, the most exceedences and the maximum concentrations of nearly all compounds were associated with sample IWSE03 at the northern end of the western barge slip. Although not reported in any Intracoastal Waterway sediment sample at a concentration above an ecological benchmark, copper, gamma-Chlordane, hexachlorobenzene, mercury, nickel, and zinc were detected in at least one sediment sample and are considered bioaccumulative in sediment. All compounds measured in sediment were evaluated further in the SLERA.

Intracoastal Waterway Background. Table 7 provides a summary of the data for sediment samples collected in the Intracoastal Waterway background area. Only compounds with measured detections, including "J" flagged (or estimated) data, are listed in the table. At least one sample contained arsenic or nickel at a concentration above its ecological benchmark, as shown in Figure 10. Although not reported in any Intracoastal Waterway background sample at a concentration above an ecological benchmark, copper, 4,4'-DDT, mercury, and zinc were detected in at least one sediment sample and are considered bioaccumulative in sediment. All compounds measured in sediment were evaluated further in the SLERA.

Wetlands. Table 8 provides a summary of the data for sediment samples collected in the wetlands area north of Marlin Avenue. Only compounds with measured detections, including "J" flagged (or estimated) data, are listed in the table. At least one sample contained 2methylnaphthalene, 4,4'-DDT, acenaphthene, acenaphthylene, anthracene, arsenic, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, chrysene, copper, dibenz(a,h)anthracene, endosulfan sulfate, fluoranthene, fluorene, gamma-chlordane, lead, nickel, phenanthrene, pyrene, zinc, LPAHs, HPAHs, or total PAHs at a concentration above its ecological benchmark. Figure 11 shows sample locations and associated concentrations of compounds measured above their screening value. As shown on this figure, the predominant compounds detected in wetland sediment samples were PAHs. Most of the PAH concentrations in wetland sediment samples exceeding screening levels are located in three areas: (1) an area immediately northeast of the former surface impoundment (where most of the maximum PAH concentrations were observed); (2) an area immediately south of the former surface impoundments; and (3) at sample location NB4SE08 in the southeast part of the North Area. Although not reported in any wetlands sediment sample at a concentration above an ecological benchmark, cadmium, endrin aldehyde, endrin ketone, and mercury were detected in at least one sediment sample and are considered bioaccumulative in sediment. All compounds measured in sediment were evaluated further in the SLERA

Ponds. Table 9 provides a summary of the data for sediment samples collected in the ponds north of Marlin Avenue. Only compounds with measured detections, including "J" flagged (or estimated) data, are listed in the table. At least one sample contained 4,4'-DDT or zinc at a concentration above its ecological benchmark as shown in Figure 12. As shown in this figure, the highest zinc concentration and the sole 4,4'-DDT exceedence were all in the southernmost sample in the Small Pond. Although not reported in any pond sediment sample at a concentration above an ecological benchmark, cadmium, copper, 4,4'-DDD, and nickel were detected in at least one sediment sample and are considered bioaccumulative in sediment. All compounds measured in sediment were evaluated further in the SLERA.

2.6.3 Surface Water

Surface water samples were compared with national water quality criterion, Texas Surface Water Quality Standards (TSWQS), and TCEQ ecological screening criteria, which were obtained from

TCEQ's ecological benchmarks listed in Table 3-2 of TCEQ (2006). If the benchmark was listed for dissolved concentrations (only applicable to metals), it was not compared to the total concentration data.

Intracoastal Waterway. Tables 10 and 14 summarize the analytical data for total and dissolved concentrations, respectively, for surface water samples collected from the Intracoastal Waterway adjacent to the Site. Since there were no compounds that were measured in excess of a screening level, there is not a figure to identify exceedances. Selenium (dissolved), which is considered bioaccumulative in water and was evaluated further in the SLERA, was measured in four of four surface water samples collected from the Intracoastal Waterway but at concentrations below the benchmark.

Intracoastal Waterway Background. Tables 11 and 15 summarize the analytical data for total and dissolved concentrations, respectively, for surface water samples collected in the Intracoastal Waterway background area, east of the Site and across the Intracoastal Waterway. Figure 13 shows sample locations and associated concentrations of compounds measured above their screening value. 4,4'-DDT and dissolved silver were detected in at least one sample in excess of their respective benchmark values. 4,4'-DDD and 4,4'-DDT were detected in two of four and one of four surface water samples, respectively, collected at the background locations and are considered bioaccumulative although it should be noted that 4,4'-DDD was not measured at a concentration greater than the benchmark. Aldrin, a bioaccumulative pesticide, was detected in all four samples but is not considered Site-related since it was not detected in any Site samples.

Wetlands. Tables 12 and 16 summarize the analytical data for total and dissolved concentrations, respectively, for surface water samples collected in the wetlands drainage areas north of Marlin Avenue. Acrolein and dissolved copper were detected in at least one sample in excess of their respective benchmark. Figure 14 shows sample locations and associated concentrations of compounds measured above their screening value. Mercury, which is considered bioaccumulative and was evaluated further in the SLERA, was detected in two of four surface water samples (total concentrations only) but below a benchmark for a dissolved concentration.

Ponds. Tables 13 and 17 summarize the analytical data for total and dissolved concentrations, respectively, for surface water samples collected in the two ponds located in the North Area.

Dissolved silver was detected in all six pond surface water samples in excess of its benchmark value. Figure 15 shows sample locations and associated concentrations of compounds measured above their screening value. Thallium, which is considered bioaccumulative by the TCEQ, was measured in all three dissolved surface water samples collected from the Small Pond. Selenium, which is also considered bioaccumulative in water, was measured in one total surface water sample collected from the Small Pond. No concentration of selenium or thallium was measured above their benchmarks, but they were evaluated further in the SLERA because of their bioaccumulative properties.

2.7 COMPARISON TO THE BACKGROUND AREAS

Soil samples were collected at ten off-site locations; sediment samples were collected at nine off-site locations in the Intracoastal Waterway; and four surface water samples were collected at four off-site "zones" in the Intracoastal Waterway as described in the Work Plan (PBW, 2006a) to help provide an understanding of what COIs and concentrations may be considered site-related. This information was used to characterize Site conditions in the NEDR (PBW, 2009).

EPA guidance for conducting SLERAs (EPA, 2001) recommends that comparison with background generally not be used to remove compounds from further evaluation in order to conservatively ensure that site risks are adequately characterized. This recommendation is based on the premise that the SLERA is often conducted on limited data set prior to a comprehensive site characterization. A background comparison, however, was conducted in this SLERA because: 1) a large Site data set was developed during the RI (including data for an approved and Site-specific background area); 2) the nature and extent of contamination at the Site has been thoroughly and completely characterized, and 3) the high quality of the Site and background data allows for a reliable comparison. This background comparison was conducted for reference purposes only and not to screen out compounds or characterize the significance of Site risks. It is recognized that even if a "background" contaminant can be identified, there may also be contribution to risk from the same contaminant attributable to Site-related risk. The soil background data were compared to soil from the South Area and North Areas of the Site, as well as sediments from the North wetland and the North Area ponds. As described in the NEDR (PBW, 2009), based on similarities in composition and condition between background soil and sediments of the North wetlands area, this comparison was appropriate. Sediment and

3.0 SCREENING-LEVEL PRELIMINARY EXPOSURE ESTIMATE AND HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATION (STEP 2)

The screening-level exposure and risk calculation description presented in this section of the SLERA corresponds to Step 2 of EPA guidance (EPA, 1997). Step 2 includes a quantitative assessment of potential ecotoxicity and the result of Step 2 is a decision on whether additional ecological risk evaluation is necessary.

3.1 RECEPTORS OF POTENTIAL CONCERN

Several representative groups of wildlife were identified as receptors of potential concern (ROPCs) for use in the SLERA. Each receptor represents a terrestrial or aquatic community of species or group of species (i.e., feeding guild) with similar habitat use and feeding habits that could potentially inhabit either the terrestrial, estuarine wetland, or aquatic habitats at the Site. Representative species groups that may use the habitats at the Site are described briefly below. When several species may be present that could represent the feeding guild for a habitat, the species was chosen as the ROPC for that feeding guild based on its habitat affinity and potential for exposure. It should be noted, however, that each species chosen below as the representative receptor is symbolic of the entire guild so that all species within that guild are evaluated (and protected), not just the representative species/receptor. Table 20 provides a summary of the guilds evaluated in the SLERA and the ROPCs that were chosen to represent the guild.

3.1.1 Terrestrial Receptors

- <u>Detritivores, Invertebrates and Terrestrial Plants</u>. There are limited terrestrial areas at the Site. The earthworm was chosen to represent detritivores and invertebrates for the terrestrial ecosystem in this area because it is an important part of the food chain as prey for some first-order carnivores. Terrestrial plants were chosen as one of the terrestrial receptors because of their importance as an ecological community in providing cover, food, and nesting areas for a variety of species at the Site.
- Mammalian Herbivores and Omnivores. Habitat type plays a major role in the presence
 and abundance of the various species of mammals found at the Site. Of the three major
 groups of mammalian receptors (carnivores, ungulates, and rodents) potentially found at

surface water data for the Intracoastal Waterway samples were compared to sediment and surface water data collected in the Intracoastal Waterway background location.

Comparisons between Site sampling data and Site-specific background data were conducted for all inorganic compounds measured in excess of their respective benchmark values. Background comparisons were also made for compounds considered bioaccumulative but measured at a concentration less than the benchmark. The background comparisons were performed in accordance with EPA's *Guidance for Comparing Background and Chemical Concentrations in Soil for CERCLA Sites* (EPA, 2002b). Distribution testing was conducted to estimate 95% UCLs and the summary statistics were used to perform comparison of the means analyses. The output of these background statistical comparison tests is provided in Appendix B.

In several instances (e.g., lithium in South Area soil; barium in North Area wetlands sediment), statistical differences between the two data sets were due to higher concentrations in the background population, as noted in Table 1 of Appendix B. It should be noted that no compounds were eliminated from further consideration in the SLERA based on the comparison to background concentrations. The list of COPECs carried through Step 2 of the SLERA is presented in Table 21 and includes any compound measured above its screening level in at least one sample, or any compound measured above its detection limit that is considered bioaccumulative per TCEQ guidance (TCEQ, 2006). For sediment and surface water, all measured compounds were quantitatively evaluated in the SLERA to allow for the analysis of potential risks to upper trophic level receptors.

A statistical comparison between Site surface water and background surface water could not be conducted given the small size of both data sets. Visual inspection of the data indicates that there is no consistent observable difference between the data sets and COIs except for dissolved silver, which was detected in all four background surface water samples at higher concentrations than any Site surface water samples.

the Site, the small mammalian rodents are the most diverse and complex, and are most likely to have the highest area use factor. The habitat most likely does not support an ungulate population because it does not provide protective cover that they prefer although they may graze on some of the terrestrial plants on occasion. The deer mouse (*Peromyscus maniculatus*) and Least shrew (*Cryptotis parva*) were selected as the ROPCs for the various feeding guilds of small mammals at the Site. Dietary composition for the small mammalian herbivore (deer mouse), with an assumed area use factor of 100 percent, was assumed to be 10% terrestrial invertebrates and 90% terrestrial plant tissue while the dietary composition for the small mammalian omnivore (least shrew), with an assumed area use factor of 100 percent, was assumed to be 90% terrestrial invertebrates and 10% terrestrial plant tissue in order to assess the potential exposures to a receptor ingesting a general mix of prey types at the Site. The small mammalian herbivore (deer mouse) was assumed to have a 2% incidental soil ingestion rate and the small mammalian omnivore (least shrew) was assumed to have an 8% incidental soil ingestion rate (Beyer, et al., 1994).

- Mammalian Carnivores. Carnivores potentially present include omnivores such as the spotted and striped skunks, raccoon, and coyote (*Canis latrans*). A skunk was observed at the Site and fecal evidence of a carnivorous species was also observed at the Site. Since some of the COPECs are considered bioaccumulative compounds, assessing risks to an upper trophic level receptor is appropriate. Therefore, the coyote (*Canis latrans*) was selected as the ROPC for the mammalian carnivore feeding guild as it may feed at the Site on occasion as part of its larger home range. An area use factor of 100 percent was conservatively assumed per EPA (1997), and it was assumed that the large mammalian carnivore (coyote) ingests 2% of its dietary intake via incidental soil ingestion (Beyer, et al., 1994).
- Reptilian Carnivores. A representative reptilian predator for the Site is the rat snake (*Elaphe obsolete*), which has been observed at the Site. Rat snakes feed primarily on small mammals and eggs.
- Avian Herbivores and Omnivores. In general, avian species are influenced by the same types of landscape components as mammals, although vegetation is by far the more important factor. Birds generally live in less intimate contact with the soil than

mammals, are highly mobile, and in many cases are present only seasonally. Most small birds have flexible diets that emphasize specific types of plant or animal material during certain seasons and most species are opportunistic, feeding on whatever food source is most abundant or particularly nutritious/palatable at a given time. A generalized avian receptor, represented by the American robin (*Turdus migratorius*), was selected to represent the herbivorous/omnivorous feeding guild. An area use factor of 100 percent per EPA (1997) and a 5.2% incidental soil ingestion rate (Beyer, et al., 1994) were conservatively assumed.

• Avian Carnivores. Representative avian predators (raptors) for the Site include the redtailed hawk (*Buteo jamaicensis*) although it has not been observed at the Site. It, however, may use the Site for hunting prey occasionally. Large avian carnivores (redtailed hawk) feed primarily on small rodents, snakes, and lizards although they are opportunistic and will feed on other prey at times. An area use factor of 100 percent per EPA (1997) and a 2% incidental soil ingestion rate (Beyer, et al., 1994) were conservatively assumed.

3.1.2 Estuarine Wetland and Aquatic Receptors

- Benthos. Polychaetes (Capitella capitata) burrow in and ingest sediment and have a greater exposure potential to sediment-bound chemicals than most epibenthos organisms such as shrimp and crab. Polychaetes are likely to be the most abundant class of benthic organisms found in the Intracoastal Waterway and, as such, polychaetes (Capitella capitata) was chosen as the ROPC to represent this receptor class.
- <u>Fish and Shellfish</u>. Fiddler crabs (*Uca rapax*) and killifish (*Fundulus grandis*) were chosen as the ROPC to represent herbivorous or omnivorous species in the estuarine wetland and aquatic ecosystems, respectively. Fiddler crabs and their burrows are abundant at the Site. They eat detritus (dead or decomposing plant and animal matter) and serve as a food source for many wetland animals. It was assumed that their area use factor is 100 percent. The killifish was chosen to represent this feeding guild because it is likely to be present in the area of the Site and because it is an omnivorous fish that feeds primarily on organic detritus, small crustaceans, zooplankton, epiphytic algae, and

polychaetes (*Capitella capitata*). Killifish may inhabit the Site for its entire life cycle; therefore, an area use factor of 100 percent was assumed.

- <u>Carnivorous Fish</u>. Black drum (*Pogonias cranius*) was selected as the first order carnivore ROPC because it is present in the Intracoastal Waterway and because it is an omnivorous carnivore that eats shrimp, crabs, small fish, benthic worms and algae. Per EPA (1997), an area use factor of 100 percent was conservatively assumed. The spotted seatrout (*Cynoscion nebulosus*) was chosen to represent a second order carnivorous fish species because it is present in the Intracoastal Waterway and because adult fish feed almost exclusively on other fish. It was conservatively assumed that the area use factor for the spotted seatrout is 100 percent per EPA (1997).
- Avian Carnivores. Sandpipers (*Calidris genus*) were chosen as first order avian carnivore ROPC because they have been observed at the Site. Although not observed at the Site, the green heron (*Butorides striatus*) was chosen as the second order avian predator ROPC to assess food chain impacts. Sandpipers are migratory birds that feed on aquatic insects and larva, marine worms, small crabs, small mollusks, and other invertebrate prey items. An area use factor of 100 percent was conservatively assumed per EPA (1997). Green herons are migratory birds that feed on small fish, invertebrates, insects, frogs, and other small animals. Per EPA (1997), an area use factor of 100 percent was conservatively assumed for second order avian carnivore (green heron) as well. Both were assumed to have an incidental sediment ingestion rate of 2% of dietary intake (Beyer, et al., 1994).

3.2 SCREENING-LEVEL EXPOSURE ESTIMATES

In the exposure analysis, potential exposure of ecological receptors to COPECs was quantified. There are two basic routes of exposure for the COPECs and receptors at the Site: 1) ingestion from food, soil/sediment, and surface water; and 2) direct contact with soil, sediment, and surface water containing the COPECs. Quantification of exposure potential for both of these exposure routes requires data on chemical concentrations in environmental media (e.g., soil, sediment, surface water, and prey items) and ingestion rates or contact information for each receptor and pathway. In addition, body weights, home range size, and other factors must be known for each of the receptors, as well as the chemical and physical properties of the COPECs.

Ecological receptors based on an ingestion pathway include birds, crustaceans, mammals, and fish. Receptors evaluated based on direct contact include invertebrates (earthworms) in the terrestrial ecosystem and polychaetes (*Capitella capitata*) and amphipods in the wetlands/aquatic ecosystem. Tables 22 and 23 provide exposure parameters for each receptor for terrestrial and estuarine wetland/aquatic receptors, respectively. In most instances, exposure parameters were chosen from regulatory or peer-reviewed literature and maximum ingestion rates and minimum body weights were preferentially used, when available. Best professional judgment was used when information for a ROPC was not available. References for the selected values are shown in the tables and the reference citations are included in Section 6.0.

Exposures via inhalation or dermal absorption were not evaluated for most receptors because of a lack of appropriate exposure and toxicity data and the uncertainty associated with these pathways (TNRCC, 2001). The exposure of animals to contaminants in soil by dermal contact is likely to be small due to barriers of fur, feathers, and epidermis. Therefore, the SLERA focused on the ingestion pathways as the primary exposure route for all vertebrates (unless direct contact was specifically noted and assessed).

For most receptors evaluated based on ingestion, exposure was quantified by estimating the daily dose (mg COPEC/kg body weight per day) that the receptor is expected to receive via both incidental soil/sediment ingestion, and through dietary intake from food items, prey and surface water. For evaluating the direct contact with soil, surface water, or sediment pathway, the maximum COPEC concentration in soil, surface water or sediment was used directly to estimate exposure. Terrestrial receptors in the upland North and South areas were assumed to obtain freshwater drinking water from sources other than brackish surface water in the wetlands, ponds, and Intracoastal Waterway, so exposure to COPECs in site surface water was not included as part of their daily dose.

The exposure point concentration (EPC) is meant to be "a conservative estimate of the average chemical concentration in an environmental medium" (EPA, 2002a). The EPA (2002a) also states that the 95% UCL should be used as the EPC for a given area and its sample concentrations. The EPA's ProUCL Version 4.00.04 software program (EPA, 2009a) was used to calculate distribution-free (i.e., nonparametric) 95% UCL concentrations from data sets including non-detect concentration values (i.e., represented by the sample quantitation limit).

ProUCL calculates various types of the 95% UCL, and then makes a recommendation for the most appropriate UCL type. In instances where the generated output did not indicate a recommended UCL type, then rules based on the EPA guidance (EPA, 2009a) were used to choose the most appropriate UCL. If the sample size was small or there was a large proportion of non-detect concentrations in a particular data set, EPA guidance (EPA, 2009a) noted that a computed 95% UCL would not be reliable or justifiable. Instead, the guidance recommended using the median or mode value of the entire data set (i.e., detected and non-detected concentrations) to represent the EPC.

The following rules were used to select the most appropriate UCL based on EPA guidance (EPA, 2009a), based on the nature of the data set:

- 1. Select the recommended UCL, unless the number of detections was less than 8.
- 2. If the number of detections was less than 8, compute median value of entire data set and select it for the EPC.
- 3. If number of detections is 8 or more, **and** no UCL is recommended **and** non-detects are less than five percent **and** data distribution appears normal (often the case for metals) **and** there are not multiple sample quantitation limits, then select the Winsor (t) UCL or the Student's (t) UCL.
- 4. If number of detections is 8 or more **and** no UCL is recommended **and** non-detects are greater than five percent, then select the highest Kaplan-Meier (KM) UCL other than the 99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL (considered to be too conservative) if it is less than the maximum detected value.
- 5. If the number of detections is 8 or more **and** no UCL is recommended **and** non-detects are less than five percent **and** data distribution is not normal, then select the highest KM UCL other than the 99% KM(Chebyshev) (conserved too conservative) UCL if it is less than the maximum detected value.

Appendix A provides the ProUCL output when there were sufficient samples to generate statistics (soil and sediment). It should be noted that for avian receptors, the exposure point concentration was based on surface soil data because it is unlikely that the avian ROPC is exposed to subsurface soils given their habitat preferences, activities, and feeding behavior. There were not enough surface water samples for statistical calculations so maximum measured concentrations were used in the evaluation for surface water.

Dose estimates using the 95% UCL EPC were used to represent exposure for non-sedentary receptors and were used in the dose calculations for the non-sedentary receptors. It should be noted, however, that 95% UCLs were not used in Section 2 to identify COPECS, and that exceedances shown on Figures 6 through 15 are based on point-by-point comparisons to ecological screening levels. Maximum concentrations were used as the EPC for intake (dose) calculations for sedentary receptors.

The general equation used for estimating COPEC dose from the various environmental media (i.e., soil, sediment, or surface water) and food ingestion pathways is presented below:

For an environmental media pathway:

$$Dose_{medium} = \underline{C_{medium} \ x \ IR_{medium} \ x \ AF_{medium} \ x \ AUF}$$

$$BW$$

For a food pathway:

$$Dose_{food} = \underline{C_{food} \times IR_{food} \times AUF}$$

$$BW$$

Where:

C medium = chemical concentration in the environmental medium (soil, sediment, or surface water) (mg/kg)

 C_{food} = chemical concentration in food (mg/kg)

IR medium = ingestion rate of the particular environmental medium (kg/day)

 IR_{food} = food ingestion rate (kg/day)

AF medium = chemical bioavailability factor for the environmental medium

(usually, soil or sediment) (unitless)

AUF = area-use factor (unitless)

BW = wildlife receptor body weight (kg)

It should be noted that the chemical bioavailability factor for all compounds in both soil and sediment was conservatively assumed to be 1 (i.e., 100% bioavailable for uptake). COPEC

concentrations in food were estimated from soil, sediment, or surface water concentrations using bioaccumulation factors (BAFs) biota-sediment accumulation factors (BSAFs), or bioconcentration factors (BCFs), respectively, with the following equation:

$$C_{food} = C_{medium} \times BAF$$
 (or BSAF, if sediment; or BCF, if surface water)

For those terrestrial receptors exposed through soil and dietary exposure routes, the dose was assumed to be additive with the equation:

$$Dose_{total} = Dose_{soil} + Dose_{food}$$

For those aquatic/estuarine receptors exposed through sediment, surface water and dietary exposure routes, the dose was assumed to be additive with the equation:

$$Dose_{total} = Dose_{sediment} + Dose_{surface water} + Dose_{food}$$

Various literature sources, including the Wildlife Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1993), were reviewed to determine the types and amounts of prey ingested by the wildlife receptors.

Appendices C through I provide detailed intake (dose) calculations for each medium and all receptors.

3.3 TOXICITY REFERENCE VALUES

Species-specific toxicity reference values (TRVs) were determined using scientific literature and other available resources with selected benchmarks generally based on measurements of survival, growth or reproduction in the laboratory. A TRV was selected from the available scientific literature for each compound using the following criteria (EPA, 1997):

- Doses based on the receptor species selected for evaluation were used preferentially; however, if toxicity information was not available for the species, doses for animals within the same class as the receptor species were used.
- Data for reproductive or developmental effects were used preferentially over other endpoints. Reproductive and developmental effects represent a more sensitive measure

of wildlife effects than mortality. Therefore, these effects were chosen in preference to the less sensitive mortality endpoint for assessing ecological risk to the ROPCs.

 Chronic data were used preferentially to sub-chronic or acute data, and no observed adverse effects levels (NOAELs) were used in preference to lowest observed adverse effects levels (LOAELs) and effects measurements.

ERL values were used as sediment TRVs for benthic receptors. If the hazard quotient (HQ) was greater than 1 for a given compound, an alternate HQ was calculated using the midpoint between the ERL and ERM to provide additional information about potential ecological risks to benthic receptors. In several instances, an Apparent Effects Threshold (AET) was used as the TRV because an ERL was not available. TRVs were not available for each receptor class or for each compound. Where appropriate, surrogate values were used within some chemical classes (e.g., 4,4'-DDT for 4,4'-DDE) for chemicals without TRVs but no species to species extrapolations were conducted. Because using surrogate values introduces considerable uncertainty into the risk assessment process, care was taken to only use surrogate values for chemicals with similar chemical structures or toxicities to minimize the uncertainty. The chemicals with no TRVs are discussed in the uncertainty section.

3.4 SCREENING-LEVEL HAZARD QUOTIENTS

The purpose of the risk characterization is to integrate the exposure and ecological effects analyses to determine if ecological receptors at the Site are potentially at risk from chemical exposure. In this section, the dose estimate is compared to the TRV to evaluate the potential for adverse health effects to the ROPC using a hazard quotient approach. The HQ is a ratio of the estimated exposure concentration to the TRV where:

$$HQ = Dose / TRV$$

If the HQ is less than one, indicating the exposure concentration or dose is less than the TRV, adverse effects are considered highly unlikely. If the HQ is equal to or greater than one, a potential for adverse effects may exist. It should be noted that an HQ greater than one by itself does not indicate the magnitude or effect nor does it provide a measure of potential population-level effects (Menzie et al., 1992), and certainly should be evaluated based on the conservative nature of the assumptions. HQs were calculated for individual PAHs as well as for total PAHs,

LPAHs, and HPAHs. PAHs were classified as LPAH or HPAH according to Box 3-6 of TCEQ guidance (TCEQ, 2001).

Instead of using food chain dose equations to compute HQs for fish in the Intracoastal Waterway, whole-body concentrations in fish were estimated with literature BSAFs and BCFs for exposure to COPECs in sediment and surface water, respectively. These predicted whole-body concentrations were compared to literature studies that linked tissue residue concentrations in fish to adverse effects (Jarvinen and Ankley, 1999). The concentrations in the referenced document are reported in μ g/g wet weight, so they were converted to mg/kg dry weight by dividing the wetweight concentration by 0.8 (i.e., 20 percent moisture; Jarvinen and Ankley, 1999) before comparison to predicted concentrations. However, the referenced document does not contain whole-body concentrations for most of the detected COPECs. Details are provided in Sections 3.4.4 and 3.4.5 below as well as in Appendix L.

Tables 24 and 25 provide a summary of the HQs that exceed one for soil, and sediment and surface water, respectively, for each receptor and COPEC. Mercury, selenium and thallium are contaminants that are considered bioaccumulative and that were measured above sample detection limits in Site surface water. Compounds measured in surface water were evaluated for direct toxicity and for food chain effects.

Appendices C through I provide the complete set of calculations for all compounds and whole-body fish concentrations estimated from exposure to sediment and surface water via BSAFs and BCFs, respectively. A discussion of the results for each compound with a HQ greater than one follows for each media.

3.4.1 South Area Soil

As shown in Table 24, the NOAEL-based HQs using maximum measured concentrations for 4,4'-DDD, 4,4'-DDE, 4,4'-DDT, Aroclor-1254, barium, chromium, copper, zinc and total HPAH exceed one for the invertebrate (earthworm) receptor. NOAEL-based HQs for higher trophic level receptors were less than one. Ingestion of Site surface water was not included in dose equations because the water is saline and it was, therefore, assumed that mobile terrestrial receptors were not drinking water from the Intracoastal Waterway.

3.4.2 North Area Soil

As shown in Table 24, the NOAEL-based HQs using maximum measured concentrations for 4,4'-DDT, Aroclor-1254, barium, chromium, copper, and zinc exceed one for the invertebrate (earthworm) receptor. NOAEL-based HQs for higher trophic level receptors were less than one. Ingestion of Site surface water was not included in dose equations because the water is saline and it was, therefore, assumed that mobile terrestrial receptors were not drinking water from the wetlands or pond surface water.

3.4.3 Background Area Soil

As shown in Table 24, NOAEL-based HQs using maximum measured concentrations for barium and zinc exceed one for the invertebrate (earthworm) receptor. NOAEL-based HQs for higher trophic level receptors were less than one. Ingestion of Site surface water was not included in dose equations because the water is saline and it was, therefore, assumed that mobile terrestrial receptors were not drinking water from surrounding wetlands.

3.4.4 Intracoastal Waterway Sediment and Surface Water

As shown in Table 25, the ERL-based HQs using maximum concentrations for 4,4'-DDT, acenaphthene, benzo(a)anthracene, chrysene, dibenz(a,h)anthracene, fluoranthene, fluorene, hexachlorobenzene, phenanthrene, pyrene, LPAHs, HPAHs, and total PAHs exceed one for the benthic receptor. The only benchmark available for hexachlorobenzene was the AET, and the HQ exceeded one for benthic organisms. All HQs are five or less.

The midpoint between the ERL/ERM-based HQ for dibenz(a,h)anthracene was 1.5; none of the other compounds or PAH groupings exceeded the midpoint of the ERL/ERM on a point-by-point comparison. As shown in Figure 9, dibenz(a,h)anthracene was measured in two sediment samples collected from the Intracoastal Waterway above the ERL with the concentration in one of these samples above the midpoint between the ERL and ERM.

None of the NOAEL-based HQs was above one for avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron).

There are no bioaccumulative COPECs detected in the surface water of the Site-related Intracoastal Waterway. Of the metal COPECs detected in surface water and considered potentially toxic to fish (i.e., aluminum, chromium, copper, manganese, silver, and vanadium), there are no data available in the Jarvinen and Ankley (1999) document for whole-body concentration effects to salt-water fish. Among studies of four salt-water species, the lowest DDT concentration linked to adverse effects is more than four orders of magnitude greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration based on Site data. A single study of hexachlorobenzene was found that indicated a whole-body concentration related to significant reduced survival in a salt-water fish species is more than 2,500 times greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration based on Site data. A single study of benzo(a)pyrene was found that indicated a whole-body concentration related to significantly reduced survival in a salt-water fish species that is about 250 times greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration based on Site data. No other applicable information was found in the Jarvinen and Ankley (1999) document for COPECs detected in sediment and surface water of the Site-related Intracoastal Waterway. Appendix L provides additional information related to this analysis.

3.4.5 Intracoastal Waterway Background Sediment and Surface Water

As shown in Table 25, the ERL-based HQs using maximum measured concentrations for arsenic and nickel exceeded one. Sample-by-sample comparisons with screening levels are presented on Figure 10. None of the NOAEL-based HQs was above one for avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron).

The maximum measured concentration of 4,4'-DDT, and the only detection, in surface water collected from the background area of the Intracoastal Waterway was 1.30 x 10⁻⁵ mg/L. It was not detected in any Site-related surface water samples. The detection is about 13-fold greater than the TSWQS of 1.00 x 10⁻⁶ mg/L. The maximum measured concentration of dissolved silver in surface water was 0.0058 mg/L. It was not detected in the surface water samples from the Site-related area of the Intracoastal Waterway or the wetlands. All detections are greater than the TCEQ ecological benchmark value of 0.00019 mg/L, the maximum being about 31 times greater. There is neither a TSWQS nor a recommended national water quality criterion from the EPA (2009b) for chronic marine exposures. The TCEQ ecological benchmark value is derived from the EPA (2009b) acute marine recommended water quality criterion divided by a safety factor of 10.

Among studies of four salt-water species, the lowest DDT concentration linked to adverse effects is about five times greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration summed from sediment and surface water. No other applicable information was found in the Jarvinen and Ankley (1999) document for COPECs detected in sediment and surface water of the background area of the Intracoastal Waterway. Appendix L provides additional information related to this analysis.

3.4.6 North Area Wetlands Sediment and Surface Water

As shown in Table 25, the ERL-based HQ using the maximum measured concentration for many individual PAHs, 4,4'-DDT, arsenic, copper, endrin aldehyde, endrin ketone, gamma-chlordane, lead, nickel, zinc, LPAHs, HPAHs, and total PAHs exceed one for the benthic receptor. There is not an ERL for benzo(g,h,i)perylene or indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene. The AET-based HQs for benzo(g,h,i)perylene and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene were 2.9 and 3.2, respectively, using a maximum concentration as the EPC for the benthic scenario.

Using the midpoint between the ERL/ERM and maximum measured concentrations, HQs exceeded one for 2-methylnaphthalene (1.2), acenaphthylene (1.6), benzo(a)anthracene (1.1), benzo(a)pyrene (1.3), chrysene (2.5), dibenz(a,h)anthracene (18), lead (1.8), phenanthrene (1.5), zinc (3.2), LPAH (1.6) and HPAH (3.4). None of the other compounds exceeded the midpoint of the ERL/ERM using maximum measured concentrations.

None of the NOAEL-based HQs exceed one for the avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron).

As shown in Figure 11, a point-by-point comparison indicates that several compounds are measured in individual samples above the midpoint of the ERL/ERM (highlighted in yellow). These exceedances include: 2-methylnaphthalene, acenaphthylene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, chrysene, dibenz(a,h)anthracene, lead, phenanthrene, pyrene, zinc, and HPAHs. Compounds exceeding the ERL, but below the midpoint of the ERL/ERM, are shown as non-highlighted values in Figure 11.

Acrolein was measured (0.00929 mg/L) in one of four wetland surface water samples. It was not detected in any surface water samples from the Intracoastal Waterway or the two ponds. The single detection is greater than the TCEQ ecological benchmark value of 0.005 mg/L by less than

a factor of two. There is neither a TSWQS nor a recommended national water quality criterion from the EPA (2009b) for chronic marine exposures. The maximum measured concentration of dissolved copper in wetland surface water was 0.011 mg/L. It was not detected in any surface water samples from the Intracoastal Waterway or the two ponds. The maximum concentration is greater than the TSWQS of 0.0036 mg/L by about three-fold.

Among studies of four salt-water species, the lowest DDT concentration linked to adverse effects is more than three orders of magnitude greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration. Among studies of three salt-water species, the lowest endosulfan concentration linked to adverse effects is nearly 100 times greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration. In two studies of a single salt-water species, the endrin concentration linked to adverse effects is more than 350 times greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration for endrin aldehyde and more than 2,000 times greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration. A single study of benzo(a)pyrene was found that indicated a whole-body concentration related to significant reduced survival in a salt-water fish species is about ten times greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration. No other applicable information was found in the Jarvinen and Ankley (1999) document for COPECs detected in sediment and surface water of the background area of the Intracoastal Waterway. Appendix L provides additional information related to this analysis.

3.4.7 Pond Sediment and Surface Water

As shown in Table 25, the ERL-based HQs for 4,4'-DDT and zinc exceed one for the benthic receptor using maximum measured concentrations. The midpoint of the ERL/ERM HQ for zinc exceeds one for the benthic scenario using a maximum measured concentration.

None of the NOAEL-based HQs exceed one for the avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron).

As shown in Figure 12, a point-by-point comparison indicates that zinc was measured in three samples above the midpoint of the ERL/ERM. All three samples with zinc measured above the ERL/ERM midpoint were collected from the Small Pond.

The maximum measured concentration of dissolved silver in Pond surface water was 0.0029 mg/L. It was not detected in the surface water samples from the Site-related area of the Intracoastal Waterway or the wetlands. All detections are greater than the TCEQ ecological

screening benchmark value, the maximum being about 15 times greater. There is neither a TSWQS nor a recommended national water quality criterion from the EPA (2009b) for chronic marine exposures. The TCEQ ecological benchmark value is derived from the EPA (2009b) acute marine recommended water quality criterion divided by a safety factor of 10.

Among studies of four salt-water species, the lowest DDT concentration linked to adverse effects is more than 250 times greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration. A single study of benzo(a)pyrene was found that indicated a whole-body concentration related to significant reduced survival in a salt-water fish species is about 15 times greater than the predicted whole-body fish concentration. No other applicable information was found in the Jarvinen and Ankley (1999) document for COPECs detected in sediment and surface water of the background area of the Intracoastal Waterway. Appendix L provides additional information related to this analysis.

4.0 UNCERTAINTY ANALYSIS FOR STEPS 1 AND 2

This section describes the uncertainties associated with the methodology and results of the SLERA. Risk assessments (both ecological and human) necessarily require assumptions and extrapolations within each step of the analysis and this can lead to uncertainty in predicted risks. These uncertainties are generally the result of limitations in the available scientific data used in the exposure and risk models as well as their applicability to the Site. Accordingly, the key assumptions and uncertainties are thought to have the greatest influence on the ecological risks predicted for the Site and, as such, they are presented with a qualitative description of how the uncertainty may affect the evaluation and conclusions. This provides the risk manager with the appropriate context for understanding the level of confidence with the risk assessment results.

There are two principle sources of uncertainty – those resulting from natural variability and those resulting from data limitations. Both types of uncertainty are discussed as they relate to the three major steps of the SLERA: exposure assessment, effects characterization, and risk characterization.

4.1 EXPOSURE ANALYSIS UNCERTAINTY

This section primarily focuses on the uncertainties in the exposure analysis resulting from data limitations. There are three general categories of uncertainty that are discussed in this section: general exposure analysis uncertainties, receptor-specific uncertainties (i.e., uncertainties that are related to the receptors evaluated), and chemical specific uncertainties.

4.1.1 General Exposure Analysis Uncertainties

General exposure analysis uncertainties are those components of the exposure analysis that have not been or could not be well characterized for the assessment endpoints evaluated. Due to the conservative nature of the SLERA, it is believed that the overall impact of uncertainties related to the exposure analysis may result in an overestimate of risk.

Data collected at the Site satisfied the goals described in the Work Plan (PBW, 2006a) and, thus, adequately characterized the Site's nature and extent of contamination. As described in the NEDR (PBW, 2009), hundreds of samples of soil, sediment, and surface water were collected for

the South Area, North Area, Intracoastal Waterway, and background soil, sediment, and surface water locations. Characterization was conducted for the entire Site and continued if a screening level was exceeded.

Overall, the data were determined to be of high quality. Data were collected and analyzed in accordance with approved procedures specified in the RI/FS Field Sampling Plan (PBW, 2006b) and were validated in accordance with approved validation procedures specified in the Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPP) (PBW, 2006c). Very few of the data for any of the analytes were found to be unusable (ie., "R-flagged"). In instances where data were unusable, the analysis was conducted again (when possible) and the R-flagged datum was not used. Some of the data are qualified (ie., "J-flagged") as estimated because the measured concentration is above the sample detection limit but below the sample quantitation limit and/or due to minor quality control deficiencies. According to the *Guidance for Data Useability in Risk Assessment (Part A)* (EPA, 1992b), data that are qualified as estimated should be used for risk assessment purposes. Data quality was discussed in greater detail in the NEDR (PBW, 2009).

In light of the thoroughness of the site characterization and because of the high quality data, it is believed that the calculated 95% UCL of the mean values accurately represent Site concentrations for chronic exposure conditions for non-sedentary receptors, such as those assumed in this evaluation, and that little uncertainty was incurred in the assessment due to incomplete site characterization. Organisms with home ranges smaller than the Site such as the invertebrate (earthworm) and small mammalian herbivore (deer mouse) for terrestrial receptors and polychaetes (*Capitella capitata*), fiddler crab, sandpiper, and green heron for aquatic/estuarine receptors may be exposed to a locally higher concentration than the 95% UCL. A point-by-point comparison was done to evaluate localized effects for the soil invertebrates and benthic receptors.

To assess impacts for groups of PAHs, such as total PAHs, LPAHs, and HPAHs, maximums and 95% UCLs were identified for each individual PAH and added to derive a total PAH, LPAH, or HPAH maximum or 95% UCL for the group of compounds. This may impart conservatism into the hazard quotient calculation because it assumes that the maximum measurement (or 95% UCL) for every PAH falls within the same sample. Total PAH, LPAH, and HPAH calculations were also conducted for each sample to ensure that an exceedance on a sample-by-sample basis was not inadvertently excluded from further evaluation.

The assumptions regarding ecological exposure on the South Area of the Site pose a conservative bias given that it was assumed that wildlife populations use and are exposed to the entire Site, and that these areas provide sufficient cover and/or foraging habitat to support these wildlife populations. The South Area was developed for industrial purposes and contains limited natural vegetative cover characteristic of viable ecological habitat. In many portions of the South Area, ground surface is covered by concrete slabs or the soil has been worked and there is a permeable cover such as gravel and/or oyster shell base that prevents nesting and foraging by many bird species, primarily insectivores and seed eaters. It should be noted, however, grasses and sparse weedy cover have grown since the operations at the Site have stopped, but this is a relatively small area when compared to the approximate 20-acre South Area. The developed and disturbed nature of the habitat at the South Area was not taken into consideration in the SLERA and, as such, risks are most likely overestimated for all receptors.

Appendix K provides additional information related to depth intervals for potential ecological receptor exposure in Site soils. This information was included in previous correspondence in a September 11, 2007 letter to EPA and was used to guide soil sampling activities during the RI.

The same general uncertainty as described above applies to the risks associated with sediment from the Intracoastal Waterway since the area of the Intracoastal Waterway near the Site does not provide suitable habitat to encourage or keep fish and other ecological receptors at the Site as noted by USFWS (USFWS, 2005a). This conclusion was supported by observations during the fish sampling program when it took several weeks to catch the required number of fish (27) in the Intracoastal Waterway at the Site using gill nets. Fish were more plentiful (and thus more readily caught) in the background area that contained a higher quality habitat (i.e., natural shoreline with vegetation in the background area compared to the sheetpile and concrete bulkheads).

4.1.2 Receptor-Specific Uncertainties

Receptor-specific uncertainties include those parameters in the dose equation that have not been directly measured for receptors at the Site. Receptor-specific uncertainties applicable to both terrestrial and aquatic/estuarine receptors include the body weights and food and environmental media ingestion rates used to quantify exposure estimates. Often, the incidental soil or sediment ingestion rate was assumed to be a fraction of dietary intake since an alimentary study was not available to describe soil or sediment ingestion. All receptors were assumed to have an incidental

soil or sediment ingestion rate of 2% although the avian herbivore/omnivore (American robin) and small mammalian omnivore (least shrew) were assumed to have a 5.2% and 8% incidental soil ingestion rate (Beyer et al., 1994). Additionally, dietary fractions of all receptors were based on literature data. Many of the receptors evaluated in the SLERA, such as the small mammalian herbivore (deer mouse) and avian herbivore/omnivore (American robin), have been reasonably well studied so this was not considered a major uncertainty.

Per EPA guidance (EPA, 1997), it was assumed that the area use factor for all receptors was 100%, which most likely overestimates exposure and risk for the more mobile receptors such as the large avian carnivore (red-tailed hawk), large mammalian carnivore (coyote), and the avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron) particularly given the small size of the Site relative to the home range of these species. The conservatism is compounded with receptors that consume prey items since it was assumed that 100% of their prey comes from the Site as well.

Fish were assumed to exist in the North Area wetlands and ponds and whole-body tissue concentrations of the COPECs were predicted from BSAFs and BCFs. However, the wetlands are often dry or barely inundated and it is believed, therefore, that fish do not inhabit these wetlands. Fish have not been observed in the ponds on several site visits. Therefore, modeling of exposure to fish is considered to be conservative.

Additional uncertainty may have occurred due to the species chosen to represent a guild and potential differences in their exposure patterns. It is believed, however, that the species chosen as the ROPC in the evaluation is similar enough to other species within a guild so that all are protected in the risk assessment process. It is difficult to predict the impact this uncertainty may have on overall risk predictions and conclusions.

4.1.3 Chemical-Specific Uncertainties

Chemical-specific uncertainties are those factors that are assumed for specific chemicals and generally relate to fate and transport modeling. These uncertainties should be considered in weighing the importance of the predicted risks for that chemical.

Bioaccumulation factors and biota-sediment accumulation factors were selected from available literature as noted in the toxicity tables provided in the appendices. They were not available for

several of the compounds, and often the data available were sparse or of unknown quality. This makes assessing food chain effects in the evaluation difficult and sometimes uncertain. When appropriate, surrogate values for different chemicals and/or different receptors were used to allow for exposures to be estimated for fish and higher trophic level receptors when a COPEC-specific value was not available. This approach imparts uncertainty into the exposure assessment although it is difficult to discern whether it leads to an over-estimation or under-estimation of potential risks.

If a bioaccumulation factor was not available and an appropriate surrogate could not be identified, a conservative default value of 1 was used to allow for the compound to be included in predicting fish tissue concentrations and in the food chain calculations. This likely leads to an overestimation of exposure since many literature bioaccumulation factors are less than one. This allowed all compounds to be included in the food chain modeling.

Bioavailability was assumed to be 100% per EPA guidance (EPA, 1997), although it is well known that metals and some organic compounds are less than 100% bioavailable (EPA, 2007). This assumption leads to an overestimation of risks.

4.2 EFFECTS CHARACTERIZATION UNCERTAINTY

This section describes the assumptions inherent to the use of chemical-specific TRVs for chemicals evaluated in the terrestrial and aquatic/estuarine systems and chemical-specific ERLs/ERMs for chemicals evaluated for sediment-dwelling benthic organisms. PAHs in sediment, as discussed prior, were also evaluated as a class (total PAHs) and as subclasses (LPAHs and HPAHs). Tables 26, 27, and 28 identify whether a toxicity reference value is available for a given compound and receptor for soil, sediment, and surface water, respectively.

Most available toxicity data were for standard laboratory animals or domestic animals such as rats, mice, quail, and mallards. Thus, these animals were used as surrogates to represent the toxicity of chemicals to site-specific receptors. It is unknown how the sensitivities of these surrogate organisms to toxicants compare to the sensitivities of the wildlife receptors evaluated at the Site. Using surrogate TRVs, therefore, may over- or underestimate toxicity and estimated risk to receptors at the Site.

Toxicological data for a particular taxonomic class was not extrapolated for use by a different taxonomic class (e.g., using TRVs from birds for reptiles or from a plant species for invertebrates (earthworms)). Differences in physiology are believed to be great enough as to introduce too much uncertainty in such extrapolations. A qualitative discussion of predicted whole-body tissue concentrations was used to evaluate fish. Reptiles were not evaluated in a quantitative manner. However, there is no toxicological information that indicates source-related chemicals would produce greater toxicity to reptiles than to other evaluated guilds. Snakes have been observed at the Site and it is very likely that there are food resources available to support a snake population although the habitat at the South Area is not ideal. The terrestrial areas of the North Area likely provide ideal habitat for snakes although shallow groundwater may make subsurface conditions unfavorable for burrowing. It is unlikely that this receptor guild is more exposed or more at risk than the other receptors evaluated in the risk assessment.

The lack of screening values and toxicity data for several compounds imparts uncertainty on the evaluation although it is difficult to determine the significance of the uncertainty. It appears, however, that screening values and/or TRVs were available for the more toxic (relatively) and prevalent compounds (both frequency and concentration) at the Site.

The exception to this is for surface water. Many compounds measured in surface water did not have ecological screening values, chronic marine TSWQS, or EPA national recommended water quality criteria. Often, lack of such standards or criteria is an indication that not enough is yet known about the toxic effects of the chemical or compound and/or the chemical is classified by the EPA as a non-priority pollutant. Uncertainty, therefore, is associated with the benchmark value or screening level used in lieu of a better-researched standard or criterion. It follows, then, that conservatism would generally be included in a benchmark value or screening level that may create an overestimation of potential risks. For example, the ecological benchmark value for chronic marine exposures to dissolved silver may be conservative because the value was derived by dividing the EPA national recommended water quality criterion for acute marine exposures by a safety factor of 10. The COPECs for which toxicological screening values exist were included in surface water ingestion exposure pathways.

There are uncertainties in the PAH ERLs/ERMs used to assess risk to benthos. These values are based on effects to growth, survival, and/or benthic community indices for (largely) field collected sediments across the United States and should be used only as a screening tool (Long et

al., 1995). The use of field collected sediments imparts uncertainty in the establishment of these screening benchmarks and in any subsequent evaluation of sediment risk using these values because these sediments also contain concentrations of other chemicals that will affect sediment toxicity. The differences between the toxicity observed in the studies used to develop the ERLs/ERMs and site-specific measures of toxicity may be remarkable as observed at several site-specific studies where higher concentrations of PAHs did not result in toxicity (Alcoa, 2000 and Paine et al., 1996).

The AETs used to characterize risk for hexachlorobenzene, benzo(g,h,i)perylene, and indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene are based on screening sediment benchmarks developed for Puget Sound using a bivalve study, a Microtox assay, and a Microtox assay, respectively (Buchman, 2008). Sediment toxicity is highly variable based on local sediment conditions and, therefore, predictions of risk from screening values can vary greatly.

4.3 RISK CHARACTERIZATION UNCERTAINTY

This section discusses uncertainties related to the risk characterization and the methodology used to estimate risk. The most significant general uncertainty associated with risk characterization is how exposure to multiple chemicals was evaluated. Except for PAHs, which are discussed below, additivity of effects to the various receptors from exposure to the multiple chemicals measured at the Site was not appropriate since these chemicals, for the most part, act via different mechanisms of toxicity. Furthermore, no evidence was found in the scientific literature to suggest that the toxicity of the compounds measured at the Site should be considered additive. Likewise, some toxic effects from metals are antagonistic but these effects were not considered either since the exact mechanism is not well understood toxicologically nor is there an accepted method for quantifying this type of interaction in the risk assessment.

For PAHs, potential effects were assumed to be additive and, as such, risks were estimated for total PAHs, LPAHs, HPAHs, and for individual compounds as well. This multi-pronged evaluation increases the confidence in the risk predictions as it provides for several lines of evidence to draw conclusions.

In making comparisons between predicted whole-body fish concentrations and concentrations linked to adverse effects in the literature (Jarvinen and Ankley, 1999), there were no studies

available for many of the COPECs. However, fish concentrations predicted from the maximum measured concentration in the surface water and 95% UCL concentrations in the sediment were mostly one to several orders of magnitude less than the concentrations linked to adverse effects in the literature when comparisons could be made. Therefore, it is believed that the trend would hold true for the other COPECs.

Background risks were estimated in a manner identical for Site-related risks for soil and Intracoastal Waterway sediment. Potential ecological risks from compounds measured in soil from the South Area and North Area, as shown in Table 24, were very similar for site-related barium and zinc when compared to the background area.

5.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS OF THE SLERA

The SLERA is to be used to assess the need and, if required, the level of effort required to conduct a baseline ecological risk assessment, or to determine that no further action is necessary. The SLERA is to also be used to focus subsequent phases of the investigation by eliminating compounds from further evaluation (EPA, 2001). This section presents the summary and conclusions of the SLERA.

The SLERA evaluated the potential for unacceptable risk for terrestrial and aquatic/estuarine receptors as a result of direct (incidental ingestion) and indirect (bioaccumulation/biomagnifications through the food chain) exposure to chemicals measured in soil, sediment, surface water at the Site. Direct toxicity to surface water, as well as the bioconcentration of COPECs in surface water, was evaluated for the aquatic receptors. For bioaccumulative surface water contaminants, food chain effects were also evaluated.

Summaries of all soil and sediment HQs greater than one are provided in Tables 24 and 25 for soil and sediment, respectively, while Appendices C through I provide detailed risk characterization calculations for all compounds. It should be noted that HQs for all sedentary receptors were based on maximum measured concentrations while HQs for mobile receptors were based on 95% UCL concentrations. Appendix J provides a list of all references cited in Appendices A though I. Tables 26 through 28 provide a summary of all compounds evaluated in the SLERA and indicates if there is a toxicity reference value available for the compound and species or not.

5.1. POTENTIAL ECOLOGICAL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH SOIL

Several of the risk calculations for soil invertebrates (earthworms) result in an HQ greater than one using the NOAEL as the TRV and maximum measured concentrations in soil from the South Area, North Area and background area, as shown on Table 24. The HQs for the other COPECS or receptors not listed in this table were below 1. Figures 6A, 6B, 6C, 6D, 7A, 7B, 7C, and 8 show a point-by-point comparison for compounds exceeding the screening criteria for the compounds listed in Table 24.

Based on the HQs greater than one, adverse effects related to direct toxicity to soil invertebrates are possible as a result of exposure to 4,4'-DDE, 4,4'-DDD, 4,4'-DDT, Aroclor-1254, barium, chromium, copper, zinc and total HPAHs in South Area soil. The NOAEL-based HQs for higher trophic level receptors were less than one for South Area soils which suggests that adverse risks to higher trophic level receptors exposed to soil at the Site are unlikely.

Based on the HQs greater than one, adverse effects related to direct toxicity to soil invertebrates are possible as a result of exposure to 4,4'-DDT, Aroclor-1254, barium, chromium, copper, and zinc in North Area soil. The NOAEL-based HQs for higher trophic level receptors were less than one for North Area soils which suggests that adverse risks to higher trophic level receptors exposed to soil at the Site are unlikely.

Based on the HQs greater than one, adverse effects related to direct toxicity to soil invertebrates are possible as a result of exposure to barium and zinc in background soil. The NOAEL-based HQs for higher trophic level receptors were less than one for background area soils which suggests that adverse risks to higher trophic level receptors exposed to soil at the Site are unlikely.

5.2. POTENTIAL ECOLOGICAL RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH SEDIMENT AND SURFACE WATER

Figures 9, 10, 11, and 12 provide a sample-by-sample evaluation of sediments and show which compounds exceed their screening criteria. Table 25 summarizes the HQs that exceed one. These HQs were estimated using maximum concentrations for benthic receptors and immobile prey items such as benthic invertebrate, and 95% UCL concentrations for the higher trophic-level receptors and mobile prey items such as fish. Included in these calculations were estimated doses from ingestion of prey items exposed to all COPECs in surface water. Figures 13, 14, and 15 respectively show surface water concentrations of COPECs in the background Intracoastal Waterway, wetlands area, and ponds that were measured in excess of their screening levels. There is not a figure for Site surface water samples collected from the Intracoastal Waterway since none of the compounds measured above detection limits in these samples exceeded its screening criteria.

5.2.1 Intracoastal Waterway

As shown in Table 25, the sediment ERL-based HQs using maximum concentrations for 4,4'-DDT, acenaphthene, benzo(a)anthracene, chrysene, dibenz(a,h)anthracene, fluoranthene, fluorene, hexachlorobenzene, phenanthrene, pyrene, LPAHs, HPAHs, and total PAHs exceed one for the benthic receptor. Figure 9 shows a sample-by-sample comparison of compounds measured in sediment that exceed their benthic screening levels. Dibenz(a,h)anthracene was measured at a concentration greater than the midpoint of the ERL/ERM in one of sixteen samples. Hexachlorobenzene was measured in the same sample at a concentration greater than the AET, which was the only available benchmark for that compound.

HQs for the avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron) that include the exposure pathways of sediment, surface water, and food ingestion were less than one.

No compounds were measured in excess of their screening criteria in Site Intracoastal Waterway surface water. The only bioaccumulative compound measured in surface water was selenium. Selenium and all other compounds measured in surface water were evaluated via surface water ingestion and food chain pathways. Whole-body fish tissue concentrations predicted from concentrations of COPECs in sediment and surface water via BSAFs and BCFs, respectively, are at least 250 times less than literature studies (Jarvinen and Ankley, 1999) that link whole-body fish tissue concentrations to adverse effects in salt-water species.

There may be the potential for adverse impacts to sedentary biota communities in sediment from the COPECs that exceed their ERL-based HQs. These COPECs will be further evaluated in a BERA. Adverse impacts from COPECs in surface water are not anticipated based on the comparison to surface water quality standards. Adverse impacts to mobile receptors from COPECs in sediment, surface water, and food items are not likely.

5.2.2 Background Intracoastal Waterway

The only compounds that exceeded their screening levels in sediment collected in the background area of the Intracoastal Waterway were arsenic and nickel, as shown in Table 25 and Figure 10.

HQs for the avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron) that include the exposure pathways of sediment, surface water, and food ingestion were less than one.

4,4'-DDT and dissolved silver were measured in background Intracoastal Waterway surface water in excess of their surface water screening criteria (TSWQS and TCEQ ecological screening benchmark, respectively). 4,4'-DDT, 4,4'-DDD (both bioaccumulative compounds) and all other compounds measured in surface water were evaluated with surface water ingestion and food chain dose equations. Whole-body fish tissue concentrations predicted from concentrations of COPECs in sediment and surface water via BSAFs and BCFs, respectively, are at least five times less than literature studies (Jarvinen and Ankley, 1999) that link whole-body fish tissue concentrations to adverse effects in salt-water species.

5.2.3 North Area Wetlands

As shown in Table 25, the sediment ERL- or AET-based HQs exceeded one for 4,4'-DDT, a number of individual PAHs, LPAHs, HPAHs, total PAHs, endrin aldehyde, endrin ketone, gamma-chlordane, arsenic, copper, lead, nickel, and zinc for the benthic receptor using maximum measured concentrations. Figure 11 shows a sample-by-sample comparison of compounds measured in excess of their benthic screening levels. Using the midpoint between the ERL and ERM, HQs exceeded one for 2-methylnaphthalene, acenaphthylene, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(a)pyrene, chrysene, dibenz(a,h)anthracene, lead, phenanthrene, zinc, LPAH, and HPAH.

HQs for the avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron) that include the exposure pathways of sediment, surface water, and food ingestion were less than one.

Acrolein and dissolved copper were measured in wetland surface water samples in excess of their surface water screening criteria (TCEQ ecological screening benchmark and TSWQS, respectively). Mercury, a bioaccumulative compound, was evaluated with surface water ingestion and food chain dose equations. Whole-body fish tissue concentrations predicted from concentrations of COPECs in sediment and surface water via BSAFs and BCFs, respectively, are between 10 and 2,000 times less than literature studies (Jarvinen and Ankley, 1999) that link whole-body fish tissue concentrations to adverse effects in salt-water species.

There may be the potential for adverse impacts to sedentary biota communities in sediment from the COPECs that exceed their ERL- or AET-based HQs. These COPECs will be further evaluated in a BERA. This conclusion is supported by an ERM-Quotient approach as described in Long et al. (1998) that resulted in probabilities of toxicity to benthic organisms which exhibited a gradient of results that exceeded 20% for multiple locations. A summary of the results for the mean ERM-Quotient approach is:

Sample Location	ERM-Quotient	Probability of Toxicity		
2WSED4	0.68	56%		
2WSED17	0.55	52%		
NB4SE08	0.37	45%		
NF4SE13	0.16	28%		
NB2SE06	0.04	3%		

There may be the potential for adverse impacts to biota communities in surface water from the COPECs (e.g., acrolein and copper) that exceed their water quality screening benchmarks or state standards. These COPECs will be further evaluated in a BERA. Adverse impacts to mobile receptors from COPECs in sediment, surface water, and food items are not anticipated.

5.2.4 Ponds

As shown in Table 25, the ERL-based HQs for 4,4'-DDT and zinc were greater than one for the benthic receptor using a maximum measured concentration. Figure 12 shows each sample location where a compound was measured in excess of a screening level and the associated concentration.

HQs for the avian carnivores (sandpiper and green heron) that include the exposure pathways of sediment, surface water, and food ingestion were less than one.

Dissolved silver was measured in excess of its surface water screening criterion (TCEQ ecological screening benchmark). Selenium and thallium, both bioaccumulative compounds, were evaluated with surface water ingestion and food chain dose equations. Whole-body fish tissue concentrations predicted from concentrations of COPECs in sediment and surface water via BSAFs and BCFs, respectively, are between 15 and 250 times less than literature studies

(Jarvinen and Ankley, 1999) that link whole-body fish tissue concentrations to adverse effects in salt-water species.

There may be the potential for adverse impacts to biota communities in surface water from silver since it was measured at a concentration that exceed its water quality screening benchmark. It will be further evaluated in a BERA. Adverse impacts to mobile receptors from COPECs in sediment, surface water, and food items are not anticipated.

5.3 SCIENTIFIC MANAGEMENT DECISION POINT

The SLERA concludes with a SMDP and the three possible decisions at this point according to EPA (EPA, 1997) are:

- 1. There is adequate information to conclude that ecological risks are negligible and therefore no need for remediation on the basis of ecological risk;
- 2. The information is not adequate to make a decision at this point, and the ecological risk assessment process will continue to Step 3; or
- 3. The information indicates a potential for adverse ecological effects, and a more thorough assessment is warranted (i.e., continue to Step 3).

There may be the potential for adverse impacts to sedentary biota communities in soil from the COPECs that exceeded their NOAEL-based HQs in the South Area and North Area, and a more thorough assessment is warranted (i.e., continue to Step 3 of EPA's Ecological Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund process). This conclusion is based on exceedances of protective ecological benchmarks for direct contact toxicity in soil of the South Area and North Area. Adverse effects resulting from soil ingestion and food chain exposure to higher trophic level receptors are unlikely.

The SLERA indicates a potential for localized adverse ecological effects to sedentary biota communities in sediment from the COPECs that exceeded the midpoint of the ERL/ERM, and a more thorough assessment is warranted (i.e., continue to Step 3 of EPA's Ecological Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund process). This conclusion is based on exceedances of protective ecological benchmarks for direct contact toxicity in sediment of the North Area wetlands, Intracoastal Waterway and the Ponds. In addition, the SLERA concluded that there is a

possible risk from direct toxicity to aquatic species (including fish) due to acrolein and dissolved copper in the surface water of the North Area wetlands and silver in the surface water of the Ponds and the Background Intracoastal Waterway area. A more thorough assessment of surface water in these areas may be warranted. Adverse effects resulting from sediment ingestion, surface water and food chain exposures to other higher trophic level receptors are unlikely.

Identification of COPECs for the BERA is one of the primary objectives of the SLERA. Table 29 summarizes the compounds and media that will be discussed and evaluated further in the Problem Formulation report for the BERA.

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TABLE 1 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg) SOUTH AREA SURFACE SOIL*

				TCEQ	EPA Ecological				
				Ecological	Screening		Evenanura Daint		# of Detects/#
Chemicals of Interest*	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	Benchmark (1)	Level (2)		Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used (3)	of Samples
2-Methylnaphthalene	2.97E-02	5.01E-01	1.06E-02				7.90E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	22 of 83
4,4'-DDD	3.07E-03	2.43E-02	2.64E-03			<	2.70E-04	median	5 of 83
4,4'-DDE	1.92E-03	6.93E-02	4.28E-04				7.52E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	17 of 83
4,4'-DDT	3.89E-03	6.25E-02	2.81E-04		0.021 (m)		1.03E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	37 of 83
Acenaphthene	6.08E-02	1.69E+00	1.13E-02	20 (p)	′		2.00E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	26 of 83
Acenaphthylene	4.55E-02	9.35E-01	1.84E-02				1.21E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	19 of 83
Aluminum	5.34E+03	1.52E+04	4.14E+02				5.95E+03	95% Student's-t	83 of 83
Anthracene	9.71E-02	2.46E+00	1.12E-02				2.99E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	37 of 83
Antimony	1.65E+00	5.14E+00	2.00E-01	5 (p)	0.27 (m)		2.24E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	72 of 83
Aroclor-1254	1.46E-01	7.98E+00	3.34E-03				7.64E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	13 of 85
Arsenic	3.74E+00	2.43E+01	2.60E-01	18 (p)	18 (p)		6.49E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	71 of 83
Barium	3.45E+02	2.18E+03	1.86E+01	330 (i)	330 (i)		5.84E+02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	83 of 83
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.57E-01	5.02E+00	2.86E-02				9.03E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	30 of 83
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.53E-01	4.57E+00	1.03E-02				1.09E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	65 of 83
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5.88E-01	5.42E+00	4.08E-02				1.10E+00	95% KM (Chebyshev)	61 of 83
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.04E-01	4.24E+00	9.89E-03				7.89E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	51 of 83
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.44E-01	4.25E+00	1.95E-02				6.58E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	33 of 83
Beryllium	4.08E-01	4.60E+00	1.40E-02	10 (p)	21 (m)		7.68E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	82 of 83
Boron	5.56E+00	5.44E+01	2.43E+00	0.5 (p)			7.07E+00	97.5% KM (Bootstrap)	34 of 83
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	1.90E-02	2.97E-01	1.29E-02			<	1.25E-02	median	6 of 83
Cadmium	4.69E-01	9.71E+00	2.30E-02	32 (p)	0.36 (m)		1.25E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	50 of 83
Carbazole	6.20E-02	1.54E+00	1.04E-02				1.95E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	29 of 83
Chromium	1.61E+01	1.36E+02	3.37E+00	0.4 (i)	26 (a)		2.68E+01	97.5% Chebyshev	83 of 83
Chrysene	4.09E-01	4.87E+00	9.32E-03				9.84E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	56 of 83
Cobalt	3.71E+00	1.60E+01	4.90E-02	13 (p)	13 (p)		5.25E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	82 of 83
Copper	2.80E+01	2.16E+02	1.55E+00	61 (i)	28 (a)		5.22E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	83 of 83
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.87E-01	1.64E+00	6.39E-02				2.45E-01	95% KM (Bootstrap)	36 of 83
Dibenzofuran	3.41E-02	8.21E-01	1.67E-02				7.23E-02	95% KM (BCA)	17 of 83
Dieldrin	1.40E-03	2.05E-02	2.43E-04		0.0049 (m)		3.14E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	21 of 83
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	9.38E-02	7.53E-01	3.68E-02	200 (p)			1.25E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	9 of 83
Endosulfan Sulfate	2.09E-03	7.13E-02	4.56E-04				4.21E-03	95% KM (BCA)	17 of 83
Endrin Aldehyde	8.82E-03	7.38E-02	4.97E-04				8.72E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	22 of 83
Endrin Ketone	2.25E-03	2.00E-02	4.69E-04				4.41E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	18 of 83
Fluoranthene	8.00E-01	1.42E+01	1.33E-02				2.14E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	59 of 83
Fluorene	5.18E-02	1.11E+00	9.45E-03	30 (i)			1.57E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	28 of 83
gamma-Chlordane	1.23E-03	1.56E-02	7.10E-04				2.90E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	8 of 83
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	4.83E-01	6.49E+00	6.34E-02				9.31E-01	95% KM (Chebyshev)	63 of 83
Iron	1.63E+04	7.71E+04	3.45E+03	120 (p)	11 (a)		2.40E+04	97.5% Chebyshev	83 of 83
Lead Lithium	6.96E+01 7.86E+00	6.43E+02 2.80E+01	2.82E+00 6.50E-01	2 (p)	11 (a)		1.47E+02 1.18E+01	97.5% Chebyshev 97.5% Chebyshev	83 of 83 83 of 83
Manganese	2.57E+02	8.92E+02	5.93E+01	500 (p)	220 (p)		2.81E+02	95% Student's-t	83 of 83
Mercury	2.22E-02	6.60E-01	3.20E-03	0.1 (i)			7.42E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	37 of 83
Molybdenum	1.32E+00	8.42E+00	9.80E-02	2 (p)			2.40E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	71 of 83
Nickel	1.16E+01	3.67E+01	2.84E+00	30 (p)	38 (p)		1.50E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	83 of 83
Phenanthrene	5.13E-01	1.26E+01	1.39E-02		36 (p)		1.06E+04	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	57 of 83
Pyrene	5.32E-01	8.47E+00	1.21E-02			\vdash	1.36E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	57 of 83
Strontium	7.06E+01	5.27E+02	1.65E+01			\vdash	1.01E+02	95% Chebyshev	83 of 83
Tin	8.06E-01	4.95E+00	5.20E-01	50 (p)		\vdash	1.31E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	23 of 83
Titanium	2.98E+01	6.45E+02	1.15E+01				6.30E+01	95% Chebyshev	83 of 83
Vanadium	1.38E+01	4.56E+01	5.42E+00	2 (p)	7.8 (a)	\vdash	1.80E+01	97.5% Chebyshev	83 of 83
Zinc	6.01E+02	4.77E+03	1.23E+01	120 (i)	46 (a)	\vdash	1.06E+03	97.5% Chebyshev	83 of 83
LPAH	7.98E-01	1.93E+01	7.49E-02	120 (1)	29 (i)	\vdash	1.06E+04	or.o/o onobydnov	00 01 00
HPAH	4.36E+00	5.92E+01	2.71E-01		1.1 (m)	\vdash	1.00E+04 1.02E+01		
		U.U_L 'U I	Z./ (L-U)		()		1.022.01		1
Total PAH	5.15E+00	7.85E+01	3.46E-01				1.06E+04		

- Notes:

 * Surface soil was collected from 0 to 0.5 ft. below ground surface.

 * Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample at a frequency of detection greater than five percent.

 (1) From Table 3-4 of TCEQ, 2006.

 (2) From www.epa.gov/ecotox/ecossl.

 (3) Recommended exposure point concentration to be used based on data distribution per Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL (see Appendix A).

 (a) avian

 (i) soil invertebrate

 (m) mammal

 (p) plant

TABLE 2 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg) SOUTH AREA SOIL*

				TCEQ Ecological	EPA Ecological Screening		Exposure Point		# of Detects/#
Chemicals of Interest ⁺	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	Benchmark (1)	Level (2)		Concentration	Statistic Used (3)	of Samples
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	9.89E-02	4.36E+00	2.67E-04				5.56E-01 4.14E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	9 of 83
2-Butanone 2-Hexanone	3.29E-03 1.65E-03	2.26E-02 2.07E-02	9.92E-04 1.09E-03				4.14E-03 3.63E-02	95% KM (Bootstrap) 97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	4 of 83 8 of 83
2-Methylnaphthalene	6.97E-02	7.21E+00	1.06E-02				1.60E-01	95% KM (BCA)	32 of 166
4,4'-DDD	7.76E-03	1.12E+00	3.69E-04				5.08E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	21 of 166
4,4'-DDE	1.58E-03	6.93E-02	4.28E-04				2.81E-03	95% KM (BCA)	22 of 166
4,4'-DDT	3.75E-03	1.13E-01	2.81E-04		0.021 (m)		9.27E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	68 of 166
Acenaphthene	4.33E-02	1.69E+00	1.13E-02	20 (p)			1.16E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	35 of 166
Acenaphthylene	4.84E-02	1.20E+00	1.72E-02				7.19E-02	95% KM (BCA)	37 of 166
Acetone	3.70E-02	1.60E-01	3.10E-02				5.41E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	10 of 83
Aluminum	6.45E+03	1.57E+04	4.14E+02				8.20E+03	97.5% Chebyshev	166 of 166
Anthracene	8.89E-02	2.46E+00	1.12E-02	 F (n)	0.27 (m)		1.24E-01	95% KM (BCA) 97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	65 of 166
Antimony Aroclor-1254	1.45E+00 2.16E-01	5.51E+00 1.15E+01	2.00E-01 3.34E-03	5 (p)	0.27 (m)	-	1.87E+00 7.73E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	144 of 166 25 of 170
Arsenic	3.33E+00	2.43E+01	2.30E-01	18 (p)	18 (p)		4.92E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	139 of 166
Barium	2.37E+02	2.18E+03	1.86E+01	330 (i)	330 (i)		3.30E+02	95% Chebyshev	166 of 166
Benzene	3.89E-03	2.21E-02	3.39E-04				6.09E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	72 of 83
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.69E-01	5.02E+00	1.18E-02				6.43E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	44 of 166
Benzo(a)pyrene	3.48E-01	4.88E+00	9.99E-03				7.63E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	113 of 166
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4.77E-01	5.97E+00	4.08E-02				8.22E-01	95% KM (Chebyshev)	102 of 166
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.17E-01	4.24E+00	9.89E-03			匚	4.94E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	81 of 166
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.58E-01	4.25E+00	1.58E-02				3.81E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	45 of 166
Beryllium	4.65E-01	4.60E+00	1.40E-02	10 (p)	21 (m)	<u> </u>	5.25E-01	95% KM (BCA)	165 of 166
Boron	5.68E+00	5.44E+01	2.43E+00	0.5 (p)		-	6.51E+00	95% KM (Bootstrap)	72 of 166
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate Cadmium	2.01E-02 3.40E-01	6.17E-01 9.71E+00	1.29E-02 2.30E-02	32 (p)	0.36 (m)		4.72E-02 4.67E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) 95% KM (Bootstrap)	10 of 166 93 of 166
Carbazole	4.64E-02	1.54E+00	1.04E-02	32 (p) 	0.36 (111)		1.19E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	42 of 166
Carbon Disulfide	1.67E-03	2.80E-02	9.87E-04				3.92E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	13 of 83
Chromium	1.35E+01	1.36E+02	2.03E+00	0.4 (i)	26 (a)		1.78E+01	95% Chebyshev	166 of 166
Chrysene	3.28E-01	4.87E+00	9.01E-03				7.12E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	93 of 166
Cobalt	4.11E+00	1.60E+01	4.90E-02	13 (p)	13 (p)		4.35E+00	95% Winsor-t	165 of 166
Copper	2.43E+01	4.87E+02	1.30E-01	61 (i)	28 (a)		4.01E+01	95% KM (Chebyshev)	164 of 166
Cyclohexane	2.65E-01	2.17E+01	6.26E-04				1.91E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	47 of 83
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.48E-01	1.64E+00	6.19E-02				1.80E-01	95% KM (Bootstrap)	56 of 166
Dibenzofuran	3.34E-02	8.21E-01	1.67E-02		0.0040 ()		7.31E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	23 of 166
Dieldrin Di-n-butyl Phthalate	8.89E-04 4.18E-02	2.05E-02 7.53E-01	2.43E-04 3.11E-02	200 (p)	0.0049 (m)		2.11E-03 7.65E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) 97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	33 of 166 11 of 166
Endosulfan Sulfate	1.27E-03	7.13E-02	7.13E-02	200 (p)			2.30E-03	95% KM (BCA)	21 of 166
Endrin Aldehyde	2.01E-03	7.13E-02 7.38E-02	4.97E-04				3.54E-03	95% KM (BCA)	31 of 166
Endrin Ketone	1.35E-03	2.00E-02	4.69E-04				2.53E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	25 of 166
Ethylbenzene	3.40E-03	1.05E-01	6.54E-04				5.91E-03	95% KM (Bootstrap)	47 of 83
Fluoranthene	5.95E-01	1.42E+01	1.33E-02				1.41E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	96 of 166
Fluorene	4.44E-02	1.11E+00	9.45E-03	30 (i)			1.07E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	41 of 166
gamma-Chlordane	9.98E-04	1.56E-02	7.10E-04				1.84E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	12 of 166
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.85E-01	6.49E+00	5.74E-02				6.58E-01	95% KM (Chebyshev)	104 of 166
Iron	1.43E+04	7.71E+04	2.41E+03				1.75E+04	95% Chebyshev	166 of 166
Isopropylbenzene (cumene) Lead	8.31E-01 5.35E+01	6.49E+01 7.02E+02	3.18E-04 2.48E+00	120 (p)	 11 (a)		5.85E+00 1.04E+02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) 97.5% Chebyshev	16 of 83 166 of 166
Lithium	1.00E+01	2.86E+01	6.50E-01	2 (p)			1.22E+01	95% Chebyshev	166 of 166
m,p-Xylene	3.43E-02	2.56E+00	5.58E-04	Z (p)			1.69E-01	95% KM (Chebyshev)	53 of 83
Manganese	2.61E+02	8.92E+02	5.93E+01	500 (p)	220 (p)	T	2.78E+02	95% Student's-t	166 of 166
Mercury	2.56E-02	8.50E-01	2.60E-03	0.1 (i)			4.00E-02	95%KM (BCA)	73 of 166
Methylcyclohexane	3.66E-02	2.73E+00	2.23E-04				1.80E-01	95% KM (Chebyshev)	57 of 83
Molybdenum	9.05E-01	1.04E+01	8.80E-02	2 (p)			1.62E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	118 of 166
Naphthalene	3.26E-01	1.92E+01	4.82E-03			<	2.65E-03	median	8 of 83
Nickel	1.17E+01	3.67E+01	2.70E+00	30 (p)	38 (p)		1.24E+01	95% Student's-t	166 of 166
n-Propylbenzene	2.37E-02	1.80E+00	2.30E-04			_	1.63E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	14 of 83
o-Xylene Phononthrono	1.30E-02	8.40E-01	2.23E-04				7.75E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	32 of 83
Phenanthrene Pyrene	4.02E-01 4.32E-01	1.26E+01 8.47E+00	1.36E-02 1.21E-02			\vdash	9.99E-01 9.71E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) 97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	95 of 166 98 of 166
Strontium	7.56E+01	5.91E+02	1.65E+01				1.01E+02	95% Chebyshev	166 of 166
Tin	8.11E-01	6.48E+00	5.20E-01	50 (p)		T	1.20E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	40 of 166
Titanium	2.58E+01	6.45E+02	4.02E+00			Г	3.22E+01	95% Student's-t	166 of 166
Toluene	3.99E-03	1.92E-02	7.21E-04				6.04E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	69 of 83
Vanadium	1.44E+01	4.56E+01	4.73E+00	2 (p)	7.8 (a)		1.73E+01	97.5% Chebyshev	166 of 166
Xylene (total)	4.73E-02	3.40E+00	7.77E-04			匚	3.04E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	53 of 83
Zinc	4.34E+02	7.65E+03	6.17E+00	120 (i)	46 (a)	_	8.15E+02	97.5% Chebyshev	166 of 166
LPAH	1.02E+00	4.55E+01	7.82E-02		29 (i)	<u> </u>	1.58E+00		
HPAH Total PAH	3.36E+00 4.38E+00	6.00E+01 1.06E+02	2.42E-01 3.20E-01		1.1 (m) 	\vdash	7.03E+00 8.61E+00		1
									1

Notes:

- Notes:

 * Soil was collected from 0 to 2 ft. below ground surface.

 * Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample at a frequency of detection greater than five percent.

 (1) From Table 3-4 of TCEQ, 2006.

 (2) From www.epa.gov/ecotox/ecossl.

 (3) Recommended exposure point concentration to be used based on data distribution per Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL (see Appendix A).

 (a) avian

 (i) soil invertebrate

 (m) mammal

 (p) plant

TABLE 3 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg) NORTH AREA SURFACE SOIL*

Chemicals of Interest [*]	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	TCEQ Ecological Benchmark ⁽¹⁾	EPA Ecological Screening Level (2)		Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used ⁽³⁾	# of Detects/#
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.46E-02	5.30E-02	1.00E-02			<	1.18E-02	median	3 of 18
4.4'-DDE	2.87E-03	1.49E-02	2.16E-03			<	4.24E-04	median	2 of 18
4.4'-DDT	1.50E-03	1.08E-02	5.97E-04		0.021 (m)	<	5.45E-04	median	7 of 18
Acenaphthene	2.86E-02	1.57E-01	2.10E-02	20 (p)		<	1.10E-02	median	2 of 18
Acenaphthylene	5.55E-02	5.55E-02	5.55E-02			<	1.21E-02	median	1 of 18
Aluminum	1.07E+04	1.68E+04	1.81E+03			H	1.22E+04	95% Student's-t	18 of 18
Anthracene	2.69E-02	2.64E-01	8.87E-03			<	1.21E-02	median	4 of 18
Antimony	2.52E+00	8.09E+00	1.66E+00	5 (p)	0.27 (m)	H	4.95E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	9 of 18
Aroclor-1254	1.22E-02	1.22E-02	1.22E-02	σ (p) 	0.27 (111)	<	4.29E-03	median	1 of 18
Arsenic	2.53E+00	5.69E+00	5.40E-01	18 (p)	18 (p)		4.22E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	17 of 18
Barium	1.45E+02	4.76E+02	4.61E+01	330 (i)	330 (i)	\vdash	2.64E+02	95% Chebyshev	18 of 18
	1.45E+02 1.18E+00	1.18E+00	1.18E+00		330 (1)	<	1.10E-02	median	1 of 18
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.19E+00	1.42E+00	1.16E+00 1.35E-02			<	1.10E-02 1.16E-02	median	7 of 18
Benzo(a)pyrene						`			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.69E-01	1.62E+00	4.87E-02			\vdash	3.73E-01	95% KM (BCA)	8 of 18
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.40E-01	1.28E+00	2.37E-02			H	5.92E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	10 of 18
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.13E-01	7.99E-01	1.10E-02			<	1.75E-02	median	4 of 18
Beryllium	7.11E-01	2.88E+00	6.60E-02	10 (p)	21 (m)	Н	1.60E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	17 of 18
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	4.45E-02	2.39E-01	1.22E-02			<	5.46E-02	median	6 of 18
Boron	8.74E+00	3.92E+01	3.15E+00	0.5 (p)		\sqcup	2.21E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	13 of 18
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	1.51E-01	1.51E-01	1.51E-01			<	1.36E-02	median	1 of 18
Cadmium	3.58E-01	8.00E-01	2.80E-01	32 (p)	0.36 (m)		5.72E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	8 of 18
Carbazole	2.00E-02	1.28E-01	1.30E-02			<	1.11E-02	median	4 of 18
Chromium	2.03E+01	1.28E+02	7.90E+00	0.4 (i)	26 (a)		4.86E+01	95% Chebyshev	18 of 18
Chrysene	1.05E-01	1.30E+00	1.10E-02			<	1.03E-02	median	7 of 18
Cobalt	5.79E+00	7.87E+00	2.81E+00	13 (p)	13 (p)		6.41E+00	95% Student's-t	18 of 18
Copper	2.41E+01	2.00E+02	5.90E+00	61 (i)	28 (a)		7.00E+01	95% Chebyshev	18 of 18
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	7.69E-02	4.04E-01	4.50E-02			<	1.10E-02	median	4 of 18
Dibenzofuran	8.62E-02	8.62E-02	8.62E-02			<	1.52E-02	median	1 of 18
Dieldrin	5.45E-03	5.45E-03	5.45E-03		0.0049 (m)	<	1.83E-04	median	1 of 18
Diethyl Phthalate	1.10E-02	1.10E-02	1.10E-02	100 (p)		<	1.85E-02	median	1 of 18
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	1.00E-02	1.00E-02	1.00E-02	200 (p)		<	3.10E-02	median	1 of 18
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	2.14E-02	1.23E-01	1.54E-02			<	9.50E-03	median	2 of 18
Endrin	1.49E-03	1.49E-03	1.49E-03			<	2.22E-04	median	1 of 18
Endrin Ketone	9.66E-03	9.66E-03	9.66E-03			<	5.48E-04	median	1 of 18
Fluoranthene	1.68E-01	2.19E+00	2.14E-02			<	1.28E-02	median	6 of 18
Fluorene	2.50E-02	1.41E-01	1.70E-02	30 (i)		<	1.09E-02	median	3 of 18
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.55E-01	1.51E+00	2.00E-02			П	6.82E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	9 of 18
Iron	1.95E+04	1.02E+05	8.45E+03			П	4.11E+04	95% Chebyshev	18 of 18
Lead	5.77E+01	4.71E+02	8.22E+00	120 (p)	11 (a)	H	3.18E+02	99% Chebyshev	18 of 18
Lithium	1.66E+01	2.66E+01	2.59E+00	2 (p)		H	1.87E+01	95% Student's-t	18 of 18
Manganese	3.70E+02	1.21E+03	8.23E+01	500 (p)	220 (p)	H	7.34E+02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	18 of 18
Mercury	1.38E-02	6.40E-02	6.00E-03	0.1 (i)		H	3.75E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	8 of 18
Molybdenum	9.66E-01	1.07E+01	8.50E-02	2 (p)		П	4.71E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	11 of 18
Nickel	1.70E+01	5.17E+01	1.17E+01	30 (p)	38 (p)	H	2.08E+01	95% Student's-t	18 of 18
Phenanthrene	1.15E-01	1.34E+00	1.80E-02	30 (p) 	38 (p) 	<	1.42E-02	median	7 of 18
Pyrene	3.86E-01	1.87E+00	1.49E-02				2.03E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	8 of 18
Silver	1.10E-01	4.10E-01	9.20E-02	2 (p)		<	6.00E-02	median	2 of 18
Strontium	5.73E+01	9.36E+01	2.66E+01	2 (p)		H	6.54E+01	95% Student's-t	18 of 18
Thallium	6.30E-01	6.30E-01	6.30E-01	1 (p)		<	1.00E-01	median	1 of 18
Tin	7.06E-01	3.67E+00	6.80E-01	50 (p)		<	5.90E-01	median	4 of 18
	7.06E-01 2.07E+01	5.59E+01	3.41E+00			H	3.78E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	18 of 18
Titanium						\vdash			
Vanadium	1.97E+01	4.58E+01	7.85E+00	2 (p)	7.8 (a)	\vdash	2.34E+01	95% Student's-t	18 of 18
Zinc	4.18E+02	5.64E+03	2.95E+01	120 (i)	46 (a)	\vdash	3.49E+03	99% Chebyshev	18 of 18
LPAH	2.66E-01	2.01E+00	1.30E-01		29 (i)	\vdash	7.21E-02	-	
HPAH	2.61E+00	1.36E+01	1.39E+00		1.1 (m)	\vdash	3.75E+00	-	
Total PAH	2.88E+00	1.56E+01	1.52E+00			\sqcup	3.83E+00		
		1							

- * Surface soil was collected from 0 to 0.5 ft. below ground surface.
- [†] Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample at a frequency of detection greater than five percent. (1) From Table 3-4 of TCEQ, 2006.

- (1) From Iable 3-4 of ICEQ, 2006.
 (2) From www.epa.gov/ecotox/ecossl.
 (3) Recommended exposure point concentration to be used based on data distribution per Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL (see Appendix A).
 (a) avian
 (i) soil invertebrate
 (m) mammal
 (p) plant

TABLE 4 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg) NORTH AREA SOIL+

Chemicals of Interest**	of Samples 3 of 19 2 of 19 4 of 19 2 byshev) 11 of 19 4 of 36 5 2 of 36 6 4 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 0 0 2 of 36 6 0 0 32 of 36 6 0 32 of 36 7 of 36
Chemicals of Interest*	of Samples 3 of 19 2 of 19 4 of 19 2 byshev) 11 of 19 4 of 36 5 2 of 36 6 4 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 0 0 2 of 36 6 0 0 32 of 36 6 0 32 of 36 7 of 36
Chemicals of Interest*	of Samples 3 of 19 2 of 19 4 of 19 2 byshev) 11 of 19 4 of 36 5 2 of 36 6 4 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 6 of 36 6 0 0 2 of 36 6 0 0 32 of 36 6 0 32 of 36 7 of 36
11-Dichloroschene	1 3 of 19 1 2 of 19 1 4 of 19 2 byshev) 11 of 19 1 4 of 36 1 2 of 36 2 byshev) 7 of 36 1 4 of 36 1 4 of 36 1 5 of 36 1 6 of 36 1 6 of 36 1 2 of 36 1 2 of 36 1 2 of 36 1 2 of 36 1 3 of 36
11-Dichlorosthene	2 of 19 1 4 of 19 2 byshev) 11 of 19 1 4 of 36 1 2 of 36 2 of 36 2 of 36 2 of 36 2 of 36 2 of 36 1 4 of 36 1 6 of 36 1 6 of 36 1 2 of 36 1 2 of 36 2 of 36
12-Dichloroethane	1 4 of 19 2 ebyshev) 11 of 19 1 4 of 36 1 2 of 36 2 ebyshev) 7 of 36 1 4 of 36 1 4 of 36 1 5 of 36 1 6 of 36 2 of 36 1 2 of 36 2 of 36 3 of 36
2-Butanone	1 4 of 36 1 2 of 36 2 of 36 2 of 36 1 4 of 36 1 4 of 36 1 5 of 36 1 6 of 36 1 6 of 36 1 2 of 36 1 2 of 36 1 2 of 36 1 3 2 of 36
4.4*DDE	2 of 36 ebyshev) 7 of 36 1 4 of 36 nt's-t 36 of 36 n 6 of 36 byshev) 16 of 36 n 2 of 36 byshev) 32 of 36
44*DDT	ebyshev) 7 of 36 n 4 of 36 nt's-t 36 of 36 n 6 of 36 byshev) 16 of 36 n 2 of 36 byshev) 32 of 36
Acenaphthene 2 / 226 / 20 1.57E-01 2.10E-02 20 (p) < 1.10E-02 median Aluminum Aluminum 1.20E-04 1.88E-03 1.31E-04 95% Studen Anthracene 2.81E-02 2.64E-01 8.87E-03 < 1.20E-02	1 4 of 36 nt's-t 36 of 36 n 6 of 36 byshev) 16 of 36 n 2 of 36 byshev) 32 of 36
Aluminum	nt's-t 36 of 36 n 6 of 36 byshev) 16 of 36 n 2 of 36 byshev) 32 of 36
Anthracene	n 6 of 36 byshev) 16 of 36 n 2 of 36 byshev) 32 of 36
Antimony	byshev) 16 of 36 n 2 of 36 byshev) 32 of 36
Aroclor1254	2 of 36 byshev) 32 of 36
Arsenic 2.55E-00 5.69E-00 5.40E-01 18 (p) 18 (p) 3.51E-00 95% KM (Cheb Barium 1.40E+02 4.76E+02 4.61E+01 330 (i) 330 (i) 2.08E+02 95% Chebys Benzene 1.20E-03 6.32E-03 1.38E-03	byshev) 32 of 36
Barlum	
Benzo(a)anthracene	shev 36 of 36
Benzo(a)pyrene	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1 4 of 36
Benzo(g,h.j)perylene	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	
Beryllium	
Bis(2-ethylnexyl)phthalate 3.89E-02 2.39E-01 1.22E-02 9.29E-02 97.5% KM (Che Boron 8.48E+00 3.92E+01 3.14E+00 0.5 (p) 1.60E+01 97.5% KM (Che Bromoform 1.14E-02 1.80E-02 1.10E-02 < 1.86E-04 median Butyl Benzyl Phthalate 5.66E-02 1.51E-01 5.40E-02 < 1.36E-02 median Butyl Benzyl Phthalate 5.66E-02 1.51E-01 5.40E-02 < 1.36E-02 median Butyl Benzyl Phthalate 1.93E-01 8.00E-01 2.80E-01 32 (p) 0.36 (m) 4.78E-01 97.5% KM (Che Carbazole 1.76E-02 1.28E-01 1.08E-02 < 1.10E-02 median Butyl Benzyl Phthalate 8.64E-03 2.84E-02 7.57E-03 < 1.10E-02 median Butyl Benzyl Phthalate 1.05E-02 1.28E-01 1.08E-02 < 1.18E-04 median Butyl Benzyl Phthalate 1.05E-01 1.30E+00 1.04E-02 < 1.36E-04 median Butyl Benzyl Phthalate 1.05E-01 1.30E+00 1.04E-02 3.94E-01 97.5% KM (Che Bis-1,2-Dichloroethene 6.85E-02 9.99E-01 1.95E-02 < 1.36E-04 median Butyl Bis-1,2-Dichloroethene 6.85E-02 9.99E-01 1.95E-02 < 1.24E-03 median Bis-1,2-Dichloroethene 1.33E-03 1.85E-03 9.81E-04 < 1.09E-02 median Bis-1,2-Dichloroethene 1.36E-02 1.00E-02 < 1.50E-02 median Bis-1,2-Dichloroethene 1.36E-02 1.00E-02 < 1.50E-02 median Bis-1,2-Dichloroethene 1.50E-02 1.00E-02 < 1.50E-02 median Bis-1,2-Dichloroethene 1.50E-02 1.50E-02 1.00E-02 < 1.50E-02 median Bis-1,2-Dichloroethene 1.50E-02 1.50E-02 1.00E-02 < 1.50E-02	
Boron 8.48E+00 3.92E+01 3.14E+00 0.5 (p) 1.60E+01 97.5% KM (Che Bromoform 1.14E-02 1.80E-02 1.10E-02 < 1.86E-04 median Butyl Benzyl Phthalate 5.66E-02 1.51E-01 5.40E-02 < 1.36E-02 median Butyl Benzyl Phthalate 5.66E-02 1.51E-01 5.40E-02 < 1.36E-02 median Gardinium 1.93E-01 8.00E-01 2.80E-01 32 (p) 0.36 (m) 4.78E-01 97.5% KM (Che Carbazole 1.76E-02 1.28E-01 1.08E-02 < 1.10E-02 median Carbon Disulfide 8.64E-03 2.94E-02 7.75E-03 < 1.13E-04 median Chromium 1.73E+01 1.28E+02 7.76E+00 0.4 (i) 26 (a) 2.27E+01 95% Studen Chrysene 1.05E-01 1.30E+00 1.04E-02 3.94E-01 97.5% KM (Che Carbazole 1.05E-01 1.30E+00 1.04E-02 3.94E-01 97.5% KM (Che Carbazole 1.35E-04 1.35E-04 1.35E-04 median Cobalt 6.32E+00 1.03E+01 2.81E+00 13 (p) 13 (p) 6.79E+00 95% Studen Copper 2.07E+01 2.00E+02 4.59E+00 61 (i) 28 (a) 4.48E+01 95% Chebys Chebys Cyclohexane 1.13E-03 1.85E-03 9.81E-04 < 1.24E-03 median Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 6.94E-02 4.04E-01 4.50E-02 < 1.09E-02 median Dibenzofuran 2.44E-02 2.91E-01 1.50E-02 < 1.50E-02 median Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.01E-02 1.23E-01 1.56E-02 < 1.50E-02 median Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.01E-02 1.23E-01 1.54E-02 < 9.51E-03 median Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.05E-03 1.21E+00 1.54E-02 < 6.84E-04 median Fluoranthene 1.53E-01 2.19E+00 2.14E-02 < 6.84E-04 median Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.01E-02 1.25E-01 1.50E-02 < 6.84E-04 median Fluoranthene 1.53E-01 2.19E+00 2.14E-02 < 6.84E-04 median Fluoranthene 1.53E-01 2.19E+00 2.00E-02 < 6.84E-04	
Bromoform	
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	
Cadmium 1.93E-01 8.00E-01 2.80E-01 32 (p) 0.36 (m) 4.78E-01 97.5% KM (Che Carbazole Carbazole 1.76E-02 1.28E-01 1.08E-02 < 1.10E-02	
Carbazole 1.76E-02 1.28E-01 1.08E-02 < 1.10E-02 median Carbon Disulfide 8.64E-03 2.84E-02 7.57E-03 1.18E-04 median Chromium 1.73E+01 1.28E+02 7.76E+00 0.4 (i) 26 (a) 2.27E+01 95% Studen Chrysene 1.05E-01 1.30E+00 1.04E-02 3.94E-01 97.5% KM (Che Gis-1,2-Dichloroethene 6.85E-02 9.99E-01 1.95E-02 1.36E-04 median Cobalt 6.32E+00 1.03E+01 2.81E+00 13 (p) 13 (p) 6.79E+00 95% Studen Copper 2.07E+01 2.00E+02 4.59E+00 61 (i) 28 (a) 4.48E+01 95% Chebys Cyclohexane 1.13E-03 1.85E-03 9.81E-04 < 1.24E-03	
Carbon Disulfide 8.64E-03 2.84E-02 7.57E-03 < 1.18E-04 median Chromium 1.73E+01 1.28E+02 7.76E+00 0.4 (i) 26 (a) 2.27E+01 95% Studen Chrysene 1.05E-01 1.30E+00 1.04E-02 3.94E-01 97.5% KM (Che cis-1,2-Dichloroethene 6.85E-02 9.99E-01 1.95E-02 < 1.36E-04	, ,
Chromium 1.73E+01 1.28E+02 7.76E+00 0.4 (i) 26 (a) 2.27E+01 95% Studen Chrysene 1.05E-01 1.30E+00 1.04E-02 3.94E-01 97.5% KM (Che Gis-1,2-Dichloroethene 6.85E-02 9.99E-01 1.95E-02 < 1.36E-04	
Chrysene 1.05E-01 1.30E+00 1.04E-02 3.94E-01 97.5% KM (Che cis-1,2-Dichloroethene Gis-1,2-Dichloroethene 6.85E-02 9.99E-01 1.95E-02 < 1.36E-04	
Cobalt 6.32E+00 1.03E+01 2.81E+00 13 (p) 13 (p) 6.79E+00 95% Studen Copper 2.07E+01 2.00E+02 4.59E+00 61 (i) 28 (a) 4.48E+01 95% Chebys Cyclohexane 1.13E-03 1.85E-03 9.81E-04 < 1.24E-03 median Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 6.94E-02 4.04E-01 4.50E-02 < 1.09E-02 median Dibenzoturan 2.44E-02 2.91E-01 1.50E-02 < 1.50E-02 median Diethyl Phthalate 1.01E-02 1.10E-02 9.92E-03 100 (p) < 1.54E-02 median Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.06E-02 1.50E-02 1.00E-02 2.00 (p) < 3.09E-02 median Di-n-cotyl Phthalate 1.91E-02 1.23E-01 1.54E-02 < 9.51E-03 median Eluoranthene 2.69E-03 2.30E-02 1.14E-03 < 6.84E-04 median Fluoranthene 1.53E-01 <td>ebyshev) 11 of 36</td>	ebyshev) 11 of 36
Copper 2.07E+01 2.00E+02 4.59E+00 61 (i) 28 (a) 4.48E+01 95% Chebys Chebys Cyclohexane Cyclohexane 1.13E-03 1.85E-03 9.81E-04 < 1.24E-03	
Cyclohexane 1.13E-03 1.85E-03 9.81E-04 < 1.24E-03 median Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene 6.94E-02 4.04E-01 4.50E-02 < 1.09E-02 median Dibenzofuran 2.44E-02 2.91E-01 1.50E-02 < 1.50E-02 median Dierbyl Phthalate 1.01E-02 1.10E-02 9.92E-03 100 (p) <	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 6.94E-02 4.04E-01 4.50E-02 < 1.09E-02	
Dibenzofuran 2.44E-02 2.91E-01 1.50E-02 < 1.50E-02 median Dierhyl Phthalate 1.01E-02 1.10E-02 9.92E-03 100 (p) <	
Diethyl Phthalate 1.01E-02 1.10E-02 9.92E-03 100 (p) < 1.84E-02 median Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.06E-02 1.50E-02 200 (p) <	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.06E-02 1.50E-02 1.00E-02 200 (p) < 3.09E-02 median Di-n-octyl Phthalate 1.91E-02 1.23E-01 1.54E-02 < 9.51E-03	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate 1.91E-02 1.23E-01 1.54E-02 < 9.51E-03 median Ethylbenzene 2.69E-03 2.30E-02 1.14E-03 6.84E-04 median Fluoranthene 1.53E-01 2.19E+00 2.14E-02 6.46E-01 97.5% KM (Che Fluorene 5.34E-02 1.21E+00 1.70E-02 30 (i) < 1.08E-02	
Ethylbenzene 2.69E-03 2.30E-02 1.14E-03 < 6.84E-04	
Fluoranthene 1.53E-01 2.19E+00 2.14E-02 6.46E-01 97.5% KM (Che Fluorene Fluorene 5.34E-02 1.21E+00 1.70E-02 30 (i) < 1.08E-02	
Fluorene 5.34E-02 1.21E+00 1.70E-02 30 (i) < 1.08E-02 median Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.17E-01 1.51E+00 2.00E-02	
Iron 1.80E+04 1.02E+05 7.12E+03 2.18E+04 95% Studen Lead 3.82E+01 4.71E+02 5.88E+00 120 (p) 11 (a) 9.54E+01 95% Chebys Lithium 1.89E+01 3.22E+01 2.59E+00 2 (p) 2.05E+01 95% Studen m,p-Xylene 1.32E-03 1.32E-03 < 4.16E-04	
Lead 3.82E+01 4.71E+02 5.88E+00 120 (p) 11 (a) 9.54E+01 95% Chebys Lithium 1.89E+01 3.22E+01 2.59E+00 2 (p) 2.05E+01 95% Studen m,p-Xylene 1.32E-03 1.32E-03 < 4.16E-04	
Lithium 1.89E+01 3.22E+01 2.59E+00 2 (p) 2.05E+01 95% Studen m,p-Xylene 1.32E-03 1.39E-03 < 4.16E-04	
m,p-Xylene 1.32E-03 1.39E-03 1.32E-03 4.16E-04 median Manganese 3.51E+02 1.21E+03 8.23E+01 500 (p) 220 (p) 5.59E+02 97.5% Cheby Mercury 1.03E-02 6.40E-02 3.40E-03 0.1 (i) 2.46E-02 97.5% KM (Che Methylcyclohexane 1.76E-03 2.78E-03 1.50E-03 <	
Manganese 3.51E+02 1.21E+03 8.23E+01 500 (p) 220 (p) 5.59E+02 97.5% Cheby Mercury 1.03E-02 6.40E-02 3.40E-03 0.1 (i) 2.46E-02 97.5% KM (Che Methylcyclohexane 1.76E-03 2.78E-03 1.50E-03 < 1.52E-03	
Mercury 1.03E-02 6.40E-02 3.40E-03 0.1 (i) 2.46E-02 97.5% KM (Che Methylcyclohexane 1.76E-03 2.78E-03 1.50E-03 <	
Methylcyclohexane 1.76E-03 2.78E-03 1.50E-03 < 1.52E-03 median	
Molybdenum 5.98E-01 1.07E+01 8.50E-02 2 (p) 2.42E+00 97.5% KM (Che	
Maphthalene 1.02E-02 1.48E-01 1.30E-03 < < 3.63E-03 median	
Nickel 1.73E+01 5.17E+01 9.74E+00 30 (p) 38 (p) 1.91E+01 95% Studen	
Phenanthrene 1.54E-01 1.83E+00 1.80E-02 5.84E-01 97.5% KM (Che	
Pyrene 2.69E-01 4.64E+00 1.49E-02 1.15E+00 97.5% KM (Che	
Silver 1.06E-01 4.10E-01 9.20E-02 2 (p) < 5.90E-02 median	a 3 of 36
Strontium 5.55E+01 9.62E+01 2.21E+01 6.13E+01 95% Studen	
Tetrachloroethene 1.26E-02 2.23E-01 1.35E-03 < 2.11E-04 median	
Tin 8.01E-01 3.67E+00 6.80E-01 50 (p) < 5.70E-01 median	
Titanium 2.17E+01 5.70E+01 3.41E+00 3.57E+01 97.5% KM (Che	
Toluene 3.24E-03 1.22E-02 1.34E-03 200 (p) 8.15E-03 97.5% KM (Che	
Vanadium 2.06E+01 4.58E+01 7.85E+00 2 (p) 7.8 (a) 2.29E+01 95% Studen Xvlene (total) 1.85E-01 1.76E+00 1.39E-03 8.97E-01 97.5% KM (Che	
Xylene (total) 1.85E-01 1.76E+00 1.39E-03 8.97E-01 97.5% KM (Che Zinc 2.40E+02 5.64E+03 2.11E+01 120 (i) 46 (a) 1.18E+03 97.5% KM (Che	
LINC 2-90EYUZ 3.04EYUZ 2.11EYUT 120 (I) 40 (a) 1.10EYUZ 97.3% NW (CHE LPAH 3.14E-0.1 4.65E+0.0 7.62E-0.2 2.9 (i) 6.33E-0.1	abyonev) 30 01 30
HPAH 1.28E+00 1.63E+01 3.04E-01 23 (// 0.35E-00 HPAH 1.28E+00 1.63E+01 3.04E-01 1.1 (m) 3.63E+00	
Total PAH 1.59E+00 2.10E+01 3.80E-01 4.26E+00	

- + Soil was collected from 0 to 2 ft. below ground surface.

 + Soil was collected from 0 to 2 ft. below ground surface.

 + Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample at a frequency of detection greater than five percent.

 (1) From Table 3-4 of TCEQ, 2006.

 (2) From www.epa.gov/ecotox/ecossl.

 (3) Recommended exposure point concentration to be used based on data distribution per Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL (see Appendix A).
- (a) avian
 (i) soil invertebrate
 (m) mammal
 (p) plant

TABLE 5 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg) BACKGROUND SOIL+

Chemicals of Interest**	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	TCEQ Ecological Benchmark ⁽¹⁾	EPA Ecological Screening Level ⁽²⁾		Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used ⁽³⁾	# of Detects/# of Samples
Antimony	1.62E+00	2.19E+00	2.50E-01	5 (p)	0.27 (m)	<	8.90E-01	median	5 of 10
Arsenic	3.44E+00	5.90E+00	2.40E-01	18 (p)	18 (p)		4.48E+00	95% Winsor's-t	10 of 10
Barium	3.33E+02	1.13E+03	1.50E+02	330 (i)	330 (i)		9.02E+02	97.5% Chebyshev	10 of 10
Benzo(a)anthracene	8.20E-02	8.20E-02	8.20E-02			<	7.61E-03	median	1 of 10
Benzo(a)pyrene	7.60E-02	7.60E-02	7.60E-02			<	1.00E-02	median	1 of 10
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5.70E-02	5.70E-02	5.70E-02			<	8.22E-03	median	1 of 10
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	8.30E-02	8.30E-02	8.30E-02			<	3.50E-02	median	1 of 10
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.06E-01	1.06E-01	1.06E-01			<	1.15E-02	median	1 of 10
Cadmium	8.30E-02	1.10E-01	4.10E-02	32 (p)	0.36 (m)	<	1.90E-02	median	3 of 10
Carbazole	1.10E-02	1.10E-02	1.10E-02			<	8.86E-03	median	1 of 10
Chromium	1.52E+01	2.01E+01	1.07E+01	0.4 (i)	26 (a)		1.70E+01	95% Student's-t	10 of 10
Chrysene	8.30E-02	8.30E-02	8.30E-02			<	1.40E-02	median	1 of 10
Copper	1.21E+01	1.93E+01	7.68E+00	61 (i)	28 (a)		1.44E+01	95% Student's-t	10 of 10
Fluoranthene	1.56E-01	1.56E-01	1.56E-01			<	1.15E-02	median	1 of 10
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	4.17E-01	4.17E-01	4.17E-01			<	2.95E-02	median	1 of 10
Lead	1.34E+01	1.52E+01	1.10E+01	120 (p)	11 (a)		1.43E+01	95% Student's-t	10 of 10
Lithium	2.11E+01	3.25E+01	1.44E+01	2 (p)			2.41E+01	95% Student's-t	10 of 10
Manganese	3.77E+02	5.51E+02	2.84E+02	500 (p)	220 (p)		5.07E+02	95% Chebyshev	10 of 10
Mercury	2.13E-02	3.00E-02	1.50E-02	0.1 (i)			2.41E-02	95% Student's-t	10 of 10
Molybdenum	5.22E-01	6.80E-01	4.20E-01	2 (p)			5.65E-01	95% Student's-t	10 of 10
Phenanthrene	1.37E-01	1.37E-01	1.37E-01			<	6.72E-03	median	1 of 10
Pyrene	1.27E-01	1.27E-01	1.27E-01			<	2.00E-02	median	1 of 10
Zinc	2.47E+02	9.69E+02	3.66E+01	120 (i)	46 (a)		7.50E+02	95% Chebyshev	10 of 10
LPAH	1.37E-01	1.37E-01	1.37E-01		29 (i)		6.72E-03	•	
HPAH	1.19E+00	1.19E+00	1.19E+00		1.1 (m)		1.47E-01		
Total PAH	1.32E+00	1.32E+00	1.32E+00				1.54E-01		

- ** Soil was collected from 0 to 0.5 ft. below ground surface.

 ** Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

- *** Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

 (1) From Table 3-4 of TCEQ, 2006.

 (2) From www.epa.gov/ceotox/ecotox/ecossl.

 (3) Recommended exposure point concentration to be used based on data distribution per Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL (see Appendix A).

 (a) avian

 (i) soil invertebrate

 (m) mammal

 (p) plant

TABLE 6 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg) INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT

Chemicals of Interest*	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	ERL (1)	Midpoint of ERL/ERM (2)	EPA EcoTox Threshold (3)		Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used (4)	# of Detects/# of Samples
1,2-Dichloroethane	3.02E-03	3.02E-03	3.02E-03	4.30E+00	1.51E+01		<	3.58E-04	median	1 of 16
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene	3.17E-02	3.17E-02	3.17E-02				<	1.10E-02	median	1 of 16
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.88E-02	1.88E-02	1.88E-02	7.00E-02	3.70E-01		<	1.46E-02	median	1 of 16
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	1.51E-01	1.51E-01	1.51E-01				<	6.32E-02	median	1 of 16
4,4'-DDT	6.90E-04	3.32E-03	4.81E-04	1.19E-03	3.20E-02	1.60E-03	<	2.03E-04	median	4 of 17
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	6.27E-02	6.27E-02	6.27E-02				<	2.64E-02	median	1 of 16
Acenaphthene	2.64E-02	6.31E-02	2.39E-02	1.60E-02	2.58E-01	1.10E+00	<	1.35E-02	median	2 of 16
Aluminum	6.85E+03	1.25E+04	3.90E+03				ш	7.88E+03	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Anthracene	3.00E-02	7.53E-02	2.36E-02	8.53E-02	5.93E-01		<	1.78E-02	median	6 of 16
Antimony	2.25E+00	8.14E+00	7.40E-01				ш	4.98E+00	97.5% Chebyshev	16 of 16
Arsenic	4.03E+00	7.62E+00	2.41E+00	8.20E+00	3.91E+01	8.20E+00	ш	4.64E+00	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Atrazine (Aatrex)	8.14E-02	8.14E-02	8.14E-02				<	2.59E-02	median	1 of 16
Barium	2.15E+02	3.77E+02	1.16E+02				ш	3.08E+02	97.5% Chebyshev	16 of 16
Benzo(a)anthracene	9.54E-02	3.95E-01	6.75E-02	2.61E-01	9.31E-01		<	1.38E-02	99% Chebyshev	3 of 16
Benzo(a)pyrene	9.46E-02	4.45E-01	5.25E-02	4.30E-01	1.02E+00	4.30E-01	<	1.58E-02	median	6 of 16
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.12E-01	6.11E-01	3.24E-02				╙	3.52E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	9 of 16
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	7.19E-02	4.42E-01	1.73E-02				<	1.72E-02	median	7 of 16
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	8.18E-02	3.18E-01	4.74E-02				<	2.43E-01	median	6 of 16
Beryllium	4.63E-01	8.20E-01	2.90E-01				ш	5.28E-01	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Boron	1.65E+01	2.72E+01	1.25E+01				ш	2.47E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	10 of 16
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	2.02E-01	2.02E-01	2.02E-01			1.10E+01	<	1.65E-02	median	1 of 16
Carbazole	2.53E-02	8.61E-02	1.95E-02				<	1.38E-02	median	3 of 16
Chloroform	5.05E-03	5.27E-03	5.04E-03	4.30E+00	1.51E+01		<	4.42E-04	median	2 of 16
Chromium	9.21E+00	1.44E+01	5.01E+00	8.10E+01	2.26E+02	8.10E+01	ш	1.04E+01	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Chrysene	8.03E-02	4.75E-01	1.37E-02	3.84E-01	1.59E+00		ш	2.73E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	10 of 16
Cobalt	4.39E+00	7.16E+00	3.05E+00	0.405.04	4.505.00	0.405.04	₽	4.88E+00	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Copper	7.11E+00	1.26E+01	3.28E+00	3.40E+01	1.52E+02	3.40E+01	щ	8.43E+00	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Cyclohexane	1.92E-03	1.92E-03	1.92E-03		4.005.04		<	3.29E-03	median	1 of 16
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	7.12E-02	2.35E-01	5.11E-02	6.34E-02	1.62E-01		<	1.57E-02 1.92E-02	median	6 of 16
Dibenzofuran Diethyl Phthalate	2.70E-02 3.89E-02	3.05E-02 3.89E-02	2.68E-02 3.89E-02			2.00E+00 6.30E-01	<	2.24E-02	median	2 of 16 1 of 16
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	2.58E-02	1.92E-01	3.89E-02 1.47E-02			6.30E-01	<	1.13E-02	median	2 of 16
Fluoranthene	1.20E-01	8.04E-01	1.47E-02 2.22E-02	6.00E-01	2.85E+00	1.40E+00		4.39E-01	median 97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	8 of 16
Fluorene	1.62E-02	4.60E-02	1.24E-02	1.90E-02	2.80E-01	5.40E-01	<	1.38E-02	median	4 of 16
gamma-Chlordane	6.54E-04	8.26E-04	6.38E-04	2.26E-03	3.53E-03	5.40E-01	<	3.91E-04	median	4 of 16
Hexachlorobenzene	3.19E-02	3.19E-02	3.19E-02	2.20E-03	3.33E-03		<	1.62E-02	median	1 of 16
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	9.99E-02	4.05E-01	5.56E-02				<	2.53E-02	median	6 of 16
Iron	1.34E+04	2.82E+04	6.75E+03				H	2.33E-02 2.20E+04	97.5% Chebyshev	16 of 16
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	4.79E-03	7.04E-03	4.64E-03				<	4.80E-04	median	2 of 16
Lead	1.16E+01	3.23E+01	5.00E+00	4.67E+01	1.32E+02	4.70E+01	H	2.27E+01	97.5% Chebyshev	16 of 16
Lithium	1.05E+01	2.00E+01	6.40E+00	4.07E101	1.321102	4.70L101	Н	1.21E+01	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Manganese	2.83E+02	4.74E+02	1.92E+02				Н	3.22E+02	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Mercury	2.01E-02	3.60E-02	1.10E-02	1.50E-01	4.30E-01	1.50E-01	Н	2.33E-02	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Methylcyclohexane	3.70E-03	3.70E-03	3.70E-03	1.50L=01	4.30L-01	1.50L-01	<	1.70E-03	median	1 of 16
Molybdenum	6.67F-01	5.66E+00	1.40E-01				H	2.15E+00	95% Chebyshev	16 of 16
Nickel	9.59E+00	1.67E+01	5.80E+00	2.09E+01	3.63E+01	2.10E+01	Н	1.08E+01	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	4.34E-02	4.34E-02	4.34E-02	2.032.01	0.00L.01	2.102.01	-	1.50E-02	median	1 of 16
Phenanthrene	8.58E-02	5.08E-01	3.11E-02	2.40E-01	8.70E-01	1.10E+00	H	2.80E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	8 of 16
Pyrene	1.33E-01	8.62E-01	1.76E-02	6.65E-01	1.63E+00	6.60E-01	Н	4.82E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	10 of 16
Silver	3.35E-01	5.40E-01	3.00E-01	0.05E=01	1.03E100	0.00L-01	<	8.95E-02	median	6 of 16
Strontium	4.49E+01	8.17E+01	3.28E+01				H	5.12E+01	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Titanium	2.56E+01	3.66E+01	1.91E+01				Н	2.78E+01	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Toluene	5.81E-03	5.81E-03	5.81E-03	9.40E-01	3.30E+00	6.70E-01	<	1.73E-03	median	1 of 16
Vanadium	1.39E+01	2.12E+01	9.06E+00	5.40L-01		J., JL-01	H	1.54E+01	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
Zinc	4.54E+01	9.26E+01	1.80E+01	1.50E+02	2.80E+02	1.50E+02	Н	5.41E+01	95% Student's-t	16 of 16
LPAH	1.77E-01	7.11E-01	1.10E-01	5.52E-01	1.86E+00	1.502 102	Н	3.40E-01	2370 010001110 0	10 01 10
HPAH	9.60E-01	4.99E+00	3.77E-01	1.70E+00	5.65E+00		Н	1.88E+00		†
Total PAHs	1.14E+00	5.70E+00	4.87E-01	4.02E+00	2.44E+01	4.00E+00	Н	2.22E+00		†
		0.702.00		1.022 .00		1.002.00	-			+

- Notes:

 * Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

 (1) Effects Range Low.
 (2) Milopiont of the ERL and ERM (Effects Range Medium).
 (3) From Table 2 of EPA's EcoTox Threshold ECO Update January, 1999.

 (4) Recommended exposure point concentration to be used based on data distribution per Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL (see Appendix A).

TABLE 7 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)
INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY BACKGROUND SEDIMENT

Chemicals of Interest ⁺	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	ERL (1)	Midpoint of ERL/ERM ⁽²⁾	EPA EcoTox Threshold ⁽³⁾		Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used ⁽⁴⁾	# of Detects/# of Samples
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.91E-03	3.91E-03	3.91E-03	2.16E+00	7.56E+00		<	7.24E-04	median	1 of 9
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	4.11E-03	4.11E-03	4.11E-03	7.00E-01	2.46E+00	3.50E-01	<	1.54E-03	median	1 of 9
2-Butanone	2.08E-03	2.16E-03	2.00E-03				<	2.00E-03	median	2 of 9
4,4'-DDT	5.70E-04	5.70E-04	5.70E-04	1.19E-03	3.20E-02	1.60E-03	<	2.10E-04	median	1 of 9
Aluminum	1.22E+04	2.18E+04	4.73E+03					1.65E+04	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Antimony	4.02E+00	7.33E+00	1.68E+00					5.40E+00	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Arsenic	5.81E+00	9.62E+00	2.36E+00	8.20E+00	3.91E+01	8.20E+00		7.74E+00	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Barium	209.7.2	2.80E+02	1.11E+02					2.39E+02	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.69E-02	3.69E-02	3.69E-02				<	1.09E-02	median	1 of 9
Beryllium	7.66E-01	1.32E+00	3.20E-01					1.02E+00	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Boron	2.76E+01	4.79E+01	1.33E+01					3.56E+01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Carbon Disulfide	5.91E-03	8.41E-03	3.41E-03				<	8.40E-04	median	2 of 9
Chromium	1.28E+01	2.25E+01	5.81E+00	8.10E+01	2.26E+02	8.10E+01		1.69E+01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2.84E-02	2.84E-02	2.84E-02				<	4.61E-04	median	1 of 9
Cobalt	6.70E+00	1.18E+01	3.32E+00					8.66E+00	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Copper	8.14E+00	1.68E+01	2.68E+00	3.40E+01	1.52E+02	3.40E+01		1.13E+01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Iron	1.65E+04	2.79E+04	7.44E+03					2.15E+04	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Lead	9.59E+00	1.45E+01	5.34E+00	4.67E+01	1.32E+02	4.70E+01		1.18E+01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Lithium	2.14E+01	4.46E+01	7.29E+00					3.03E+01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Manganese	3.31E+02	4.42E+02	2.12E+02					3.86E+02	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Mercury	1.76E-02	5.00E-02	6.50E-03	1.50E-01	4.30E-01	1.50E-01		3.68E-02	95% Chebyshev	9 of 9
Molybdenum	2.41E-01	3.50E-01	1.60E-01					2.83E-01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Nickel	1.49E+01	2.73E+01	6.31E+00	2.09E+01	3.63E+01	2.10E+01		1.99E+01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Strontium	5.92E+01	8.74E+01	3.48E+01					7.28E+01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Titanium	3.18E+01	5.45E+01	2.11E+01					3.83E+01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Trichloroethene	1.59E-02	1.59E-02	1.59E-02	1.47E+00	5.15E+00	1.60E+00	<	6.47E-04	median	1 of 9
Vanadium	2.02E+01	3.42E+01	1.02E+01					2.59E+01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
Xylene	3.35E-03	3.35E-03	3.35E-03				<	2.09E-03	median	1 of 9
Zinc	3.60E+01	5.41E+01	1.93E+01	1.50E+02	2.80E+02	1.50E+02		4.45E+01	95% Student's-t	9 of 9
LPAH ⁺⁺				5.52E-01	1.86E+00					İ
HPAH	3.69E-02	3.69E-02	3.69E-02	1.70E+00	5.65E+00			1.09E-02		
Total PAHs	3.69E-02	3.69E-02	3.69E-02	4.02E+00	2.44E+01		H	1.09E-02		1

- (2) Midpoint of the ERL and ERM (Effects Range Medium).
 (3) From Table 2 of EPA's EcoTox Threshold ECO Update January, 1999.
 (4) Recommended exposure point concentration to be used based on data distribution per Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL (see Appendix A).

⁺ Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

^{**} No LPAHs were detected in the samples.

^{(1) -} Effects Range Low.

TABLE 8 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg) WETLAND SEDIMENT

						1				
Chemicals of Interest ⁺	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	ERL (1)	Midpoint of ERL/ERM (2)	EPA EcoTox Threshold (3)		Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used (4)	# of Detects/# of Samples
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.85E-03	2.40E-03	1.83E-03	4.30E+00	1.51E+01	i nresnoia **	<	1.50E-04		3 of 48
	2.25E-02	4.30E-01	1.22E-02	7.00E-02	3.70E-01		_	1.20E-02	median median	4 of 48
2-Methylnaphthalene 4.4'-DDT		9.22E-03	9.29E-04		3.70E-01 3.20E-02	1.60E-03	`	2.52E-03		
Acenaphthene	1.39E-03 2.13E-02	9.22E-03 1.33E-01	9.29E-04 1.60E-02	1.19E-03 1.60E-02	3.20E-02 2.58E-01	1.60E-03 1.10E+00	<	2.52E-03 1.11E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) median	16 of 55 4 of 48
	4.88E-02	5.45E-01	2.91E-02	4.40E-02	3.42E-01	1.10E+00	^	1.11E-02 1.27E-02	median	4 of 48
Acenaphthylene Aluminum	1.32E+04	1.82E+04	3.40E+03	4.40E-02	3.42E-01		`	1.40E+04	95% Student's-t	48 of 48
Anthracene	2.99E-02	1.82E+04 3.34E-01	8.38E-03	8.53E-02	5.93E-01		⊢	9.70E-02		48 of 48 8 of 48
					5.93E-01		⊢		97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	
Antimony ⁽⁵⁾	1.24E+00	4.24E+00	4.60E-01		0.045.04		┡	1.80E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	40 of 48
Arsenic	2.78E+00	1.28E+01	1.00E+00	8.20E+00	3.91E+01	8.20E+00	┡	4.81E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	35 of 48
Barium	1.52E+02	8.20E+02	3.60E+01				┡	2.38E+02	95% Chebyshev	48 of 48
Benzo(a)anthracene	9.20E-02	9.93E-01	5.46E-02	2.61E-01	9.31E-01		<	1.14E-02	median	5 of 48
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.10E-01	1.30E+00	1.76E-02	4.30E-01	1.02E+00	4.30E-01	⊢	3.47E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	15 of 48
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	9.23E-02	1.36E+00	1.62E-02				⊢	1.59E-01	95% KM (BCA)	19 of 48
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.06E-01	1.94E+00	4.40E-02				┡	4.49E-01	95% KM (Chebyshev)	24 of 48
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.01E-01	7.30E-01	6.92E-02				⊢	1.31E-01	95% KM (Bootstrap)	14 of 48
Beryllium (5)	8.94E-01	1.37E+00	2.80E-01				⊢	9.43E-01	95% Student's-t	48 of 48
Boron ⁽⁵⁾	1.53E+01	4.62E+01	5.17E+00					2.61E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	24 of 48
Cadmium	1.16E-01	4.80E-01	3.30E-02	1.20E+00	5.40E+00	1.20E+00	┖	2.42E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	20 of 48
Carbazole	2.12E-02	1.41E-01	1.58E-02				<	1.10E-02	median	5 of 48
Carbon Disulfide	3.48E-03	6.99E-03	3.34E-03				<	1.40E-04	median	4 of 48
Chromium	1.51E+01	4.46E+01	8.96E+00	8.10E+01	2.26E+02	8.10E+01	┖	1.64E+01	95% Student's-t	48 of 48
Chromium VI	1.63E+00	4.04E+00	1.30E+00				<	5.67E-01	median	6 of 25
Chrysene	2.15E-01	4.05E+00	1.10E-02	3.84E-01	1.59E+00			8.71E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	19 of 48
Cobalt	6.98E+00	9.89E+00	3.00E+00					7.32E+00	95% Student's-t	48 of 48
Copper	1.45E+01	4.90E+01	5.44E+00	3.40E+01	1.52E+02	3.40E+01		2.21E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	48 of 48
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.87E-01	2.91E+00	1.29E-01	6.34E-02	1.62E-01		<	3.75E-02	median	6 of 48
Dibenzofuran	1.29E-02	8.00E-02	1.00E-02			2.00E+00	<	1.56E-02	median	3 of 48
Endosulfan Sulfate	8.46E-03	6.00E-02	7.31E-03			5.40E-03	<	4.40E-04	median	3 of 48
Endrin Aldehyde	1.28E-03	1.00E-02	5.66E-04				┖	3.32E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	9 of 48
Endrin Ketone	3.55E-03	1.30E-02	3.29E-03				<	5.50E-04	median	3 of 48
Fluoranthene	1.04E-01	2.17E+00	1.20E-02	6.00E-01	2.85E+00	1.40E+00	┡	4.46E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	13 of 48
Fluorene	2.17E-02	1.39E-01	1.50E-02	1.90E-02	2.80E-01	5.40E-01	<	1.10E-02	median	4 of 48
gamma-Chlordane	8.77E-04	3.60E-03	7.69E-04	2.26E-03	3.53E-03		<	4.40E-04	median	4 of 48
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.20E-01	1.94E+00	6.28E-02				┡	3.17E-01	95% KM (BCA)	23 of 48
Iron	1.72E+04	6.09E+04	1.11E+04				_	1.88E+04	95% Student's-t	49 of 48
Lead	2.54E+01	2.37E+02	9.40E+00	4.67E+01	1.32E+02	4.70E+01	┖	4.68E+01	95% Chebyshev	48 of 48
Lithium	1.87E+01	2.76E+01	5.43E+00				┡	1.96E+01	95% Student's-t	48 of 48
Manganese	3.32E+02	1.01E+03	8.76E+01				_	5.17E+02	97.5% Chebyshev	48 of 48
Mercury	2.04E-02	8.10E-02	6.10E-03	1.50E-01	4.30E-01	1.50E-01	┖	3.80E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	26 of 48
Molybdenum	5.99E-01	3.24E+00	1.30E-01				┡	1.20E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	38 of 48
Nickel	1.73E+01	2.77E+01	1.09E+01	2.09E+01	3.63E+01	2.10E+01	┖	1.81E+01	95% Student's-t	48 of 48
Phenanthrene	8.46E-02	1.30E+00	2.30E-02	2.40E-01	8.70E-01	1.10E+00	┖	1.56E-01	95% KM (BCA)	12 of 48
Pyrene	1.52E-01	1.64E+00	1.59E-02	6.65E-01	1.63E+00	6.60E-01	┡	4.77E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	19 of 48
Strontium	6.70E+01	3.30E+02	1.88E+01				⊢	1.15E+02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)	48 of 48
Tin ⁽⁵⁾	6.38E-01	4.61E+00	3.45E+00				L	1.26E+00	95% Chebyshev	4 of 48
Titanium	2.91E+01	6.87E+01	8.15E+00				L	4.17E+01	97.5% Chebyshev	48 of 48
Toluene	1.58E-03	2.14E-03	1.57E-03	9.40E-01	3.30E+00	6.70E-01	<	7.30E-04	median	3 of 48
Vanadium	2.17E+01	3.20E+01	9.02E+00				L	2.28E+01	95% Student's-t	48 of 48
Zinc	1.39E+02	9.03E+02	3.15E+01	1.50E+02	2.80E+02	1.50E+02	L	2.36E+02	95% Chebyshev	53 of 53
LPAH	2.29E-01	2.88E+00	1.04E-01	5.52E-01	1.86E+00		┖	3.00E-01		
HPAH	1.58E+00	1.90E+01	4.32E-01	1.70E+00	5.65E+00		┖	3.25E+00		
TOTAL PAHs	1.81E+00	2.19E+01	5.36E-01	4.02E+00	1.19E+01	4.00E+00	1	3.55E+00	I	I

- ⁺ Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample at a frequency of detection greater than five percent.

- Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample at a frequency of detection greater than five percent.

 (1) Effects Range Low.

 (2) Midpoint of the ERL and ERM (Effects Range Medium).

 (3) From Table 2 of EPA's EcoTox Threshold ECO Update January, 1999.

 (4) Recommended exposure point concentration to be used based on data distribution per Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL (see Appendix A).

 (5) Samples 2WSEDB, SWSED10, 4WSED2, and 4WSED3 were re-analyzed for antimony, boron, and tin because they were measured at concentrations much higher than the rest of the data although QA/QC indicated that they were acceptable. The re-analysis was run twice with good concurrence between the two re-analyses but with very different values from the original so the first re-analyzed value was used in the UCL calculation.

TABLE 9 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg) POND SEDIMENT

Chemicals of Interest*	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	ERL (1)	Midpoint of ERL/ERM (2)	EPA EcoTox Threshold ⁽³⁾		Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used (4)	# of Detects/# of Samples
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	4.29E-02	4.29E-02	4.29E-02				<	2.69E-02	median	1 of 8
4,4'-DDD	6.76E-04	6.76E-04	6.76E-04	1.22E-03	4.52E-03		<	2.00E-02	median	1 of 8
4,4'-DDT	1.27E-03	1.57E-03	1.11E-03	1.19E-03	3.20E-02	1.60E-03	<	1.10E-02	median	3 of 8
Acetone	7.98E-02	7.98E-02	7.98E-02	1.67E+02	5.09E+03		<	4.25E-02	median	1 of 8
Aluminum	1.17E+04	1.63E+04	7.99E+03					1.40E+04	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Antimony	1.41E+00	1.85E+00	3.30E-01				<	4.40E-01	median	8 of 8
Arsenic	3.76E+00	5.01E+00	3.39E+00	8.20E+00	3.91E+01	8.20E+00	<	3.35E-01	median	3 of 8
Barium	1.99E+02	4.17E+02	1.08E+02					3.83E+02	95% Chebyshev	8 of 8
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5.37E-02	1.06E-01	2.93E-02				<	3.38E-02	median	6 of 8
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.35E-01	1.35E-01	1.35E-01				<	1.59E-02	median	1 of 8
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.14E-01	1.30E-01	1.10E-01				<	2.75E-02	median	3 of 8
Beryllium	8.34E-01	1.13E+00	5.80E-01					9.72E-01	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
beta-BHC	6.99E-04	6.99E-04	6.99E-04				<	2.30E-02	median	1 of 8
Boron	1.73E+01	2.84E+01	1.10E+01				<	1.24E+01	median	5 of 8
Bromomethane	1.61E-02	3.10E-02	1.40E-02				<	1.35E-02	median	2 of 8
Cadmium	2.13E-01	2.70E-01	1.90E-01	1.20E+00	5.40E+00	1.20E+00	<	1.90E-01	median	5 of 8
Carbon Disulfide	7.71E-03	7.71E-03	7.71E-03				<	9.60E-04	median	1 of 8
Chromium	1.29E+01	2.01E+01	8.29E+00	8.10E+01	2.26E+02	8.10E+01	П	1.60E+01	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Chrysene	2.57E-02	2.57E-02	2.57E-02	3.84E-01	1.59E+00		<	1.40E-02	median	1 of 8
Cobalt	6.94E+00	8.99E+00	5.19E+00				П	7.86E+00	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Copper	1.52E+01	2.68E+01	8.33E+00	3.40E+01	1.52E+02	3.40E+01	H	2.02E+01	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Iron	1.53E+04	2.01E+04	1.13E+04				П	1.74E+04	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Lead	1.75E+01	3.05E+01	1.06E+01	4.67E+01	1.32E+02	4.70E+01	П	2.23E+01	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Lithium	1.85E+01	2.37E+01	1.35E+01				П	2.12E+01	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
m,p-Cresol	3.75E-02	3.75E-02	3.75E-02				<	2.34E-02	median	1 of 8
Manganese	4.88E+02	7.11E+02	3.52E+02				H	5.71E+02	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Methyl lodide	4.10E-02	4.10E-02	4.10E-02				<	7.84E-03	median	1 of 8
Molybdenum	2.59E-01	6.00E-01	2.10E-01				<	1.20E-01	median	2 of 8
Nickel	1.63E+01	2.06E+01	1.23E+01	2.09E+01	3.63E+01	2.10E+01	П	1.84E+01	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Pyrene	2.13E-02	2.65E-02	2.01E-02	6.65E-01	1.63E+00	6.60E-01	<	1.96E-02	median	3 of 8
Strontium	1.04E+02	1.81E+02	6.33E+01				H	1.32E+02	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Titanium	3.00E+01	4.05E+01	1.91E+01				H	3.54E+01	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Vanadium	2.18E+01	2.74E+01	1.68E+01				П	2.46E+01	95% Student's-t	8 of 8
Zinc	3.32E+02	9.99E+02	3.82E+01	1.50E+02	2.80E+02	1.50E+02	\Box	9.61E+02	95% Chebyshev	8 of 8
LPAH ⁺⁺							Ħ			
HPAHs	3.50E-01	4.23E-01	3.20E-01	1.70E+00	5.65E+00	İ	П	1.11E-01		
Total PAHs	3.50E-01	3.50E-01	3.50E-01	4.02E+00	2.44E+01	4.00E+00	Ħ	1.11E-01		_

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny +}}$ Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

^{**} No LPAHs were detected in the samples.

^{(1) -} Effects Range Low.
(2) - Midpoint of the ERL and ERM (Effects Range Medium).

^{(3) -} From Table 2 of EPA's EcoTox Threshold ECO Update January, 1999.

^{(4) -} Recommended exposure point concentration to be used based on data distribution per Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL (see Appendix A).

TABLE 10 **EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/L)** INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SURFACE WATER (TOTAL)

Chemicals of Interest [⁺]	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	TCEQ Ecological Benchmark for Water ⁽¹⁾	Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used	# of Detects/# of Samples
Acrylonitrile	9.38E-04	2.10E-03	2.10E-03	2.91E-01	2.10E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Aluminum	4.05E-01	5.50E-01	2.80E-01		5.50E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Barium	2.40E-02	2.60E-02	2.20E-02	2.50E+01	2.60E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Boron	4.69E+00	4.81E+00	4.60E+00		4.81E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Chromium	7.98E-02	1.20E-01	7.00E-02		1.20E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Copper	6.53E-03	1.10E-02	9.10E-03		1.10E-02	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
Iron	4.63E-01	5.90E-01	3.20E-01		5.90E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Lithium	2.53E-01	2.70E-01	2.20E-01		2.70E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Manganese	4.03E-02	4.80E-02	3.30E-02		4.80E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Silver	2.80E-03	3.70E-03	2.80E-03		3.70E-03	EPC is max detect	3 of 4
Strontium	7.22E+00	7.35E+00	6.95E+00		7.35E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Titanium	3.90E-03	5.70E-03	2.00E-03		5.70E-03	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Vanadium	4.25E-02	6.10E-02	3.50E-02		6.10E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4

⁺ Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.
(1) - From Table 3-2 of TCEQ, 2006 and only the TCEQ Ecological Benchmarks for Water without the "dissolved" notation were included in the table.

TABLE 11
EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/L)
INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY BACKGROUND SURFACE WATER (TOTAL)

				TCEQ Ecological Benchmark	Exposure Point		# of Detects/#
Chemicals of Interest [*]	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	for Water (1)	Concentration	Statistic Used	of Samples
4,4'-DDD	3.30E-06	7.62E-06	3.60E-06	2.50E-05	7.62E-06	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
4,4'-DDT	4.93E-06	1.30E-05	1.30E-05	1.00E-06	1.30E-05	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Acetone	1.47E-03	4.52E-03	4.52E-03	2.82E+02	4.52E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Aldrin	9.24E-06	1.10E-05	4.40E-06	1.30E-04	1.10E-05	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Aluminum	2.44E-01	4.00E-01	2.10E-01		4.00E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Barium	1.96E-02	2.00E-02	2.00E-02	2.50E+01	2.00E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.20E-04	2.02E-04	2.02E-04		2.02E-04	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.73E-04	3.11E-04	3.11E-04		3.11E-04	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	4.17E-03	1.97E-02	1.94E-02		1.97E-02	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
Boron	4.38E+00	4.50E+00	4.27E+00		4.50E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Chromium	7.84E-02	7.90E-02	7.80E-02		7.90E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Chromium VI	6.20E-03	1.10E-02	1.10E-02		1.10E-02	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Chrysene	1.61E-04	3.68E-04	3.68E-04		3.68E-04	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	6.70E-04	1.42E-03	8.28E-04	5.00E-03	1.42E-03	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	2.65E-04	6.50E-04	6.50E-04		6.50E-04	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Iron	3.40E-01	4.30E-01	3.40E-01		4.30E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Lithium	3.00E-01	3.40E-01	2.70E-01		3.40E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Manganese	3.60E-02	4.10E-02	3.40E-02		4.10E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Methoxyclor	3.66E-06	1.40E-05	1.40E-05	3.00E-05	1.40E-05	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Molybdenum	2.72E-03	4.20E-03	1.80E-03		4.20E-03	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
Silver	5.43E-03	5.90E-03	4.70E-03		5.90E-03	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Strontium	7.76E+00	8.31E+00	7.31E+00		8.31E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Titanium	2.98E-03	4.20E-03	2.40E-03		4.20E-03	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Vanadium	4.14E-02	3.70E-02	1.10E-02		3.70E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
LPAHs ⁺⁺							
HPAHs	4.55E-04	8.81E-04	8.81E-04		8.81E-04		
Total PAHs	4.55E-04	4.55E-04	4.55E-04		4.55E-04		

⁺ Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

^{**} No LPAHs were detected in the samples.

^{(1) -} From Table 3-2 of TCEQ, 2006 and only the TCEQ Ecological Benchmarks for Water without the "dissolved" notation were included in the table.

TABLE 12
EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/L)
WETLAND SURFACE WATER (TOTAL)

Observiced as Chaterra 4 [†]		Man Bata dia	Min Datastia	TCEQ Ecological	Exposure Point	Statistic	# of Detects/#
Chemicals of Interest [™]	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	Benchmark for Water (1)	Concentration	Used	of Samples
1,2-Dichloroethane	2.30E-03	3.85E-03	2.55E-03	5.65E+00	3.85E-03	EPC is max detect	3 of 4
Acrolein	1.21E-02	9.29E-03	9.29E-03	5.00E-03	9.30E-03	EPC is max detect*	1 of 4
Aluminum	5.08E-01	8.00E-01	1.70E-01		8.00E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Barium	2.20E-01	3.70E-01	1.50E-01	2.50E+01	3.70E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Boron	1.96E+00	2.42E+00	8.30E-01		2.42E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Chromium	1.49E-02	3.70E-02	2.00E-02		3.70E-02	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
Chromium VI	3.13E-03	8.00E-03	8.00E-03		8.00E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Copper	6.38E-03	1.10E-02	9.50E-03		1.10E-02	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
Iron	6.45E-01	1.08E+00	1.90E-01		1.08E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Lithium	1.89E-01	2.50E-01	5.70E-02		2.50E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Manganese	1.37E-01	3.40E-01	1.80E-02		3.40E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Mercury	3.75E-05	7.00E-05	4.00E-05	1.10E-03	7.00E-05	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
Molybdenum	9.30E-03	1.50E-02	5.60E-03		1.50E-02	EPC is max detect	3 of 4
Nickel	1.10E-03	2.20E-03	1.20E-03		2.20E-03	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
Strontium	5.27E+00	6.64E+00	1.87E+00		6.64E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Titanium	6.40E-03	9.80E-03	2.40E-03		9.80E-03	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Zinc	7.30E-03	2.20E-02	2.20E-02		2.20E-02	EPC is max detect	1 of 4

^{*}The maximum detected value is sometimes lower than the average since 1/2 of the reporting limit was used as a proxy value when it was not detected, and because J flag data were used in the risk assessment.

⁺ Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

^{(1) -} From Table 3-2 of TCEQ, 2006 and only the TCEQ Ecological Benchmarks for Water without the "dissolved" notation were included in the table.

TABLE 13 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/L) POND SURFACE WATER (TOTAL)

Chemicals of Interest ⁺	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	TCEQ Ecological Benchmark for Water ⁽¹⁾	Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used	# of Detects/#
4-Chloroaniline	2.79E-04	8.23E-04	8.23E-04		8.23E-04	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Aluminum	9.13E-01	2.22E+00	4.10E-01		2.22E+00	EPC is max detect	5 of 6
Antimony	3.82E-03	7.60E-03	3.00E-03		7.60E-03	EPC is max detect	3 of 6
Arsenic	5.40E-03	1.30E-02	1.20E-02		1.30E-02	EPC is max detect	2 of 6
Barium	1.45E-01	1.90E-01	1.30E-01	2.50E+01	1.90E-01	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.12E-04	3.48E-04	3.48E-04		3.48E-04	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4.03E-04	1.81E-03	1.81E-03		1.81E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.71E-04	1.73E-03	1.73E-03		1.73E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.06E-04	5.42E-04	5.42E-04		5.42E-04	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	1.92E-02	4.00E-02	2.90E-02		4.00E-02	EPC is max detect	3 of 6
Boron	2.97E+00	3.52E+00	2.45E+00		3.52E+00	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Chromium	8.50E-04	1.50E-03	1.50E-03		1.50E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Chromium VI	8.50E-03	1.60E-02	1.50E-02		1.60E-02	EPC is max detect	2 of 6
Chrysene	2.48E-04	7.10E-04	7.10E-04		7.10E-04	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Cobalt	9.12E-04	3.20E-03	5.20E-04		3.20E-03	EPC is max detect	2 of 6
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.26E-04	3.04E-03	3.04E-03		3.04E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	3.12E-03	3.81E-03	1.07E-03	5.00E-03	3.81E-03	EPC is max detect	5 of 6
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	6.73E-04	3.44E-03	3.44E-03		3.44E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Iron	2.27E+00	6.67E+00	5.20E-01		6.67E+00	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Lead	2.63E-03	1.10E-02	1.10E-02		1.10E-02	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Lithium	1.16E-01	1.60E-01	6.70E-02		1.60E-01	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Manganese	6.37E-01	1.44E+00	8.50E-02		1.44E+00	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Molybdenum	8.73E-03	1.80E-02	1.30E-02		1.80E-02	EPC is max detect	3 of 6
Nickel	4.60E-03	7.90E-03	3.00E-03		7.90E-03	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Selenium	4.26E-03	9.80E-03	9.80E-03	1.36E-01	9.80E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 6
Silver	9.30E-03	1.50E-02	3.70E-03		1.50E-02	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Strontium	4.47E+00	7.19E+00	1.77E+00		7.19E+00	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Thallium	2.86E-03	7.70E-03	6.20E-03	2.13E-02	7.70E-03	EPC is max detect	2 of 6
Titanium	1.90E-02	4.40E-02	2.10E-03		4.40E-02	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Vanadium	3.20E-03	8.40E-03	4.30E-03		8.40E-03	EPC is max detect	3 of 6
Zinc	1.20E-01	6.30E-01	2.70E-02		6.30E-01	EPC is max detect	3 of 6
LPAHs							
HPAHs	2.64E-03	1.16E-02	1.16E-02		1.16E-02		
Total PAHs	2.64E-03	2.64E-03	2.64E-03		2.64E-03		

^{*} Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

(1) - From Table 3-2 of TCEQ, 2006 and only the TCEQ Ecological Benchmarks for Water without the "dissolved" notation were included in the table.

TABLE 14
EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/L)
INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SURFACE WATER (DISSOLVED METALS)

Chemicals of Interest ⁺	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	TCEQ Ecological Benchmark for Water ⁽¹⁾	Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used	# of Detects/# of Samples
Aluminum	6.48E-02	4.70E-02	4.70E-02		4.70E-02	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Barium	2.63E-02	2.80E-02	2.30E-02	2.50E+01	2.80E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Boron	4.79E+00	4.99E+00	4.30E+00		4.99E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Lithium	2.10E-01	2.20E-01	2.00E-01		2.20E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Manganese	4.85E-03	6.00E-03	2.50E-03		6.00E-03	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Nickel	2.63E-03	3.30E-03	1.30E-03	1.31E-02	3.30E-03	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Selenium	4.25E-02	6.30E-02	2.80E-02	1.36E-01	6.30E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Strontium	8.04E+00	8.47E+00	7.36E+00		8.47E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4

(1) - From Table 3-2 of TCEQ.

⁺ Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

TABLE 15 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/L) INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY BACKGROUND SURFACE WATER (DISSOLVED METALS)

Chemicals of Interest ⁺	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	TCEQ Ecological Benchmark for Water	Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used	# of Detects/# of Samples
Barium	1.65E-02	1.90E-02	1.20E-02	2.50E+01	1.90E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Boron	3.98E+00	4.33E+00	3.04E+00		4.33E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Chromium	7.38E-02	7.80E-02	6.40E-02	1.03E-01	7.80E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Iron	5.40E-02	6.00E-02	6.00E-02		6.00E-02	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Lithium	2.90E-01	3.90E-01	1.90E-01		3.90E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Manganese	1.53E-02	1.80E-02	1.10E-02		1.80E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Molybdenum	3.68E-03	3.90E-03	3.90E-03		3.90E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 4
Silver	5.23E-03	5.80E-03	4.30E-03	1.90E-04	5.80E-03	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Strontium	6.84E+00	7.46E+00	5.20E+00		7.46E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Vanadium	1.23E-02	1.50E-02	9.30E-03		1.50E-02	EPC is max detect	4 of 4

Notes:

(1) - From Table 3-2 of TCEQ.

⁺ Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

TABLE 16 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/L)
WETLAND SURFACE WATER (DISSOLVED METALS)

Chemicals of Interest ⁺	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	TCEQ Ecological Benchmark for Water ⁽¹⁾	Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used	# of Detects/# of Samples
Barium	3.20E-04	3.50E-01	1.40E-01	2.50E+01	3.50E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Boron	2.70E-02	2.75E+00	8.50E-01		2.75E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Chromium	1.20E-03	3.70E-02	1.90E-02	1.03E-01	3.70E-02	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
Copper	2.50E-03	1.10E-02	5.30E-03	3.60E-03	1.10E-02	EPC is max detect	3 of 4
Lithium	3.50E-03	2.80E-01	5.70E-02		2.80E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Manganese	6.00E-04	3.30E-01	2.50E-02		3.30E-01	EPC is max detect	4 of 4
Molybdenum	2.70E-03	1.70E-02	5.40E-03		1.70E-02	EPC is max detect	3 of 4
Nickel	4.50E-04	1.30E-03	4.90E-04	1.31E-02	1.30E-03	EPC is max detect	2 of 4
Strontium	9.40E-04	7.01E+00	1.89E+00		7.01E+00	EPC is max detect	4 of 4

⁺ Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample. (1) From Table 3-2 of TCEQ, 2006.

TABLE 17 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/L)
POND SURFACE WATER (DISSOLVED METALS)

Chemicals of Interest ⁺	Average	Max Detection	Min Detection	TCEQ Ecological Benchmark for Water ⁽¹⁾	Exposure Point Concentration	Statistic Used	# of Detects/# of Samples
Antimony	3.50E-03	6.30E-03	3.10E-03		6.30E-03	EPC is max detect	3 of 6
Barium	1.25E-01	1.30E-01	1.20E-01		1.30E-01	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Boron	2.79E+00	3.33E+00	2.36E+00		3.33E+00	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Lithium	1.45E-01	2.20E-01	8.00E-02		2.20E-01	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Manganese	4.65E-01	1.06E+00	6.60E-02		1.06E+00	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Molybdenum	1.01E-02	1.90E-02	1.80E-02		1.90E-02	EPC is max detect	3 of 6
Nickel	1.43E-03	2.60E-03	1.90E-03	1.31E-01	2.60E-03	EPC is max detect	3 of 6
Silver	1.83E-03	2.90E-03	9.40E-04	1.90E-04	2.90E-03	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Strontium	4.32E+00	6.97E+00	1.78E+00		6.97E+00	EPC is max detect	6 of 6
Thallium	1.53E-03	3.20E-03	1.40E-03		3.20E-03	EPC is max detect	3 of 6
Vanadium	7.58E-04	2.10E-03	2.10E-03		2.10E-03	EPC is max detect	1 of 6

⁺ Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample. (1) From Table 3-2 of TCEQ, 2006.

TABLE 18
TERRESTRIAL HABITAT ASSESSMENT AND MEASUREMENT ENDPOINTS

Guild	Receptor of Potential Concern	Assessment Endpoint for SLERA	Ecological Risk Question	Testable Hypothesis for SLERA	Measurement Endpoint
Plants	Terrestrial plants	Protection of vegetation survival growth, and reproduction due to uptake of chemicals in soil.	Does exposure to chemicals in soil adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction of plants?	Maximum soil concentrations do not exceed plant-based screening criteria, when available.	Comparison of maximum concentration for each compound measured at the Site in soil to plant-based screening levels. 2) Evaluate the likelihood of localized effects.
Invertebrates	Earthworm	Protection of soil invertebrate community from uptake and direct toxic effects on detritivore abundance, diversity, productivity due to chemicals in soil.	Does exposure to chemicals in soil adversely affect the abundance, diversity, productivity, and function? 2) Do soil-to-earthworm BAFs suggest uptake of chemicals?	Maximum soil concentrations do not exceed screening criteria.	1) Comparison of maximum concentration for each compound measured at the Site in soil to receptor-specific screening level based on NOAELs available in the literature. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioconcentrate. 3) Evaluate likelihood of localized effects (maximum concentration).
Small mammalian herbivore	Deer mouse	Protection of the small mammal survival, growth, and reproduction due to uptake of chemicals in soil.	Does exposure to chemicals in soil adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction? 2) Do soil-to-mammal BAFs suggest uptake of chemicals?	95% UCL intake levels do not exceed TRVs.	1) Comparison of 95% UCL concentration for each compound measured at the Site in soil to receptor-specific screening level based on NOAELs available in the literature. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioaccumulate.
Small mammalian omnivore	Least shrew	Protection of the small mammal survival, growth, and reproduction due to uptake of chemicals in soil.	Does exposure to chemicals in soil adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction? 2) Do soil-to-mammal BAFs suggest uptake of chemicals?	95% UCL intake levels do not exceed TRVs.	1) Comparison of 95% UCL concentration for each compound measured at the Site in soil to receptor-specific screening level based on NOAELs available in the literature. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioaccumulate.
Large mammalian carnivore	Coyote	Protection of the mammalian predator survival, growth, and reproduction due to the uptake of chemicals in prey items.	Does exposure to chemicals in soil adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction? 2) Do soil-to-mammal BAFs suggest uptake of chemicals?	95% UCL intake levels do not exceed TRVs.	Comparison of 95% UCL concentration for each compound measured at the Site in soil to receptor-specific screening level based on NOAELs available in the literature. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioaccumulate.
Reptilian carnivore	Rat snake	Protection of the reptilian predator survival, growth, and reproduction due to the uptake of chemicals in prey items.	Does exposure to chemicals in soil adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction? 2) Do soil-to-mammal BAFs suggest uptake of chemicals?	Does the qualitative weight-of-evidence suggest an adverse risk?	Evaluate habitat, food resources, other stressors, and toxicological information for reptiles and draw conclusions of potential risk based on this information.
Avian herbivore/omnivore	American robin	Protection of the omnivorous avian survival, growth, and reproduction due to uptake of chemicals in soil.	Does exposure to chemicals in soil adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction? 2) Do soil-to-avian omnivore BAFs suggest uptake of chemicals?	95% UCL intake levels do not exceed TRVs.	1) Comparison of 95% UCL concentration for each compound measured at the Site in soil to receptor-specific screening level based on NOAELs available in the literature. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioaccumulate.
Large avian carnivore	Red-tailed hawk	Protection of carnivorous avian community population abundance, diversity, and productivity due to uptake of chemicals in prey items.	Does exposure to chemicals in soil adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction? 2) Do soil-to-higher trophic level BAFs suggest uptake of chemicals and/or bioaccumulation?	95% UCL intake levels do not exceed TRVs.	1) Comparison of 95% UCL concentration for each compound measured at the Site in soil to receptor-specific screening level based on NOAELs available in the literature. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioaccumulate.

Notes: SLERA – Screening-Level Ecological Risk Assessment BAF – biota accumulation factor BSAF – biota to sediment accumulation factor

NOAEL -- no observable adverse effects level
95% UCL -- 95 percent upper confidence limit on the mean
TRV -- Toxicity Reference Value

 ${\bf TABLE~19}\\ {\bf ESTUARINE~WETLAND~AND~AQUATIC~HABITAT~ASSESSMENT~AND~MEASUREMENT~ENDPOINTS}$

Receptor Group	Receptor of Potential Concern	Assessment Endpoint for SLERA	Ecological Risk Question	Testable Hypothesis for SLERA	Measurement Endpoint
Benthos and zooplankton	Polychaetes	Protection of benthic invertebrate community from uptake and direct toxic effects on abundance, diversity, and productivity due to chemicals in sediment.	Does exposure to chemicals in sediment adversely affect the abundance, diversity, productivity, and function? 2) Do sediment- to-biota BSAFs suggest uptake of chemicals?	Maximum sediment concentrations do not exceed screening criteria.	Comparison of maxium concentration for each compound measured at the Site in sediment to receptor specific screening level based on ERLs available in the literature. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioconcentrate. Sevaluate likelihood of localized effects (maximum concentration).
Fish and shellfish	Fiddler crab	Protection of invertebrate community abundance, diversity, and productivity due to uptake of chemicals in sediment.	Does exposure to chemical in sediment adversely affect the survival, reproduction, or growth? 2) Do sediment-to-biota BSAFs suggest uptake of chemicals?	Maximum sediment concentrations do not exceed screening criteria.	Comparison of maximum concentration for each compound measured at the Site in sediment to receptor specific screening level based on ERLs available in the literature. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioconcentrate.
	Killifish	Protection of localized herbivorous fish survival, growth, and reproduction due to uptake of chemicals in sediment, surface water, and biota.	1) Does exposure to chemical in sediment or surface water adversely affect the survival, reproduction, or growth? 2) Do bioaccumulation factors (BAFs) suggest uptake of chemicals?	Maximum surface water concentrations do not exceed surface water quality standards; and uptake of compounds in sediment and surface water does not result in tissue concentrations greater than literature-based measurements of toxicity.	1) Comparison of maximum concentration for each compound measured at the Site in surface water to surface water quality standards. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioconcentrate from sediment, surface water, and biota.
Carnivorous fish	Black drum	Protection of carnivorous fish survival, growth, and reproduction due to uptake of chemicals in sediment, surface water and prey items.	Does exposure to chemicals in sediment, surface water and/or prey items adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction of a first order carnivorous fish? 2) Do bioaccumulation factors (BAFs) suggest uptake of chemicals and/or bioaccumulation?	Maximum surface water concentrations do not exceed surface water quality standards; and uptake of compounds in sediment, surface water, and prey items does not result in tissue concentrations greater than literature-based measurements of toxicity.	Comparison of maximum concentration for each compound measured at the Site in surface water to surface water quality standards. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioconcentrate from sediment, surface water, and prey items.
	Spotted seatrout	Protection of carnivorous fish survival, growth, and reproduction due to uptake of chemicals in surface water and prey items.	1) Does exposure to chemicals in surface water or prey items adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction of a second order carnivorous fish? 2) Do bioaccumulation factors (BAFs) suggest bioaccumulation?	Maximum surface water concentrations do not exceed surface water quality standards; and uptake of compounds in sediment, surface water, and prey items does not result in tissue concentrations greater than literature-based measurements of toxicity.	Comparison of maximum concentration for each compound measured at the Site in surface water to surface water quality standards. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioconcentrate in prey items.
Avian carnivore	Sandpiper	Protection of carnivorous avian survival, growth, and reproduction due to uptake of chemicals in sediment and prey items and via surface water ingestion.	1) Does exposure to chemicals in sediment, surface water and/or prey items adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction of a first order carnivore? 2) Do bioaccumulation factors (BAFs) suggest uptake or bioaccumulation?	95% UCL intake levels do not exceed literature-based measurements of toxicity.	1) Comparison of 95% UCL concentrations in sediment and mobile prey items (fish), and maximum concentrations in sedentary prey items (worms and crab) surface water for each compound measured at the Site to receptor-specific NOAELs available in the literature. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioconcentrate from sediment, surface water, and prey items.
	Green heron	Protection of carnivorous avian survival, growth and reproduction due to uptake of chemicals in prey items and via surface water ingestion.	1) Does exposure to chemicals in surface water and prey items adversely affect the survival, growth, and reproduction of a second order carnivore? 2) Do bloaccumulation factors (BAFs) suggest bioaccumulation?	95% UCL intake levels do not exceed literature-based measurements of toxicity.	1) Comparison of 95% UCL concentrations in sediment and mobile prey items (fish), and maximum concentrations in sedentary prey items (worms and crab) surface water for each compound measured at the Site to receptor-specific NOAELs available in the literature. 2) Evaluate compound's ability to bioconcentrate from sediment, surface water, and prey items.

Notes:
SLERA -- Screening-Level Ecological Risk Assessment
BAF -- biota accumulation factor
BSAF -- biota to sediment accumulation factor
NOAEL -- no observable adverse effects level
95% UCL -- 95 percent upper confidence limit on the mean
ERL -- Effects Range Low

TABLE 20 GUILDS AND REPRESENTATIVE RECEPTORS

Terrestrial Guild	Representative Receptor				
Plants	Terrestrial plants				
Invertebrates	Earthworm				
Small mammalian herbivore	Deer mouse				
Small mammalian omnivore	Least shrew				
Large mammalian carnivore	Coyote				
Reptilian carnivore	Rat snake				
Avian herbivore/omnivore	American robin				
Large avian carnivore	Red-tailed hawk				
Wetland and Aquatic Habitat Guild	Representative Receptor				
Benthos and zooplankton	Polychaetes				
Fish and shellfish	Fiddler crab				
	Killifish				
Carnivorous fish	Black drum				
	Spotted seatrout				
Avian carnivore	Sandpiper				
	Green heron				

TABLE 21 COPECS IDENTIFIED IN STEP 1 AND QUANTITATIVELY EVALUATED IN STEP 2

SOUTH AREA SOIL	NORTH AREA SOIL	BACKGROUND AREA SOIL	ICWW SEDIMENT**	BACKGROUND ICWW SEDIMENT**	WETLAND SEDIMENT**	POND SEDIMENT**	ICWW SURFACE WATER**	BACKGROUND ICWW SURFACE WATER**	WETLAND SURFACE WATER**	POND SURFACE WATER**
2-Methylnaphthalene* 4,4-DDD+ 4,4'-DDE+ 4,4'-DDT+ Acenaphthene* Acenaphthylene*	2-Methylnaphthalene* 4,4'-DDE+ 4,4'-DDT+ Acenaphthene* Acenaphthylene*	Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene* Benzo(a)pyrene* Benzo(b)fluoranthene*	2-Methylnaphthalene* 4,4'-DDT+ Acenaphthene* Anthracene* Benzo(a)anthracene* Benzo(a)pyrene*	4,4'-DDT+ Arsenic Benzo(b)fluoranthene* Copper+ Mercury+ Nickel+	2-Methylnaphthalene* 4,4'-DDT+ Acenaphthene* Acenaphthylene* Anthracene* Arsenic	4,4'-DDD+ 4,4'-DDT+ Benzo(b)fluoranthene* Benzo(g,h,i)perylene* Benzo(k)fluoranthene* Cadmium+	Selenium (dissolved)+	4,4'-DDD (total)+ 4,4'-DDT (total)+ Silver (dissolved)	Acrolein (total) Copper (dissolved) Mercury (total)+	Selenium (total)+ Silver (dissolved) Thallium (total and dissolved)+
Anthracene* Antimony Aroclor-1254+ Arsenic Barium	Antimony Aroclor-1254+ Barium Benzo(a)anthracene* Benzo(a)pyrene*	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene* Benzo(k)fluoranthene* Cadmium+ Chrysene* Copper+	Benzo(b)fluoranthene* Benzo(g,h,i)perylene* Benzo(k)fluoranthene* Chrysene* Copper+	Zinc+ HPAH* TOTAL PAHs*	Benzo(a)anthracene* Benzo(a)pyrene* Benzo(b)fluoranthene* Benzo(k)fluoranthene* Benzo(k)fluoranthene*	Chrysene* Copper+ Nickel+ Pyrene* Zinc+				
Benzo(a)pyrene* Benzo(b)fluoranthene* Benzo(g,h,i)perylene* Benzo(k)fluoranthene*	Benzo(b)fluoranthene* Benzo(g,h,i)perylene* Benzo(k)fluoranthene* Boron Cadmium+	Fluoranthene* Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene* Lead+ Lithium Manganese	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene* Fluoranthene* Fluorene* gamma-Chlordane+ Hexachlorobenzene+		Cadmium+ Chrysene* Copper+ Dibenz(a,h)anthracene* Endosulfan Sulfate	HPAH* TOTAL PAHs*				
Boron Cadmium+ Chromium+ Chrysene* Cobalt Copper+	Chromium+ Chrysene* Copper+ Dibenz(a,h)anthracene* Dieldrin+ Endrin +	Mercury+ Phenanthrene* Pyrene* Zinc+ LPAH* HPAH*	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene* Mercury+ Nickel+ Phenanthrene* Pyrene* Zinc+		Endrin Aldehyde+ Endrin Ketone+ Fluoranthene* Fluorene* gamma-Chlordane+ Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene*					
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene* Dieldrin+ Endrin Aldehyde+ Endrin Ketone+ Fluoranthene*	Endrin Ketone+ Fluoranthene* Fluorene* Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene* Lead+	TOTAL PAHs*	LPAH* HPAH* TOTAL PAHs*		Lead Mercury+ Nickel+ Phenanthrene* Pyrene*					
Fluorene* gamma-Chlordane+ Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene* Lead+ Lithium	Lithium Manganese Mercury+ Molybdenum Naphthalene*				Zinc+ LPAH* HPAH* TOTAL PAHs*					
Manganese Mercury+ Molybdenum Naphthalene* Nickel+	Nickel+ Phenanthrene* Pyrene* Vanadium Zinc+									
Phenanthrene* Pyrene* Vanadium Zinc+ LPAH* HPAH* TOTAL PAHs*	LPAH* HPAH* TOTAL PAHs*									

Notes:

Bold compounds were retained for further evaluation because their maximum measured concentrations exceeded their screening level.

* Compound was retained for further evaluation because it is a PAH that was measured above the detection limit and at least one other PAH was detected above the screening level for that media.

** All compounds listed in Tables 6 through 17 were evaluated for potential effects to higher trophic level organisms as provided in their respective Appendix (F for Intracoastal Waterway, G for Intracoastal Waterway Background, H for Wetlands and I for Pond.

** Compound was retained for further evaluation because it is considered bioaccumulative in the given media by TCEQ Table 3-1 (TCEQ, 2006).

Shaded compounds have a maximum concentration measured above the mid-point between the Effects Range Low (ERL) and Effects Range Medium (ERM).

TABLE 22 TERRESTRIAL EXPOSURE PARAMETERS

PARAMETER	Small Man	nmalian Herbivore (Deer Mouse)	Large Mamı	malian Carnivore (Coyote)	Small Man	nmalian Omnivore (Least Shrew)	Avian Herl	oivore/Omnivore (American Robin)	Large Avia	n Carnivore (Red-Tailed Hawk)
PARAMETER	Value	Reference	Value	Reference	Value	Reference	Value	Reference	Value	Reference
Maximum Ingestion Rate for soil (kg/day)**	1.50E-06	EPA, 1993	4.83E-05	EPA, 1993	2.71E-07	EPA, 1993	2.52E-06	EPA, 1993	8.97E-06	EPA, 1993
Bioavailability Factor in soil (unitless)	1	EPA, 1997	1	EPA, 1997	1	EPA, 1997	1	EPA, 1997	1	EPA, 1997
Default Area Use Factor (unitless)	1	EPA, 1997	1	EPA, 1997	1	EPA, 1997	1	EPA, 1997	1	EPA, 1997
Minimum Body Weight (kg)	1.50E-02	Davis and Schmidly, 2009	1.40E+01	Davis and Schmidly, 2009	4.00E-03	Davis and Schmidly, 2009	6.30E-02	EPA, 1993	9.57E-01	EPA, 1993
Maximum Ingestion Rate for food (kg/day)**	7.49E-05	EPA, 1993	2.41E-03	EPA, 1993	3.38E-06	EPA, 1993	4.85E-05	EPA, 1993	4.48E-04	EPA, 1993
Dietary Fraction for arthropods (unitless)	1.00E-01	Prof. Judg.*	NA		9.00E-01	Prof. Judg.*	4.60E-01	EPA, 1993	NA	
Dietary Fraction for plants, etc. (unitless)	9.00E-01	Prof. Judg.*	NA		1.00E-01	Prof. Judg.*	8.00E-02	EPA, 1993	NA	
Dietary Fraction of small mammals (unitless)	NA		7.50E-01	EPA, 1993	NA		NA		7.85E-01	EPA, 1993
Dietary Fraction of birds (unitless)	NA		2.50E-01	EPA, 1993	NA		NA		2.15E-01	EPA, 1993
Dietary Fraction of earthworms (unitless)	NA		NA		NA		4.60E-01	EPA, 1993	NA	
Maximum Ingestion Rate for water (L/day)	3.39E-03	EPA, 1993	1.27E+00	EPA, 1993	9.54E-04	EPA, 1993	1.12E-02	EPA, 1993	8.42E-02	EPA, 1993

Notes:

NA - not applicable.

* Because of the lack of information on dietary fractions for different species, best professional judgment was used as the basis for the assumption.

** Calculated using the appropriate allometric equations in reference, expressed in dry weight.

Soil ingestion rates are 2% of dietary intake for the deer mouse, coyote, and red-tailed hawk, and 5.2% for the American robin and 8% for the least shrew (Beyer et al., 1994).

TABLE 23
ESTUARINE WETLAND AND AQUATIC EXPOSURE PARAMETERS

PARAMETER	Avian Car	nivore (Sandpiper)	Avian Carn	ivore (Green Heron)
PARAWETER	Value	Reference	Value	Reference
Maximum Ingestion Rate for soil (kg/day)**	5.34E-06	EPA, 1993	1.88E-06	EPA, 1993
Bioavailability Factor in soil (unitless)	1	EPA, 1997	1	EPA, 1997
Default Area Use Factor (unitless)	1	EPA, 1997	1	EPA, 1997
Minimum Body Weight (kg)	3.40E-02	EPA, 1993	1.77E-01	Sample et al., 1997
Maximum Ingestion Rate for food (kg/day)**	2.81E-05	EPA, 1993	9.40E-05	EPA, 1993
Dietary Fraction for invertebrates (unitless)	NA		NA	
Dietary Fraction for worms (unitless)	6.00E-01	Prof. Judg.*	NA	
Dietary Fraction of crabs (unitless)	4.00E-01	Prof. Judg.*	2.50E-01	Kent, 1986
Dietary Fraction of fish (unitless)	NA		7.50E-01	Kent, 1986
Maximum Ingestion Rate for water (L/day)	7.11E-03	EPA, 1993	2.09E-02	EPA, 1993

^{*} Because of the lack of information on dietary fractions for different species, best professional judgment was used. NA - not applicable.

^{**} Calculated using the appropriate allometric equations in reference, expressed in dry weight.

TABLE 24 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENTS EXCEEDING ONE FOR SOIL*

MEDIA	RECEPTOR	CHEMICAL OF POTENTIAL ECOLOGICAL CONCERN	TOXICITY VALUE*	EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)	BASIS FOR EPC	EHQ
South Area Soil	Invertebrate (Earthworm)	4.4'-DDD	NOAEL	1.12E+00	Maximum	26
		4.4'-DDE	NOAEL	6.93E-02	Maximum	1.6
		4.4'-DDT	NOAEL	1.13E-01	Maximum	2.6
		Aroclor-1254	NOAEL	1.15E+01	Maximum	4.6
		Barium	NOAEL	2.18E+03	Maximum	6.6
		Chromium	NOAEL	1.36E+02	Maximum	2.4
		Copper	NOAEL	4.87E+02	Maximum	6.1
		Zinc	NOAEL	7.65E+03	Maximum	63.8
		Total HPAH	NOAEL	5.66E+01	Maximum	3.2
	Small Mammalian Herbivore (Deer Mouse)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
	Small Mammalian Omnivore (Least Shrew)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
	Large Mammalian Carnivore (Coyote)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
	Avian Herbivore/Omnivore (American Robin)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
	Large Avian Carnivore (Red-Tailed Hawk)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
North Area Soil	Invertebrate (Earthworm)	4,4'-DDT	NOAEL	3.95E-01	Maximum	9.2
		Aroclor-1254	NOAEL	6.35E+00	Maximum	2.5
		Barium	NOAEL	4.76E+02	Maximum	1.4
		Chromium	NOAEL	1.28E+02	Maximum	2.3
		Copper	NOAEL	2.00E+02	Maximum	2.5
		Zinc	NOAEL	5.64E+03	Maximum	47
	Small Mammalian Herbivore (Deer Mouse)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
	Small Mammalian Omnivore (Least Shrew)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
	Large Mammalian Carnivore (Coyote)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
	Avian Herbivore/Omnivore (American Robin)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
	Large Avian Carnivore (Red-Tailed Hawk)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
Background Area Soil	Invertebrate (Earthworm)	Barium	NOAEL	1.13E+03	Maximum	3.4
		Zinc	NOAEL	9.69E+02	Maximum	8.1
1	Small Mammalian Herbivore (Deer Mouse)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
1	Small Mammalian Omnivore (Least Shrew)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
	Large Mammalian Carnivore (Coyote)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
1	Avian Herbivore/Omnivore (American Robin)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1
	Large Avian Carnivore (Red-Tailed Hawk)	none	NOAEL		95% UCL	<1

Notes:
EHQ - ecological hazard quotient
NOAEL - no observable adverse effects level
HPAH - high molecular weight polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon
95% UCL - 95th percentile upper confidence limit on the mean
*See Tables C-3, D-3, and E-2 in Appendices for further information about the toxicity reference values used in the risk calculations.

* Compounds shown in Table 21 but not listed in this Table, had HQs less than one.

 ${\sf TABLE~25}\\ {\sf ECOLOGICAL~HAZARD~QUOTIENTS~EXCEEDING~ONE~FOR~SEDIMENT~AND~SURFACE~WATER}^{\bullet}$

MEDIA	RECEPTOR	MEDIA OF POTENTIAL ECOLOGICAL CONCERN	CHEMICAL OF POTENTIAL ECOLOGICAL CONCERN	TOXICITY VALUE*	EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (mg/kg)	BASIS FOR EPC	EHQ
Intracoastal Waterway	Polychaetes (Capitella capitata)	Sediment	4,4'-DDT	ERL	3.32E-03	Maximum	2.8
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Sediment	Acenaphthene	ERL	6.31E-02	Maximum	4
		Sediment	Benzo(a)anthracene	ERL	3.95E-01	Maximum	1.5
		Sediment	Chrysene	ERL	4.75E-01	Maximum	1.2
		Sediment	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ERL	2.35E-01	Maximum	3.7
		Sediment	Fluoranthene	ERL	8.04E-01	Maximum	1.3
		Sediment	Fluorene	ERL	4.60E-02	Maximum	2.4
		Sediment	Hexachlorobenzene	AET	3.19E-02	Maximum	5.3
		Sediment	Phenanthrene	ERL	5.08E-01	Maximum	2.1
		Sediment	Pyrene	ERL	8.62E-01	Maximum	1.3
		Sediment	LPAH	ERL	7.10E-01	Maximum	1.3
		Sediment	HPAH	ERL	4.91E+00	Maximum	2.9
		Sediment	Total PAH	ERL	5.62E+00	Maximum	1.4
	Auton Comisson (Condition)	Sediment	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	midpoint ERL/ERM	2.35E-01	Maximum 95% UCL	1.5
	Avian Carnivore (Sandpiper) Avian Carnivore (Green Heron)	Sediment and Surface Water Sediment and Surface Water	none none	NOAEL NOAEL		95% UCL	<1 <1
Background Intracoastal W	 /aterway						
	Polychaetes (Capitella capitata)	Sediment Sediment	Arsenic Nickel	ERL ERL	9.62E+00 2.73E+01	Maximum Maximum	1.2 1.3
					2.73=+01	Maximum	
	A. J	Sediment	none	midpoint ERL/ERM		050/	<1
	Avian Carnivore (Sandpiper) Avian Carnivore (Green Heron)	Sediment and Surface Water Sediment and Surface Water	none none	NOAEL NOAEL		95% UCL 95% UCL	<1 <1
	Aquatic Invertebrates and Fish	Surface Water	4,4'-DDT Silver	Water Quality Standard Water Quality Standard	1.3E-05 mg/L 6E-03 mg/L	Maximum Maximum	>WQS >WQS
Wetlands	Polychaetes (Capitella capitata)	Sediment	2-Methylnaphthalene	ERL	4.30E-01	Maximum	6.1
	' ' ' '	Sediment	4,4'-DDT	ERL	9.22E-03	Maximum	7.8
		Sediment	Acenaphthene	ERL	1.33E-01	Maximum	8.3
		Sediment	Acenaphthylene	ERL	5.45E-01	Maximum	12.4
				ERL			
		Sediment	Anthracene		3.34E-01	Maximum	3.9
		Sediment	Arsenic	ERL	1.28E+01	Maximum	1.6
		Sediment	Benzo(a)anthracene	ERL	9.93E-01	Maximum	3.8
		Sediment	Benzo(a)pyrene	ERL	1.30E+00	Maximum	3
		Sediment	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	AET	1.94E+00	Maximum	2.9
		Sediment	Chrysene	ERL	4.05E+00	Maximum	10.5
		Sediment	Copper	ERL	4.90E+01	Maximum	1.4
		Sediment	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	ERL	2.91E+00	Maximum	45.9
		Sediment	Endrin Aldehyde	ERL	1.00E-02	Maximum	3.8
		Sediment	Endrin Ketone	ERL	1.30E-02	Maximum	4.9
		Sediment	Fluoranthene	ERL	2.17E+00	Maximum	3.6
		Sediment	Fluorene	ERL	1.39E-01	Maximum	7.3
		Sediment	gamma-Chlordane	ERL	3.60E-03	Maximum	1.6
		Sediment	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	AET	1.94E+00	Maximum	3.2
		Sediment	Lead	ERL	2.37E+02	Maximum	5.1
		Sediment	Nickel	ERL	2.77E+01	Maximum	1.3
		Sediment	Phenanthrene	ERL	1.30E+00	Maximum	5.4
		Sediment	Pyrene Zinc	ERL ERL	1.64E+00 9.03E+02	Maximum	2.5
		Sediment				Maximum	6
		Sediment	LPAH	ERL	2.90E+00	Maximum	5.2
		Sediment	HPAH	ERL	1.90E+01	Maximum	11.2
		Sediment	TOTAL PAHs	ERL	2.19E+01	Maximum	5.5
		Sediment Sediment	2-Methylnaphthalene Acenaphthylene	midpoint ERL/ERM midpoint ERL/ERM	4.30E-01 5.45E-01	Maximum Maximum	1.2 1.6
				midpoint ERL/ERM			
		Sediment	Benzo(a)anthracene		9.93E-01	Maximum	1.1
		Sediment	Benzo(a)pyrene	midpoint ERL/ERM	1.30E+00	Maximum	1.3
		Sediment	Chrysene	midpoint ERL/ERM	4.04E+00	Maximum	2.5
		Sediment	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	midpoint ERL/ERM	2.91E+00	Maximum	18
		Sediment	Lead	midpoint ERL/ERM	2.37E+02	Maximum	1.8
		Sediment	Phenanthrene	midpoint ERL/ERM	1.30E+00	Maximum	1.5
		Sediment	Zinc	midpoint ERL/ERM	9.03E+02	Maximum	3.2
		Sediment	LPAH	midpoint ERL/ERM	2.90E+00	Maximum	1.6
		Sediment	HPAH	midpoint ERL/ERM	1.90E+01	Maximum	3.4
	Avian Carnivore (Sandpiper) Avian Carnivore (Green Heron)	Sediment and Surface Water Sediment and Surface Water	none none	NOAEL NOAEL		95% UCL 95% UCL	<1 <1
	Aquatic Invertebrates and Fish	Surface Water	Acrolein Copper	Water Quality Standard Water Quality Standard	9.29E-03 mg/L 1.1E-02 mg/L	Maximum Maximum	>WQS >WQS
ond	Polychaetes (Capitella capitata)	Sediment Sediment	4,4'-DDT Zinc	ERL ERL	1.57E-03 9.99E+02	Maximum Maximum	1.3 6.7
		Sediment	Zinc	midpoint ERL/ERM	9.99E+02	Maximum	3.6
	Avian Carnivore (Sandpiper) Avian Carnivore (Green Heron)	Sediment and Surface Water Sediment and Surface Water	none none	NOAEL NOAEL		95% UCL 95% UCL	<1 <1
	Aquatic Invertebrates and Fish	Surface Water	Silver	Water Quality Standard	2.9E-03 mg/L	Maximum	>WQS

Notes:
ERL - effects range low
ERM - effects range medium
AET - apparent effects threshold
EHQ - ecological hazard quotient
NOAEL - no observable adverse effects level
PAH - polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon
LPAH - low-molecular weight PAH
HPAH - high-molecular weight PAH
HPAH - high-molecular weight PAH
S% UCL - 95th percentile upper confidence limit on the mean
*See Tables F-2, G-2, H-2, and I-2 in Appendices for further information about the toxicity reference values used in the risk calculations.
* Compounds shown in Table 21 but not listed in this Table, had HQs less than one.

TABLE 26 COPECS* IN SOIL LACKING TOXICITY REFERENCE VALUES

		Small Mammalian	Large Mammalian	Small Mammalian	Pontilian Carnivers (Pat	Avian Herbivore/Omnivore	Large Avian Carnivore
Parameter	Invertebrate (Earthworm)	Herbivore (Deer Mouse)	Carnivore (Coyote)	Omnivore (Least Shrew)	Snake)	(American Robin)	(Red-tailed Hawk)
2-Methylnaphthalene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
4,4'-DDD	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
4,4'-DDE	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
4,4'-DDT	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Acenaphthene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Acenaphthylene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Anthracene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Antimony	V	V	V	V	NV	NV	NV
Aroclor-1254	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Arsenic	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Barium	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Benzo(a)anthracene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Benzo(a)pyrene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Boron	NV	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Cadmium	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Chromium	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Chrysene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Cobalt	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Copper	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Dieldrin	NV	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Endrin	NV	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Endrin Aldehyde	NV	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Endrin Ketone	NV	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Fluoranthene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Fluorene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
gamma-Chlordane	NV	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Lead	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Lithium	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Manganese	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	V	V
Mercury	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Molybdenum	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	V	V
Naphthalene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Nickel	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Phenanthrene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Pyrene	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV
Vanadium	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
Zinc	V	V	V	V	NV	V	V
LPAH	V	V	V	V	NV	NV	NV
HPAH	V	V	V	V	NV	NV	NV
TOTAL PAHs	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV	NV

^{*}COPECS - Compound of potential ecological concern.

NV - No toxicity reference value available.

V - Value available and provided in Appendices C, D and E.

TABLE 27 COPECS* IN SEDIMENT LACKING TOXICITY REFERENCE VALUES

Parameter	Benthic Invertebrates**	Avian Carnivore (Sandpiper)	Avian Carnivore (Green Heron)
1,2-Dichlorethane	NV	NV	NV
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene		NV	NV
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	NV	NV	NV
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	V	NV	NV
2-Butanone	NV	NV	NV
2-Methylnaphthalene	V	NV	NV
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	NV	NV	NV
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	NV	NV	NV
4,4'-DDD	V	V	V
4,4'-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	V NV	V NV	V NV
Acenaphthene	V	NV	NV
Acenaphthylene	V	NV	NV
Acetone	NV	V	V
Aluminum	NV	V	V
Anthracene	V	NV	NV
Antimony	V	NV	NV
Arsenic	V	NV	NV
Atrazine (Aatrex)	NV	NV	NV
Barium	V	NV	NV
Benzo(a)anthracene	V	NV	NV
Benzo(a)pyrene	V	NV	NV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	V	NV	NV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	V	NV	NV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	V	NV	NV
Beryllium	NV	NV	NV
beta-BHC	NV	NV	NV
Boron	V	NV	NV
Bromomethane	NV	NV	NV
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate Cadmium	NV V	NV V	NV V
Carbazole	NV NV	NV NV	NV
Carbon Disulfide	NV	NV	NV
Chloroform	NV	NV	NV
Chromium	NV	V	V
Chromium VI	NV	V	V
Chrysene	V	NV	NV
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	NV	NV	NV
Cobalt	NV	NV	NV
Copper	V	V	V
Cyclohexane	NV	NV	NV
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	V	NV	NV
Dibenzofuran	V	NV	NV
Diethyl Phthalate	NV	V	V
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	NV	V	V
Endosulfan Sulfate	NV	NV	NV
Endrin Aldehyde	V	V	V
Endrin Ketone	V	V NV	V NV
Fluoranthene	V		
Fluorene gamma-Chlordane	V	NV V	NV V
Hexachlorobenzene	V	V	V
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	V	ŇV	NV
Iron	NV	NV	NV
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	NV	NV	NV
Lead	V	V	V
Lithium	NV	NV	NV
m,p-Cresol	NV	NV	NV
Manganese	V	NV	NV
Mercury	V	V	V
Methylcyclohexane	NV	NV	NV
Methyl lodide	NV	NV	NV
Molybdenum	NV	V	V
Nickel n Nitrosodinhonylamino	V NV	V NV	V NV
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine Phenanthrene	V	NV NV	NV NV
Pyrene	V	NV	NV
Silver	V	V	V
Strontium	NV	NV	NV
Tin	NV	NV	NV
Titanium	NV	NV	NV
Toluene	NV	NV	NV
Trichloroethene	V	NV	NV
Vanadium	V	V	V
Xylene	V	NV	NV
Zinc	V	V	V
LPAH	V	NV	NV
HPAH	V	NV	NV
Total PAHs	V	NV	NV

- Notes:
 * COPECS Compound of potential ecological concern.
 ** Includes fiddler crabs and polychaetes such as *Capitella capitata*.
 NV No toxicity reference value available.
 V Value available and provided in Appendices F, G, H and I.

TABLE 28 COPECS* IN SURFACE WATER LACKING SURFACE WATER QUALITY CRITERIA**

Parameter	Water Quality Criteria	
1,2-Dichloroethane (total)	V	
4-Chloroaniline (total)	NV	
4,4'-DDD (total)	V	
4,4'-DDT (total)	V	
Acetone (total)	V	
Acrolein (total)	V	
Acrylonitrile (total)	V	
Aldrin (total)	V	
Aluminum (total and dissolved)	NV	
Antimony (total and dissolved)	NV	
Arsenic (total)	NV	
Barium (total and dissolved)	V	
Benzo(a)pyrene (total)	NV	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene (total)	NV	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene (total)	NV	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene (total)	NV	
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate (total)	NV	
Boron (total and dissolved)	NV	
Chromium (total and dissolved)	V for dissolved	
Chromium VI (total)	NV	
Chrysene (total)	NV	
Cobalt (total)	NV	
Copper (total and dissolved)	V for dissolved	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene (total)	NV	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate (total)	V	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate (total)	NV	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene (total)	NV	
Iron (total and dissolved)	NV	
	NV	
Lead (total)		
Lithium (total and dissolved)	NV	
Manganese (total and dissolved)	NV	
Mercury (total)	V	
Methoxyclor (total)	NV	
Molybdenum (total and dissolved)	NV	
Nickel (total and dissolved)	V for dissolved	
Selenium (total and dissolved)	V	
Silver (total and dissolved)	V for dissolved	
Strontium (total and dissolved)	NV	
Thallium (total and dissolved)	V	
Titanium (total)	NV	
Vanadium (total and dissolved)	NV	
Zinc (total)	NV	
HPAHs (total)	NV	
Total PAHs (total)	NV	

^{*} COPECS - Compound of potential ecological concern.

^{** -} Surface water quality criteria are protective of fish and aquatic invertebrates.

NV - No toxicity reference value available.

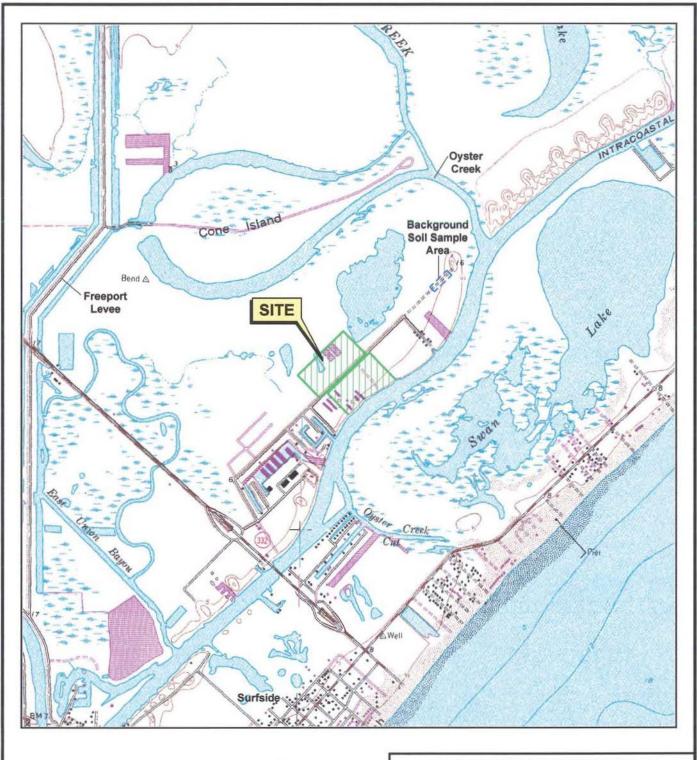
V - Value available.

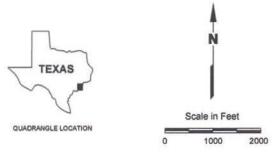
TABLE 29 COPECS AND MEDIA RECOMMENDED FOR FURTHER EVALUATION IN THE BASELINE ECOLOGICAL RISK ASSESSMENT

MEDIA	ASSESSMENT ENDPOINT	CHEMICAL OF POTENTIAL ECOLOGICAL CONCERN
South Area Soil	Direct Toxicity to Soil Invertebrate	4,4'-DDD 4,4'-DDE 4,4'-DDT Aroclor-1254 Barium Chromium Copper Zinc Total HPAH
North Area Soil	Direct Toxicity to Soil Invertebrate	4,4'-DDT Aroclor-1254 Barium Chromium Copper Zinc
Intracoastal Waterway Sediment	Direct Toxicity to Benthic Receptor	4,4'-DDT Acenaphthene Benzo(a)anthracene Chrysene Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Fluoranthene Fluorene Hexachlorobenzene Phenanthrene Pyrene LPAH HPAH Total PAH
Wetlands Sediment	Direct Toxicity to Benthic Receptor	2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4'-DDT Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Anthracene Arsenic Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Chrysene Copper Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Endrin Aldehyde Endrin Ketone Fluoranthene Fluoranthene Fluorandene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Nickel Phenanthrene Pyrene Zinc LPAH HPAH Total PAHs
Wetlands Surface Water	Direct Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrate	Acrolein Copper
Pond Sediment	Direct Toxicity to Benthic Receptor	4,4'-DDT Zinc
Pond Surface Water	Direct Toxicity to Aquatic Invertebrate	Silver

Notes: PAH - polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon LPAH - low-molecular weight PAH HPAH - high-molecular weight PAH

FIGURES





Source: Base map taken from http://www.tnris.state.tx.us Freeport, Texas 7.5 min. U.S.G.S. quadrangle, 1974.

GULFCO MARINE MAINTENANCE

FREEPORT, BRAZORIA COUNTY, TEXAS

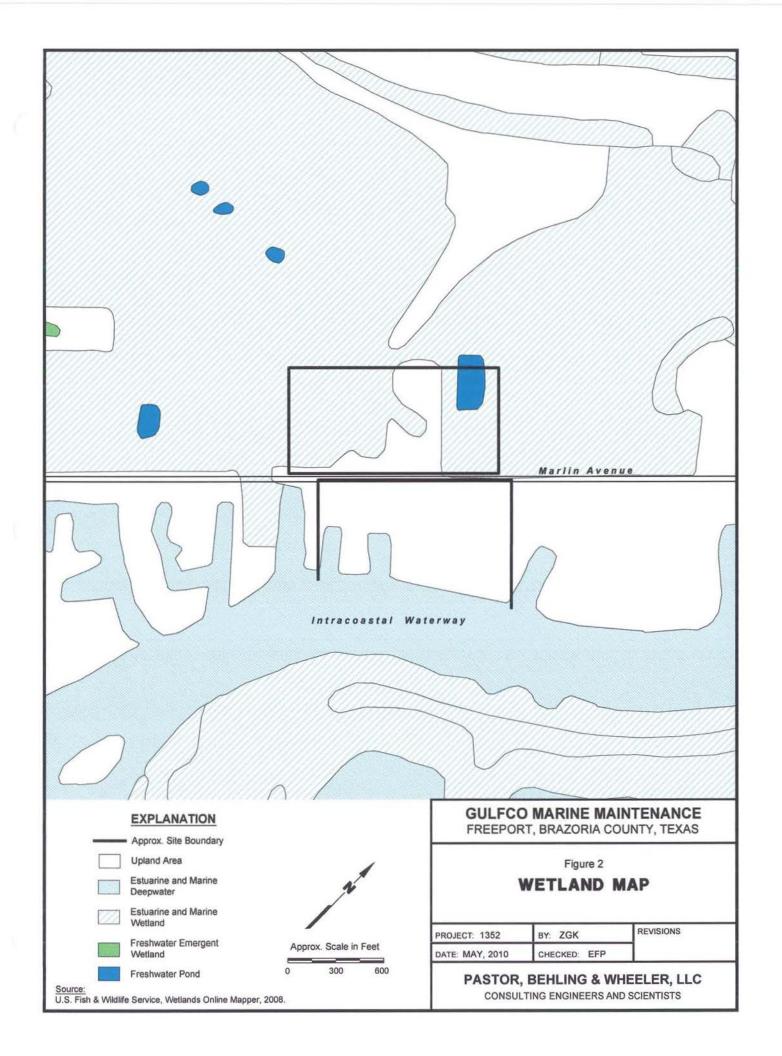
Figure 1

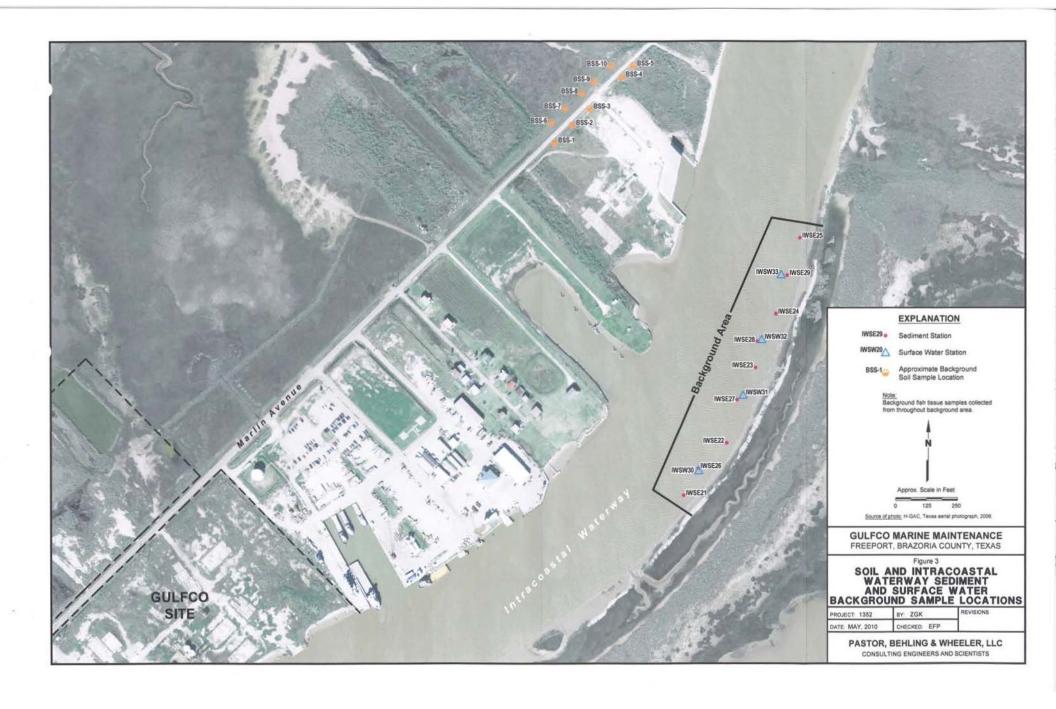
SITE LOCATION MAP

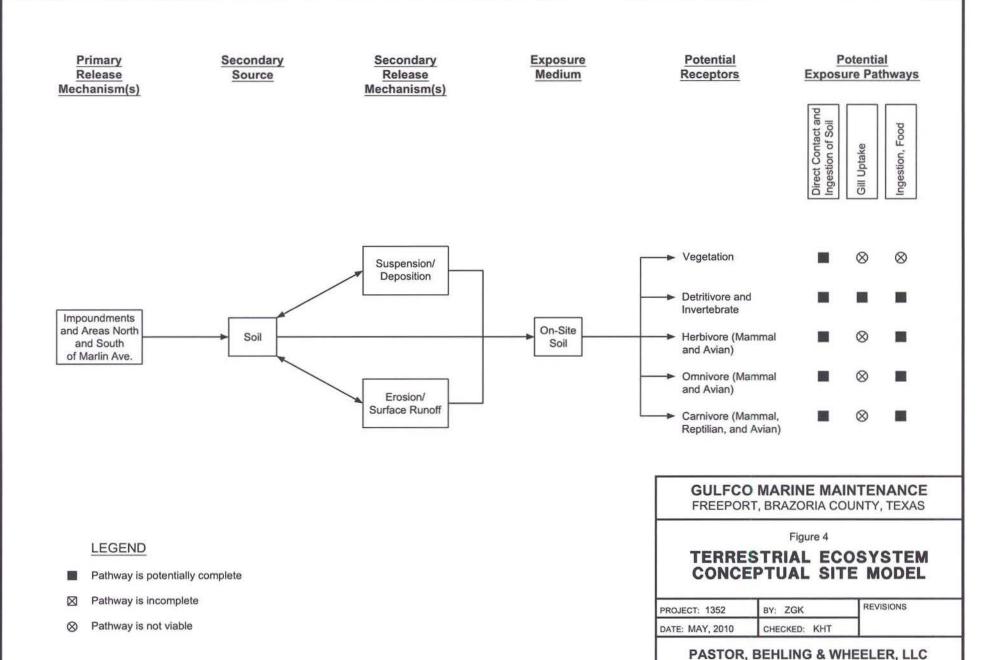
PROJECT: 1352	BY: ZGK	REVISIONS
DATE: MAY, 2010	CHECKED: EFP	

PASTOR, BEHLING & WHEELER, LLC

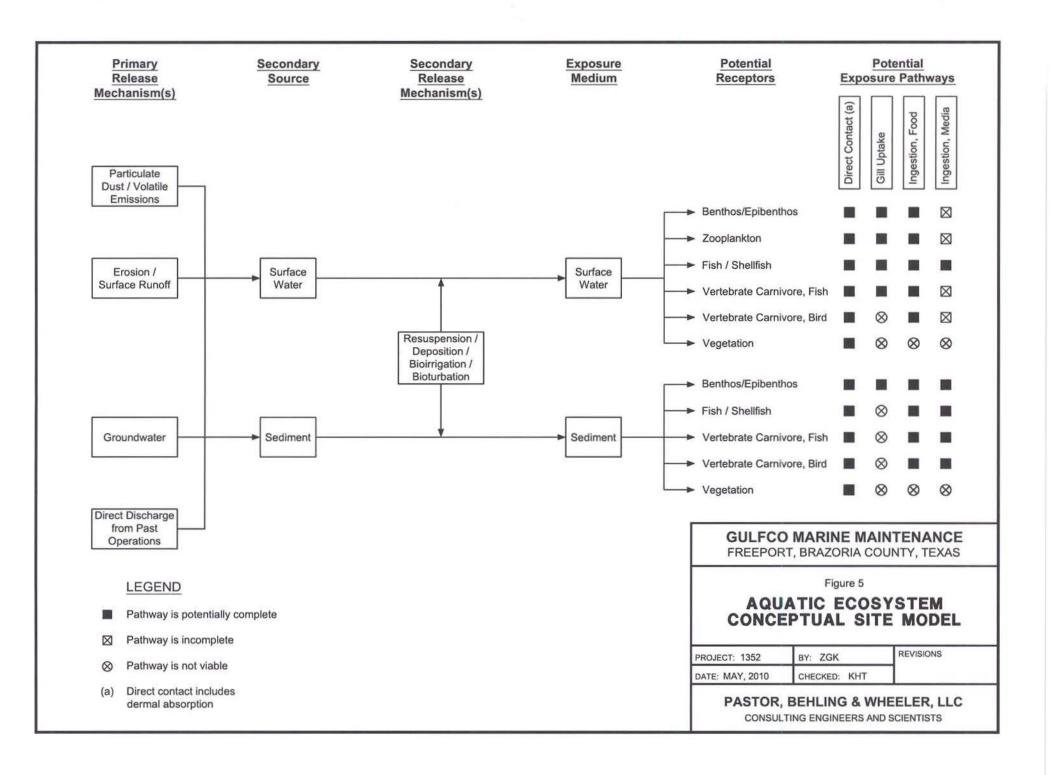
CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND SCIENTISTS

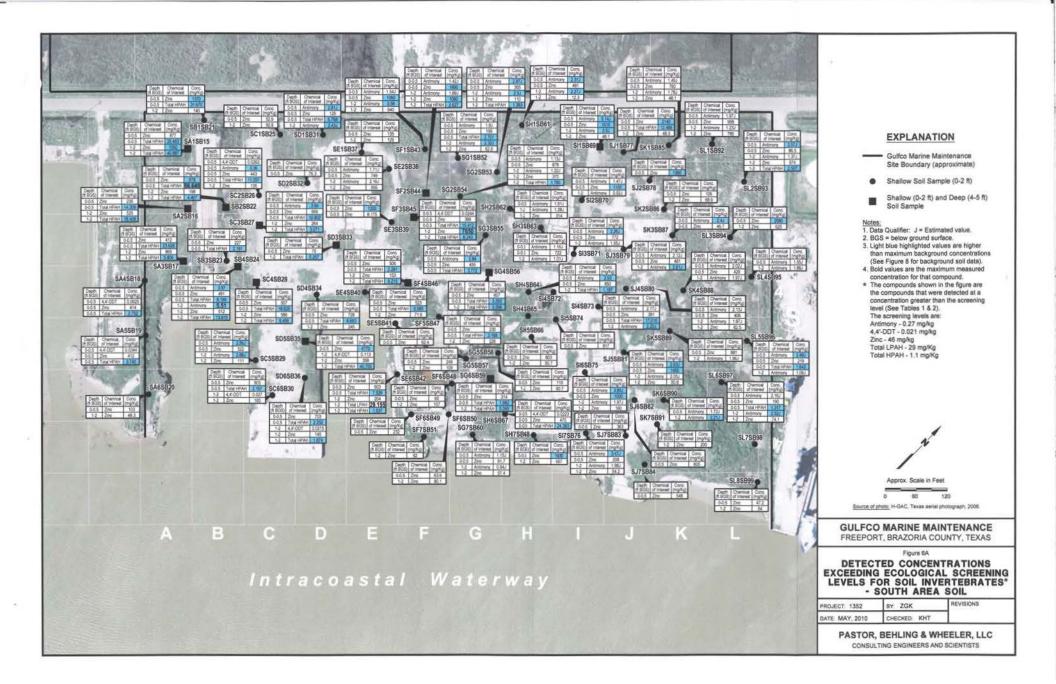


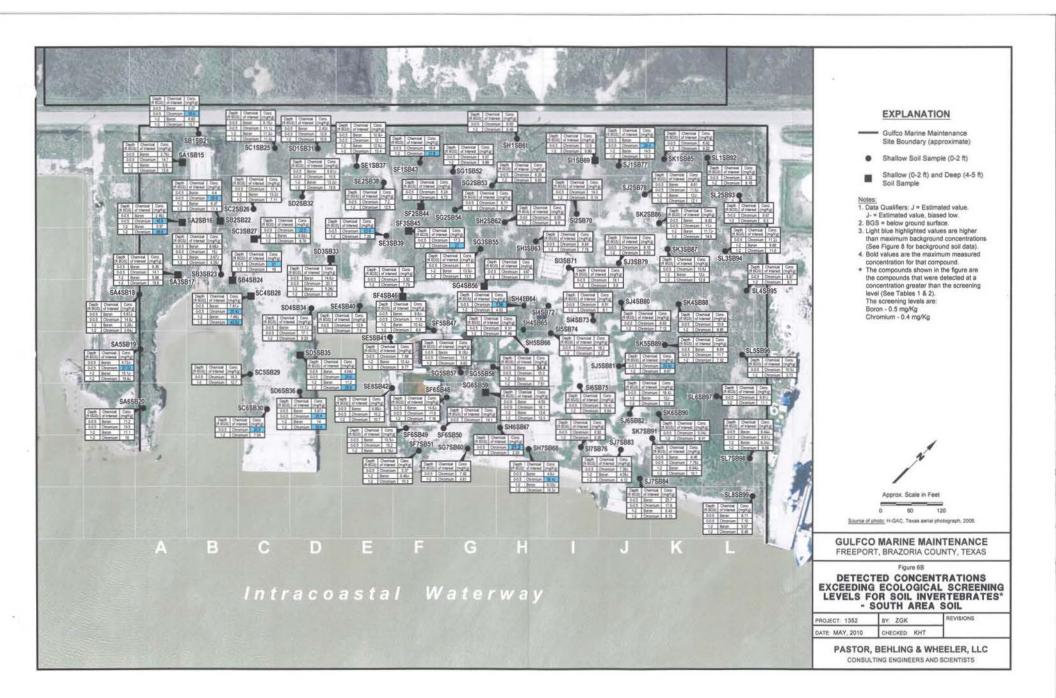


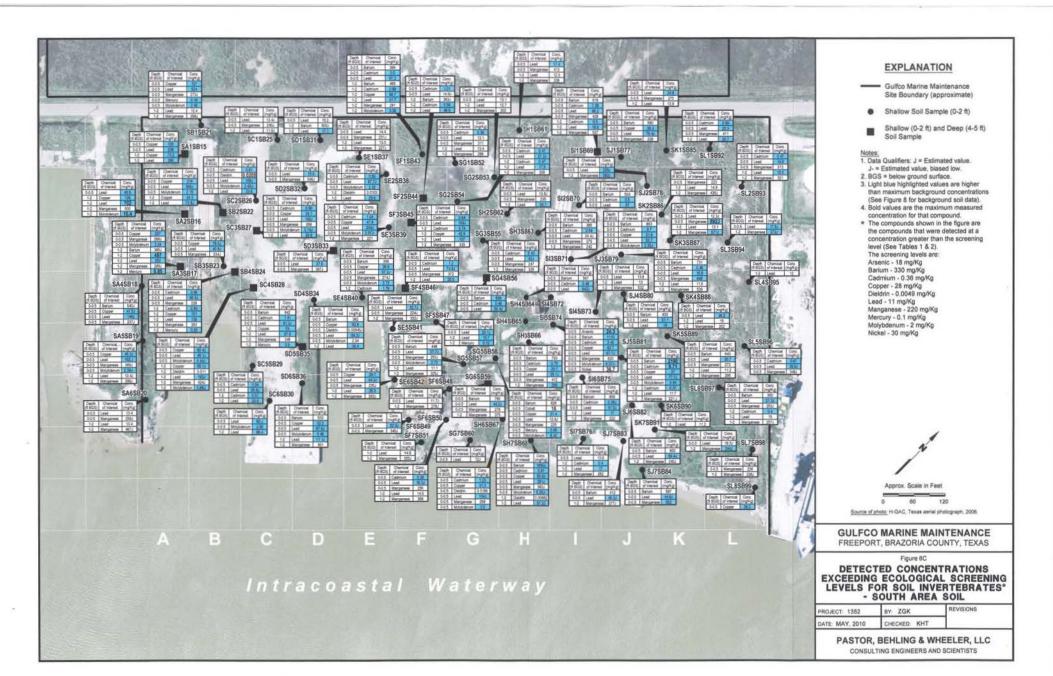


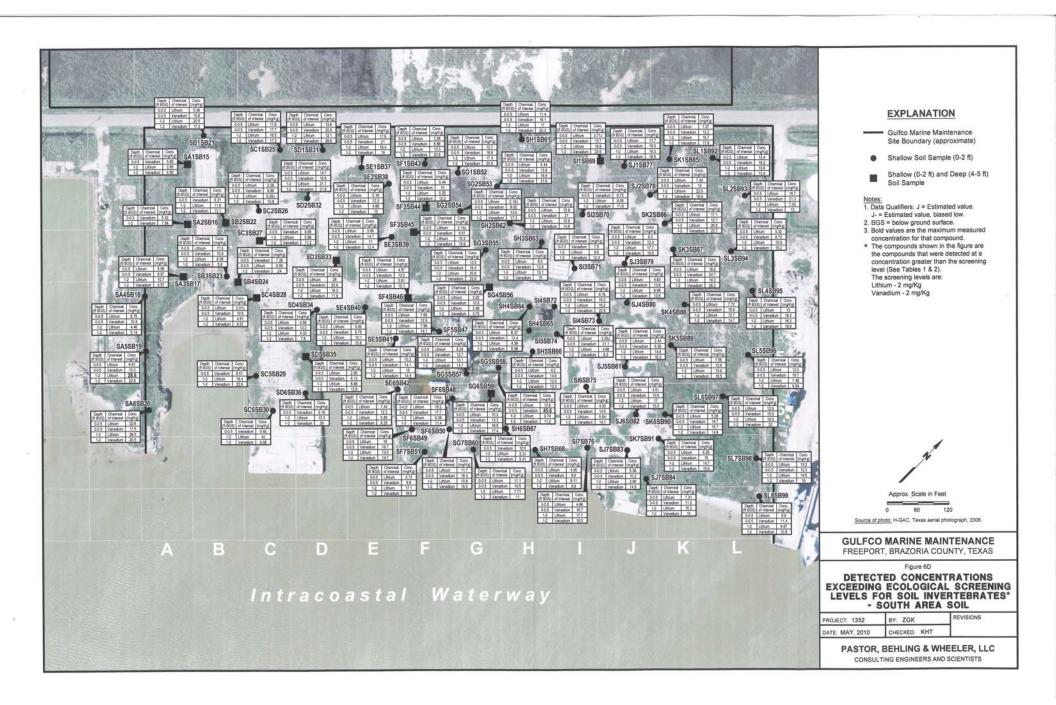
CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND SCIENTISTS

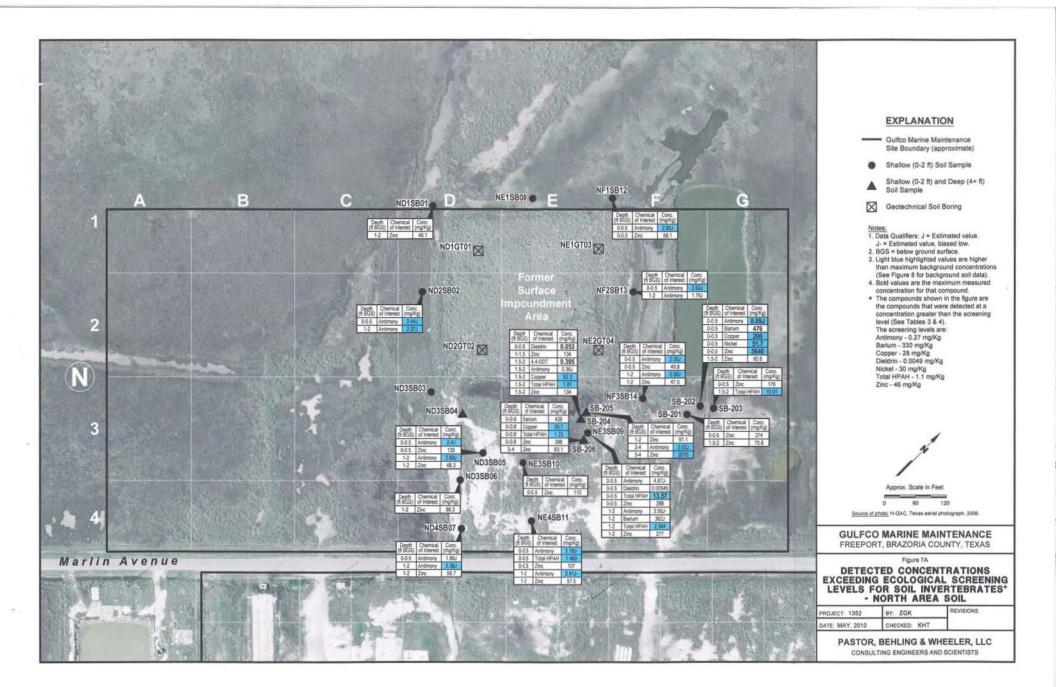


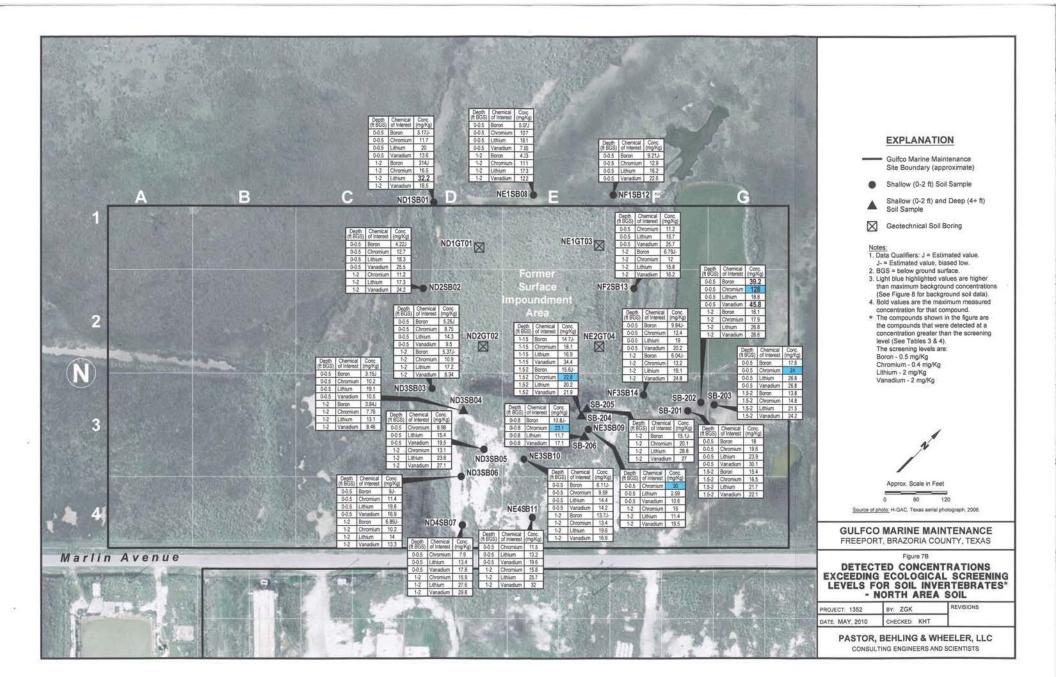


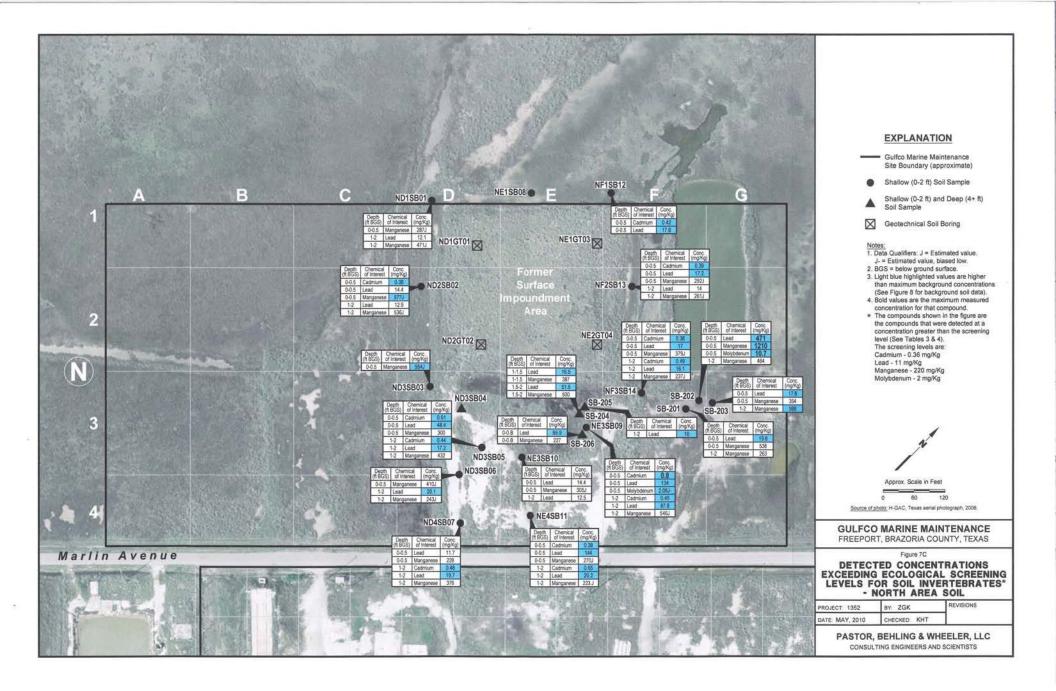


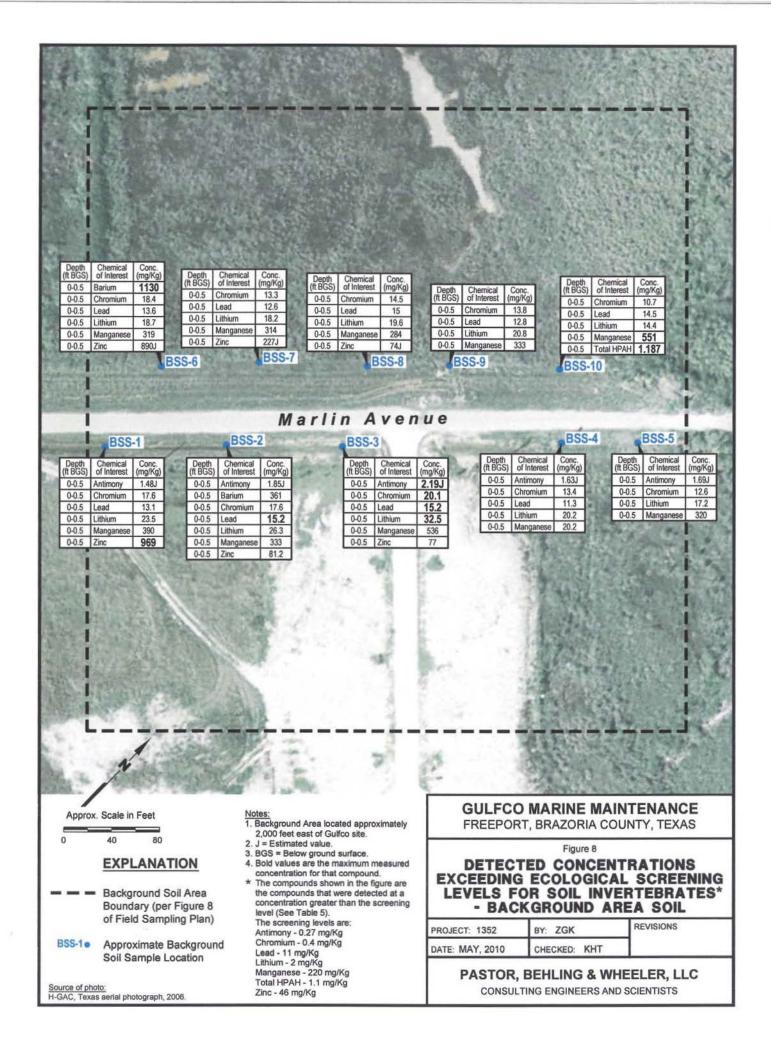


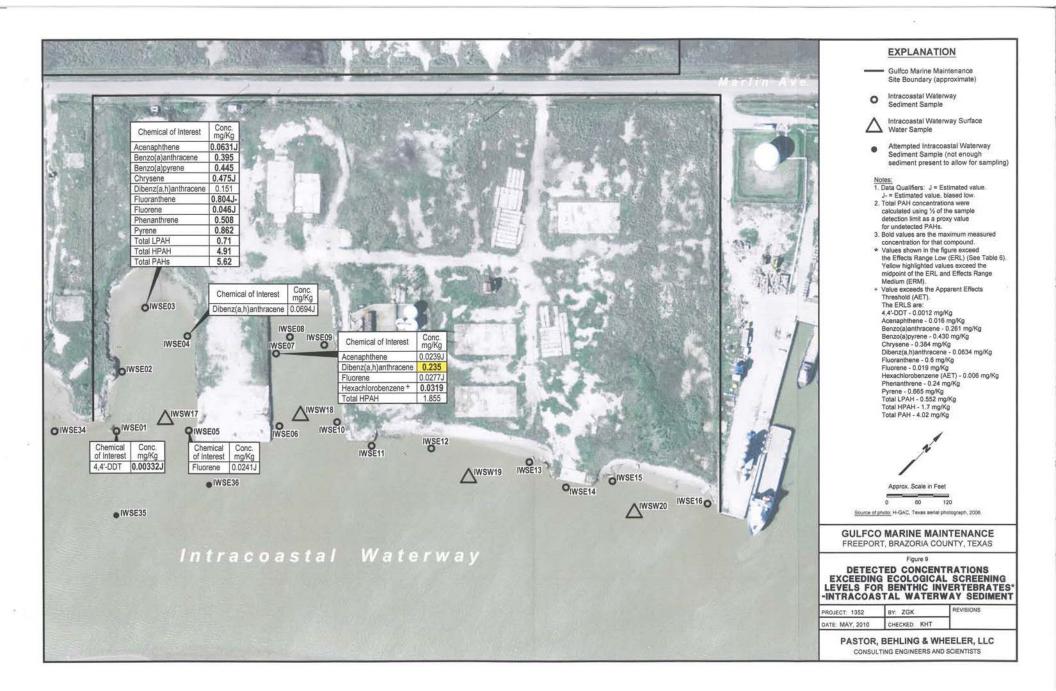


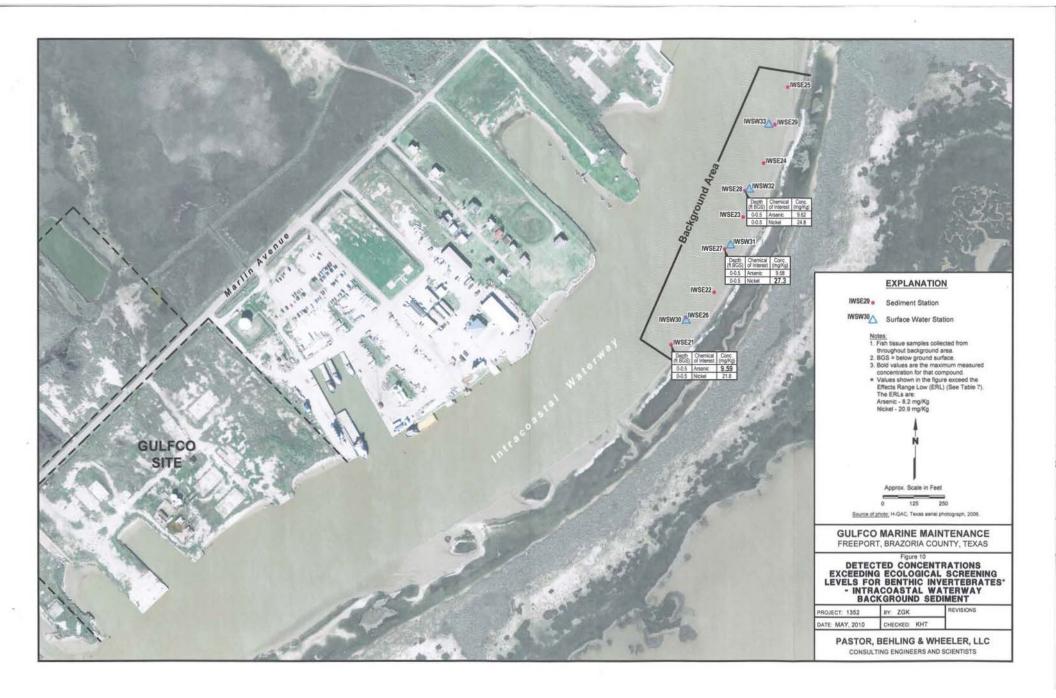


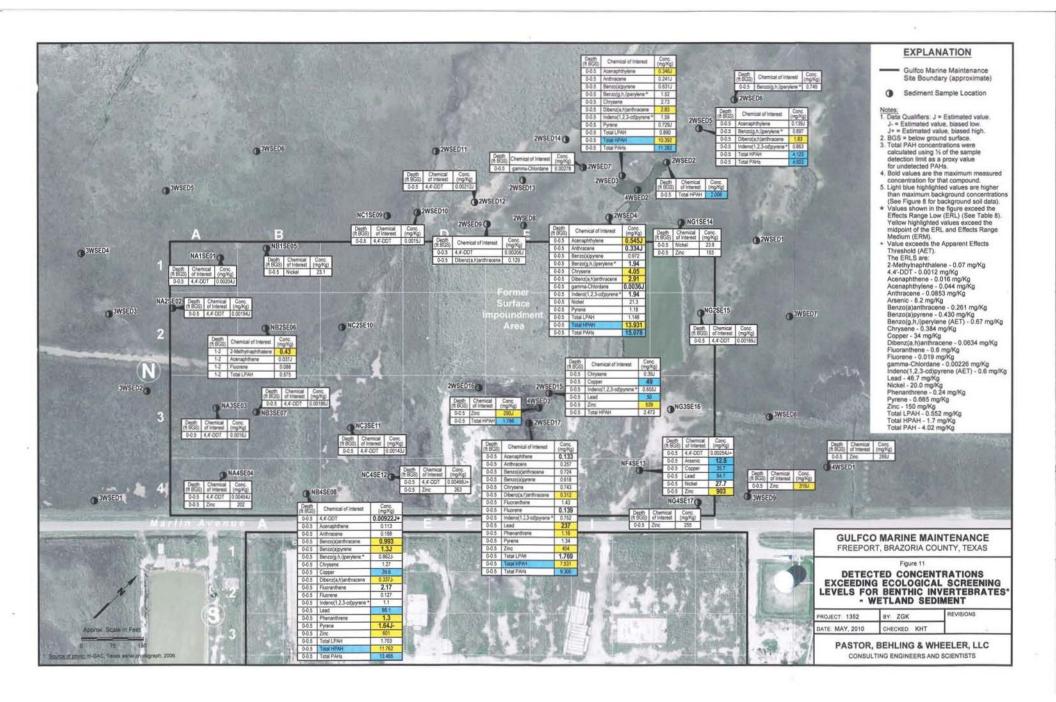


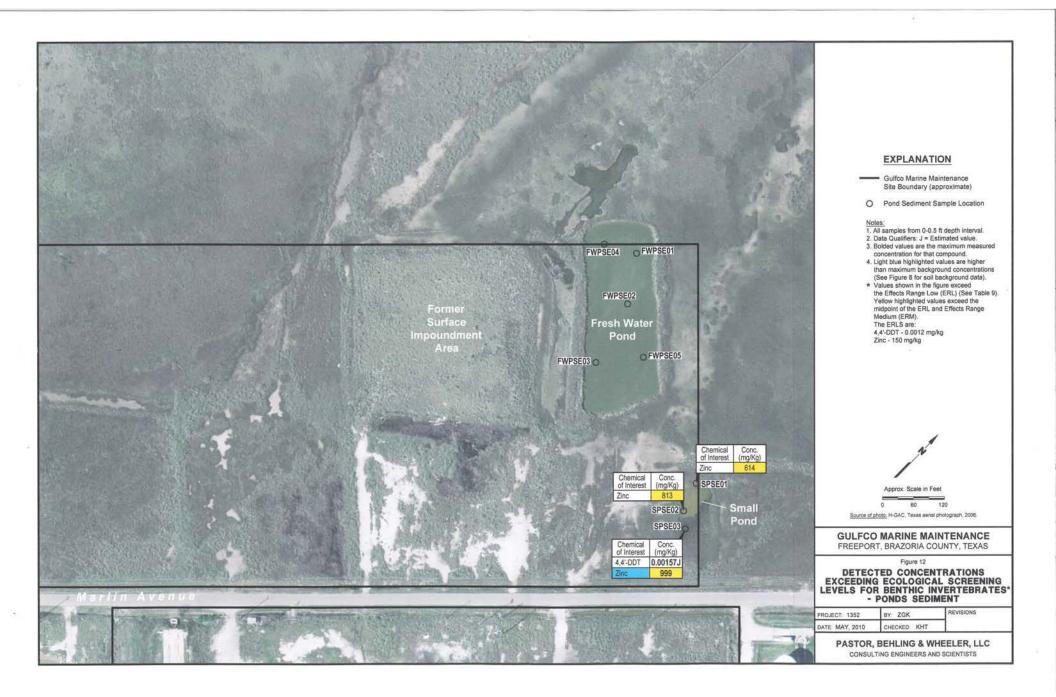


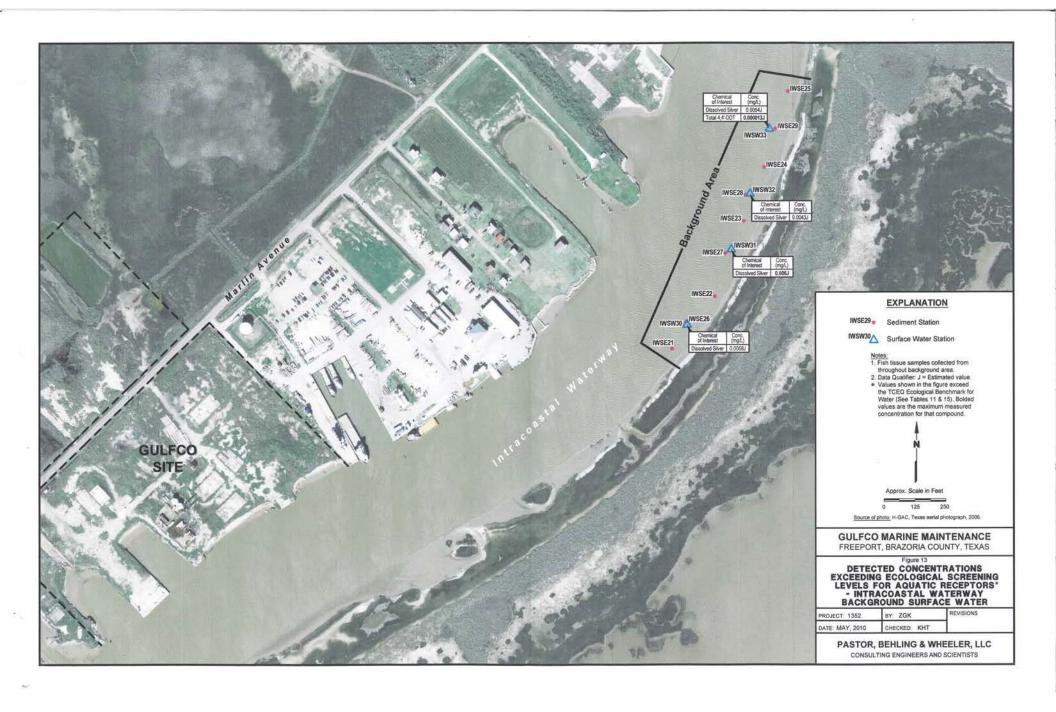


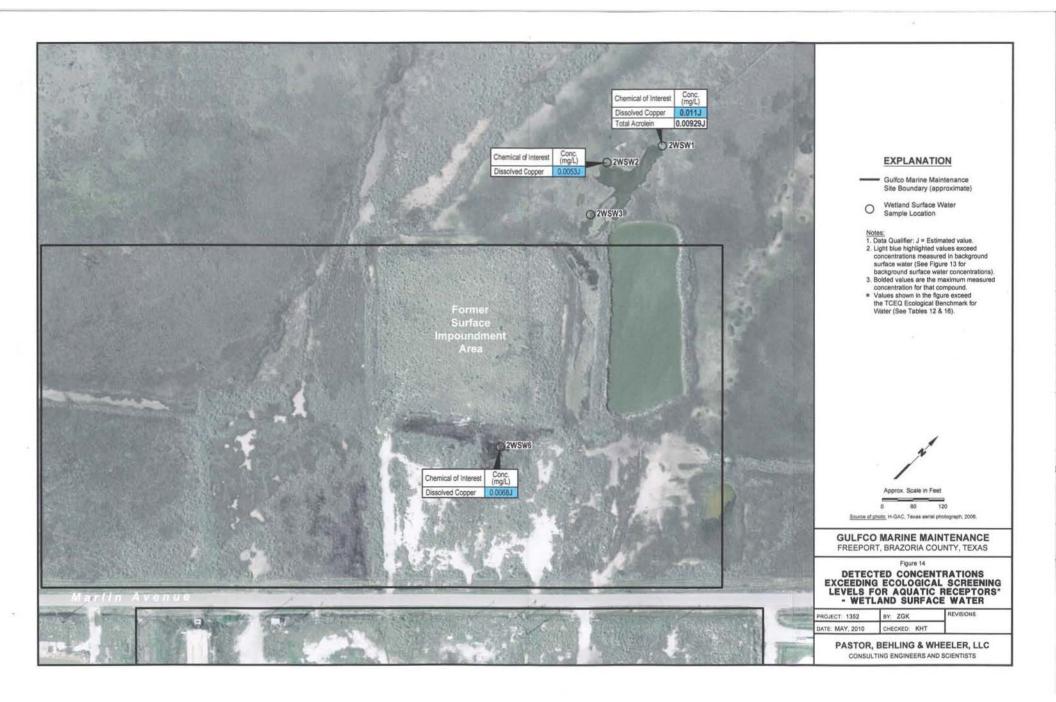


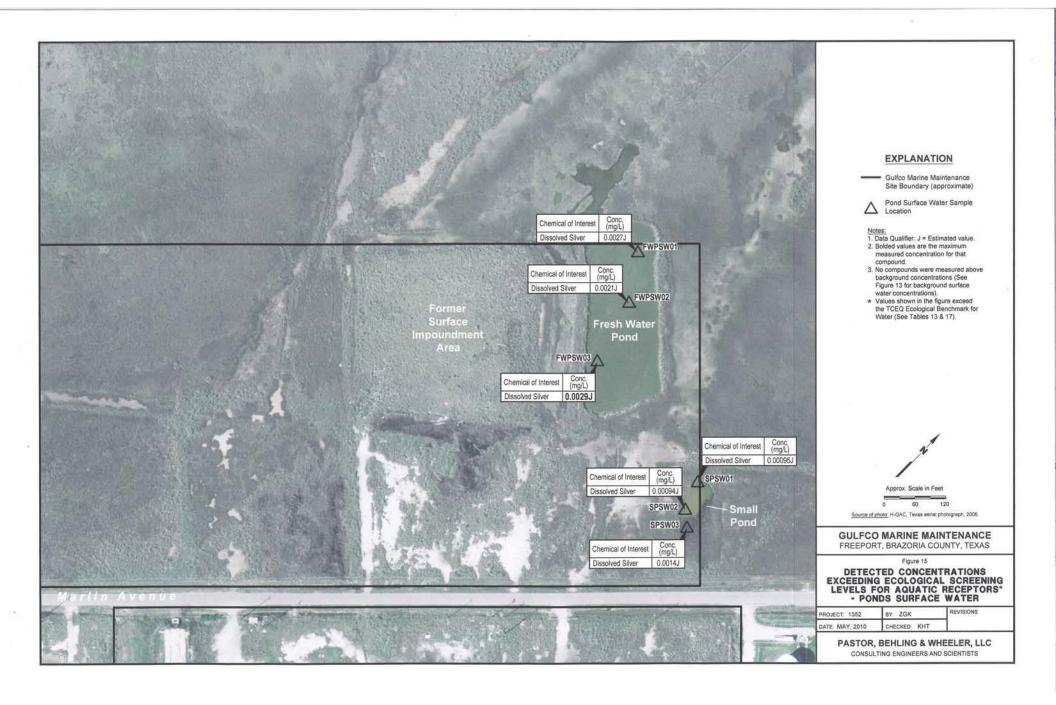












APPENDIX A PRO UCL OUTPUT

APPENDIX A-1

SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL

Nonparametric UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

1.075

User Selected Options

From File C:\Users\Michael\....\ProUCL data analysis\S of Marlin-SURFACE soil\S of Marlin-SURFACE soil\ProUCL input.

Full Precision OFF

Confidence Coefficient 95% Number of Bootstrap Operations 2000

2-Methylnaphthalene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	61
Number of Detected Data	22
Minimum Detected	0.0106
Maximum Detected	0.501
Percent Non-Detects	73.49%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00946
Maximum Non-detect	0.106
Mean of Detected Data	0.0806
Median of Detected Data	0.0349
Variance of Detected Data	0.0156
SD of Detected Data	0.125
CV of Detected Data	1.552
Skewness of Detected Data	2.773
Mean of Detected log data	-3.184

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 79
Number treated as Detected 4
Single DL Percent Detection 95.18%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

SD of Detected Log data

The state of the s	
Mean	0.0297
SD	0.0701
Standard Error of Mean	0.00789
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0428
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0427
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0465
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0436
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0641
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.079
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.108

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

4,4'-DDD

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	78
Number of Detected Data	5

Minimum Detected	0.00264
Maximum Detected	0.0243
Percent Non-Detects	93.98%
Minimum Non-detect	2.35E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00276
Mean of Detected Data	0.0097
Median of Detected Data	0.00401
Variance of Detected Data	8.64E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.0093
CV of Detected Data	0.959
Skewness of Detected Data	1.266
Mean of Detected log data	-5.005
SD of Detected Log data	0.95

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 79 Number treated as Detected 95.18% Single DL Percent Detection

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00307
SD	0.00264
Standard Error of Mean	3.24E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0036
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0036
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0138
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00485
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00448
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00509
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00629

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00027 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

4,4'-DDE

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	66
Number of Detected Data	17
Minimum Detected	4.28E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0693
Percent Non-Detects	79.52%
Minimum Non-detect	3.26E-04

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 81
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 97.59%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.00192
SD	0.00792
Standard Error of Mean	8.96E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00341
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00339
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00382
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00365
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00583
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00752
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0108

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

4,4'-DDT

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	46
Number of Detected Data	37
Minimum Detected	2.81E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0625
Percent Non-Detects	55.42%
Minimum Non-detect	1.25E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00626
Mean of Detected Data	0.00835
Median of Detected Data	0.00304
Variance of Detected Data	1.58E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0126
CV of Detected Data	1.506
Skewness of Detected Data	2.7
Mean of Detected log data	-5.808
SD of Detected Log data	1.551

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 70
Number treated as Detected 13
Single DL Percent Detection 84.34%

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.00389
SD	0.0092
Standard Error of Mean	0.00102
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00559
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00558
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00567
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0057
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00836
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0103
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0141

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Acenaphthene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	57
Number of Detected Data	26
Minimum Detected	0.0113
Maximum Detected	1.69
Percent Non-Detects	68.67%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0087
Maximum Non-detect	0.0975
Mean of Detected Data	0.168
Median of Detected Data	0.072
Variance of Detected Data	0.114
SD of Detected Data	0.337
CV of Detected Data	2.009
Skewness of Detected Data	4.078
Mean of Detected log data	-2.641
SD of Detected Log data	1.211

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 73
Number treated as Detected 10
Single DL Percent Detection 87.95%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean 0.0608 SD 0.199

Standard Error of Mean	0.0222
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0978
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0974
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.11
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.102
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.158
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.2
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.282

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

.._.

Acenaphthylene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	64
Number of Detected Data	19
Minimum Detected	0.0184
Maximum Detected	0.935
Percent Non-Detects	77.11%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00986
Maximum Non-detect	0.11
Mean of Detected Data	0.135
Median of Detected Data	0.072
Variance of Detected Data	0.0414
SD of Detected Data	0.204
CV of Detected Data	1.503
Skewness of Detected Data	3.708
Mean of Detected log data	-2.521
SD of Detected Log data	0.954

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 76
Number treated as Detected 7
Single DL Percent Detection 91.57%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
----------------------	-----

Kaplan Meier	KM	Method

Mean	0.0455
SD	0.107
Standard Error of Mean	0.012
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0655
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0653
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.082
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0704
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.098
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.121
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.165

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Aluminum

Number of Valid Observations	83
Number of Distinct Observations	79
Minimum	414
Maximum	15200
Mean	5335
Median	4650
SD	3345
Variance	11191315
Coefficient of Variation	0.627
Skewness	0.744
Mean of log data	8.345
SD of log data	0.757

95% Useful UCLs	(SESSIBLE)
Student's-t UCL	5946
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	5971
95% Modified-t UCL	5951
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	5939
95% Jackknife UCL	5946
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	5943
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	6001
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	5973
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	5960
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	6000
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	6936
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	7628
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	8989

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

Anthracene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	46
Number of Detected Data	37
Minimum Detected	0.0112
Maximum Detected	2.46
Percent Non-Detects	55.42%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00982
Maximum Non-detect	0.107
Mean of Detected Data	0.203
Median of Detected Data	0.0886
Variance of Detected Data	0.175
SD of Detected Data	0.418
CV of Detected Data	2.06
Skewness of Detected Data	4.761
Mean of Detected log data	-2.479
SD of Detected Log data	1.282

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	65
Number treated as Detected	18
Single DL Percent Detection	78.31%

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization	Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0971
SD	0.291
Standard Error of Mean	0.0324
95% KM (t) UCL	0.151
95% KM (z) UCL	0.15
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.158
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.156
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.238
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.299
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.419

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Antimony

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	48
Number of Detected Data	35
Minimum Detected	1.13
Maximum Detected	5.14
Percent Non-Detects	57.83%
Minimum Non-detect	0.19
Maximum Non-detect	0.43
Mean of Detected Data	2.372
Median of Detected Data	2.17
Variance of Detected Data	0.831
SD of Detected Data	0.912
CV of Detected Data	0.384
Skewness of Detected Data	1.014
Mean of Detected log data	0.796
SD of Detected Log data	0.372

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	1.654	
SD	0.847	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0943	
95% KM (t) UCL	1.811	
95% KM (z) UCL	1.809	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.872	

2.065 2.242 2.592		
2.592		
85		
73		
12		
0.0109		
7.98		
85.88%		
0.00325		
0.0381		
0.967		
0.144		
5.039		
2.245		
2.321		
3.277		
-1.66		
1.897	*	
is),		
22049		
75076		
THE WASHINGTON		
89.41%		
Level		
N/A		
0.31		
0.309		
1.13		
	12 0.0109 7.98 85.88% 0.00325 0.0381 0.967 0.144 5.039 2.245 2.321 3.277 -1.66 1.897 d is recommended dis), 76 9 89.41% Level N/A	12 0.0109 7.98 85.88% 0.00325 0.0381 0.967 0.144 5.039 2.245 2.321 3.277 -1.66 1.897 d is recommended dis), 76 9 89.41% Level N/A 0.146 0.873 0.099 0.31 0.309 0.401 0.342 0.577 0.764

83

12

Total Number of Data

Number of Non-Detect Data

0.26
24.3
14.46%
0.17
1.44
4.313
2.93
16.5
4.062
0.942
2.522
1.106
0.882

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 23 Number treated as Detected 60 Single DL Percent Detection 27.71%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	27.71%
Mean	2.801
SD	1.229
95% Winsor (t) UCL	3.029

 Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

 Mean
 3.739

 SD
 3.984

 Standard Error of Mean
 0.44

 95% KM (t) UCL
 4.472

 95% KM (z) UCL
 4.463

 95% KM (BCA) UCL
 4.578

95% KM (BCA) UCL 4.578 95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL 4.49 95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 5.659 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 6.49 99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 8.122

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Barium

Number of Valid Observations	83
Number of Distinct Observations	79
Minimum	18.6
Maximum	2180
Mean	345.2
Median	206
SD	349
Variance	121792
Coefficient of Variation	1.011
Skewness	2.74
Mean of log data	5.482
SD of log data	0.84

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	408.9
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	420.5
95% Modified-t UCL	410.9
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	408.2
95% Jackknife UCL	408.9
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	407.6
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	422
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	433.9
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	411
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	425.9
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	512.2
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	584.4
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	726.4

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Benzo(a)anthracene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	53
Number of Detected Data	30
Minimum Detected	0.0286
Maximum Detected	5.02
Percent Non-Detects	63.86%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0089
Maximum Non-detect	0.0998
Mean of Detected Data	0.936
Median of Detected Data	0.573
Variance of Detected Data	1.21
SD of Detected Data	1.1
CV of Detected Data	1.175
Skewness of Detected Data	2.02
Mean of Detected log data	-0.895
SD of Detected Log data	1.505

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 60
Number treated as Detected 23
Single DL Percent Detection 72.29%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
----------------------	-----

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

 Mean
 0.357

 SD
 0.783

 Standard Error of Mean
 0.0874

 95% KM (t) UCL
 0.502

95% KM (z) UCL	0.501
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.521
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.509
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.738
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.903
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.226

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Benzo(a)pyrene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	18
Number of Detected Data	65
Minimum Detected	0.0103
Maximum Detected	4.57
Percent Non-Detects	21.69%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00886
Maximum Non-detect	0.0984
Mean of Detected Data	0.575
Median of Detected Data	0.0887
Variance of Detected Data	1.014
SD of Detected Data	1.007
CV of Detected Data	1.751
Skewness of Detected Data	2.332
Mean of Detected log data	-2.005

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

1.79

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 52
Number treated as Detected 31
Single DL Percent Detection 62.65%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization	Method	N/A
VVIIISOFIZATION	vietriou	

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

SD of Detected Log data

raspitalit interest (carry interest	
Mean	0.453
SD	0.914
Standard Error of Mean	0.101
95% KM (t) UCL	0.621
95% KM (z) UCL	0.619
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.624
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.628
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.894
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.085
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.459

Potential UCL to Use

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data 83

Number of Non-Detect Data	22
Number of Detected Data	61
Minimum Detected	0.0408
Maximum Detected	5.42
Percent Non-Detects	26.51%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00677
Maximum Non-detect	0.147
Mean of Detected Data	0.784
Median of Detected Data	0.21
Variance of Detected Data	1.421
SD of Detected Data	1.192
CV of Detected Data	1.52
Skewness of Detected Data	2.244
Mean of Detected log data	-1.212
SD of Detected Log data	1.393

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 47 Number treated as Detected 36 56.63% Single DL Percent Detection

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.588
SD	1.065
Standard Error of Mean	0.118
95% KM (t) UCL	0.784
95% KM (z) UCL	0.782
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.823
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.793
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.102
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.324
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.76

Benzo(g,h,i)perylene

Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	34
Number of Detected Data	49
Minimum Detected	0.00989
Maximum Detected	4.24
Percent Non-Detects	40.96%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00887
Maximum Non-detect	1.03
Mean of Detected Data	0.502
Median of Detected Data	0.114
Variance of Detected Data	0.744
SD of Detected Data	0.863
CV of Detected Data	1.719

Skewness of Detected Data	2.664
Mean of Detected log data	-1.881
SD of Detected Log data	1.582

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 76
Number treated as Detected 7
Single DL Percent Detection 91.57%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.304
SD	0.699
Standard Error of Mean	0.0776
95% KM (t) UCL	0.433
95% KM (z) UCL	0.432
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.441
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.436
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.643
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.789
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.076

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Benzo(k)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	50
Number of Detected Data	33
Minimum Detected	0.0195
Maximum Detected	4.25
Percent Non-Detects	60.24%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0137
Maximum Non-detect	0.153
Mean of Detected Data	0.583
Median of Detected Data	0.228
Variance of Detected Data	0.722
SD of Detected Data	0.85
CV of Detected Data	1.458
Skewness of Detected Data	2.793
Mean of Detected log data	-1.499
SD of Detected Log data	1.5

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 64
Number treated as Detected 19
Single DL Percent Detection 77.11%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.244
SD	0.595
Standard Error of Mean	0.0663
95% KM (t) UCL	0.354
95% KM (z) UCL	0.353
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.359
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.356
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.533
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.658
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.904
Data appear Lognormal (0.05)	
May want to try Lognormal UCLs	

Beryllium

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	1
Number of Detected Data	82
Minimum Detected	0.014
Maximum Detected	4.6
Percent Non-Detects	1.20%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0031
Maximum Non-detect	0.0031
Mean of Detected Data	0.413
Median of Detected Data	0.325
Variance of Detected Data	0.277
SD of Detected Data	0.527
CV of Detected Data	1.275
Skewness of Detected Data	6.355
Mean of Detected log data	-1.306
SD of Detected Log data	0.991

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	0.991
Mean	0.366
SD	0.257
95% Winsor (t) UCL	0.413

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.408
SD	0.522
Standard Error of Mean	0.0577
95% KM (t) UCL	0.504
95% KM (z) UCL	0.503
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.524
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.514
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.66
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.768
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.982

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Boron	
Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	49
Number of Detected Data	34
Minimum Detected	2.43
Maximum Detected	54.4
Percent Non-Detects	59.04%
Minimum Non-detect	0.95
Maximum Non-detect	15.3
Mean of Detected Data	9.961
Median of Detected Data	8.78
Variance of Detected Data	81.05
SD of Detected Data	9.003
CV of Detected Data	0.904
Skewness of Detected Data	3.951
Mean of Detected log data	2.084
SD of Detected Log data	0.622
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	
Number treated as Non-Detect	81
Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected	2
	97.59%
Single DL Percent Detection	97.59%
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	5.559
SD	6.776
Standard Error of Mean	0.756
95% KM (t) UCL	6.817
95% KM (z) UCL	6.803
95% KM (BCA) UCL	7.256
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	7.074
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	8.856
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	10.28
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	13.08
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	6.817
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	
Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	77
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.0129
Maximum Detected	0.297
Percent Non-Detects	92.77%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0109
Maximum Non-detect	0.123
	22.177

Mean of Detected Data	0.0956
Median of Detected Data	0.0359
Variance of Detected Data	0.013
SD of Detected Data	0.114
CV of Detected Data	1.193
Skewness of Detected Data	1.455
Mean of Detected log data	-2.959
SD of Detected Log data	1.207

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 81
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 97.59%

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.019
SD	0.0352
Standard Error of Mean	0.00424
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0261
95% KM (z) UCL	0.026
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0493
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0415
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0375
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0455

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.01250 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

0.0612

Cadmium

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	33
Number of Detected Data	50
Minimum Detected	0.023
Maximum Detected	9.71
Percent Non-Detects	39.76%
Minimum Non-detect	0.017
Maximum Non-detect	0.052
Mean of Detected Data	0.764
Median of Detected Data	0.47

Variance of Detected Data	1.948
SD of Detected Data	1.396
CV of Detected Data	1.828
Skewness of Detected Data	5.725
Mean of Detected log data	-0.79
SD of Detected Log data	0.942

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 34 49 Number treated as Detected 40.96% Single DL Percent Detection

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	40.96%
Mean	0.189
SD	0.112
95% Winsor (t) UCL	0.211

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.469
SD	1:132
Standard Error of Mean	0.126
95% KM (t) UCL	0.678
95% KM (z) UCL	0.676
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.751
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.707
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.016
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.253
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.718

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Carbazole

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	54
Number of Detected Data	29
Minimum Detected	0.0104
Maximum Detected	1.54
Percent Non-Detects	65.06%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00864
Maximum Non-detect	0.0967
Mean of Detected Data	0.157
Median of Detected Data	0.0855
Variance of Detected Data	0.0927
SD of Detected Data	0.304
CV of Detected Data	1.94
Skewness of Detected Data	3.888
Mean of Detected log data	-2.751
SD of Detected Log data	1.285

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	70
Number treated as Detected	13
Single DL Percent Detection	84.34%

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.062
SD .	0.19
Standard Error of Mean	0.0212
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0973
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0969
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.107
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.104
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.155
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.195
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.273

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Chromium

Number of Valid Observations	83
Number of Distinct Observations	75
Minimum	3.37
Maximum	136
Mean	16.08
Median	12.6
SD	15.7
Variance	246.5
Coefficient of Variation	0.977
Skewness	5.833
Mean of log data	2.58
SD of log data	0.568
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	18.94
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	20.09
95% Modified-t UCL	19.13
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	18.91
95% Jackknife UCL	18.94
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	18.9
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	21.61
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	32
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	19.25
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	20.82
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	23.59
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	26.84
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	33.22

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Chrysene	
Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	27
Number of Detected Data	56
Minimum Detected	0.00932
Maximum Detected	4.87
Percent Non-Detects	32.53%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00842
Maximum Non-detect	0.0906
Managed Particular d Partic	0.6
Mean of Detected Data	0.6
Median of Detected Data	0.16
Variance of Detected Data	0.927
SD of Detected Data	0.963
CV of Detected Data	1.604
Skewness of Detected Data	2.449
Mean of Detected log data	-1.726
SD of Detected Log data	1.665
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods)	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	
Number treated as Non-Detect	50
Number treated as Detected	33
Single DL Percent Detection	60.24%
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.409
SD	0.831
Standard Error of Mean	0.092
95% KM (t) UCL	0.562
95% KM (z) UCL	0.56
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.562
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.567
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.81
	0.984
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.324
Potential UCL to Use	-
Cobalt	
Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	1
Number of Detected Data	82
Minimum Detected	0.049
Maximum Detected	16
Percent Non-Detects	1.20%
Minimum Non-detect	0.025
Maximum Non-detect	0.025
Mean of Detected Data	3.75

Median of Detected Data	3.495
Variance of Detected Data	4.948
SD of Detected Data	2.224
CV of Detected Data	0.593
Skewness of Detected Data	2.276
Mean of Detected log data	1.135
SD of Detected Log data	0.731

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	0.731
Mean	3.617
SD	1.87
95% Winsor (t) UCL	3.959

20	1.87
95% Winsor (t) UCL	3.959
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	3.706
SD	2.234
Standard Error of Mean	0.247
95% KM (t) UCL	4.116
95% KM (z) UCL	4.112
95% KM (BCA) UCL	4.111
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	4.129
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.781
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.247
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	6.161

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Copper

Number of Valid Observations	83
Number of Distinct Observations	78
Minimum	1.55
Maximum	216
Mean	27.98
Median	16.4
SD	35.35
Variance	1249
Coefficient of Variation	1.263
Skewness	3.794
Mean of log data	2.929
SD of log data	0.844
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	34.43
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	36.09
95% Modified-t UCL	34.7
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	34.36
95% Jackknife UCL	34.43
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	34.31
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	38.14
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	39.6
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	35.32

95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	36.93
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	44.89
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	52.21
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	66.58

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Dibenz	la h	lanth.	***
DIDERZ	a. 11	mm	racene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	47
Number of Detected Data	36
Minimum Detected	0.0639
Maximum Detected	1.64
Percent Non-Detects	56.63%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00846
Maximum Non-detect	0.0946
Mean of Detected Data	0.347
Median of Detected Data	0.143
Variance of Detected Data	0.148
SD of Detected Data	0.385
CV of Detected Data	1.109
Skewness of Detected Data	1.917
Mean of Detected log data	-1.528
SD of Detected Log data	0.938

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 54 Number treated as Detected 29 Single DL Percent Detection 65.06%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A

Kaplan	Meier	(KM)	Method	
		Section of the second		

Mean	0.187
SD	0.286
Standard Error of Mean	0.0319
95% KM (t) UCL	0.24
95% KM (z) UCL	0.239
95% KM (BCA) UCL .	0.249
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.245
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.326
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.386
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.504

Potential UCL to Use

95% KM (t) UCL	0.24
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.245

Dibenzofuran

Total Number of Data

83

Number of Non-Detect Data	66
Number of Detected Data	17
Minimum Detected	0.0167
Maximum Detected	0.821
Percent Non-Detects	79.52%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0124
Maximum Non-detect	0.139
Mean of Detected Data	0.132
Median of Detected Data	0.0603
Variance of Detected Data	0.0456
SD of Detected Data	0.214
CV of Detected Data	1.623
Skewness of Detected Data	2.78
Mean of Detected log data	-2.684
SD of Detected Log data	1.02

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 81
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 97.59%

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.041
SD	0.105
Standard Error of Mean	0.0119
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0607
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0605
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0723
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0659
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0927
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.115
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.159

Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (BCA) UCL 0.072

Dieldrin

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	62
Number of Detected Data	21
Minimum Detected	2.43E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0205
Percent Non-Detects	74.70%
Minimum Non-detect	1.40E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00701
Mean of Detected Data	0.00336
Median of Detected Data	0.00138
Variance of Detected Data	2.95E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00543
CV of Detected Data	1.617

Skewness of Detected Data	2.499
Mean of Detected log data	-6.547
SD of Detected Log data	1.257

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 80
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 96.39%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
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Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

The state of the s	
Mean	0.00104
SD	0.00299
Standard Error of Mean	3.36E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0016
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00159
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00187
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00163
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00251
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00314
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00439

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Di-n-butyl phthalate

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	74
Number of Detected Data	9
Minimum Detected	0.0368
Maximum Detected	0.753
Percent Non-Detects	89.16%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0251
Maximum Non-detect	0.28
Mean of Detected Data	0.217
Median of Detected Data	0.0819
Variance of Detected Data	0.0586
SD of Detected Data	0.242
CV of Detected Data	1.117
Skewness of Detected Data	1.577
Mean of Detected log data	-2.084
SD of Detected Log data	1.12

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 80
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 96.39%

Warning: There are only 9 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0566
SD	0.0938
Standard Error of Mean	0.0109
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0748
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0746
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0993
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0819
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.104
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.125
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.166

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Endosulfan sulfate

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	66
Number of Detected Data	17
Minimum Detected	4.56E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0713
Percent Non-Detects	79.52%
Minimum Non-detect	2.65E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0133
Mean of Detected Data	0.00837
Median of Detected Data	0.00154
Variance of Detected Data	3.09E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0176
CV of Detected Data	2.098
Skewness of Detected Data	3.28
Mean of Detected log data	-6.019
SD of Detected Log data	1.472

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 80
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 96.39%

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean 0.00209 SD 0.00835

Standard Error of Mean	9.45E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00366
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00364
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00421
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00385
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0062
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00799
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0115

Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (BCA) UCL

0.00421

Endrin aldehyde

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	61
Number of Detected Data	22
Minimum Detected	4.97E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0738
Percent Non-Detects	73.49%
Minimum Non-detect	3.36E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00374
Mean of Detected Data	0.00814
Median of Detected Data	0.00243
Variance of Detected Data	2.63E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0162
CV of Detected Data	1.991
Skewness of Detected Data	3.585
Mean of Detected log data	-5.742
SD of Detected Log data	1.237

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 76 Number treated as Detected 7 Single DL Percent Detection 91.57%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean 0.00253 SD 0.00882 Standard Error of Mean 9.91E-04 95% KM (t) UCL 0.00418 95% KM (z) UCL 0.00416 95% KM (BCA) UCL 0.00487 95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL 0.00446 95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.00685 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.00872 99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.0124

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Endrin ketone

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	66
Number of Detected Data	17
Minimum Detected	0.00123
Maximum Detected	0.02
Percent Non-Detects	79.52%
Minimum Non-detect	4.26E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.021
Mean of Detected Data	0.00614
Median of Detected Data	0.0041
Variance of Detected Data	2.68E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00518
CV of Detected Data	0.844

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 83
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Skewness of Detected Data Mean of Detected log data

SD of Detected Log data

0.00225 Mean SD 0.00303 Standard Error of Mean 3.45E-04 95% KM (t) UCL 0.00283 95% KM (z) UCL 0.00282 95% KM (BCA) UCL 0.00319 95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL 0.00297 95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.00376 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.00441 99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.00569

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

1.296

-5.439

0.881

Fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	24
Number of Detected Data	59
Minimum Detected	0.0133
Maximum Detected	14.2
Percent Non-Detects	28.92%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0107
Maximum Non-detect	0.117
Mean of Detected Data	1.119
Median of Detected Data	0.24

Variance of Detected Data	4.976
SD of Detected Data	2.231
CV of Detected Data	1.994
Skewness of Detected Data	4.072
Mean of Detected log data	-1.32
SD of Detected Log data	1.802

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 47 Number treated as Detected 36 Single DL Percent Detection 56.63%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization	Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method Mean 0.8 SD 1.931 Standard Error of Mean 0.214 95% KM (t) UCL 1.155 95% KM (z) UCL 1.151 95% KM (BCA) UCL 1.188 95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL 1.157 95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 1.731 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 2.135

2.926

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

Fluorene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	55
Number of Detected Data	28
Minimum Detected	0.00945
Maximum Detected	1.11
Percent Non-Detects	66.27%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0086
Maximum Non-detect	0.0962
Mean of Detected Data	0.133
Median of Detected Data	0.0693
Variance of Detected Data	0.059
SD of Detected Data	0.243
CV of Detected Data	1.829
Skewness of Detected Data	3.384
Mean of Detected log data	-2.823
SD of Detected Log data	1.177

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 74
Number treated as Detected 9
Single DL Percent Detection 89.16%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0518
SD	0.15
Standard Error of Mean	0.0168
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0797
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0794
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0885
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0819
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.125
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.157
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.219

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

gamma-Chlordane

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	75
Number of Detected Data	8
Minimum Detected	7.10E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0156
Percent Non-Detects	90.36%
Minimum Non-detect	2.20E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.011
Mean of Detected Data	0.00604
Median of Detected Data	0.00376
Variance of Detected Data	3.27E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00572
CV of Detected Data	0.948
Skewness of Detected Data	1.091
Mean of Detected log data	-5.575
SD of Detected Log data	1.109

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 81
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 97.59%

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00123
SD	0.00229
Standard Error of Mean	2.69E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00167
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00167
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00414
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00381
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0024
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0029
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0039

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	20
Number of Detected Data	63
Minimum Detected	0.0634
Maximum Detected	6.49
Percent Non-Detects	24.10%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0142
Maximum Non-detect	0.158
Mean of Detected Data	0.616
Median of Detected Data	0.165
Variance of Detected Data	1.079
SD of Detected Data	1.039
CV of Detected Data	1.687
Skewness of Detected Data	3.54
Mean of Detected log data	-1.365
SD of Detected Log data	1.245

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 51
Number treated as Detected 32
Single DL Percent Detection 61.45%

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.483
SD	0.928
Standard Error of Mean	0.103
95% KM (t) UCL	0.654
95% KM (z) UCL	0.652
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.68
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.661
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.931
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.124
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.505

Potential UCL to Use

Iron		
Number of Valid Observations	83	
Number of Distinct Observations	73	
Minimum	3450	
Maximum	77100	
Mean	16285	
Median	13400	
SD	11193	
Variance	1.25E+08	
Coefficient of Variation	0.687	
Skewness	3.11	
Mean of log data	9.548	
SD of log data	0.52	
SD of log data	0.52	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	18329	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	18754	
95% Modified-t UCL	18399	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	18306	
95% Jackknife UCL	18329	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	18305	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	19144	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	19421	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	18450	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	18967	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	21640	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	23957	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	28509	
Data appear Lognormal (0.05)		
May want to try Lognormal UCLs		
Lead		
Number of Valid Observations	83	
Number of Distinct Observations	80	
Minimum	2.82	
Maximum	643	
Mean	69.61	
Median	34.4	
SD	112.8	
Variance	12720	
Coefficient of Variation	1.62	
Skewness	3.653	
Mean of log data	3.584	
SD of log data	1.077	
059/ Hasful HCl a		
95% Useful UCLs	00.2	
Student's-t UCL	90.2	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	95.27	

95% Modified-t UCL	91.03
0070 1110011100 1 002	
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	89.97
	90.2
95% Jackknife UCL	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	89.8
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	101.1
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	96.41
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	91.07
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	97.2
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	123.6
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	146.9
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	192.8
Data appear Lognormal (0.05)	
May want to try Lognormal UCLs	
Lithium	
Liditum	
Number of Valid Observations	83
Number of Distinct Observations	80
	0.65
Minimum	
Maximum	28
Mean	7.856
Median	6.44
SD	5.715
Variance	32.67
Coefficient of Variation	0.728
Skewness	1.032
Mean of log data	1.76
SD of log data	0.847
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	8.899
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	8.963
95% Modified-t UCL	8.911
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	8.887
95% Jackknife UCL	8.899
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	8.865
	9.016
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	8.939
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	8.92
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	9.002
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	10.59
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	14.1
Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)	
May want to try Gamma UCLs	
Manganese	
1862	
Number of Valid Observations	83
Number of Distinct Observations	71
Minimum	59.3

Maximum	892	
Mean	257.4	
Median	224	
SD	129.3	
Variance	16726	
7.77		
Coefficient of Variation	0.502	
Skewness	2.305	
Mean of log data	5.455	
SD of log data	0.426	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	281.1	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	284.6	
95% Modified-t UCL	281.7	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	280.8	
95% Jackknife UCL	281.1	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	280.3	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	287	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	287.4	
	280.8	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL		
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	285.5	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	319.3	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	346.1	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	398.7	
D. 4. 4. 11101 4. 11-		
Potential UCL to Use	004.4	
Use 95% Student's-t UCL	281.1	
Or 95% Modified-t UCL	281.7	
Mercury		
Mercury		
Total Number of Data	83	
Number of Non-Detect Data	46	
Number of Detected Data	37	
Minimum Detected	0.0032	
Maximum Detected	0.66	
Percent Non-Detects	55.42%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.002	
Maximum Non-detect	0.048	
Maan of Datastad Data	0.0447	
Mean of Detected Data		
Median of Detected Data	0.019	
Variance of Detected Data	0.0119	
SD of Detected Data	0.109	
CV of Detected Data	2.445	
Skewness of Detected Data	5.279	
Mean of Detected log data	-4.004	
SD of Detected Log data	1.162	
The state of the s		
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Me		
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Met	hods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	200	
	76	
Number treated as Detected	76 7	

Single	DL	Percent	Detection
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91.57%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0222	
SD	0.0748	
Standard Error of Mean	0.00832	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0361	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0359	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0378	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0375	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0585	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0742	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.105	

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Molybdenum

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	12
Number of Detected Data	71
Minimum Detected	0.098
Maximum Detected	8.42
Percent Non-Detects	14.46%
Minimum Non-detect	0.068
Maximum Non-detect	0.078
Mean of Detected Data	1.521
Median of Detected Data	1
Variance of Detected Data	2.632
SD of Detected Data	1.622
CV of Detected Data	1.066
Skewness of Detected Data	2.021
Mean of Detected log data	-0.11
SD of Detected Log data	1.096

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

95% KM (t) UCL 95% KM (z) UCL

Winsorization Method	1.096
Mean	1.067
SD	0.956
95% Winsor (t) UCL	1.243
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	1.315
SD	1.572
Standard Error of Mean	0.174

1.604

1.601

95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.611
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.617
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.073
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.4
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.044
Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)	
May want to try Gamma UCLs	
Nickel	
Number of Valid Observations	83
Number of Distinct Observations	67
Minimum	2.84
Maximum	36.7
Mean	11.64
Median	11.2
SD	4.938
Variance	24.38
Coefficient of Variation	0.424
Skewness	1.825
Mean of log data	2.373
SD of log data	0.411
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	12.54
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	12.65
95% Modified-t UCL	12.56
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	12.53
95% Jackknife UCL	12.54
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	12.53
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	12.7
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	12.84
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	12.58
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	12.7
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	14
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	15.02
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	17.03
Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs	
May want to try Gamma GOLS	
Phenanthrene	
Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	26
Number of Detected Data	57
Minimum Detected Data	0.0139
Maximum Detected	12.6
Percent Non-Detects	31.33%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0115
Maximum Non-detect	0.122
manifulli Holl dottor	No. 17669
Mean of Detected Data	0.74
Median of Detected Data	0.154
	GREEDT-SYK

Variance of Detected Data	3.32
SD of Detected Data	1.822
CV of Detected Data	2.463
Skewness of Detected Data	5.422
Mean of Detected log data	-1.59
SD of Detected Log data	1.565

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 51 Number treated as Detected 32 Single DL Percent Detection 61.45%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.513
SD	1.534
Standard Error of Mean	0.17
95% KM (t) UCL	0.796
95% KM (z) UCL	0.793
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.814
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.825
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.254
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.574
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.203

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Pyrene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	26
Number of Detected Data	57
Minimum Detected	0.0121
Maximum Detected	8.47
Percent Non-Detects	31.33%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0111
Maximum Non-detect	0.3
Mean of Detected Data	0.765
Median of Detected Data	0.206
Variance of Detected Data	1.966
SD of Detected Data	1.402
CV of Detected Data	1.832
Skewness of Detected Data	3.609
Mean of Detected log data	-1.517
SD of Detected Log data	1.658

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 62 Number treated as Detected 21 Single DL Percent Detection 74.70% Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.532
SD	1.203
Standard Error of Mean	0.133
95% KM (t) UCL	0.753
95% KM (z) UCL	0.751
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.781
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.772
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.112
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.363
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.857
Data appear Lognormal (0.05)	
May want to try Lognormal UCLs	

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Selenium

Total Number of Data

83

Dataset has no Detected Values.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.96

Silver

Total Number of Data

83

Dataset has no Detected Values.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 1.98

Strontium

Number of Valid Observations	83
Number of Distinct Observations	76
Minimum	16.5
Maximum	527
Mean	70.61
Median	57.3
SD	63.98
Variance	4094
Coefficient of Variation	0.906
Skewness	5.044
Mean of log data	4.06
SD of log data	0.583

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution

95% Useful UCLs

Student's-t UCL 82.29

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	86.31
95% Modified-t UCL	82.94
N - B 1 - 1101 -	
Non-Parametric UCLs	92.16
95% CLT UCL	82.16
95% Jackknife UCL	82.29
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	82.12
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	91.51
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	139.9
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	82.73
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	88.37
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	101.2
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	114.5
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	140.5
Potential UCL to Use	
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	101.2
2/9-	
Tin	
Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	64
Number of Detected Data	19
Minimum Detected	0.55
Maximum Detected	4.95
Percent Non-Detects	77.11%
Minimum Non-detect	0.46
Maximum Non-detect	1.02
	4.000
Mean of Detected Data	1.666
Median of Detected Data	1.68
Variance of Detected Data	1.302
SD of Detected Data	1.141
CV of Detected Data	0.685
Skewness of Detected Data	1.434
Mean of Detected log data	0.301
SD of Detected Log data	0.671
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Met	hod is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods)	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	SECURIO 4.5
Number treated as Non-Detect	72
Number treated as Detected	11
Single DL Percent Detection	86.75%
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significar	ice Level
Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.806
SD	0.709
Standard Error of Mean	0.0799
95% KM (t) UCL	0.939
95% KM (z) UCL	0.938
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.972
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.941

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.155 1.305 1.602	
Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs		
Titanium		
Number of Valid Observations	83	
Number of Distinct Observations	71	
Minimum	11.5	
Maximum Mean	645 29.8	
Median	19.5	
SD	69.4	
Variance	4816	
Coefficient of Variation	2.329	
Skewness	8.71	
Mean of log data	3.055	
SD of log data	0.544	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distributi	on	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	42.47	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	50.11	
95% Modified-t UCL	43.68	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	42.33	
95% Jackknife UCL	42.47	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	42.36	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	93.11	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	87.11	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	44.76 54.32	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	63	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	77.37	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	105.6	
Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	63	
Vanadium		
Number of Valid Observations	83	
Number of Distinct Observations	67	
Minimum	5.42	
Maximum	45.6	
Mean	13.76	
Median SD	12.9 6.248	
Variance	39.04	
Coefficient of Variation	0.454	
Skewness	2.186	
Mean of log data	2.538	

SD of log data	0.404
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	14.9
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	15.06
95% Modified-t UCL	14.93
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	14.89
95% Jackknife UCL	14.9
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	14.9
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	15.11
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	15.17
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	14.9
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	15.07
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	16.75
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	18.04
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	20.58
Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)	
May want to try Gamma UCLs	

83

Number of Valid Observations

-			
7	×	m	~

Number of Valid Observations	03
Number of Distinct Observations	81
Minimum	12.3
Maximum	4770
Mean	601.2
Median	455
SD	672.8
Variance	452606
Coefficient of Variation	1.119
Skewness	3.386
Mean of log data	5.837
SD of log data	1.203
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	724.1
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	752
95% Modified-t UCL	728.6
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	722.7
95% Jackknife UCL	724.1
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	723.1
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	762.3
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	818.2
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	734.3
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	771.3
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	923.1
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1062
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1336

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

APPENDIX A-2

SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL

Nonparametric UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File C:\Users\Michael\....\Gulfco Superfund Site\revised HHRA\Gulfco Marlin South soil-all data_ProUCL input.wst

Full Precision OFF

Confidence Coefficient 95% Number of Bootstrap Operations 2000

1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	74
Number of Detected Data	9
Minimum Detected	2.67E-04
Maximum Detected	4.36
Percent Non-Detects	89.16%
Minimum Non-detect	7.40E-05
Maximum Non-detect	0.0101
Mean of Detected Data	0.91
Median of Detected Data	0.00104

Median of Detected Data	0.00104
Variance of Detected Data	3.269
SD of Detected Data	1.808
CV of Detected Data	1.987
Skewness of Detected Data	1.644
Mean of Detected log data	-5.26
SD of Detected Log data	3.875

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 81
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 97.59%

Warning: There are only 9 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0989
SD	0.629
Standard Error of Mean	0.0732
95% KM (t) UCL	0.221
95% KM (z) UCL	0.219
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.243

95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.243	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.418	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.556	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.827	
Potential UCL to Use 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.556	
2-Butanone		
Total Number of Data	83	
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data	42	
	42	
Number of Detected Data		
Minimum Detected	9.92E-04	
Maximum Detected	0.0226	
Percent Non-Detects	50.60%	
Minimum Non-detect	1.43E-04	
Maximum Non-detect	0.12	
Mean of Detected Data	0.00511	
Median of Detected Data	0.00314	
Variance of Detected Data	2.46E-05	
SD of Detected Data	0.00496	
CV of Detected Data	0.971	
Skewness of Detected Data	1.975	
Mean of Detected log data	-5.61	
SD of Detected Log data	0.774	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method	is recommended	
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods)		
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	83	
Number treated as Detected	0	
Single DL Percent Detection	100.00%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only		
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)		
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.00329	
SD	0.00401	
Standard Error of Mean	4.58E-04	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00405	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00404	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00425	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00414	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00528	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00615	
F. B. 1975 (1974) 1975 (1975)		

0.00405

0.00414

Potential UCL to Use

95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL

95% KM (t) UCL

2-Hexanone

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	75
Number of Detected Data	8
Minimum Detected	0.00109
Maximum Detected	0.0207
Percent Non-Detects	90.36%
Minimum Non-detect	3.78E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.317
Mean of Detected Data	0.00653
Median of Detected Data	0.00452
Variance of Detected Data	4.39E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00662
CV of Detected Data	1.015
Skewness of Detected Data	1.707
Mean of Detected log data	-5.449
SD of Detected Log data	0.982

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 83
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00165
SD	0.0026
Standard Error of Mean	3.16E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00218
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00218
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00471
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00417
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00303
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00363
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0048

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

2-Methylnaphthalene	
Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	134
Number of Detected Data	32
Minimum Detected	0.0106
Maximum Detected	7.21
Percent Non-Detects	80.72%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00946
Maximum Non-detect	0.205
Mean of Detected Data	0.315
Median of Detected Data	0.0469
Variance of Detected Data	1.597
SD of Detected Data	1.264
CV of Detected Data	4.009
Skewness of Detected Data	5.582
Mean of Detected log data	-2.811
SD of Detected Log data	1.367
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Metho For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Method Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	
Number treated as Non-Detect	161
Number treated as Detected	5
Single DL Percent Detection	96.99%
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0697
SD	0.559
Standard Error of Mean	0.0441
95% KM (t) UCL	0.143
95% KM (z) UCL	0.142
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.16
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.155
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.262
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.345
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.508
Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (BCA) UCL	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.16
4,4'-DDD	
Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	145
Number of Detected Data	21
Minimum Detected	3.69E-04

Maximum Detected	1.12	
Percent Non-Detects	87.35%	
Minimum Non-detect	2.35E-04	
Maximum Non-detect	0.0125	
Mean of Detected Data	0.0588	
Median of Detected Data	0.00372	
Variance of Detected Data	0.0592	
SD of Detected Data	0.243	
CV of Detected Data	4.139	
Skewness of Detected Data	4.577	
Mean of Detected log data	-5.478	
SD of Detected Log data	1.706	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Me		
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Me	ethods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	161	
Number treated as Detected	5	
Single DL Percent Detection	96.99%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values On		
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0	.05)	
Winsorization Method	N/A	R
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.00776	
SD	0.0866	
Standard Error of Mean	0.00689	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0192	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0191	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0276	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0214	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0378	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0508	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0763	
Potential UCL to Use		
4,4'-DDE		
Total Number of Data	166	
Number of Non-Detect Data	144	
Number of Detected Data	22	
Minimum Detected	4.28E-04	
Maximum Detected	0.0693	
Percent Non-Detects	86.75%	
Minimum Non-detect	3.26E-04	
Maximum Non-detect	0.0373	
Mean of Detected Data	0.00905	
Median of Detected Data	0.00197	
Variance of Detected Data	2 605 04	

3.69E-04 0.0192

Variance of Detected Data

SD of Detected Data

CV of Detected Data	2.121
Skewness of Detected Data	2.781
Mean of Detected log data	-6
SD of Detected Log data	1.459

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect

Number treated as Detected

Single DL Percent Detection

164

2

98.80%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00158
SD	0.00743
Standard Error of Mean	5.91E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00256
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00256
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00281
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00259
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00416
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00527
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00746
Potential UCL to Use	

95% KM (BCA) UCL 0.00281

4,4'-DDT

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	98
Number of Detected Data	68
Minimum Detected	2.81E-04
Maximum Detected	0.113
Percent Non-Detects	59.04%
Minimum Non-detect	1.25E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0143
Mean of Detected Data	0.0087
Median of Detected Data	0.00275
Variance of Detected Data	2.75E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0166
CV of Detected Data	1.905
Skewness of Detected Data	4.44
Mean of Detected log data	-5.829
SD of Detected Log data	1.491

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	154
Number treated as Detected	12
Single DL Percent Detection	92.77%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00375
SD	0.0113
Standard Error of Mean	8.85E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00521
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0052
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00548
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00529
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0076

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.00927

0.0125

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Acenaphthene

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	131
Number of Detected Data	35
Minimum Detected	0.0113
Maximum Detected	1.69
Percent Non-Detects	78.92%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0087
Maximum Non-detect	0.189
Mean of Detected Data	0.161
Median of Detected Data	0.0787
Variance of Detected Data	0.0894
SD of Detected Data	0.299
CV of Detected Data	1.852
Skewness of Detected Data	4.309
Mean of Detected log data	-2.602
SD of Detected Log data	1.192

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 160
Number treated as Detected 6
Single DL Percent Detection 96.39%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0433
SD	0.149
Standard Error of Mean	0.0117
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0627
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0626
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0676
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0635
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0944
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.116
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.16

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)

May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Acenaphthylene

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	129
Number of Detected Data	37
Minimum Detected	0.0172
Maximum Detected	1.2
Percent Non-Detects	77.71%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00986
Maximum Non-detect	0.128
Mean of Detected Data	0.156
Median of Detected Data	0.0517
Variance of Detected Data	0.084
SD of Detected Data	0.29
CV of Detected Data	1.862
Skewness of Detected Data	3.012
Mean of Detected log data	-2.69
SD of Detected Log data	1.124

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 156
Number treated as Detected 10
Single DL Percent Detection 93.98%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization	Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

rapidir moio (ran) mourou	
Mean	0.0484
SD	0.147
Standard Error of Mean	0.0116
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0675

95% KM (z) UCL	0.0674
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0719
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0688
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0987
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.12
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.163
Potential UCL to Use	Third Spare Francis
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0719

Acetone

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	73
Number of Detected Data	10
Minimum Detected	0.031
Maximum Detected	0.16
Percent Non-Detects	87.95%
Minimum Non-detect	1.71E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.144
Mean of Detected Data	0.08
Median of Detected Data	0.0582
Variance of Detected Data	0.00277
SD of Detected Data	0.0526
CV of Detected Data	0.658
Skewness of Detected Data	0.756
Mean of Detected log data	-2.72
SD of Detected Log data	0.655

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 81
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 97.59%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.037
SD	0.0236
Standard Error of Mean	0.00274
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0415
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0415
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0559
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0448
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0489
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0541
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0642

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

Aluminum		
Number of Valid Observations	166	
Number of Distinct Observations	149	
Minimum	414	
Maximum	15700	
Mean	6452	
Median	6175	
SD	3601	
Variance	12965507	
Coefficient of Variation	0.558	
Skewness	0.362	
Mean of log data	8.565	
SD of log data	0.718	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	6914	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	6920	
95% Modified-t UCL	6916	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	6912	
95% Jackknife UCL	6914	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	6908	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	6929	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	6936	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	6914	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	6917	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	7670	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	8197	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	9233	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		
Anthracene		
Total Number of Data	166	
Number of Non-Detect Data	102	
Number of Detected Data	64	
Minimum Detected	0.0112	
Maximum Detected	2.46	
Percent Non-Detects	61.45%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.00982	
Maximum Non-detect	0.207	
Mean of Detected Data	0.212	
Median of Detected Data	0.0936	
Variance of Detected Data	0.142	

SD of Detected Data	0.377	
CV of Detected Data	1.781	
Skewness of Detected Data	4.103	
Mean of Detected log data	-2.472	
SD of Detected Log data	1.358	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Met For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Met		
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	150	
Number treated as Detected	16	
Single DL Percent Detection	90.36%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.0		
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0889	
SD	0.252	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0197	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.122	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.121	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.124	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.122	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.175	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.212	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.285	
Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.124	
Antimony		
Total Number of Data	166	
Number of Non-Detect Data	101	
Number of Detected Data	65	
Minimum Detected	0.94	
Maximum Detected	5.51	
Percent Non-Detects	60.84%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.19	
Maximum Non-detect	1.04	
Mean of Detected Data	2.249	
Median of Detected Data	2.13	
Variance of Detected Data	0.816	
SD of Detected Data	0.903	
01/ - f D-111 D-1-	0.400	

0.402

1.372

0.739

0.379

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

CV of Detected Data

Skewness of Detected Data

Mean of Detected log data SD of Detected Log data

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	
Number treated as Non-Detect	103
Number treated as Detected	63
Single DL Percent Detection	62.05%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	1.452
SD	0.85
Standard Error of Mean	0.0665
95% KM (t) UCL	1.562
95% KM (z) UCL	1.562
95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.647
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.612
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.742
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.868
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.114

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Aroclor-1254

Total Number of Data	170
Total Number of Data	0.000
Number of Non-Detect Data	145
Number of Detected Data	25
Minimum Detected	0.0109
Maximum Detected	11.5
Percent Non-Detects	85.29%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00325
Maximum Non-detect	0.0391
Mean of Detected Data	1.407
Median of Detected Data	0.172
Variance of Detected Data	7.459
SD of Detected Data	2.731
CV of Detected Data	1.941
Skewness of Detected Data	2.874
Mean of Detected log data	-1.085
SD of Detected Log data	1.783

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 148
Number treated as Detected 22
Single DL Percent Detection 87.06%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.216
SD	1.139
Standard Error of Mean	0.0892
95% KM (t) UCL	0.364
95% KM (z) UCL	0.363
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.427
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.376
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.605
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.773
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.104

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)

May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Arsenic

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	27
Number of Detected Data	139
Minimum Detected	0.23
Maximum Detected	24.3
Percent Non-Detects	16.27%
Minimum Non-detect	0.17
Maximum Non-detect	1.44
Mean of Detected Data	3.918
Median of Detected Data	3.09
Variance of Detected Data	10.64
SD of Detected Data	3.261
CV of Detected Data	0.832
Skewness of Detected Data	2.783
Mean of Detected log data	1.079
SD of Detected Log data	0.803

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 47
Number treated as Detected 119
Single DL Percent Detection 28.31%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	28.31%
Mean	2.696
SD	1.062
95% Winsor (t) UCL	2.834

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

SD Standard Error of Mean 95% KM (t) UCL 95% KM (z) UCL	3.259 0.254 3.752
95% KM (t) UCL	
2.40kg (1.50kg) (1.50kg) (1.50kg) (1.50kg) (1.50kg)	3.752
95% KM (z) UCL	
	3.749
95% KM (BCA) UCL	3.777
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	3.77
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.438
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.917
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.858

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Barium		
Number of Valid Observations	166	
Number of Distinct Observations	135	
Minimum	18.6	
Maximum	2180	
Mean	237.4	
Median	139.5	
SD	274.8	
Variance	75535	
Coefficient of Variation	1.158	
Skewness	3.69	
Mean of log data	5.104	
SD of log data	0.789	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	272.7	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	279	
95% Modified-t UCL	273.7	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	272.5	
95% Jackknife UCL	272.7	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	273.3	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	284	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	287.5	4.
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	272.3	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	279.3	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	330.4	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	370.6	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) ÚCL	449.6	
Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	330.4	

Benzene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	11
Number of Detected Data	72
Minimum Detected	3.39E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0221
Percent Non-Detects	13.25%
Minimum Non-detect	9.50E-05
Maximum Non-detect	0.0399
Mean of Detected Data	0.00425
Median of Detected Data	0.00378
Variance of Detected Data	1.01E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00318
CV of Detected Data	0.748
Skewness of Detected Data	2.653
Mean of Detected log data	-5.736
SD of Detected Log data	0.821

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 83
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	NI/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00389
SD	0.00315
Standard Error of Mean	3.52E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00448
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00447
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00453
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0045
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00543
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00609
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0074

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Benzo(a)anthracene

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	122
Number of Detected Data	44
Minimum Detected	0.0118
Maximum Detected	5.02

Percent Non-Detects		73.49%
Minimum Non-detect		0.0089
Maximum Non-detect		0.193
Mean of Detected Data		0.98
Median of Detected Data		0.516
Variance of Detected Data		1.538
SD of Detected Data	*	1.24
CV of Detected Data		1.265
Skewness of Detected Data		1.955
Mean of Detected log data		-0.967
SD of Detected Log data		1.624

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 135 Number treated as Detected 31 Single DL Percent Detection 81.33%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.269
SD	0.762
Standard Error of Mean	0.0598

0598 95% KM (t) UCL 0.368 95% KM (z) UCL 0.367 95% KM (BCA) UCL 0.39 95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL 0.378 95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.53

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.643 99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.864

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Benzo(a)pyrene

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	53
Number of Detected Data	113
Minimum Detected	0.00999
Maximum Detected	4.88
Percent Non-Detects	31.93%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00886
Maximum Non-detect	0.0984
Mean of Detected Data	0.506

Mean of Detected Data	0.506
Median of Detected Data	0.0666
Variance of Detected Data	0.998
SD of Detected Data	0.999

CV of Detected Data	1.973
Skewness of Detected Data	2.807
Mean of Detected log data	-2.255
SD of Detected Log data	1.801

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 115
Number treated as Detected 51
Single DL Percent Detection 69.28%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.348
SD	0.853
Standard Error of Mean	0.0665
95% KM (t) UCL	0.458
95% KM (z) UCL	0.457
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.458
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.464
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.638
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.763
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.009

Potential UCL to Use _____

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	64
Number of Detected Data	102
Minimum Detected	0.0408
Maximum Detected	5.97
Percent Non-Detects	38.55%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00677
Maximum Non-detect	0.167
Mean of Detected Data	0.75
Median of Detected Data	0.206
Variance of Detected Data	1.497
SD of Detected Data	1.223
CV of Detected Data	1.63
Skewness of Detected Data	2.609
Mean of Detected log data	-1.254
SD of Detected Log data	1.353

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect

Number treated as Detected	57
Single DL Percent Detection	65.66%
Data Daileita di Santa del Data da Valuar G	Nation 1

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.477
SD	1.015
Standard Error of Mean	0.0791
95% KM (t) UCL	0.608
95% KM (z) UCL	0.608
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.622
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.611
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.822
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.972
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.265

Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.822

Benzo(g,h,i)perylene

SD of Detected Log data

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	91
Number of Detected Data	75
Minimum Detected	0.00989
Maximum Detected	4.24
Percent Non-Detects	54.82%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00887
Maximum Non-detect	2.9
Mean of Detected Data	0.46
Median of Detected Data	0.105
Variance of Detected Data	0.603
SD of Detected Data	0.776
CV of Detected Data	1.688
Skewness of Detected Data	2.724
Mean of Detected log data	-1.908

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

1.53

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 165
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 99.40%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.217
SD	0.565
Standard Error of Mean	0.0443
95% KM (t) UCL	0.291
95% KM (z) UCL	0.29
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.294
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.296
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.41
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.494
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.658
Potential UCL to Use	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	
Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	121
Number of Detected Data	45
Minimum Detected	0.0158
Maximum Detected	4.25
Percent Non-Detects	72.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0137
Maximum Non-detect	0.296
Mean of Detected Data	0.537
Median of Detected Data	0.228
Variance of Detected Data	0.578
SD of Detected Data	0.76
CV of Detected Data	1.415
Skewness of Detected Data	2.959
Mean of Detected log data	-1.534
SD of Detected Log data	1.472
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method	is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods)	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	4.
Number treated as Non-Detect	149
Number treated as Detected	17
Single DL Percent Detection	89.76%
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Winsorization Method	N/A
	10.000

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.158
SD	0.455
Standard Error of Mean	0.0357
95% KM (t) UCL	0.217
95% KM (z) UCL	0.216
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.228
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.223
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.313

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.381 0.513
Data appear Lognormal (0.05)	

May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Beryllium

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	1
Number of Detected Data	165
Minimum Detected	0.014
Maximum Detected	4.6
Percent Non-Detects	0.60%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0031
Maximum Non-detect	0.0031
Mean of Detected Data	0.468
Median of Detected Data	0.42
Variance of Detected Data	0.176
SD of Detected Data	0.419
CV of Detected Data	0.897
Skewness of Detected Data	5.967
Mean of Detected log data	-1.079
SD of Detected Log data	0.914
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.0)	05)
Winsorization Method	0.914
Mean	0.446
SD	0.281
95% Winsor (t) UCL	0.482
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.465
SD	0.418
Standard Error of Mean	0.0326
95% KM (t) UCL	0.519
95% KM (z) UCL	0.518
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.525
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.521
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.607
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.668
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.789
Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.525
JULY TOUR TOUR TOUR	0.323

95% KM (BCA) UCL

Boron

Total Number of Data 166 Number of Non-Detect Data 95

devity to write-the scale to the second		
Number of Detected Data	71	
Minimum Detected	2.43	
Maximum Detected	54.4	
Percent Non-Detects	57.23%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.95	
Maximum Non-detect	15.3	
Mean of Detected Data	9.924	
Median of Detected Data	9.39	
Variance of Detected Data	43.63	
SD of Detected Data	6.605	
CV of Detected Data	0.666	
Skewness of Detected Data	4.557	
Mean of Detected log data	2.158	
SD of Detected Log data	0.518	
OD of Detected Log data	0.510	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method		
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Meth	iods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	164	
Number treated as Detected	2	
Single DL Percent Detection	98.80%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only		
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05	5)	
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	5.675	
SD	5.667	
Standard Error of Mean	0.444	
95% KM (t) UCL	6.41	
95% KM (z) UCL	6.406	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	6.674	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	6.505	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	7.611	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	8.449	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	10.09	
Potential UCL to Use		
95% KM (t) UCL	6.41	
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL		
Butyl benzyl phthalate		
Total Number of Data	166	
Number of Non-Detect Data	156	
Number of Detected Data	10	
Minimum Detected	0.0129	
Maximum Detected	0.617	
Percent Non-Detects	93.98%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.0109	
Maximum Non-detect	0.237	

Mean of Detected Data	0.13
Median of Detected Data	0.04
Variance of Detected Data	0.0374
SD of Detected Data	0.193
CV of Detected Data	1.489
Skewness of Detected Data	2.178
Mean of Detected log data	-2.847
SD of Detected Log data	1.268

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 164
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 98.80%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/	N/A
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Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

rapidit wick (ray) withou	
Mean	0.0201
SD	0.0529
Standard Error of Mean	0.00433
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0273
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0272
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0439
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0353
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.039
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0472
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0632

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)

May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Cadmium

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	73
Number of Detected Data	93
Minimum Detected	0.023
Maximum Detected	9.71
Percent Non-Detects	43.98%
Minimum Non-detect	0.017
Maximum Non-detect	0.087
Mean of Detected Data	0.589
Median of Detected Data	0.33
Variance of Detected Data	1.174
SD of Detected Data	1.084
CV of Detected Data	1.838
Skewness of Detected Data	6.915
Mean of Detected log data	-1.032

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is re For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	commended
Number treated as Non-Detect	80
Number treated as Detected	86
Single DL Percent Detection	48.19%
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Winsorization Method	48.19%
Mean	0.126
SD	0.0338
95% Winsor (t) UCL	0.131
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.34
SD	0.854
Standard Error of Mean	0.0667
95% KM (t) UCL	0.451
95% KM (z) UCL	0.45
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.505
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.467
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.631
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.757
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.004
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.451
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.467

Carbazole

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	124
Number of Detected Data	42
Minimum Detected	0.0104
Maximum Detected	1.54
Percent Non-Detects	74.70%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00864
Maximum Non-detect	0.187
Mean of Detected Data	0.151
Median of Detected Data	0.0857
Variance of Detected Data	0.0723
SD of Detected Data	0.269
CV of Detected Data	1.777
Skewness of Detected Data	3.938
Mean of Detected log data	-2.746
SD of Detected Log data	1,291

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 158
Number treated as Detected 8
Single DL Percent Detection 95.18%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method Mean 0.0464 SD 0.147 Standard Error of Mean 0.0116 95% KM (t) UCL 0.0656 95% KM (z) UCL 0.0654 95% KM (BCA) UCL 0.0705 95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL 0.067 95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.0968 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.119

0.161

0.881

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Carbon disulfide

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	70
Number of Detected Data	13
Minimum Detected	9.87E-04
Maximum Detected	0.028
Percent Non-Detects	84.34%
Minimum Non-detect	5.00E-05
Maximum Non-detect	0.0419
Mean of Detected Data	0.00521
Median of Detected Data	0.00299
Variance of Detected Data	5.05E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00711
CV of Detected Data	1.364
Skewness of Detected Data	3.177
Mean of Detected log data	-5.705

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

SD of Detected Log data

Number treated as Non-Detect 83
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00167
SD	0.00313
Standard Error of Mean	3.60E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00227
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00226
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00339
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00269
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00324
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00392
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00525

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Chromium		
COLUMN COLLEGE		

Number of Valid Observations	166
Number of Distinct Observations	144
Minimum	2.03
Maximum	136
Mean	13.53
Median	10.55
SD	12.49
Variance	156
Coefficient of Variation	0.923
Skewness	6.346
Mean of log data	2.41
SD of log data	0.582

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	15.13
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	15.63
95% Modified-t UCL	15.21
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	15.12
95% Jackknife UCL	15.13
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	15.14
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	16.04
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	22.48
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	15.23
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	15.68
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	17.75
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	19.58
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	23.17

Potential UCL to Use

Use 95%	Cheby	yshev	(Mean,	Sd	UCL
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17.75

-					
C-12	100	-	^	-	^
Ch	ιv		е	11	u

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	73
Number of Detected Data	93
Minimum Detected	0.00901
Maximum Detected	4.87
Percent Non-Detects	43.98%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00842
Maximum Non-detect	0.169
Mean of Detected Data	0.577
Median of Detected Data	0.139
Variance of Detected Data	0.978
SD of Detected Data	0.989
CV of Detected Data	1.714
Skewness of Detected Data	2.465
Mean of Detected log data	-1.859
SD of Detected Log data	1.688

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 125 Number treated as Detected 41 Single DL Percent Detection 75.30%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
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Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

rapidit well (itial) welled	
Mean	0.328
SD	0.788
Standard Error of Mean	0.0615
95% KM (t) UCL	0.429
95% KM (z) UCL	0.429
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.434
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.432
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.596
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.712
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.939

Potential UCL to Use

Cobalt

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	1
Number of Detected Data	165
Minimum Detected	0.049

Maximum Detected	16
Percent Non-Detects	0.60%
Minimum Non-detect	0.025
Maximum Non-detect	0.025
Mean of Detected Data	4.169
Median of Detected Data	3.99
Variance of Detected Data	4.113
SD of Detected Data	2.028
CV of Detected Data	0.486
Skewness of Detected Data	1.409
Mean of Detected log data	1.289
SD of Detected Log data	0.615
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Winsorization Method	0.615
Mean	4.109
SD	1.885
95% Winsor (t) UCL	4.351
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	4.144
SD	2.041
Standard Error of Mean	0.159
95% KM (t) UCL	4.407
95% KM (z) UCL	4.406
95% KM (BCA) UCL	4.408
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	4.417
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.837
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.137
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.725
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	

Copper

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	2
Number of Detected Data	164
Minimum Detected	0.13
Maximum Detected	487
Percent Non-Detects	1.20%
Minimum Non-detect	0.066
Maximum Non-detect	0.3
Mean of Detected Data	24.55
Median of Detected Data	12
Variance of Detected Data	2206
SD of Detected Data	46.97
CV of Detected Data	1.913
Skewness of Detected Data	6.882

Mean of Detected log data	2.587	
SD of Detected Log data	1.065	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Metho		
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Metho	ds),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	•	
Number treated as Non-Detect	3	
Number treated as Detected	163	
Single DL Percent Detection	1.81%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only		
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)		
Data do flot follow a Discernable Distribution (0.00)		
Winsorization Method	1.81%	
Mean	21.1	
SD	25.47	
95% Winsor (t) UCL	24.37	
**		
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	24.26	
SD	46.62	
Standard Error of Mean	3.63	
95% KM (t) UCL	30.26	
95% KM (z) UCL	30.23	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	31.03	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	30.9	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	40.08	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	46.92	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	60.37	
Determination to the		
Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	40.09	
95% KW (Chebysnev) OCL	40.08	
Cyclohexane		
Total Number of Data	83	
Number of Non-Detect Data	36	
Number of Detected Data	47	
Minimum Detected	6.26E-04	
Maximum Detected	21.7	
Percent Non-Detects	43.37%	
Minimum Non-detect	8.87E-04	
	0.0005	

0.0685

0.467 0.00177

> 10.01 3.165

> 6.783

6.855

-5.92

1.616

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Maximum Non-detect

Mean of Detected Data

SD of Detected Data CV of Detected Data

Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data

Skewness of Detected Data

Mean of Detected log data

SD of Detected Log data

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	
Number treated as Non-Detect	81
Number treated as Detected	2
Single DL Percent Detection	97.59%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.265
SD	2.367
Standard Error of Mean	0.263
95% KM (t) UCL	0.702
95% KM (z) UCL	0.697
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.787
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.787
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.409
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.905
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.878

Potential UCL to Use

Dibenz(a,h)anthracene

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	110
Number of Detected Data	56
Minimum Detected	0.0619
Maximum Detected	1.64
Percent Non-Detects	66.27%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00846
Maximum Non-detect	0.183
Mean of Detected Data	0.317
Median of Detected Data	0.145
Variance of Detected Data	0.127
SD of Detected Data	0.356
CV of Detected Data	1.122
Skewness of Detected Data	2.024
Mean of Detected log data	-1.608
SD of Detected Log data	0.914

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 143
Number treated as Detected 23
Single DL Percent Detection 86.14%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method

N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.148
SD	0.238
Standard Error of Mean	0.0186
95% KM (t) UCL	0.179
95% KM (z) UCL	0.179
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.186
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.18
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.229
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.264
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.333
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.179
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.18
Dibenzofuran	
Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	143
Number of Detected Data	23
	23
Minimum Detected	0.0167
Minimum Detected Maximum Detected	
	0.0167
Maximum Detected	0.0167 0.821
Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects	0.0167 0.821 86.14%

0.0604

0.0357

1.415

2.831

-2.559

0.963

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Median of Detected Data

SD of Detected Data CV of Detected Data

Variance of Detected Data

Skewness of Detected Data

Mean of Detected log data

SD of Detected Log data

Number treated as Non-Detect 163
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 98.19%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0334	
SD	0.0798	
Standard Error of Mean	0.00635	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0439	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0439	

95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0541
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.05
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0611
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0731
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0966

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)

May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Dieldrin

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	133
Number of Detected Data	33
Minimum Detected	2.43E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0205
Percent Non-Detects	80.12%
Minimum Non-detect	1.40E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0161
Mean of Detected Data	0.00344
Median of Detected Data	0.00172
Variance of Detected Data	2.32E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00481
CV of Detected Data	1.398
Skewness of Detected Data	2.321
Mean of Detected log data	-6.408
SD of Detected Log data	1.218

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 164
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 98.80%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization	Method	1	N/A
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Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

rapidit moio (tar) mourod	
Mean	8.89E-04
SD	0.00247
Standard Error of Mean	1.95E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00121
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00121
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00137
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00125
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00174
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00211
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00283

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

Di-n-butyl phthalate		
Total Number of Data	166	
Number of Non-Detect Data	155	
Number of Detected Data	11	
Minimum Detected	0.0311	
Maximum Detected	0.753	
Percent Non-Detects	93.37%	
finimum Non-detect	0.0251	
flaximum Non-detect	0.542	
Mean of Detected Data	0.188	
Median of Detected Data	0.0819	
ariance of Detected Data	0.0511	
D of Detected Data	0.226	
V of Detected Data	1.201	
kewness of Detected Data	1.85	
lean of Detected log data	-2.241	
D of Detected Log data	1.087	
lote: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Meth for all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Meth Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
lumber treated as Non-Detect	165	
lumber treated as Detected	1	
Single DL Percent Detection	99.40%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Sign	ificance Level	
Vinsorization Method	N/A	
Caplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0418	
D	0.068	
tandard Error of Mean	0.00556	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.051	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0509	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0679	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0598	
5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.066	
7.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0765	
9% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.097	
ata follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)		
May want to try Gamma UCLs		

166

Total Number of Data

Number of Non-Detect Data	145
Number of Detected Data	21
Minimum Detected	4.22E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0713
Percent Non-Detects	87.35%
Minimum Non-detect	2.65E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0304
Mean of Detected Data	0.00705
Median of Detected Data	0.00154
Variance of Detected Data	2.55E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.016
CV of Detected Data	2.263
Skewness of Detected Data	3.667
Mean of Detected log data	-6.164
SD of Detected Log data	1.391

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 165
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 99.40%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method N/	11	ł
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Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

0.00127
0.00597
4.75E-04
0.00206
0.00205
0.0023
0.00215
0.00334
0.00424
0.006

Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (BCA) UCL

Endrin aldehyde

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	135
Number of Detected Data	31
Minimum Detected	4.97E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0738
Percent Non-Detects	81.33%
Minimum Non-detect	3.36E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0385

Mean of Detected Data	0.00852
Median of Detected Data	0.00247
Variance of Detected Data	2.29E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0151
CV of Detected Data	1.779
Skewness of Detected Data	3.24
Mean of Detected log data	-5.658
SD of Detected Log data	1.245

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect
Number treated as Detected
Single DL Percent Detection

164
2
Single DL Percent Detection
98.80%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00201
SD	0.00716
Standard Error of Mean	5.66E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00295
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00294
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00354
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0032
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00448
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00554
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00764

Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (BCA) UCL

0.00354

Endrin ketone

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	142
Number of Detected Data	24
Minimum Detected	7.03E-04
Maximum Detected	0.02
Percent Non-Detects	85.54%
Minimum Non-detect	4.26E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0482
Mean of Detected Data	0.00502
Median of Detected Data	0.00291
Variance of Detected Data	2.23E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00473
CV of Detected Data	0.942
Skewness of Detected Data	1.696
Mean of Detected log data	-5.673
SD of Detected Log data	0.886

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 166 Number treated as Detected 0 Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00135
SD	0.00235
Standard Error of Mean	1.88E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00166
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00166
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00212
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00201
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00217
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00253
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00322

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Ethylbenzene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	36
Number of Detected Data	47
Minimum Detected	6.54E-04
Maximum Detected	0.105
Percent Non-Detects	43.37%
Minimum Non-detect	1.54E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0795
Mean of Detected Data	0.00536
Median of Detected Data	0.00206
Variance of Detected Data	2.57E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.016
CV of Detected Data	2.992
Skewness of Detected Data	5.73
Mean of Detected log data	-6.04
SD of Detected Log data	0.853

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 82 Number treated as Detected 1 Single DL Percent Detection 98.80% Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Data do flot follow a Discernable Distribution (c.	70)	
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0034	
SD	0.0122	
Standard Error of Mean	0.00135	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00564	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00562	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00624	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00591	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00929	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0118	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0168	
Potential UCL to Use		
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00564	
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.00591	
Fluoranthene		
Total Number of Data	166	
Number of Non-Detect Data	70	
Number of Detected Data	96	
Minimum Datastad	0.0133	

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	70
Number of Detected Data	96
Minimum Detected	0.0133
Maximum Detected	14.2
Percent Non-Detects	42.17%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0107
Maximum Non-detect	0.213

Mean of Detected Data	1.017
Median of Detected Data	0.179
Variance of Detected Data	4.437
SD of Detected Data	2.106
CV of Detected Data	2.071
Skewness of Detected Data	3.808
Mean of Detected log data	-1.503
SD of Detected Log data	1.799

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 119
Number treated as Detected 47
Single DL Percent Detection 71.69%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.595
SD	1.669
Standard Error of Mean	0.13
95% KM (t) UCL	0.81
95% KM (z) UCL	0.809
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.825
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.819
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.162
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.408
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.89
Potential UCL to Use	

Fluorene

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	125
Number of Detected Data	41
Minimum Detected	0.00945
Maximum Detected	1.11
Percent Non-Detects	75.30%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0086
Maximum Non-detect	0.186
Mean of Detected Data	0.149
Median of Detected Data	0.0805
Variance of Detected Data	0.053
SD of Detected Data	0.23
CV of Detected Data	1.543
Skewness of Detected Data	2.813
Mean of Detected log data	-2.681
SD of Detected Log data	1.232

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 158
Number treated as Detected 8
Single DL Percent Detection 95.18%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0444
SD	0.128
Standard Error of Mean	0.0101
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0611
95% KM (z) UCL	0.061
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0666
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0624
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0883
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.107

0.145

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)

May want to try Lognormal UCLs

		CL		-1-	
gam	ıma.	a.n	or	па	ne

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	154
Number of Detected Data	12
Minimum Detected	7.10E-04
Maximum Detected	0.0156
Percent Non-Detects	92.77%
Minimum Non-detect	2.20E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0253
Mean of Detected Data	0.00463
Median of Detected Data	0.00344
Variance of Detected Data	2.56E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00506
CV of Detected Data	1.093
Skewness of Detected Data	1.624
Mean of Detected log data	-5.882
SD of Detected Log data	1.058

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 166
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Napian Mele (NM) Method	
Mean	9.98E-04
SD	0.00166
Standard Error of Mean	1.35E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00122
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00122
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00173
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00144
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00159
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00184
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00234

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	62
Number of Detected Data	104
Minimum Detected	0.0574
Maximum Detected	6.49
Percent Non-Detects	37.35%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0142
Maximum Non-detect	0.158
Mean of Detected Data	0.58
Median of Detected Data	0.145
Variance of Detected Data	0.934
SD of Detected Data	0.967
CV of Detected Data	1.665
Skewness of Detected Data	3.417
Mean of Detected log data	-1.406
SD of Detected Log data	1.225

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 115
Number treated as Detected 51
Single DL Percent Detection 69.28%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.385
SD	0.802
Standard Error of Mean	0.0626
95% KM (t) UCL	0.489
95% KM (z) UCL	0.488
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.495
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.495
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.658
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.776
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.008
Potential UCL to Use	

Iron

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

Number of Valid Observations	166
Number of Distinct Observations	125
Minimum	2410
Maximum	77100
Mean	14277
Median	12400

SD	9389	
Variance	88155411	
Coefficient of Variation	0.658	
Skewness	3.268	
Mean of log data	9.418	
SD of log data	0.533	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	15482	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	15673	
95% Modified-t UCL	15513	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	15475	
95% Jackknife UCL	15482	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	15450	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	15739	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	15921	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	15429	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	15603	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	17453	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	18828	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) ÚCL	21528	
Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL		
Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)		
Total Number of Data	83	
Number of Non-Detect Data	67	
Number of Detected Data	16	
Minimum Detected	3.18E-04	
Maximum Detected	64.9	
Percent Non-Detects	80.72%	
Minimum Non-detect	7.00E-05	
Maximum Non-detect	0.00948	
Mean of Detected Data	4.309	
Median of Detected Data	0.00233	
Variance of Detected Data	262	
SD of Detected Data	16.18	
CV of Detected Data	3.756	
Skewness of Detected Data	3.978	
Mean of Detected log data	-4.744	
SD of Detected Log data	3.489	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is	recommended	
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),		
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	77	

77

Number treated as Non-Detect

Number treated as Detected	6	
Single DL Percent Detection	92.77%	
Data Ballalla dia a Tanta dil Batantad Valura Calu		
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only		
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)		
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	2.200	
Mean	0.831	
SD Standard France of Manage	7.087	
Standard Error of Mean	0.803	
95% KM (t) UCL	2.167	
95% KM (z) UCL	2.152 2.394	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	2.394	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	4.333	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.848	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	8.825	
33% KW (Chebyshev) OCL	0.023	
Potential UCL to Use	ATTENDED THE ATT.	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.848	
. 25.4		
Lead		
Number of Valid Observations	166	
Number of Distinct Observations	145	
Minimum	2.48	
Maximum	702	
Mean	53.52	
Median	17.1	
SD	104.2	
Variance	10860	
Coefficient of Variation	1.947	
Skewness	4.276	
Mean of log data	3.186	
SD of log data	1.12	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
059/ Hasful I/OL -		
95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL	66.9	
Student's-t OOL	00.3	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	69.69	
95% Modified-t UCL	67.35	
Non-Parametric UCLs	66.80	
95% CLT UCL	66.82	
95% Jackknife UCL	66.9	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	66.77	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	70.85 69.86	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	67.01	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	68.96	
55 /6 BOM BOOISHAP OCL	00.90	

record section of the section	4.5	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	88.78	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	104	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	134	
Potential UCL to Use Use 97.5% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	104	
Lithium		
Number of Valid Observations	166	
Number of Distinct Observations	145	
Minimum	0.65	
Maximum	28.6	
Mean	10.03	
Median	9.02	
SD	6.299	
Variance	39.67	
Coefficient of Variation	0.628	
Skewness	0.63	
Mean of log data	2.054	
SD of log data	0.791	
SD of log data	5.751	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	10.84	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	10.86	
95% Modified-t UCL	10.85	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	10.84	
95% Jackknife UCL	10.84	
	10.85	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	10.85	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL		
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	10.89	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	10.84	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	10.86	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	12.17	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	13.09	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	14.9	
Potential UCL to Use Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL		
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	12.17	
m,p-Xylene		
Total Number of Data	83	
Number of Non-Detect Data	30	
Number of Detected Data	53	
Minimum Detected	5.58E-04	
Maximum Detected	2.56	
Percent Non-Detects	36.14%	

Minimum Non-detect	1.82E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0247
Mean of Detected Data	0.0533
Median of Detected Data	0.00141
Variance of Detected Data	0.123
SD of Detected Data	0.351
CV of Detected Data	6.594
Skewness of Detected Data	7.251
Mean of Detected log data	-6.235
SD of Detected Log data	1.391
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM	Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 80 3 Number treated as Detected 96.39% Single DL Percent Detection

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0343
SD	0.279
Standard Error of Mean	0.031
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0858
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0852
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0945
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0955
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.169
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.228
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.342
Potential UCL to Use	

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.169

Manganese

Number of Valid Observations	166
Number of Distinct Observations	133
Minimum	59.3
Maximum	892
Mean	261.2
Median	224.5
SD	127.4
Variance	16239
Coefficient of Variation	0.488
Skewness	2.072
Mean of log data	5.47
SD of log data	0.429

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution

95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	277.5	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	279.2	
95% Modified-t UCL	277.8	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	277.5	
95% Jackknife UCL	277.5	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	277.4	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	279.2	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	280.3	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	277.8	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	279.9	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	304.3	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	323	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	359.6	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) OCL	339.0	
Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Student's-t UCL	277.5	
Or 95% Modified-t UCL		
Of 50% incumou 1552 and a safety of the safe	20	
Mercury		
Total Number of Data	166	
Number of Non-Detect Data	93	
Number of Detected Data	73	
Minimum Detected	0.0026	
Maximum Detected	0.85	
Percent Non-Detects	56.02%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.002	
Maximum Non-detect	0.048	
Mean of Detected Data	0.0533	
Median of Detected Data	0.012	
Variance of Detected Data	0.0189	
SD of Detected Data	0.138	
CV of Detected Data	2.582	
Skewness of Detected Data	4.518	
Mean of Detected log data	-4.069	
SD of Detected Log data	1.269	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method	is recommended	
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods		
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	5.1	
Number treated as Non-Detect	154	
Number treated as Detected	12	
Single DL Percent Detection		
Chigar Services and Control of the C	92.77%	
	92.77%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only	92.77%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	92.77%	

N/A

Winsorization Method

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0256	
Standard Error of Mean	0.00734	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0377	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0376	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.04	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0388	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0576	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0714	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0986	
Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (BCA) UCL		
95% RW (BCA) UCL	0.94 m (2011)	
Methylcyclohexane		
Total Number of Data	83	
Number of Non-Detect Data	26	
Number of Detected Data	57	
Minimum Detected	6.65E-04	
Maximum Detected	2.73	
Percent Non-Detects	31.33%	
Minimum Non-detect	2.75E-04	
Maximum Non-detect	0.0229	
Mean of Detected Data	0.0528	
Median of Detected Data	0.00224	
Variance of Detected Data	0.13	
SD of Detected Data	0.361	
CV of Detected Data	6.838	
Skewness of Detected Data	7.532	
Mean of Detected log data	-5.932	
SD of Detected Log data	1.234	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Me	thod is recommended	
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Met	thods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	80	
Number treated as Detected	3	
Single DL Percent Detection	96.39%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only	1	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.0	05)	
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0366	
SD	0.298	
Standard Error of Mean	0.033	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0914	
17	0.0000	

0.0908

0.102 0.102

95% KM (z) UCL

95% KM (BCA) UCL 95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL

19	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.18
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.242
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.365
33 % NW (Chebyshev) CCL	0.303
Potential UCL to Use	大学を対象により
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.18
Molybdenum	
Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	48
Number of Detected Data	118
Minimum Detected	0.088
Maximum Detected	10.4
Percent Non-Detects	28.92%
Minimum Non-detect	0.068
Maximum Non-detect	0.33
Mean of Detected Data	1.236
Median of Detected Data	0.615
Variance of Detected Data	2.704
SD of Detected Data	1.644
CV of Detected Data	1.33
Skewness of Detected Data	2.955
Mean of Detected log data	-0.402
SD of Detected Log data	1.095
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method	is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	
Number treated as Non-Detect	84
Number treated as Detected	82
Single DL Percent Detection	50.60%
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level	
Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.905
SD	1.475
Standard Error of Mean	0.115
95% KM (t) UCL	1.095
95% KM (z) UCL	1.094
95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.099
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.101
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.406
97.5% KM (Chahyshay) HCI	1 623

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

May want to try Lognormal UCLs

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

1.623

2.049

Naphthalene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	76
Number of Detected Data	7
Minimum Detected	0.00482
Maximum Detected	19.2
Percent Non-Detects	91.57%
Minimum Non-detect	2.72E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0233
Mean of Detected Data	3.817
Median of Detected Data	0.0762
Variance of Detected Data	53.3
SD of Detected Data	7.301
CV of Detected Data	1.913
Skewness of Detected Data	2.047
Mean of Detected log data	-2.014
SD of Detected Log data	3.291

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 79
Number treated as Detected 4
Single DL Percent Detection 95.18%

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.326
SD	2.231
Standard Error of Mean	0.264
95% KM (t) UCL	0.766
95% KM (z) UCL	0.761
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.888
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.792
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.479
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.978
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.958

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	< 0.00265
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	

Nickel		
NICKEI		
Number of Valid Observations	166	
Number of Distinct Observations	120	
Minimum	2.7	
Maximum	36.7	
Mean	11.74	
Median	11.65	
SD	4.874	
Variance	23.76	
Coefficient of Variation	0.415	
Skewness	1.176	
Mean of log data	2.374	
SD of log data	0.441	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	12.37	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	12.4	
95% Modified-t UCL	12.37	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	12.36	
95% Jackknife UCL	12.37	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	12.38	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	12.43	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	12.45	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	12.39	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	12.35	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	13.39	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	14.1	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	15.5	
Detential IIOI to IIo		
Potential UCL to Use	42.27	
Use 95% Student's-t UCL Or 95% Modified-t UCL	12.37 12.37	
Or 95% Modified-t UCL	10 TOTAL 2	
n-Propylbenzene		
Total Number of Data	83	
Number of Non-Detect Data	69	
Number of Detected Data	14	
Minimum Detected	2.30E-04	
Maximum Detected	1.8	
Percent Non-Detects	83.13%	
Minimum Non-detect	6.40E-05	
Maximum Non-detect	0.00868	

Mean of Detected Data	0.139
Median of Detected Data	4.49E-04
Variance of Detected Data	0.229
SD of Detected Data	0.479
CV of Detected Data	3.441
Skewness of Detected Data	3.718
Mean of Detected log data	-6.488
SD of Detected Log data	2.756
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Metho	od is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 80 3 Number treated as Detected 96.39% Single DL Percent Detection

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0237
SD	0.197
Standard Error of Mean	0.0224
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0609
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0605
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0684
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0671
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.121
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.163
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.246
Potential UCL to Use	

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.163

o-Xylene

Total Number of Data	83
Number of Non-Detect Data	51
Number of Detected Data	32
Minimum Detected	2.23E-04
Maximum Detected	0.84
Percent Non-Detects	61.45%
Minimum Non-detect	8.00E-05
Maximum Non-detect	0.0108
Mean of Detected Data	0.0334
Median of Detected Data	6.15E-04
Variance of Detected Data	0.0222
SD of Detected Data	0.149
CV of Detected Data	4.456
Skewness of Detected Data	5.45
Mean of Detected log data	-6.683
SD of Detected Log data	1.929

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 79
Number treated as Detected 4
Single DL Percent Detection 95.18%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Moon	(

0.013
0.0925
0.0103
0.0302
0.03
0.0338
0.0322
0.058
0.0775
0.116

Potential UCL to Use

Phenanthrene

Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	71
Number of Detected Data	95
Minimum Detected	0.0138
Maximum Detected	12.6
Percent Non-Detects	42.77%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0115
Maximum Non-detect	0.235

Mean of Detected Data	0.691
Median of Detected Data	0.142
Variance of Detected Data	2.449
SD of Detected Data	1.565
CV of Detected Data	2.264
Skewness of Detected Data	5.422
Mean of Detected log data	-1.663
SD of Detected Log data	1.597

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 129
Number treated as Detected 37
Single DL Percent Detection 77.71%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.402	
SD	1.224	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0955	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.56	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.559	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.593	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.572	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.819	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.999	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.353	
Potential UCL to Use		
Pyrene		
Total Number of Data	166	
Number of Non-Detect Data	68	
Number of Detected Data	98	
Minimum Detected	0.0121	
Maximum Detected	8.47	
Percent Non-Detects	40.96%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.0111	
Maximum Non-detect	0.3	
Mean of Detected Data	0.721	
Median of Detected Data	0.164	
Variance of Detected Data	1.891	
SD of Detected Data	1.375	
CV of Detected Data	1.908	
Skewness of Detected Data	3.327	
Mean of Detected log data	-1.67	
SD of Detected Log data	1.681	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method		
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods)),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	131	
Number treated as Detected	35	
Single DL Percent Detection	78.92%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only		
Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level		
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.432	
SD	1.107	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0864	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.575	

95% KM (z) UCL	0.574
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.58
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.572
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.808
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.291
Data appear Lognormal (0.05)	
May want to try Lognormal UCLs	
Strontium	
Number of Valid Observations	166
Number of Distinct Observations	151
Minimum	16.5
Maximum	591
Mean	75.61
Median	58.1
SD Variance	73.75 5439
Coefficient of Variation	0.975
Skewness	4.41
Mean of log data	4.107
SD of log data	0.59
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	85.08
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	87.12
95% Modified-t UCL	85.41
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	85.03
95% Jackknife UCL	85.08
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	85.02
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	87.86
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	88.32
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	85.49
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	86.55
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	100.6
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	111.4
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	132.6
Potential UCL to Use	
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	
Tin	
Total Number of Data	166
Number of Non-Detect Data	134
Number of Detected Data	32

Minimum Detected	0.55
Maximum Detected	6.48
Percent Non-Detects	80.72%
Minimum Non-detect	0.46
Maximum Non-detect	2.4
Mean of Detected Data	1.896
Median of Detected Data	1.695
Variance of Detected Data	1.825
SD of Detected Data	1.351
CV of Detected Data	0.713
Skewness of Detected Data	1.594
Mean of Detected log data	0.413
SD of Detected Log data	0.692

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 156
Number treated as Detected 10
Single DL Percent Detection 93.98%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Napiair Meici (NM) Metriod	
Mean	0.811
SD	0.789
Standard Error of Mean	0.0623
95% KM (t) UCL	0.914
95% KM (z) UCL	0.914
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.929
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.924
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.083
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.2
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.431

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Titanium

Number of Valid Observations	166
Number of Distinct Observations	114
Minimum	4.02
Maximum	645
Mean	25.77
Median	19
SD	50.15
Variance	2515
Coefficient of Variation	1.946
Skewness	11.61

Mean of log data	3.014	
SD of log data	0.484	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	32.21	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	35.92	
95% Modified-t UCL	32.8	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	32.17	
95% Jackknife UCL	32.21	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	32.16	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	49.28	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	55.9	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	33.18	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	38.2	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	42.74	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	50.08	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	64.5	
Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Student's-t UCL	32.21	
Or 95% Modified-t UCL		
OF 95% Wodified-t UCL	32.8	
	32.8	
Toluene		
Toluene Total Number of Data	83	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data	83 14	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data	83 14 69	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected	83 14 69 7.21E-04	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87 %	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87 %	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211	
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211	
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382 7.80E-06	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data SD of Detected Data	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382 7.80E-06 0.00279	
Toluene Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data SD of Detected Data CV of Detected Data	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382 7.80E-06 0.00279 0.639	
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Ninimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data SD of Detected Data CV of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382 7.80E-06 0.00279 0.639 2.436	
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data SD of Detected Data CV of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data Mean of Detected Data	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382 7.80E-06 0.00279 0.639 2.436 -5.612 0.626	
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data SD of Detected Data CV of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data Mean of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data SD of Detected Data Shewness of Detected Data Shewness of Detected Data Shewness of Detected Data SD of Detected Log data SD of Detected Log data	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382 7.80E-06 0.00279 0.639 2.436 -5.612 0.626	
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data SD of Detected Data CV of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data Mean of Detected log data SD of Detected Log data Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382 7.80E-06 0.00279 0.639 2.436 -5.612 0.626	
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data SD of Detected Data CV of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data Mean of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data Mean of Detected Log data SD of Detected Log data Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Method)	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382 7.80E-06 0.00279 0.639 2.436 -5.612 0.626	
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data SD of Detected Data CV of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data Mean of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data Shewness of Detected Data Mean of Detected Log data SD of Detected Log data Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Method Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Detected	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382 7.80E-06 0.00279 0.639 2.436 -5.612 0.626	
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect Mean of Detected Data Median of Detected Data Variance of Detected Data SD of Detected Data CV of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data Mean of Detected Data Skewness of Detected Data Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Method Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect	83 14 69 7.21E-04 0.0192 16.87% 5.22E-04 0.211 0.00437 0.00382 7.80E-06 0.00279 0.639 2.436 -5.612 0.626 d is recommended s),	

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00399
SD	0.00285
Standard Error of Mean	3.27E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00454
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00453
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00463
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00453
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00542
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00604
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00725

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

				-	-		
•	-	-	-	~		IIY	

variaulum		
Number of Valid Observations	166	
Number of Distinct Observations	117	
Minimum	4.73	
Maximum	45.6	
Mean	14.4	
Median	13.75	
SD	5.905	
Variance	34.87	
Coefficient of Variation	0.41	
Skewness	1.359	
Mean of log data	2.588	
SD of log data	0.406	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	15.16	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	15.21	
95% Modified-t UCL	15.17	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	15.16	
95% Jackknife UCL	15.16	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	15.16	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	15.23	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	15.21	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	15.15	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	15.21	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	16.4	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	17.27	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	18.96	

May want to try Gamma UCLs		
Xylene (total)		
Total Number of Data	83	
Number of Non-Detect Data	30	
Number of Detected Data	53	
Minimum Detected	7.77E-04	
Maximum Detected	3.4	
Percent Non-Detects	36.14%	
Minimum Non-detect	2.61E-04	
Maximum Non-detect	0.0355	
Mean of Detected Data	0.0735	
Median of Detected Data	0.00187	
Variance of Detected Data	0.218	
SD of Detected Data	0.467	
CV of Detected Data	6.356	
Skewness of Detected Data	7.213	
Mean of Detected log data	-5.976	
	1.506	
SD of Detected Log data	1.506	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	79	
Number treated as Detected	4	
Single DL Percent Detection	95.18%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)		
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0473	
SD	0.371	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0412	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.116	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.115	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.129	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.129	
	0.129	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.227	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.304 0.457	
Potential UCL to Use		
Zinc		
Number of Valid Observations	166	
Number of Distinct Observations	159	

Minimum	6.17
Maximum	7650
Mean	433.8
Median	192.5
SD	786.8
Variance	619126
Coefficient of Variation	1.814
Skewness	5.977
Mean of log data	5.141
SD of log data	1.438
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	534.8
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	564.5
95% Modified-t UCL	539.6
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	534.3
95% Jackknife UCL	534.8
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	534.4
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	604.2
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	971.8
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	543.4
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	581.3
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	700
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	815.2
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1041
Potential UCL to Use	
Use 97.5% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	815.2

APPENDIX A-3

NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL

Nonparametric UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects **User Selected Options** From File C:\Users\Michael\....\North of Marlin Soil Boring\N of Marlin Soil - surface\North of Marlin Soil - surface_ProUCL input.wst **Full Precision** Confidence Coefficient 95% Number of Bootstrap Operations 2000 1,1-Dichloroethane **Total Number of Data** Insufficent Number of Observations to produce Meaningful Statistics. Instead, EPC is single value (nondetect) = 1,1-Dichloroethene Total Number of Data Insufficent Number of Observations to produce Meaningful Statistics. Instead, EPC is single value (nondetect) = <0.015 1,2-Dichloroethane Total Number of Data Insufficent Number of Observations to produce Meaningful Statistics. Instead, EPC is single value (detect) = 0.177 2-Butanone Total Number of Data Insufficent Number of Observations to produce Meaningful Statistics. Instead, EPC is single value (nondetect) = <0.013 2-Methylnaphthalene 18 Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data 15 **Number of Detected Data** 0.01 Minimum Detected 0.053 Maximum Detected 83.33% **Percent Non-Detects**

0.01

0.0634

0.0362

Minimum Non-detect

Maximum Non-detect

Mean of Detected Data

Median of Detected Data	0.0456
Variance of Detected Data	5.29E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.023
CV of Detected Data	0,635
Skewness of Detected Data	-1.532
Mean of Detected log data	-3.543
SD of Detected Log data	0.923

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 18
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0146	
SD	0.0127	
Standard Error of Mean	0.00378	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0212	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0208	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.053	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0311	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0382	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0522	
D		

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide] <0.0118

4,4'-DDE

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	16

Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.00216
Maximum Detected	0.0149
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%
Minimum Non-detect	3.83E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00252
Mean of Detected Data	0.00853
Median of Detected Data	0.00853
Variance of Detected Data	8.12E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00901
CV of Detected Data	1.056
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-5.172
SD of Detected Log data	1.366

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 17
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 94.44%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00287
SD	0.00292
Standard Error of Mean	9.73E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00456
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00447
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0149
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0149
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00711
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00894

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

Potential UCL to Use

0.0149 95% KM (BCA) UCL

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

< 0.000424 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

0.0125

4,4'-DDT

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	11
Number of Detected Data	7
Minimum Detected	0.000597
Maximum Detected	0.0108
Percent Non-Detects	61.11%
Minimum Non-detect	1.48E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00282
Mean of Detected Data	0.0029
Median of Detected Data	0.00122
Variance of Detected Data	1.38E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00372
CV of Detected Data	1.282
Skewness of Detected Data	2.085
Mean of Detected log data	-6.377
SD of Detected Log data	1.031

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 16 2 Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection 88.89%

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A

Kanlan Major (KM) Method

Kapian Weler (KW) Wethou	
Mean	0.0015
SD	0.00242
Standard Error of Mean	6.17E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00257
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00252

95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0031
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00269
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00419
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00535
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00764

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)
May want to try Lognormal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.000545

Acenaphthene

Total Number of Data	18	
Number of Non-Detect Data	16	
Number of Detected Data	2	
Minimum Detected	0.021	
Maximum Detected	0.157	
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.01	
Maximum Non-detect	0.0583	
Mean of Detected Data	0.089	
Median of Detected Data	0.089	
Variance of Detected Data	0.00925	
SD of Detected Data	0.0962	
CV of Detected Data	1.081	
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A	
Mean of Detected log data	-2.857	
SD of Detected Log data	1.423	

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 17
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 94.44%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0286
SD	0.0312
Standard Error of Mean	0.0104
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0466
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0456
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.157
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.157
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0738
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0934
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.132
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.0110
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	

.._.

Acenaphthylene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0555
Maximum Detected	0.0555
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00768
Maximum Non-detect	0.0661

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0555, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0555

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0121
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Aluminum

Number of Valid Observations	18
Number of Distinct Observations	17
Minimum	1810
Maximum	16800
Mean	10673
Median	10300
SD	3687

Variance	13591176
Coefficient of Variation	0.345
Skewness	-0.368
Mean of log data	9.189
SD of log data	0.496

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	12185
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	12022
95% Modified-t UCL	12172
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	12103
95% Jackknife UCL	12185
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	12058
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	12081
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	12129
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	12001
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	12048
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	14461
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	16100
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	19319

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Anthracene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.00887
Maximum Detected	0.264
Percent Non-Detects	77.78%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00744
Maximum Non-detect	0.0641
Mean of Detected Data	0.089
Median of Detected Data	0.0415
Variance of Detected Data	0.0139
SD of Detected Data	0.118
CV of Detected Data	1.326
Skewness of Detected Data	1.872
Mean of Detected log data	-3.119
SD of Detected Log data	1.402

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	17
Number treated as Detected	1
Single DL Percent Detection	94.44%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0269
SD	0.0585
Standard Error of Mean	0.016
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0546
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0531
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.264
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0836
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0964
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.127
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.186

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0121 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Antimony

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	9
Minimum Detected	1.66
Maximum Detected	8.09
Percent Non-Detects	50.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.19
Maximum Non-detect	0.25
Mean of Detected Data	3.373
Median of Detected Data	2.62
Variance of Detected Data	3.814
SD of Detected Data	1.953
CV of Detected Data	0.579
Skewness of Detected Data	2.131
Mean of Detected log data	1.107
SD of Detected Log data	0.461

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 9 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	2.517
SD	1.559
Standard Error of Mean	0.39
95% KM (t) UCL	3.194
95% KM (z) UCL	3.158
95% KM (BCA) UCL	3.612
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	3.351
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.215
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.95
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	6.394

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Aroclor-1254

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0122
Maximum Detected	0.0122
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00383
Maximum Non-detect	0.031

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0122, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0122

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Arsenic

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	1
Number of Detected Data	17
Minimum Detected	0.54
Maximum Detected	5.69
Percent Non-Detects	5.56%
Minimum Non-detect	0.68
Maximum Non-detect	0.68
Mean of Detected Data	2.651
Median of Detected Data	2.55
Variance of Detected Data	1.123
SD of Detected Data	1.06
CV of Detected Data	0.4
Skewness of Detected Data	1.143
Mean of Detected log data	0.887
SD of Detected Log data	0.476
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Lev	rel
Winsorization Method	0.476

Winsorization Method	0.476
Mean	2.526
SD	0.59
95% Winsor (t) UCL	2.772

95% Winsor (t) OCL	2.772
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	2.533
SD	1.11
Standard Error of Mean	0.27
95% KM (t) UCL	3.002
95% KM (z) UCL	2.977
95% KM (BCA) UCL	3.069
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	3.002
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.709
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.218
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.217

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Barium

Number of Valid Observations	18
Number of Distinct Observations	18
Minimum	46.1
Maximum	476
Mean	145.2
Median	114
SD	115.8

Variance	13417	
Coefficient of Variation	0.798	
Skewness	2.357	
Mean of log data	4.783	
SD of log data	0.59	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	192.6	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	206.3	
95% Modified-t UCL	195.2	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	190.1	
95% Jackknife UCL	192.6	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	189.6	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	287.9	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	491.4	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	196.4	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	207.9	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	264.2	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	315.6	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	416.8	
Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	264.2	
Benzo(a)anthracene		
Total Number of Data	18	

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	1.18
Maximum Detected	1.18
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00503
Maximum Non-detect	1.18

Data set has all detected values equal to = 1.18, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 1.18

**	Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	· Section	< 0.0110
	[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]		

Benzo(a)pyrene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	11
Number of Detected Data	7
Minimum Detected	0.0135
Maximum Detected	1.42
Percent Non-Detects	61.11%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00901
Maximum Non-detect	0.0117
Mean of Detected Data	0.284
Median of Detected Data	0.103
Variance of Detected Data	0.253
SD of Detected Data	0.503
CV of Detected Data	1.773
Skewness of Detected Data	2.591
Mean of Detected log data	-2.178
SD of Detected Log data	1.387

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

N1 / A

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

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Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.119	
SD	0.319	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0813	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.26	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.252	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.305	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.273	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.473	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.626	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.927	

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

^{**} Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0116 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	8
Minimum Detected	0.0487
Maximum Detected	1.62
Percent Non-Detects	55.56%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00721
Maximum Non-detect	0.0497
Mean of Detected Data	0.318
Median of Detected Data	0.13
Variance of Detected Data	0.279
SD of Detected Data	0.528
CV of Detected Data	1.659
Skewness of Detected Data	2.777
Mean of Detected log data	-1.785
SD of Detected Log data	1.019

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	11
Number treated as Detected	7
Single DL Percent Detection	61.11%

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.169
SD	0.356
Standard Error of Mean	0.0896
95% KM (t) UCL	0.325
95% KM (z) UCL	0.316
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.373
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.339
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.559
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.728
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.06

Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (BCA) UCL

0.373

Benzo(g,h,i)perylene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	10
Minimum Detected	0.0237
Maximum Detected	1.28
Percent Non-Detects	44.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0103
Maximum Non-detect	0.0116
Mean of Detected Data	0.234
Median of Detected Data	0.0895
Variance of Detected Data	0.147
SD of Detected Data	0.384
CV of Detected Data	1.642
Skewness of Detected Data	2.721
Mean of Detected log data	-2.257
SD of Detected Log data	1.245

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

[2] 2) 16 마스타트 (C. 2017)	
Mean	0.14
SD	0.291
Standard Error of Mean	0.0723
95% KM (t) UCL	0.266
95% KM (z) UCL	0.259
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.288
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.277
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.455
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.592
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.859

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Benzo(k)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.068

Maximum Detected	0.799
Percent Non-Detects	77.78%
Minimum Non-detect	0.011
Maximum Non-detect	0.0916
Mean of Detected Data	0.272
Median of Detected Data	0.111
Variance of Detected Data	0.124
SD of Detected Data	0.353
CV of Detected Data	1.296
Skewness of Detected Data	1.949
Mean of Detected log data	-1.849
SD of Detected Log data	1.13

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 16
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 88.89%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.113
SD	0.167
Standard Error of Mean	0.0455
95% KM (t) UCL	0.193
95% KM (z) UCL	0.188
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.799
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.252
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.312
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.398
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.566

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0175

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Beryllium

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	1
Number of Detected Data	17
Minimum Detected	0.066
Maximum Detected	2.88
Percent Non-Detects	5.56%
Minimum Non-detect	0.026
Maximum Non-detect	0.026
Mean of Detected Data	0.749
Median of Detected Data	0.66
Variance of Detected Data	0.356
SD of Detected Data	0.597
CV of Detected Data	0.797
Skewness of Detected Data	3.046
Mean of Detected log data	-0.528
SD of Detected Log data	0.774
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only	

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	0.774
Mean	0.605
SD	0.277
95% Winsor (t) UCL	0.72
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.711

SD	0.584
Standard Error of Mean	0.142
95% KM (t) UCL	0.958
95% KM (z) UCL	0.944
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.995
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.959
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.329
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.597
99% KM (Chehyshey) LICI	2 123

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	11
Number of Detected Data	7
Minimum Detected	0.0122
Maximum Detected	0.239
Percent Non-Detects	61.11%
Minimum Non-detect	0.046
Maximum Non-detect	0.105

Mean of Detected Data	0.0693
Median of Detected Data	0.0532
Variance of Detected Data	0.00595
SD of Detected Data	0.0771
CV of Detected Data	1.113
Skewness of Detected Data	2.321
Mean of Detected log data	-3.069
SD of Detected Log data	0.937

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 17
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 94.44%

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0445
SD	0.0502
Standard Error of Mean	0.0138
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0685
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0672
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.076
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0695
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.105
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.131
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.182

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0546

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Boron

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	5
Number of Detected Data	13
Minimum Detected	3.15

Maximum Detected	39.2
Percent Non-Detects	27.78%
Minimum Non-detect	1.11
Maximum Non-detect	1.25
Mean of Detected Data	10.89
Median of Detected Data	9
Variance of Detected Data	95.21
SD of Detected Data	9.757
CV of Detected Data	0.896
Skewness of Detected Data	2.309
Mean of Detected log data	2.125
SD of Detected Log data	0.713

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	0.713
Mean	5.999
SD	2.737
95% Winsor (t) UCL	7.221
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	8.743
SD	8.689
Standard Error of Mean	2.132
95% KM (t) UCL	12.45
95% KM (z) UCL	12.25
95% KM (BCA) UCL	12.91
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	12.43
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	18.03
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	22.06
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	29.95

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Butyl benzyl phthalate

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.151
Maximum Detected	0.151
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00913
Maximum Non-detect	0.0733

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.151, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.151

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

18

10

0.28

0.8

-0.838

0.327

8

Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data Number of Detected Data Minimum Detected Maximum Detected

Cadmium

Percent Non-Detects	55.56%
Minimum Non-detect	0.006
Maximum Non-detect	0.033
Mean of Detected Data	0.455
Median of Detected Data	0.385
Variance of Detected Data	0.028
SD of Detected Data	0.167
CV of Detected Data	0.368
Skewness of Detected Data	1.539

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Mean of Detected log data

SD of Detected Log data

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.358	
SD	0.136	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0342	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.417	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.414	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.467	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.45	

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.507
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.572
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.698

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Ca		

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.013
Maximum Detected	0.128
Percent Non-Detects	77.78%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00965
Maximum Non-detect	0.0578
Mean of Detected Data	0.0445
Median of Detected Data	0.0185
Variance of Detected Data	0.00311
SD of Detected Data	0.0557
CV of Detected Data	1.252
Skewness of Detected Data	1.987
Mean of Detected log data	-3.595
SD of Detected Log data	1.04

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 17
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 94.44%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.02
SD	0.0262
Standard Error of Mean	0.00714
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0325
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0318
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.128

95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0388
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0512
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0647
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0911

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0111

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Chromium		
Number of Valid Observations	18	
Number of Distinct Observations	18	
Minimum	7.9	
Maximum	128	
Mean	20.26	
Median	11.6	
SD	27.58	
Variance	760.5	
Coefficient of Variation	1.361	
Skewness	3.912	
Mean of log data	2.683	
SD of log data	0.658	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	31.56	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	37.35	
95% Modified-t UCL	32.56	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	30.95	
95% Jackknife UCL	31.56	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	30.37	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	66.91	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	67.88	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	32.64	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	40.53	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	48.59	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	60.85	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	84.93	
Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	48.59	

Chrysene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	11
Number of Detected Data	7
Minimum Detected	0.011
Maximum Detected	1.3
Percent Non-Detects	61.11%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00911
Maximum Non-detect	0.0523
Mean of Detected Data	0.253
Median of Detected Data	0.115
Variance of Detected Data	0.216
SD of Detected Data	0.465
CV of Detected Data	1.838
Skewness of Detected Data	- 2.58
Mean of Detected log data	-2.455
SD of Detected Log data	1.543

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

13
5
2.22%
,

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.105
SD	0.293
Standard Error of Mean	0.0746
95% KM (t) UCL	0.235
95% KM (z) UCL	0.228
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.323
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.248
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.43
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.571
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.847

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.0103
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide		
Cobalt		
Number of Valid Observations	18	
Number of Distinct Observations	18	
Minimum	2.81	
Maximum	7.87	
Mean	5.789	
Median	5.84	
SD	1.506	
Variance	2.268	
Coefficient of Variation	0.26	
Skewness	-0.505	
Mean of log data	1.718	
SD of log data	0.299	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL		
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	6.328	
95% Modified-t UCL	6.399	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	6.373	•
95% Jackknife UCL	6.406	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	6.352	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	6.376	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	6.339	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	6.363	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	6.318	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	7.336	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	8.006	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	9.321	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		
Copper		
Number of Valid Observations	18	
Number of Distinct Observations	17	
Minimum	5.9	
Maximum	200	
Mean	24.13	
Median	9.895	
SD	44.66	
Variance	1994	

Coefficient of Variation	1.851
Skewness	4.008
Mean of log data	2.621
SD of log data	0.865
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	42.44
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	52.07
95% Modified-t UCL	44.1
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	41.44
95% Jackknife UCL	42.44
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	40.65
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	100.8
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	104
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	44.65
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	56.68
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	70.01
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	89.86
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	128.9
Potential UCL to Use	
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	70.01
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	
Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.045

0.404

77.78% 0.00687

0.0565

0.189

0.153

0.0233

0.153

0.81

1.295

-1.944

0.902

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Maximum Detected Percent Non-Detects

Minimum Non-detect Maximum Non-detect

Mean of Detected Data

SD of Detected Data

CV of Detected Data

Median of Detected Data

Variance of Detected Data

Skewness of Detected Data

Mean of Detected log data

SD of Detected Log data

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 15
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 83.33%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0769
SD	0.0863
Standard Error of Mean	0.0235
95% KM (t) UCL	0.118
95% KM (z) UCL	0.116
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.192
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.192
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.179
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.224
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.311

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0110

Dibenzofuran

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0862
Maximum Detected	0.0862
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00606
Maximum Non-detect	0.083

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0862, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0862

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0152

Dieldrin

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00545
Maximum Detected	0.00545
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.000165
Maximum Non-detect	0.00246

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00545, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00545

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.000183 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Diethyl phthalate

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.011
Maximum Detected	0.011
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00756
Maximum Non-detect	0.0996

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.011, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.011

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Di-n-butyl phthalate

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.01
Maximum Detected	0.01
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00797
Maximum Non-detect	0.167

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.01, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.01

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0310 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Di-n-octyl	phthalate	

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	16
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.0154
Maximum Detected	0.123
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00848
Maximum Non-detect	0.0487
Mean of Detected Data	0.0692
Median of Detected Data	0.0692
Variance of Detected Data	0.00579
SD of Detected Data	0.0761
CV of Detected Data	1.099
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-3.134
SD of Detected Log data	1.469

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 17 Number treated as Detected 1 Single DL Percent Detection 94.44%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0214
SD	0.0246
Standard Error of Mean	0.00822
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0357
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0349
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.123
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0572
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0727
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.103
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.123
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.00950
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	

Endrin

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00149
Maximum Detected	0.00149
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0002
Maximum Non-detect	0.00295

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00149, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00149

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.000222
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	

Endrin ketone

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00966
Maximum Detected	0.00966
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.000495

Maximum Non-detect

0.00298

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00966, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00966

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User, Guide]

< 0.000548

Fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	12
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.0214
Maximum Detected	2.19
Percent Non-Detects	66.67%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00676
Maximum Non-detect	0.0658
Mean of Detected Data	0.462
Median of Detected Data	0.125
Variance of Detected Data	0.724
SD of Detected Data	0.851
CV of Detected Data	1.843
Skewness of Detected Data	2.395
Mean of Detected log data	-1.942
SD of Detected Log data	1.595

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 14
Number treated as Detected 4
Single DL Percent Detection 77.78%

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

 Mean
 0.168

 SD
 0.494

 Standard Error of Mean
 0.128

95% KM (t) UCL	0.39
95% KM (z) UCL	0.378
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.447
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.416
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.725
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.965
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.438

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.012

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Fluorene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.017
Maximum Detected	0.141
Percent Non-Detects	83.33%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00689
Maximum Non-detect	0.0575
Mean of Detected Data	0.0647
Median of Detected Data	0.036
Variance of Detected Data	0.00446
SD of Detected Data	0.0668
CV of Detected Data	1.033
Skewness of Detected Data	1.576
Mean of Detected log data	-3.119
SD of Detected Log data	1.073

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 17
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 94.44%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.025
SD	0.0285
Standard Error of Mean	0.00823
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0393
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0385
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.141
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0609
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0764
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.107

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0109 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	9
Minimum Detected	0.02
Maximum Detected	1.51
Percent Non-Detects	50.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0165
Maximum Non-detect	0.095
Mean of Detected Data	0.289
Median of Detected Data	0.149
Variance of Detected Data	0.215
SD of Detected Data	0.464
CV of Detected Data	1.604
Skewness of Detected Data	2.851
Mean of Detected log data	-1.916
SD of Detected Log data	1.153

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 12 Number treated as Detected 6 Single DL Percent Detection 66.67%

Warning: There are only 9 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions
It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.155	
SD	0.337	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0843	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.302	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.294	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.333	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.317	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.523	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.682	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.994	
Data appear Lognormal (0.05)		
May want to try Lognormal UCLs		
Iron		

18 8450
8450
2000
9477
4700
1073
E+08
1.082
3.929
.653
).564
1

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	28117
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	32561
95% Modified-t UCL	28884
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	27646
95% Jackknife UCL	28117
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	27671

95% Bootstrap-t UCL	49011
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	60240
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	29148
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	33973
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	41127
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	50495
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	68897

Potential UCL to Use

Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	41127	
Lead		
Number of Valid Observations	18	
Number of Distinct Observations	16	
Minimum	8.22	
Maximum	471	
Mean	57.7	
Median	17.1	
SD	111.1	
Variance	12345	
Coefficient of Variation	1.926	
Skewness	3.403	
Mean of log data	3.182	
SD of log data	1.161	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	103.3	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	123.2	
95% Modified-t UCL	106.8	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	100.8	
95% Jackknife UCL	103.3	

Potential UCL to Use 99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 318.3

98.59

189.9

228.1

106.1

131.6

171.9

221.2 318.3

95% Standard Bootstrap UCL

95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL

95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

95% Bootstrap-t UCL 95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL

95% BCA Bootstrap UCL

Lithium

Number of Valid Observations	18
Number of Distinct Observations	18
Minimum	2.59
Maximum	26.6
Mean	16.57
Median	16.15
SD	5.136
Variance	26.38
Coefficient of Variation	0.31
Skewness	-0.697
Mean of log data	2.729
SD of log data	0.49
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	18.68
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	18.35
95% Modified-t UCL	18.64
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	18.56
95% Jackknife UCL	18.68
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	18.5
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	18.59
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	18.58
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	18.48
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	18.33
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	21.85
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	24.13
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	28.62
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
[14]	

May want to try Normal UCLs

Manganese

Number of Valid Observations	18
Number of Distinct Observations	18
Minimum	82.3
Maximum	1210
Mean	369.5
Median	296
SD	247.7
Variance	61331
Coefficient of Variation	0.67
Skewness	2.484
Mean of log data	5.754
SD of log data	0.565

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	471
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	502
95% Modified-t UCL	476.7
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	465.5
95% Jackknife UCL	471
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	463.6
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	537.6
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	893.1
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	466.1
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	496.7
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	623.9
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	734
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	950.3

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Mercury

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	8
Minimum Detected	0.006
Maximum Detected	0.064
Percent Non-Detects	55.56%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0023
Maximum Non-detect	0.025
Mean of Detected Data	0.0229
Median of Detected Data	0.0165
Variance of Detected Data	3.98E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0199
CV of Detected Data	0.872
Skewness of Detected Data	1.451
Mean of Detected log data	-4.096
SD of Detected Log data	0.853

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect 15 Number treated as Detected

3

83.33%

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

Single DL Percent Detection

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions. It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0138
SD	0.0149
Standard Error of Mean	0.00379
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0204
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0201
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0227
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0213
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0303
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0375
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0515
Data appear Normal (0.05)	

Data appear Normal (0.05)
May want to try Normal UCLs

Molybdenum

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	11
Minimum Detected	0.085
Maximum Detected	10.7
Percent Non-Detects	38.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.074
Maximum Non-detect	0.084
Mean of Detected Data	1.527
Median of Detected Data	0.26
Variance of Detected Data	9.681
SD of Detected Data	3.111
CV of Detected Data	2.038
Skewness of Detected Data	3.066
Mean of Detected log data	-0.802
SD of Detected Log data	1.546

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	1.546
Mean	0.112
SD	0.0267
95% Winsor (t) UCL	0.127
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.966
SD	2.423
Standard Error of Mean	0.599
95% KM (t) UCL	2.008
95% KM (z) UCL	1.951
95% KM (BCA) UCL	2.184
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	2.068
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.577
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.707
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	6.927

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Nickel

Number of Valid Observations	18
Number of Distinct Observations	17
Minimum	11.7
Maximum	51.7
Mean	17.04
Median	14.6
SD	9.054
Variance	81.97
Coefficient of Variation	0.531
Skewness	3.644
Mean of log data	2.762
SD of log data	0.343

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	20.76
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	22.51
95% Modified-t UCL	21.06
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	20.55
95% Jackknife UCL	20.76
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	20.47
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	27.18
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	33.8
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	20.98

95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	23.37
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	26.35
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	30.37
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	38.28
Potential UCL to Use	
Use 95% Student's-t UCL	20.76
Or 95% Modified-t UCL	21.06

Phenanthrene

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	11
Number of Detected Data	7
Minimum Detected	0.018
Maximum Detected	1.34
Percent Non-Detects	61.11%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00729
Maximum Non-detect	0.0727
Mean of Detected Data	0.266
Median of Detected Data	0.041
Variance of Detected Data	0.231
SD of Detected Data	0.481
CV of Detected Data	1.805
Skewness of Detected Data	2.482
Mean of Detected log data	-2.452
SD of Detected Log data	1.542

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 15
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 83.33%

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.115
SD	0.303
Standard Error of Mean	0.0771
95% KM (t) UCL	0.249

95% KM (z) UCL	0.242
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.265
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.261
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.451
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.596
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.882

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0142

Pyrene

Total Number of Data	19
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	9
Minimum Detected	0.0149
Maximum Detected	4.64
Percent Non-Detects	52.63%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0122
Maximum Non-detect	0.0702
Mean of Detected Data	0.798
Median of Detected Data	0.091
Variance of Detected Data	2.426
SD of Detected Data	1.558
CV of Detected Data	1.951
Skewness of Detected Data	2.356
Mean of Detected log data	-1.978
SD of Detected Log data	2.019

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 13
Number treated as Detected 6
Single DL Percent Detection 68.42%

Warning: There are only 9 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.386
SD	1.084
Standard Error of Mean	0.264
95% KM (t) UCL	0.843
95% KM (z) UCL	0.82
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.898
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.866
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.536
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.033
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.01

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Silver

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	16
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.092
Maximum Detected	0.41
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.027
Maximum Non-detect	0.15
Mean of Detected Data	0.251
Median of Detected Data	0.251
Variance of Detected Data	0.0506
SD of Detected Data	0.225
CV of Detected Data	0.896
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-1.639
SD of Detected Log data	1.057

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 17
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 94.44%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable. It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.11	
SD	0.0728	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0243	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.152	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.15	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.41	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.41	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.216	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.261	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.351	
Potential UCL to Use		
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.41	
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	<0.0600	

Strontium

Number of Valid Observations	18
Number of Distinct Observations	18
Minimum	26.6
Maximum	93.6
Mean	57.32
Median	52.85
SD	19.7
Variance	388.2
Coefficient of Variation	0.344
Skewness	0.325
Mean of log data	3.989
SD of log data	0.364
95% Useful UCLs	
95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL	65.4
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	65.34
95% Modified-t UCL	65.45
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	64.96

95% Jackknife UCL	65.4
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	64.55
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	66.09
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	65.38
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	64.71
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	64.87
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	77.56
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	86.32
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	103.5

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Thallium

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.63
Maximum Detected	0.63
Percent Non-Detects	94.44%
Minimum Non-detect	0.091
Maximum Non-detect	0.89

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.63, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.63

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	4	<0.100
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]		

Tin

Total Number of Data	18
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.68
Maximum Detected	3.67
Percent Non-Detects	77.78%
Minimum Non-detect	0.39
Maximum Non-detect	2.17
Mean of Detected Data	1.673
Median of Detected Data	1.17
Variance of Detected Data	1.962
SD of Detected Data	1.401
CV of Detected Data	0.837
Skewness of Detected Data	1.487
Mean of Detected log data	0.267

SD of Detected Log data

0.795

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

17 Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected 1 94.44% Single DL Percent Detection

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.904
SD	0.706
Standard Error of Mean	0.193
95% KM (t) UCL	1.239
95% KM (z) UCL	1.221
95% KM (BCA) UCL	3.67
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.848
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.744
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.108
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.822

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.590 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Titanium

Number of Valid Observations	18
Number of Distinct Observations	17
Minimum	3.41
Maximum	55.9
Mean	20.67
Median	18.7
SD	11.65
Variance	135.7
Coefficient of Variation	0.563
Skewness	1.656
Mean of log data	2.882
SD of log data	0.591

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	25.45
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	26.33
95% Modified-t UCL	25.63
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	25.19
95% Jackknife UCL	25.45
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	24.96
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	27.41
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	33.8
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	25.5
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	26.63
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	32.64
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	37.82
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	47.99
Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)	
May want to try Gamma UCLs	

Vanadium

Number of Distinct Observations 18 Minimum 7.85 Maximum 45.8 Mean 19.66 Median 18.65 SD 9.126 Variance 83.28 Coefficient of Variation 0.464 Skewness 1.322 Mean of log data 2.884 SD of log data 0.449 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51 95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL 25.38	Number of Valid Observations	18
Minimum 7.85 Maximum 45.8 Mean 19.66 Median 18.65 SD 9.126 Variance 83.28 Coefficient of Variation 0.464 Skewness 1.322 Mean of log data 2.884 SD of log data 0.449 95% Useful UCLs 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 23.91 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51		1000
Mean 19.66 Median 18.65 SD 9.126 Variance 83.28 Coefficient of Variation 0.464 Skewness 1.322 Mean of log data 2.884 SD of log data 0.449 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 95% Jackknife UCL 23.2 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51		7.85
Median 18.65 SD 9.126 Variance 83.28 Coefficient of Variation 0.464 Skewness 1.322 Mean of log data 2.884 SD of log data 0.449 95% Useful UCLs 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	Maximum	45.8
SD 9.126 Variance 83.28 Coefficient of Variation 0.464 Skewness 1.322 Mean of log data 2.884 SD of log data 0.449 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 23.91 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	Mean	19.66
Variance 83.28 Coefficient of Variation 0.464 Skewness 1.322 Mean of log data 2.884 SD of log data 0.449 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 23.91 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	Median	18.65
Coefficient of Variation 0.464 Skewness 1.322 Mean of log data 2.884 SD of log data 0.449 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 23.91 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	SD	9.126
Skewness 1.322 Mean of log data 2.884 SD of log data 0.449 95% Useful UCLs 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 23.4 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	Variance	83.28
Mean of log data 2.884 SD of log data 0.449 95% Useful UCLs 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 23.4 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	Coefficient of Variation	0.464
SD of log data 0.449 95% Useful UCLs 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 23.91 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	Skewness	1.322
95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 23.91 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	Mean of log data	2.884
Student's-t UCL 23.4 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 23.91 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	SD of log data	0.449
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	95% Useful UCLs	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 23.91 95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	Student's-t UCL	23.4
95% Modified-t UCL 23.51 Non-Parametric UCLs 23.2 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
Non-Parametric UCLs 95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	23.91
95% CLT UCL 23.2 95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	95% Modified-t UCL	23.51
95% Jackknife UCL 23.4 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 23.07 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	95% CLT UCL	23.2
95% Bootstrap-t UCL 24.51	95% Jackknife UCL	23.4
SERVICE CONTRACTOR OF THE SERVICE CONTRACTOR	95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	23.07
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL 25.38	95% Bootstrap-t UCL	24.51
	95% Hall's Rootstran LICI	25 38

95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	23.28
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	23.91
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	29.03
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	33.09
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	41.06

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Zinc	
Number of Valid Observations	18
Number of Distinct Observations	18
Minimum	29.5
Maximum	5640
Mean	418.4
Median	53.95
SD	1308
Variance	1709718
Coefficient of Variation	3.125
Skewness	4.195
Mean of log data	4.562
SD of log data	1.321
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	954.5
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	1251
95% Modified-t UCL	1005
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	925.3
95% Jackknife UCL	954.5
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	913.4
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	5677
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	3640
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	1029
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	1364
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1762
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	2343
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	3485
Potential UCL to Use	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	3485

APPENDIX A-4

NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL

Nonparametric UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File C:\Users\Michael\....\North of Marlin Soil Boring\North of Marlin Soil - all data\North of Marlin Soil - ECO all data_ProUCL Input.wst

Full Precision OFF

Confidence Coefficient 95% Number of Bootstrap Operations 2000

1,1-Dichloroethane

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.00161
Maximum Detected	0.518
Percent Non-Detects	85.00%
Minimum Non-detect	1.28E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00812

Mean of Detected Data	0.177
Median of Detected Data	0.0121
Variance of Detected Data	0.0871
SD of Detected Data	0.295
CV of Detected Data	1.665
Skewness of Detected Data	1.73
Mean of Detected log data	-3.835
SD of Detected Log data	2.93

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 18
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 90.00%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.028
SD	0.112
Standard Error of Mean	0.0308
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0812
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0786

95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.518
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.518
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.162
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.22
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.334

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.000175

20

1,1-Dichloroethene

Total Number of Data

Total Number of Data	20	
Number of Non-Detect Data	18	
Number of Detected Data	2	
Minimum Detected	0.00178	
Maximum Detected	0.313	
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%	
Minimum Non-detect	2.90E-04	
Maximum Non-detect	0.018	
Mean of Detected Data	0.157	
Median of Detected Data	0.157	
Variance of Detected Data	0.0484	
SD of Detected Data	0.22	
CV of Detected Data	1.398	
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A	
Mean of Detected log data	-3.746	
SD of Detected Log data	3.655	

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 19
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 95.00%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0173
SD	0.0678
Standard Error of Mean	0.0214
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0544
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0526
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.313
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.313
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.111
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.151
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.231
Potential UCL to Use	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.231

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.000387

17

1,2-Dichloroethane

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	5
Minimum Detected	0.00231
Maximum Detected	0.178
Percent Non-Detects	75.00%
Minimum Non-detect	9.20E-05
Maximum Non-detect	0.00526
Mean of Detected Data	0.0744
Median of Detected Data	0.011
Variance of Detected Data	0.00887
SD of Detected Data	0.0942
CV of Detected Data	1.266
Skewness of Detected Data	0.603
Mean of Detected log data	-3.934
SD of Detected Log data	2.091

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect
Number treated as Detected

Single DL Percent Detection 85.00%

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0203
SD	0.0524
Standard Error of Mean	0.0131
95% KM (t) UCL	0.043
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0419
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.177
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0549
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0775
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.102
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.151

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.000126

2-Butanone

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	11
Minimum Detected	0.0017
Maximum Detected	0.208
Percent Non-Detects	45.00%
Minimum Non-detect	2.52E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.016
Mean of Detected Data	0.0222
Median of Detected Data	0.00299
Variance of Detected Data	0.0038
SD of Detected Data	0.0617
CV of Detected Data	2.78
Skewness of Detected Data	3.312
Mean of Detected log data	-5.351
SD of Detected Log data	1.327

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 19
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 95.00%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0132
SD	0.0447
Standard Error of Mean	0.0105
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0314
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0305
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0341
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0337
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0589
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0787
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.118
Potential UCL to Use	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0787

...........

2-Methylnaphthalene

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	32
Number of Detected Data	5
Minimum Detected	0.01
Maximum Detected	1.04
Percent Non-Detects	86.49%
Minimum Non-detect	0.01
Maximum Non-detect	0.0634
Mean of Detected Data	0.24
Median of Detected Data	0.053
Variance of Detected Data	0.2
SD of Detected Data	0.447
CV of Detected Data	1.862
Skewness of Detected Data	2.227
Mean of Detected log data	-2.706
SD of Detected Log data	1.688

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect36Number treated as Detected1Single DL Percent Detection97.30%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0412
SD	0.167
Standard Error of Mean	0.0307
95% KM (t) UCL	0.093
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0917
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.154
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.125
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.175
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.233
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.346

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)
May want to try Lognormal UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0118

...........

4,4'-DDE

Total Number of Data	37	
Number of Non-Detect Data	35	
Number of Detected Data	2	
Minimum Detected	0.00216	
Maximum Detected	0.0149	
Percent Non-Detects	94.59%	
Minimum Non-detect	3.79E-04	
Maximum Non-detect	0.054	
Mean of Detected Data	0.00853	
Median of Detected Data	0.00853	
Variance of Detected Data	8.12E-05	
SD of Detected Data	0.00901	
CV of Detected Data	1.056	
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A	
Mean of Detected log data	-5.172	
SD of Detected Log data	1.366	

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 37
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00251
SD	0.00209
Standard Error of Mean	4.93E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00335
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00333
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0149
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0149
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00466
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0056
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00742
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0149

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

4,4'-DDT

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	29
Number of Detected Data	8
Minimum Detected	0.000597
Maximum Detected	0.395
Percent Non-Detects	78.38%
Minimum Non-detect	1.46E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00282
Mean of Detected Data	0.0519
Median of Detected Data	0.00134
Variance of Detected Data	0.0192
SD of Detected Data	0.139
CV of Detected Data	2.671
Skewness of Detected Data	2.825
Mean of Detected log data	-5.696
SD of Detected Log data	2.15

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect34Number treated as Detected3Single DL Percent Detection91.89%

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0117
SD	0.0639
Standard Error of Mean	0.0112
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0307
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0302
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0335
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0331
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0607
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0818
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.123
Potential UCL to Use	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.123

Acenaphthene

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	33
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.021
Maximum Detected	0.157
Percent Non-Detects	89.19%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00998
Maximum Non-detect	0.125
Mean of Detected Data	0.0778
Median of Detected Data	0.0665
Variance of Detected Data	0.00429
SD of Detected Data	0.0655
CV of Detected Data	0.843
Skewness of Detected Data	0.49
Mean of Detected log data	-2.893
SD of Detected Log data	0.994

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 36 1 Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection 97.30%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0272
SD	0.0258
Standard Error of Mean	0.00491
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0355
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0353
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.157
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.11
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0486
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0579
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0761

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Acenaphthylene

Total Number of Data

37

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0555, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0555

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0120 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Aluminum

Number of Valid Observations	37
Number of Distinct Observations	32
Minimum	1810
Maximum	18300
Mean	12023

Median	11700
SD	3936
Variance	15492728
Coefficient of Variation	0.327
Skewness	-0.29
Mean of log data	9.323
SD of log data	0.432
95% Useful UCLs	in Material
Student's-t UCL	13116
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	13055
95% Modified-t UCL	13111
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	13088
95% Jackknife UCL	13116
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	13081
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	13073
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	13031
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	13070
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	13022
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	14844
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	16064
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	18462

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Anthracene

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	30
Number of Detected Data	7
Minimum Detected	0.00887
Maximum Detected	0.264
Percent Non-Detects	. 81.08%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00744
Maximum Non-detect	0.0641
Mean of Detected Data	0.11
Median of Detected Data	0.051
Variance of Detected Data	0.00988
SD of Detected Data	0.0994
CV of Detected Data	0.903
Skewness of Detected Data	0.593
Mean of Detected log data	-2.71
SD of Detected Log data	1.214

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	34
Number treated as Detected	3
Single DL Percent Detection	91.89%

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0281
SD	0.0563
Standard Error of Mean	0.01
95% KM (t) UCL	0.045
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0446
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0754
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0669
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0717
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0906
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.128

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

***	Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =
4	[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0120

Antimony

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	20
Number of Detected Data	17
Minimum Detected	0.36
Maximum Detected	8.09
Percent Non-Detects	54.05%
Minimum Non-detect	0.19
Maximum Non-detect	0.26
Mean of Detected Data	2.886
Median of Detected Data	2.56
Variance of Detected Data	2.571
SD of Detected Data	1.604
CV of Detected Data	0.556
Skewness of Detected Data	2.178
Mean of Detected log data	0.915
SD of Detected Log data	0.615

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	1.521
SD	1.642
Standard Error of Mean	0.278
95% KM (t) UCL	1.991
95% KM (z) UCL	1.979
95% KM (BCA) UCL	2.745
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	2.633
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.734
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.259
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.29
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	1.991
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	2.633

Aroclor-1254

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	34
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.0122
Maximum Detected	6.35
Percent Non-Detects	91.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00379
Maximum Non-detect	0.031
Mean of Detected Data	2.152
Median of Detected Data	0.0938
Variance of Detected Data	13.22
SD of Detected Data	3.636
CV of Detected Data	1.689
Skewness of Detected Data	1.731
Mean of Detected log data	-1.641
SD of Detected Log data	3.19

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 35
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 94.59%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.186
SD	1.027
Standard Error of Mean	0.207
95% KM (t) UCL	0.535
95% KM (z) UCL	0.526
95% KM (BCA) UCL	6.35
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.087
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.478
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.244

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00430 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Arsenic

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	5
Number of Detected Data	32
Minimum Detected	0.54
Maximum Detected	5.69
Percent Non-Detects	13.51%
Minimum Non-detect	0.15
Maximum Non-detect	0.68
Mean of Detected Data	2.869
Median of Detected Data	2.575
Variance of Detected Data	1.3
SD of Detected Data	1.14
CV of Detected Data	0.397
Skewness of Detected Data	0.892
Mean of Detected log data	0.972
SD of Detected Log data	0.438

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect		
	6	
Number treated as Detected	31	
Single DL Percent Detection	16.22%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only		
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.0	15)	
Winsorization Method	16.22%	
Mean	2.507	
SD	0.754	
95% Winsor (t) UCL	2.719	
(4)		
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	2.554	
SD	1.313	
Standard Error of Mean	0.219	
95% KM (t) UCL	2.925	
95% KM (z) UCL	2.915	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	3.075	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	2.971	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.51	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.924	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.736	
Potential UCL to Use		
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.51	
Barium		
Barium		
Barium Number of Valid Observations	37	
	37 32	
Number of Valid Observations		
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations	32	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum	32 46.1	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum	32 46.1 476	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean	32 46.1 476 140.1	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median	32 46.1 476 140.1 119	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data SD of log data Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data SD of log data Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786 0.531	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data SD of log data Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data SD of log data Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786 0.531	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data SD of log data Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786 0.531	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data SD of log data Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786 0.531	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data SD of log data Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786 0.531	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data SD of log data Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 95% Modified-t UCL	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786 0.531	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data SD of log data Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 95% Modified-t UCL Non-Parametric UCLs	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786 0.531 166.5	
Number of Valid Observations Number of Distinct Observations Minimum Maximum Mean Median SD Variance Coefficient of Variation Skewness Mean of log data SD of log data Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution 95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 95% Modified-t UCL	32 46.1 476 140.1 119 95.35 9091 0.681 2.336 4.786 0.531	

95% Jackknife UCL	166.5
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	165.5
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	176.9
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	182.7
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	165.7
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	171.6
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	208.4
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	237.9
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	296

Potential UCL to Use

Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL

208.4

Benzene

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	12
Minimum Detected	0.00138
Maximum Detected	0.00632
Percent Non-Detects	40.00%
Minimum Non-detect	9.00E-05
Maximum Non-detect	0.00531
Mean of Detected Data	0.00357
Median of Detected Data	0.00299
Variance of Detected Data	2.98E-06
SD of Detected Data	0.00173
CV of Detected Data	0.484
Skewness of Detected Data	0.473
Mean of Detected log data	-5.752
SD of Detected Log data	0.517

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect17Number treated as Detected3Single DL Percent Detection85.00%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.00292	
SD	0.0016	
Standard Error of Mean	3.95E-04	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0036	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00357	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00368	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00362	

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00464
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00539
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00685

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

Benzo	a	anthracene

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	32
Number of Detected Data	5
Minimum Detected	0.0383
Maximum Detected	1.18
Percent Non-Detects	86.49%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00503
Maximum Non-detect	0.0596
Mean of Detected Data	0.576
Median of Detected Data	0.611
Variance of Detected Data	0.219
SD of Detected Data	0.468
CV of Detected Data	0.813
Skewness of Detected Data	0.128
Mean of Detected log data	-1.075
SD of Detected Log data	1.398

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 33
Number treated as Detected 4
Single DL Percent Detection 89.19%

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.111	
SD	0.24	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0441	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.185	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.183	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.864	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.662	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.303	

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.386
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.55

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.01

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Renzo	a	nyre	ne

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	27
Number of Detected Data	10
Minimum Detected	0.0135
Maximum Detected	1.42
Percent Non-Detects	72.97%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00901
Maximum Non-detect	0.1
Mean of Detected Data	0.318
Median of Detected Data	0.107
Variance of Detected Data	0.223
SD of Detected Data	0.472
CV of Detected Data	1.484
Skewness of Detected Data	1.951
Mean of Detected log data	-2.019
SD of Detected Log data	1.398

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect30Number treated as Detected7Single DL Percent Detection81.08%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.0959
SD	0.269
Standard Error of Mean	0.0466
95% KM (t) UCL	0.175
95% KM (z) UCL	0.173
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.219
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.19
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.299
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.387
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.56

Benzo(b)fluoranthene		
Total Number of Data	37	
Number of Non-Detect Data	25	
Number of Detected Data	12	
Minimum Detected	0.0487	
Maximum Detected	1.62	
Percent Non-Detects	67.57%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.00721	
Maximum Non-detect	0.137	
Mean of Detected Data	0.349	
Median of Detected Data	0.148	
Variance of Detected Data	0.237	
SD of Detected Data	0.487	
CV of Detected Data	1.397	
Skewness of Detected Data	2.223	
Mean of Detected log data	-1.63	
SD of Detected Log data	1	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Meth	od is recommended	
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Met	thods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	30	
Number treated as Detected	7	
Single DL Percent Detection	81.08%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values On	ly	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (C	0.05)	
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.146	
SD	0.3	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0516	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.233	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.231	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.289	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.26	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.371	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.468	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.66	
Potential UCL to Use	<u> </u>	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.233	
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.26	

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	23
Number of Detected Data	14
Minimum Detected	0.0237
Maximum Detected	1.28
Percent Non-Detects	62.16%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00933
Maximum Non-detect	0.101
Mean of Detected Data	0.239
Median of Detected Data	0.0895
Variance of Detected Data	0.119
SD of Detected Data	0.345
CV of Detected Data	1.448
Skewness of Detected Data	2.504
Mean of Detected log data	-2.129
SD of Detected Log data	1.17

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect32Number treated as Detected5Single DL Percent Detection86.49%

N/A

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.105
SD	0.23
Standard Error of Mean	0.0392
95% KM (t) UCL	0.171
95% KM (z) UCL	0.17
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.193
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.181
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.276

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.35

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

Benzo(k)fluoranthene

Winsorization Method

Total Number of Data 37
Number of Non-Detect Data 31
Number of Detected Data 6
Minimum Detected 0.068
Maximum Detected 0.799

Percent Non-Detects	83.78%
Minimum Non-detect	0.011
Maximum Non-detect	0.124
Mean of Detected Data	0.314
Median of Detected Data	0.137
Variance of Detected Data	0.108
SD of Detected Data	0.328
CV of Detected Data	1.043
Skewness of Detected Data	1.006
Mean of Detected log data	-1.639
SD of Detected Log data	1.066

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 33
Number treated as Detected 4
Single DL Percent Detection 89.19%

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.108
SD	0.151
Standard Error of Mean	0.0272
95% KM (t) UCL	0.154
95% KM (z) UCL	0.153
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.182
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.226
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.278
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.378

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0172

Beryllium

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	1
Number of Detected Data	36

Minimum Detected	0.066	
Maximum Detected	2.88	
Percent Non-Detects	2.70%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.026	
Maximum Non-detect	0.026	
Mean of Detected Data	0.758	
Median of Detected Data	0.695	
Variance of Detected Data	0.205	
SD of Detected Data	0.452	
CV of Detected Data	0.596	
Skewness of Detected Data	2.974	
Mean of Detected log data	-0.43	
SD of Detected Log data	0.613	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only		
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.0	05)	
Winsorization Method	0.613	
Mean	0.697	
SD	0.303	
95% Winsor (t) UCL	0.782	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.74	
SD	0.454	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0757	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.867	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.864	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.874	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.873	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.069	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.212	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.493	
Potential UCL to Use		
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.069	
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate		
Total Number of Data	37	

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	26
Number of Detected Data	11
Minimum Detected	0.0122
Maximum Detected '	0.239
Percent Non-Detects	70.27%
Minimum Non-detect	0.013
Maximum Non-detect	0.54
Mean of Detected Data	0.0755
Median of Detected Data	0.0532
Variance of Detected Data	0.00496
SD of Detected Data	0.0704

CV of Detected Data	0.933
Skewness of Detected Data	1.513
Mean of Detected log data	-2.961
SD of Detected Log data	0.926

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 37
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Rapian Melet (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0389
SD	0.0458
Standard Error of Mean	0.00865
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0535
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0531
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0588
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0571
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0766
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0929
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.125

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Boron

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	27
Minimum Detected	3.14
Maximum Detected	39.2
Percent Non-Detects	27.03%
Minimum Non-detect	1.11
Maximum Non-detect	1.3
Mean of Detected Data	10.46
Median of Detected Data	9
Variance of Detected Data	57.51
SD of Detected Data	7.584
CV of Detected Data	0.725
Skewness of Detected Data	2.164
Mean of Detected log data	2.141
SD of Detected Log data	0.645

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	0.645
Mean	6.557
SD	3.296
95% Winsor (t) UCL	7.503
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	8.482
SD	7.14
Standard Error of Mean	1.196
95% KM (t) UCL	10.5
95% KM (z) UCL	10.45
95% KM (BCA) UCL	10.72
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	10.64
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	13.7
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	15.95
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	20.38

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Bromoform

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	18
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.011
Maximum Detected	0.018
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	1.37E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00863
Mean of Detected Data	0.0145
Median of Detected Data	0.0145
Variance of Detected Data	2.45E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00495
CV of Detected Data	0.341
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-4.264
SD of Detected Log data	0.348

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0114
SD	0.00153
Standard Error of Mean	4.82E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0122
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0121
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0135
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0144
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0162
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0122
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	N/A

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.000186

Butyl benzyl phthalate

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	35
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.054
Maximum Detected	0.151
Percent Non-Detects	94.59%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00913
Maximum Non-detect	0.107
Mean of Detected Data	0.103
Median of Detected Data	0.103
Variance of Detected Data	0.0047
SD of Detected Data	0.0686
CV of Detected Data	0.669
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-2.405

SD of Detected Log data

0.727

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

36 Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected 1 97.30% Single DL Percent Detection

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0566
SD	0.0157
Standard Error of Mean	0.00366
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0628
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0626
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.151
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0726
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0795
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.093
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0628
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.151

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0136 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Cadmium

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	22
Number of Detected Data	15
Minimum Detected	0.28

Maximum Detected	0.8
Percent Non-Detects	59.46%
Minimum Non-detect	0.006
Maximum Non-detect	0.033
Mean of Detected Data	0.452
Median of Detected Data	0.42
Variance of Detected Data	0.0197
SD of Detected Data	0.141
CV of Detected Data	0.311
Skewness of Detected Data	1.241
Mean of Detected log data	-0.834
SD of Detected Log data	0.288

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.35
SD	0.121
Standard Error of Mean	0.0206
95% KM (t) UCL	0.384
95% KM (z) UCL	0.384
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.426
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.406
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.439
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.478
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.554
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	

Carbazole

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	30
Number of Detected Data	7
Minimum Detected	0.0108
Maximum Detected	0.128
Percent Non-Detects	81.08%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00965
Maximum Non-detect	0.108
Mean of Detected Data	0.0465
Median of Detected Data	0.019
Variance of Detected Data	0.0025
SD of Detected Data	0.05

CV of Detected Data	1.075
Skewness of Detected Data	1.231
Mean of Detected log data	-3.532
SD of Detected Log data	1.001

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 35
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 94.59%

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0176
SD	0.0245
Standard Error of Mean	0.00436
95% KM (t) UCL	0.025
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0248
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.031
DEW VM (Persentile Poetstran) LICI	0.0275

 95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL
 0.0275

 95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL
 0.0366

 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL
 0.0448

 99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL
 0.061

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Carbon disulfide

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.00757
Maximum Detected	0.0284
Percent Non-Detects	85.00%
Minimum Non-detect	8,80E-05
Maximum Non-detect	0.00556
Mean of Detected Data	0.0147
Median of Detected Data	0.00811

Variance of Detected Data	1.41E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0119
CV of Detected Data	0.808
Skewness of Detected Data	1.728
Mean of Detected log data	-4.42
SD of Detected Log data	0.744

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00864
SD	0.00454
Standard Error of Mean	0.00124
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0108
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0107
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0284
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0284
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0141
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0164
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.021

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.000118

Chromium

Number of Valid Observations	37
Number of Distinct Observations	34
Minimum	7.76
Maximum	128
Mean	17.32
Median	12.9
SD	19.35
Variance	374.4

Coefficient of Variation	1.117
Skewness	5.481
Mean of log data	2.664
SD of log data	0.489
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	22.69
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	25.62
95% Modified-t UCL	23.17
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	22.55
95% Jackknife UCL	22.69
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	22.37
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	35.17
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	42.86
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	23.36
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	27.12
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	31.19
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	37.19
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	48.97
Potential UCL to Use	
Use 95% Student's-t UCL	22.69
Or 95% Modified-t UCL	23.17

Chrysene

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	25
Number of Detected Data	12
Minimum Detected	0.0104
Maximum Detected	1.3
Percent Non-Detects	67.57%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00816
Maximum Non-detect	0.0523
Mean of Detected Data	0.302
Median of Detected Data	0.122
Variance of Detected Data	0.181
SD of Detected Data	0.425
CV of Detected Data	1.408
Skewness of Detected Data	1.711
Mean of Detected log data	-2.204
SD of Detected Log data	1.606

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	28
Number treated as Detected	9
Single DL Percent Detection	75.68%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.105
SD	0.269
Standard Error of Mean	0.0462
95% KM (t) UCL	0.183
95% KM (z) UCL	0.181
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.211
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.193
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.307
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.394
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.565

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	18
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.0195
Maximum Detected	0.999
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	1.02E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00643
Mean of Detected Data	0.509
Median of Detected Data	0.509
Variance of Detected Data	0.48
SD of Detected Data	0.693
CV of Detected Data	1.36
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-1.969
SD of Detected Log data	2.783

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0685
SD	0.213
Standard Error of Mean	0.0675
95% KM (t) UCL	0.185
95% KM (z) UCL	0.18
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.999
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.363
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.49
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.74
Potential UCL to Use	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.74
*** Instead of UCL. EPC is selected to be medi	an = <0

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide] < 0.000136

Cobalt

Number of Valid Observations	37
Number of Distinct Observations	37
Minimum	2.81
Maximum	10.3
Mean	6.31
Median	6.09
SD	1.719
Variance	2.956
Coefficient of Variation	0.272
Skewness	0.117
Mean of log data	1.802
SD of log data	0.295

95% Useful UCLs

Student's-t UCL 6.787

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 6.781 95% Modified-t UCL 6.788

Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	6.775
95% Jackknife UCL	6.787
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	6.771
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	6.79
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	6.804
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	6.764
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	6.746
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	7.542
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	8.075
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	9.122

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Copper

Number of Valid Observations	37
Number of Distinct Observations	35
Minimum	4.59
Maximum	200
Mean	20.69
Median	10.2
SD	33.7
Variance	1135
Coefficient of Variation	1.629
Skewness	4.676
Mean of log data	2.606
SD of log data	0.753

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	30.04
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	34.35
95% Modified-t UCL	30.75
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	29.8
95% Jackknife UCL	30.04
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	29.82
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	56.19
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	71.27
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	30.43
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	35.99
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	44.84
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	55.29
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	75.81

Potential UCL to Use

|--|

Cyc	0	h	e	X	a	n	e

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	5
Minimum Detected	0.000981
Maximum Detected	0.00185
Percent Non-Detects	75.00%
Minimum Non-detect	9.62E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.056
Mean of Detected Data	0.00141
Median of Detected Data	0.00145
Variance of Detected Data	1.05E-07
SD of Detected Data	3.25E-04
CV of Detected Data	0.23
Skewness of Detected Data	-0.0112
Mean of Detected log data	-6.583
SD of Detected Log data	0.238

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 20
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization	Method	A	1//	٨
vvinsorization	wiethod	I.	4/1	4

Kaplan Meier (k	KM) Method
-----------------	------------

0.00113
2.64E-04
7.65E-05
0.00126
0.00125
0.00156
0.0015
0.00146
0.0016
0.00189

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	
Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	30
Number of Detected Data	7
Minimum Detected	0.045
Maximum Detected	0.404
Percent Non-Detects	81.08%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00687
Maximum Non-detect	0.077
Mean of Detected Data	0.174
Median of Detected Data	0.166
Variance of Detected Data	0.0138
SD of Detected Data	0.117
CV of Detected Data	0.676
Skewness of Detected Data	1.29
Mean of Detected log data	-1.955
SD of Detected Log data	0.723
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is	recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods	s),
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	
Number treated as Non-Detect	32
Number treated as Detected	5
Single DL Percent Detection	86.49%

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0694
SD	0.0692
Standard Error of Mean	0.0123
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0901
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0896
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.181
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.168
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.123
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.146
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.192

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0109

Dibenzofuran

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	34
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.015
Maximum Detected	0.291
Percent Non-Detects	91.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00606
Maximum Non-detect	0.083
Mean of Detected Data	0.131
Median of Detected Data	0.0862
Variance of Detected Data	0.0205
SD of Detected Data	0.143
CV of Detected Data	1.096
Skewness of Detected Data	1.263
Mean of Detected log data	-2.628
SD of Detected Log data	1.491

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 35
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 94.59%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0244
SD	0.0459
Standard Error of Mean	0.00924
95% KM (t) UCL	0.04
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0396

95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.291
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.291
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0647
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0821
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.116

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0150 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Dieldrin

Total Number of Data

37

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00545, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00545

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.000184 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Diethyl phthalate

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	35
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.00992
Maximum Detected	0.011
Percent Non-Detects	94.59%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00756
Maximum Non-detect	0.0996
Mean of Detected Data	0.0105
Median of Detected Data	0.0105
Variance of Detected Data	5.83E-07
SD of Detected Data	7.64E-04
CV of Detected Data	0.073
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-4.562
SD of Detected Log data	0.0731
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM N	lethod is recommended
For all methods (except KM DI /2 and BOS	

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

37 Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected 0 100.00% Single DL Percent Detection

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0101
SD	3.57E-04
Standard Error of Mean	1.79E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0104
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0103
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0108
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0112
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0118
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0104
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	N/A

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0184

Di-n-butyl phthalate

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	35
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.01
Maximum Detected	0.015
Percent Non-Detects	94.59%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00797
Maximum Non-detect	0.167
Mean of Detected Data	0.0125
Median of Detected Data	0.0125
Variance of Detected Data	1.25E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00354
CV of Detected Data	0.283

Skewness of Detected Data N/A -4.402Mean of Detected log data SD of Detected Log data 0.287

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 37 Number treated as Detected 0 100.00% Single DL Percent Detection

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0106
SD	0.00157
Standard Error of Mean	7.41E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0118
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0118
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.015
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0138
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0152
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0179
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0118
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	N/A

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0309 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Di-n-octyl phthalate

Total Number of Data 37 Number of Non-Detect Data 34

Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.0154
Maximum Detected	0.123
Percent Non-Detects	91.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00834
Maximum Non-detect	0.254
Mean of Detected Data	0.0601
Median of Detected Data	0.042
Variance of Detected Data	0.00314
SD of Detected Data	0.056
CV of Detected Data	0.932
Skewness of Detected Data	1.304
Mean of Detected log data	-3.146
SD of Detected Log data	1.039

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 37
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0191
SD	0.0181
Standard Error of Mean	0.0037
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0254
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0252
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.123
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.123
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0353
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0422
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.056

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

<0.00951

^{***} Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Endrin

Total Number of Data

37

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00149, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00149

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Endrin ketone

Total Number of Data

37

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00966, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00966

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Ethylbenzene

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.00114
Maximum Detected	0.023
Percent Non-Detects	70.00%
Minimum Non-detect	1.74E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00954
Mean of Detected Data	0.00598
Median of Detected Data	0.00244
Variance of Detected Data	7.13E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00844
CV of Detected Data	1.413
Skewness of Detected Data	2.323
Mean of Detected log data	-5.697
SD of Detected Log data	1.059
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM N	Method is recommended

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 19 Number treated as Detected 1 95.00% Single DL Percent Detection

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set
the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions
It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
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Kaplan Meier	(KM) Method
--------------	-------------

Mean	0.00269
SD	0.00476
Standard Error of Mean	0.00117
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00472
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00462
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00575
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0051
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0078
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.01
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0144

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.000684

Fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	28
Number of Detected Data	9
Minimum Detected	0.0214
Maximum Detected	2.19
Percent Non-Detects	75.68%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00676
Maximum Non-detect	0.075
Mean of Detected Data	0.562
Median of Detected Data	0.183
Variance of Detected Data	0.7
SD of Detected Data	0.837
CV of Detected Data	1.487
Skewness of Detected Data	1.606
Mean of Detected log data	-1.596
SD of Detected Log data	1.54

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected 6
Single DL Percent Detection 83.78%

Warning: There are only 9 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.153
SD	0.453
Standard Error of Mean	0.079
95% KM (t) UCL	0.286
95% KM (z) UCL	0.283
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.355
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.308
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.497
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.646
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.939

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Fluorene

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	32
Number of Detected Data	5
Minimum Detected	0.017
Maximum Detected	1.21
Percent Non-Detects	86.49%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00687
Maximum Non-detect	0.0575
Mean of Detected Data	0.286
Median of Detected Data	0.036
Variance of Detected Data	0.269
SD of Detected Data	0.519
CV of Detected Data	1.815
Skewness of Detected Data	2.186
Mean of Detected log data	-2.563
SD of Detected Log data	1.731

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 35 Number treated as Detected 2 94.59%

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0534
SD	0.194
Standard Error of Mean	0.0356
95% KM (t) UCL	0.114
95% KM (z) UCL	0.112
95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.21
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.14
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.209
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.276
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.408

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0108

Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	24
Number of Detected Data	13
Minimum Detected	0.02
Maximum Detected	1.51
Percent Non-Detects	64.86%
Minimum Non-detect	0.014
Maximum Non-detect	0.147
Mean of Detected Data	0.295
Median of Detected Data	0.149
Variance of Detected Data	0.172
SD of Detected Data	0.414
CV of Detected Data	1.403
Skewness of Detected Data	2.569
Mean of Detected log data	-1.812
SD of Detected Log data	1.079

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	30
Number treated as Detected	7
Single DL Percent Detection	81.08%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.117
SD	0.27
Standard Error of Mean	0.0462
95% KM (t) UCL	0.195
95% KM (z) UCL	0.193
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.257
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.218
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.319
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.406
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.577

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Iron

Number of Valid Observations	37
Number of Distinct Observations	33
Minimum	7120
Maximum	102000
Mean	17986
Median	15400
SD	15086
Variance	2.28E+08
Coefficient of Variation	0.839
Skewness	5.059
Mean of log data	9.66
SD of log data	0.45

Data do not follow a Discernable Distributi	on
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	22174
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	24270
95% Modified-t UCL	22517
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	22066
95% Jackknife UCL	22174
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	21960
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	29085

39628	
42663	
22174	
22517	
37	
32	
5.88	
471	
38.17	
16	
79.89	
6382	
2.093	
4.77	
2.959	
0.932	
60.34	
70.77	
62.06	
59.77	
60.34	
59.28	
104.4	
120.2	
168.8	
	37 32 5.88 471 38.17 16 79.89 6382 2.093 4.77 2.959 0.932 60.34 70.77 62.06 59.77 60.34 59.28 104.4 128.9 62.46 75.57 95.42 120.2

Number of Valid Observations	37
Number of Distinct Observations	34
Minimum	2.59
Maximum	32.2
Mean	18.87
Median	18.8
SD	5.873
Variance	34.49
Coefficient of Variation	0.311
Skewness	-2.17E-04
Mean of log data	2.873
SD of log data	0.418
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	20.5
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	20.46
95% Modified-t UCL	20.5
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	20.46
95% Jackknife UCL	20.5
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	20.46
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	20.48
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	20.48
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	20.46
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	20.48
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	23.08
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	24.9
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	28.48
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	

m,p-Xylene

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	18
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.00132
Maximum Detected	0.00139
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	3.21E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.02
Mean of Detected Data	0.00136
Median of Detected Data	0.00136
Variance of Detected Data	2.45E-09
SD of Detected Data	4.95E-05
CV of Detected Data	0.0365
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-6.604

SD of Detected Log data

0.0365

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 20 Number treated as Detected 0 Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00132
SD	1.75E-05
Standard Error of Mean	6.38E-06
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00134
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00134
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00139
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00139
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00135
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00136
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00139
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00134
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.00139
*** Instead of UCL EDC is selected to be made	

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.000416 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Manganese

Number of Valid Observations	37
Number of Distinct Observations	37
Minimum	82.3
Maximum	1210

Mean	351.2
Median	292
SD	202.8
Variance	41115
Coefficient of Variation	0.577
Skewness	2.166
Mean of log data	5.722
SD of log data	0.54
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	407.5
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	418.7
95% Modified-t UCL	409.4
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	406
95% Jackknife UCL	407.5
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	407
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	425.2
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	461.7
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	410
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	422.8
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	496.5
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	559.4
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	682.9

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Mercury

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	23
Number of Detected Data	14
Minimum Detected	0.0034
Maximum Detected	0.064
Percent Non-Detects	62.16%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0023
Maximum Non-detect	0.026
Mean of Detected Data	0.0201
Median of Detected Data	0.0135
Variance of Detected Data	3.20E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0179
CV of Detected Data	0.891
Skewness of Detected Data	1.5
Mean of Detected log data	-4.241
SD of Detected Log data	0.843

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 33
Number treated as Detected 4
Single DL Percent Detection 89.19%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/	thod N/A
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Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.0103
SD	0.0133
Standard Error of Mean	0.0023
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0142
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0141
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0168
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0151
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0203
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0246
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0331

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Methylcyclohexane

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.0015
Maximum Detected	0.00278
Percent Non-Detects	70.00%
Minimum Non-detect	2.99E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.019
Mean of Detected Data	0.00216
Median of Detected Data	0.0022
Variance of Detected Data	3.18E-07
SD of Detected Data	5.64E-04
CV of Detected Data	0.261
Skewness of Detected Data	-0.144
Mean of Detected log data	-6.167
SD of Detected Log data	0.273

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 20 Number treated as Detected 0 Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions. It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00176
SD	4.59E-04
Standard Error of Mean	1.30E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00199
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00198
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00239
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00228
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00233
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00258
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00306

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.00152

Molybdenum

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	22
Minimum Detected	0.085
Maximum Detected	10.7
Percent Non-Detects	40.54%
Minimum Non-detect	0.074
Maximum Non-detect	0.086
Mean of Detected Data	0.947
Median of Detected Data	0.305
Variance of Detected Data	4.982
SD of Detected Data	2.232
CV of Detected Data	2.357
Skewness of Detected Data	4.348
Mean of Detected log data	-0.984
SD of Detected Log data	1.165

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	16
Number treated as Detected	21
Single DL Percent Detection	43.24%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	43.24%
Mean	0.129
SD	0.0199
95% Winsor (t) UCL	0.136
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.598
SD	1.734
Standard Error of Mean	0.292
95% KM (t) UCL	1.09
95% KM (z) UCL	1.078
95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.287
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.142
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.869
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.42
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.501

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Naphthalene

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.0013
Maximum Detected	0.148
Percent Non-Detects	70.00%
Minimum Non-detect	3.16E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.502
Mean of Detected Data	0.0273
Median of Detected Data	0.00339
Variance of Detected Data	0.0035
SD of Detected Data	0.0591
CV of Detected Data	2.162
Skewness of Detected Data	2.444
Mean of Detected log data	-5.25
SD of Detected Log data	1.743

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 20
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0102
SD	0.0335
Standard Error of Mean	0.00864
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0251
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0244
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0277
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0259
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0478
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0641
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0962

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

*** Instead o	UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	
[per rec	ommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	

< 0.00363

Nickel		
Number of Valid Observations	37	
Number of Distinct Observations	33	
Minimum	9.74	
Maximum	51.7	
Mean	17.27	
Median	16.3	
SD	6.719	
Variance	45.15	
Coefficient of Variation	0.389	
Skewness	3.842	
Mean of log data	2.802	
SD of log data	0.287	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	19.14	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	19.83	
95% Modified-t UCL	19.25	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	19.09	
95% Jackknife UCL	19.14	

95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	19.09
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	20.4
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	27.47
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	19.23
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	20.14
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	22.09
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	24.17
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	28.26
Potential UCL to Use	
Use 95% Student's-t UCL	19.14
Or 95% Modified-t UCL	19.25

Phenanthrene

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	25
Number of Detected Data	12
Minimum Detected	0.018
Maximum Detected	1.83
Percent Non-Detects	67.57%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00729
Maximum Non-detect	0.0727
Mean of Detected Data	0.437
Median of Detected Data	0.107
Variance of Detected Data	0.413
SD of Detected Data	0.642
CV of Detected Data	1.471
Skewness of Detected Data	1.452
Mean of Detected log data	-2.039
SD of Detected Log data	1.689

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 31
Number treated as Detected 6
Single DL Percent Detection 83.78%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.154
SD	0.401
Standard Error of Mean	0.0689
95% KM (t) UCL	0.27
95% KM (z) UCL	0.267
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.287
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.271

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.454
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.584
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.839

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Pyrene

Total Number of Data	38
Number of Non-Detect Data	25
Number of Detected Data	13
Minimum Detected	0.0149
Maximum Detected	4.64
Percent Non-Detects	65.79%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00882
Maximum Non-detect	0.0702
Mean of Detected Data	0.757
Median of Detected Data	0.208
Variance of Detected Data	1.814
SD of Detected Data	1.347
CV of Detected Data	1.78
Skewness of Detected Data	2.385
Mean of Detected log data	-1.682
SD of Detected Log data	1.817

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect28Number treated as Detected10Single DL Percent Detection73.68%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Rapidii Mele (Rivi) Meliod	
Mean	0.269
SD	0.835
Standard Error of Mean	0.141
95% KM (t) UCL	0.506
95% KM (z) UCL	0.5
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.554
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.508
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.883
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.149
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.671

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Total Number of Data	37
Number of Non-Detect Data	34
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.092
Maximum Detected	0.41
Percent Non-Detects	91.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.027
Maximum Non-detect	0.15
Mean of Detected Data	0.264
Median of Detected Data	0.29
Variance of Detected Data	0.0258
SD of Detected Data	0.161
CV of Detected Data	0.608
Skewness of Detected Data	-0.709
Mean of Detected log data	-1.505

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

SD of Detected Log data

Silver

Number treated as Non-Detect 35
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 94.59%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

0.782

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.106
SD	0.06
Standard Error of Mean	0.0121
95% KM (t) UCL	0.126
95% KM (z) UCL	0.126
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.41
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.41
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.159
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.181
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.226

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.0590
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	THE WATER

<0.0590

Strontium		
Number of Valid Observations	37	
Number of Distinct Observations	36	
Minimum	22.1	
Maximum	96.2	
Mean	55.45	
Median	52.6	
SD	21.08	
Variance	444.5	
Coefficient of Variation	0.38	
Skewness	0.194	
Mean of log data	3.937	
SD of log data	0.416	
95% Useful UCLs	To Access that I'm	
Student's-t UCL	61.31	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	61.27	
95% Modified-t UCL	61.32	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	61.16	
95% Jackknife UCL	61.31	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	61.17	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	61.45	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	61.24	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	61.21	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	61.21	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	70.56	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	77.1	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	89.94	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		

Tetrachloroethene

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	17
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.00135
Maximum Detected	0.223
Percent Non-Detects	85.00%

Minimum Non-detect	1.55E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0098
Mean of Detected Data	0.076
Median of Detected Data	0.00362
Variance of Detected Data	0.0162
SD of Detected Data	0.127
CV of Detected Data	1.675
Skewness of Detected Data	1.731
Mean of Detected log data	-4.577
SD of Detected Log data	2.709

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 19 Number treated as Detected 1 Single DL Percent Detection 95.00%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0126
SD	0.0483
Standard Error of Mean	0.0132
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0354
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0343
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.223
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.223
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0702
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0951
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.144

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.000211 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Thallium

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.63, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.63

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

<0.100

Tin		
Total Number of Data	37	
Number of Non-Detect Data	32	
Number of Detected Data	5	
Minimum Detected	0.68	
Maximum Detected	3.67	
Percent Non-Detects	86.49%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.39	
Maximum Non-detect	2.17	
Mean of Detected Data	1.568	
Median of Detected Data	1.15	
Variance of Detected Data	1.526	
SD of Detected Data	1.235	
CV of Detected Data	0.788	
Skewness of Detected Data	1.747	
Mean of Detected log data	0.242	
SD of Detected Log data	0.691	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Me	ethod is recommended	
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS N	Methods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	36	
Number treated as Detected	1	

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap m

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

97.30%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Single DL Percent Detection

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.801
SD	0.508
Standard Error of Mean	0.0935
95% KM (t) UCL	0.959
95% KM (z) UCL	0.955

95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.842
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.324
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.208
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.385
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.731

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

*** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.570 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Titanium

Titanium		
Number of Valid Observations	37	
Number of Distinct Observations	34	
Minimum	3.41	
Maximum	57	
Mean	21.67	
Median	18.5	
SD	13.71	
Variance	188	
Coefficient of Variation	0.633	
Skewness	1.293	
Mean of log data	2.884	
SD of log data	0.657	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	25.47	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	25.89	
95% Modified-t UCL	25.55	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	25.38	
95% Jackknife UCL	25.47	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	25.22	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	26.24	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	26.06	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	25.4	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	25.56	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	31.49	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	35.74	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	44.1	
Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)		
May want to try Gamma UCLs		

Toluene

Total Number of Data

20

Number of Non-Detect Data	12
Number of Detected Data	8
Minimum Detected	0.00134
Maximum Detected	0.0122
Percent Non-Detects	60.00%
Minimum Non-detect	4.78E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.028
Mean of Detected Data	0.00491
Median of Detected Data	0.00445
Variance of Detected Data	1.06E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00325
CV of Detected Data	0.662
Skewness of Detected Data	1.816
Mean of Detected log data	-5.488
SD of Detected Log data	0.635

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 20
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00324
SD	0.00285
Standard Error of Mean	7.86E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0046
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00454
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00555
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00509
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00667
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00815
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0111
Data appear Normal (0.05)	

Vanadium

May want to try Normal UCLs

Number of Valid Observations	37
Number of Distinct Observations	34

Minimum	7.85	
Maximum	45.8	
Mean	20.58	
Median	19.6	
SD	8.272	
Variance	68.43	
Coefficient of Variation	0.402	
Skewness	0.643	
Mean of log data	2.94	
SD of log data	0.429	
95% Useful UCLs	The Principles of the Control of the	
Student's-t UCL	22,87	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	22.97	
95% Modified-t UCL	22.9	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	22.81	
95% Jackknife UCL	22.87	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	22.78	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	22.96	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	23.07	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	22.78	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	23.02	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	26.51	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	29.07	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	34.11	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		
Xylene (total)		

Xylene (total)

Total Number of Data	20
Number of Non-Detect Data	11
Number of Detected Data	9
Minimum Detected	0.00139
Maximum Detected	1.76
Percent Non-Detects	55.00%
Minimum Non-detect	4.62E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0264
Mean of Detected Data	0.41
Median of Detected Data	0.069
Variance of Detected Data	0.475
SD of Detected Data	0.689
CV of Detected Data	1.682
Skewness of Detected Data	1.647
Mean of Detected log data	-2.638
SD of Detected Log data	2.381

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect

13

Number treated as Detected

7

Single DL Percent Detection

65.00%

Warning: There are only 9 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier	(KM)	Method
--------------	------	--------

0.185
0.481
0.114
0.382
0.373
0.427
0.379
0.682
0.897
1.319

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Zinc

Number of Valid Observations	37
Number of Distinct Observations	37
Minimum	21.1
Maximum	5640
Mean	239.6
Median	49.8
SD	916.6
Variance	840136
Coefficient of Variation	3.826
Skewness	5.999
Mean of log data	4.303
SD of log data	1.03

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution

95% Useful UCLs

Student's-t UCL 494

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	646.2	
95% Modified-t UCL	518.7	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	487.4	
95% Jackknife UCL	494	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	489.6	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	2479	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	1501	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	534.6	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	718.7	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	896.4	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1181	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1739	
Potential UCL to Use	same more than a segment	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1739	

APPENDIX A-5

BACKGROUND SOIL

Nonparametric UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File C:\Users\Michael\....\ProUCL data analysis\BACKGROUND AREA SOIL\BACKGROUND AREA SOIL_ProUCL input.wst

Full Precision OF

Confidence Coefficient 95% Number of Bootstrap Operations 2000

Antimony

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	5
Number of Detected Data	5
Minimum Detected	1.48
Maximum Detected	2.19
Percent Non-Detects	50.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.25
Maximum Non-detect	0.3
Mean of Detected Data	1.768
Median of Detected Data	1.69
Variance of Detected Data	0.0732
SD of Detected Data	0.271
CV of Detected Data	0.153
Skewness of Detected Data	1.024
Mean of Detected log data	0.561
SD of Detected Log data	0.148

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Ditribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean 1.624
SD 0.224

 Standard Error of Mean
 0.0791

 95% KM (t) UCL
 1.769

 95% KM (z) UCL
 1.754

 95% KM (BCA) UCL
 1.89

 95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL
 1.815

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 1.969 97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 2.118 2.411

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.890 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Arsenic

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	1
Number of Detected Data	9
Minimum Detected	1.69
Maximum Detected	5.9
Percent Non-Detects	10.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.24
Maximum Non-detect	0.24
Mean of Detected Data	3.793
Median of Detected Data	3.72
Variance of Detected Data	2.191
SD of Detected Data	1.48
CV of Detected Data	0.39
Skewness of Detected Data	-0.0437
Mean of Detected log data	1.253
SD of Detected Log data	0.448

Warning: There are only 9 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

0.448

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method

Mean	3.566
SD	1.518
95% Winsor (t) UCL	4.476
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	3.583
SD	1.467
Standard Error of Mean	0.492
95% KM (t) UCL	4.485
95% KM (z) UCL	4.392
95% KM (BCA) UCL	4.441
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	4.423
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.727
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	6.655

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

В			

Number of Valid Observations	10	
Number of Distinct Observations	8	
Minimum	150	
Maximum	1130	
Mean	333.1	
Median	259	
SD	288.1	
Variance	82980	
Coefficient of Variation	0.865	
Skewness	2.844	
Mean of log data	5.617	
SD of log data	0.571	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	500.1	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	570.5	
95% Modified-t UCL	513.7	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	482.9	
95% Jackknife UCL	500.1	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	476.8	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	864.1	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	1100	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	497.6	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	584.8	

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

May want to try Gamma UCLs

95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

730.2

1239

902

Benzo(a)anthracene

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.082
Maximum Detected	0.082
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%

Minimum Non-detect 0.00646
Maximum Non-detect 0.00908

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.082, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.082

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00761

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Benzo(a)pyrene

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.076
Maximum Detected	0.076
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00868
Maximum Non-detect	0.012

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.076, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.076

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0100
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.057
Maximum Detected	0.057
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00698
Maximum Non-detect	0.00981

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.057, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.057

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00822

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Median of Detected Data	0.098
Variance of Detected Data	0.00136
SD of Detected Data	0.0369
CV of Detected Data	0.444
Skewness of Detected Data	-1.528
Mean of Detected log data	-2.575
SD of Detected Log data	0.54

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0536	
SD	0.0253	
Standard Error of Mean	0.00982	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0716	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0697	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.11	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0964	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.115	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.151	

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

THE TRUE

Carbazole

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data .	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.011
Maximum Detected	0.011
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%

^{**} Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Minimum Non-detect	0.00752
Maximum Non-detect	0.011

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.011, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.011

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00886

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Chromium		
Number of Valid Observations	10	
Number of Distinct Observations	9	
Minimum	10.7	
Maximum	20.1	
Mean	15.2	
Median	14.15	
SD	3.02	
Variance	9.12	
Coefficient of Variation	0.199	
Skewness	0.27	
Mean of log data	2.703	
SD of log data	0.199	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	16.95	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	16.86	
95% Modified-t UCL	16.96	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	16.77	
95% Jackknife UCL	16.95	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	16.68	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	17.21	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	16.78	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	16.65	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	16.72	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	19.36	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	21.16	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	24.7	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		

Chrysene

Benzo(g,h,i)perylene

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.083
Maximum Detected	0.083
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.03
Maximum Non-detect	0.042

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.083, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.083

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.035

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Benzo(k)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.106
Maximum Detected	0.106
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00985
Maximum Non-detect	0.014

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.106, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.106

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Cadmium

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.041
Maximum Detected	0.11
Percent Non-Detects	70.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.015
Maximum Non-detect	0.02
Mean of Detected Data	0.083

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.083
Maximum Detected	0.083
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.012
Maximum Non-detect	0.016

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.083, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.083

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.014

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

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Number of Valid Observations	10
Number of Distinct Observations	10
Minimum	7.68
Maximum	19.3
Mean	12.12
Median	10.8
SD	3.955
Variance	15.64
Coefficient of Variation	0.326
Skewness	0.802
Mean of log data	2.449
SD of log data	0.313

95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 14.41 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	14.51
95% Modified-t UCL	14.46
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	14.17
95% Jackknife UCL	14.41
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	14.1
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	15.2
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	14.64
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	14.27
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	14.33

17.57

19.93

24.56

95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.156
Maximum Detected	0.156
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00971
Maximum Non-detect	0.014

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.156, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.156

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0115

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.417
Maximum Detected	0.417
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.025
Maximum Non-detect	0.035

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.417, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.417

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0295

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Lead

Number of Valid Observations	10
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	11
Maximum	15.2
Mean	13.43
Median	13.35

SD	1.547
Variance	2.393
Coefficient of Variation	0.115
Skewness	-0.326
Mean of log data	2.591
SD of log data	0.118
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	14.33
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	14.18
95% Modified-t UCL	14.32
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	14.23
95% Jackknife UCL	14.33
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	14.18
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	14.22
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	14.12
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	14.16
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	14.14
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	15.56
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	16.49
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	18.3
Data appear Normal (0.05)	

Lithium

May want to try Normal UCLs

Number of Valid Observations	10
Number of Distinct Observations	10
Minimum	14.4
Maximum	32.5
Mean	21.14
Median	19.9
SD	5.166
Variance	26.68
Coefficient of Variation	0.244
Skewness	1.214
Mean of log data	3.027
SD of log data	0.229
95% Useful UCLs	

Student's-t UCL 24.13

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 24.5 95% Modified-t UCL 24.24

Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	23.83
95% Jackknife UCL	24.13
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	23.69
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	25.68
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	40.06
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	23.85
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	24.34
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	28.26
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	31.34
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	37.39

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Manganese

Number of Valid Observations	10
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	284
Maximum	551
Mean	377.4
Median	333
SD	93.76
Variance	8791
Coefficient of Variation	0.248
Skewness	1.28
Mean of log data	5.909
SD of log data	0.227
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	431.8
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	439
95% Modified-t UCL	433.8
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	426.2
95% Jackknife UCL	431.8
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	424.1
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	499.4
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	650.1
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	425.8
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	435.2
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	506.6
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	562.6
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	672.4

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Mercury

Number of Valid Observations	10
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	0.015
Maximum	0.03
Mean	0.0213
Median	0.0195
SD	0.00479
Variance	2.29E-05
Coefficient of Variation	0.225
Skewness	0.734
Mean of log data	-3.871
SD of log data	0.217

95% Useful UCLs		1	THE THE WAY
Student's-t UCL	K. M. WEST		0.0241

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	0.0242
95% Modified-t UCL	0.0241

Non-Parametric UCLs

Non-Parametric OCLS	
95% CLT UCL	0.0238
95% Jackknife UCL	0.0241
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	0.0237
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	0.0247
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	0.0242
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.0238
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.0238
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.0279
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.0308
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.0364

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Molybdenum

Number of Valid Observations	10
Number of Distinct Observations	10
Minimum	0.42
Maximum	0.68
Mean	0.522
Median	0.505
SD	0.0739
Variance	0.00546
Coefficient of Variation	0.142
Skewness	0.94

Mean of log data	-0.659
SD of log data	0.137

Student's-t UCL	0.565
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	0.568
95% Modified-t UCL	0.566
Non-Parametric UCLs	
2.5442.5572.6572.6	

Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	0.56
95% Jackknife UCL	0.565
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	0.559
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	0.578
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	0.582
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.561
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.563
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.624

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

Phenanthrene

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.137
Maximum Detected	0.137
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00571
Maximum Non-detect	0.00803

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.137, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.137

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00672 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

0.668

0.755

Pyrene

Total Number of Data	10
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.127

Maximum Detected	0.127
Percent Non-Detects	90.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.017
Maximum Non-detect	0.024

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.127, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.127

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0200
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

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Number of Valid Observations	10
Number of Distinct Observations	10
Minimum	36.6
Maximum	969
Mean	247
Median	75.5
SD	364.6
Variance	132938
Coefficient of Variation	1.476
Skewness	1.694
Mean of log data	4.667
SD of log data	1.272

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	458.3
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	502.6
95% Modified-t UCL	468.6
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	436.6
95% Jackknife UCL	458.3
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	424.9
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	1356
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	1731
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	432.1
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	507.2
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	749.5
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	967
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1394
Potential UCL to Use	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1394

Recommended UCL exceeds the maximum observation			

APPENDIX A-6

INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT

Nonparametric UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File

c:\Users\Michael\....\ProUCL data analysis\UCWsed - Just site data\UCWsed - Just site data_ProUCL sheets.xls

Full Precision

OFF

Confidence Coefficient

95%

Number of Bootstrap Operations

2000

1,2-Dichloroethane

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00302
Maximum Detected	0.00302
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.000184
Maximum Non-detect	0.000877

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00302, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00302

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/Azobenzen

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0317
Maximum Detected	0.0317
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0101
Maximum Non-detect	0.0146

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0317, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0317

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

2-Methylnaphthalene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0188
Maximum Detected	0.0188
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0132
Maximum Non-detect	0.0191

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0188, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0188

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0146

3.3'-D	1 - 1 - 1	2000			
	II C D	nra	nen	71AIN6	

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.151
Maximum Detected	0.151
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0586
Maximum Non-detect	0.0846

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.151, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.151

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0632

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

4,4'-DDT

Total Number of Data	17
Number of Non-Detect Data	13
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	4.81E-04
Maximum Detected	0.00332
Percent Non-Detects	76.47%
Minimum Non-detect	1.77E-04
Maximum Non-detect	6.31E-04
Mean of Detected Data	0.00137
Median of Detected Data	8.38E-04
Variance of Detected Data	1.77E-06
SD of Detected Data	0.00133
CV of Detected Data	0.971
Skewness of Detected Data	1.763
Mean of Detected log data	-6.905
SD of Detected Log data	0.874

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 15 Number treated as Detected 2 Single DL Percent Detection 88.24%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method

N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	6.90E-04
SD	6.73E-04
Standard Error of Mean	1.89E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00102
95% KM (z) UCL	0.001
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00136

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.000203 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

0.00151

0.00187

0.00257

4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0627
Maximum Detected	0.0627
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0245
Maximum Non-detect	0.0353

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0627, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0627

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0264 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Acenaphthene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.0239
Maximum Detected	0.0631
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0122
Maximum Non-detect	0.0176
Mean of Detected Data	0.0435
Median of Detected Data	0.0435
Variance of Detected Data	7.68E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0277
CV of Detected Data	0.637
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-3.248
SD of Detected Log data	0.686

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0264
SD	0.00949
Standard Error of Mean	0.00335
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0322
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0319
95% KM (BCA) UCL	6.31%
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.041
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0473
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0597
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0322
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.0135
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	

Aluminum

Number of Velid Observations	46
Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	16
Minimum	3900
Maximum	12500
Mean	6854
Median	6345
SD	2346
Variance	5502706
Coefficient of Variation	0.342
Skewness	0.876
Mean of log data	8.781
SD of log data	0.331
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	7882
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	7956
95% Modified-t UCL	7904

Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	7819
95% Jackknife UCL	7882
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	7734
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	8049
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	8144
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	7782
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	7899
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	9411
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	10517
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	12689

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

Anthracene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.0236
Maximum Detected	0.0753
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0134
Maximum Non-detect	0.019
Mean of Detected Data	0.0407
Median of Detected Data	0.0333
Variance of Detected Data	4.37E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0209
CV of Detected Data	0.513
Skewness of Detected Data	1.021
Mean of Detected log data	-3.304
SD of Detected Log data	0.487

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.03
SD	0.0143
Standard Error of Mean	0.00392
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0369
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0365
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0431
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0397
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0471
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0545
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.069

Data appear Normal (0.05)

**	Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	
	[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	

<0.0178

Antimony		
Number of Valid Observations	16	
Number of Distinct Observations	16	
Minimum	0.74	
Maximum	8.14	
Mean	2.245	
Median	1.75	
SD	1.751	
Variance	3.066	
Coefficient of Variation	0.78	
Skewness	2.813	
Mean of log data	0.629	
SD of log data	0.57	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	3.012	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	3.294	
95% Modified-t UCL	3.064	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	2.965	
95% Jackknife UCL	3.012	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	2.932	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	3.876	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	5.819	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	3.012	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	3.276	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	4.153	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	4.979	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	6.601	
Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)		
May want to try Gamma UCLs		
Arsenic		
Number of Valid Observations	16	
Number of Distinct Observations	16	
Minimum	2.41	
Maximum	7.62	
Mean	4.026	
Median	3.805	
SD	1.4	
Variance	1.96	
Coefficient of Variation	0.348	
Skewness	1.175	
Mean of log data	1.341	
SD of log data	0.327	.W
95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL	4.64	

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	4.712
95% Modified-t UCL	4.657
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	4.602
95% Jackknife UCL	4.64
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	4.577
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	4.825
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	4.993
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	4.638
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	4.73
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	5.552
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	6.212
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	7.508
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	

Atrazine (Aatrex)

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0814
Maximum Detected	0.0814
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.024
Maximum Non-detect	0.0346

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0814, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0814

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.025
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	

		n

Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	14
Minimum	116
Maximum	377
Mean	215.3
Median	198
SD	59.65
Variance	3558
Coefficient of Variation	0.277
Skewness	1.296
Mean of log data	5.339
SD of log data	0.263
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	241.4
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	244.9
95% Modified-t UCL	242.2

Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	239.8
95% Jackknife UCL	241.4
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	238.7
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	250
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	263.8
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	241.7
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	244.2
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	280.3
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	308.4
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	363.6

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Benzo(a)anthracene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	13
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.0675
Maximum Detected	0.395
Percent Non-Detects	81.25%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0125
Maximum Non-detect	0.018
Mean of Detected Data	0.212
Median of Detected Data	0.172
Variance of Detected Data	0.028
SD of Detected Data	0.167
CV of Detected Data	0.791
Skewness of Detected Data	1.003
Mean of Detected log data	-1.795
SD of Detected Log data	0.884

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0945	
SD	0.0816	
Standard Error of Mean	0.025	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.138	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.136	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.395	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.203	

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.251
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.343

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0138 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Benzo(a)pyrene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.0525
Maximum Detected	0.445
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0124
Maximum Non-detect	0.0176
Mean of Detected Data	0.165
Median of Detected Data	0.122
Variance of Detected Data	0.0209
SD of Detected Data	0.145
CV of Detected Data	0.879
Skewness of Detected Data	1.933
Mean of Detected log data	-2.063
SD of Detected Log data	0.755

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0946
SD	0.0974
Standard Error of Mean	0.0267
95% KM (t) UCL	0.141
95% KM (z) UCL	0.138
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.189
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.158
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.211
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.261
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.36

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

^{**} Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0158

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	9
Minimum Detected	0.0324
Maximum Detected	0.611
Percent Non-Detects	43.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00865
Maximum Non-detect	0.0123
Mean of Detected Data	0.174
Median of Detected Data	0.131
Variance of Detected Data	0.0321
SD of Detected Data	0.179
CV of Detected Data	1.028
Skewness of Detected Data	2.123
Mean of Detected log data	-2.149
SD of Detected Log data	0.957

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 9 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.112
SD	0.145
Standard Error of Mean	0.0384
95% KM (t) UCL	0.18
95% KM (z) UCL	0.175
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.196
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.185
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.28
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.352
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.495

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Benzo(g,h,i)perylene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	9
Number of Detected Data	7
Minimum Detected	0.0173
Maximum Detected	0.442
Percent Non-Detects	56.25%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0124
Maximum Non-detect	0.0176

Mean of Detected Data	0.142
Median of Detected Data	0.069
Variance of Detected Data	0.0221
SD of Detected Data	0.149
CV of Detected Data	1.046
Skewness of Detected Data	1.69
Mean of Detected log data	-2.409
SD of Detected Log data	1.064

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 10
Number treated as Detected 6
Single DL Percent Detection 62.50%

Warning: There are only 7 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0719
SD	0.11
Standard Error of Mean	0.0297
95% KM (t) UCL	0.124
95% KM (z) UCL	0.121
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.162
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.136
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.202
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.258
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.368
Data annear Normal (0.05)	

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0172

Benzo(k)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.0474
Maximum Detected	0.318
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0191
Maximum Non-detect	0.0272
Mean of Detected Data	0.139
Median of Detected Data	0.118
Variance of Detected Data	0.00945
SD of Detected Data	0.0972
CV of Detected Data	0.699
Skewness of Detected Data	1.495

Mean of Detected log data -2.16 SD of Detected Log data 0.666

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0818
SD	0.0702
Standard Error of Mean	0.0192
95% KM (t) UCL	0.115
95% KM (z) UCL	0.113
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.159
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.142
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.166
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.202
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.273
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0243

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Ber	/llium	

Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	12
Minimum	0.29
Maximum	0.82
Mean	0.463
Median	0.42
SD	0.149
Variance	0.0222
Coefficient of Variation	0.322
Skewness	0.894
Mean of log data	-0.815
SD of log data	0.307
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	0.528
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	0.533
95% Modified-t UCL	0.53
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	0.524
95% Jackknife UCL	0.528
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	0.524
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	0.54

95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	0.54
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.524
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.533
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.625
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.696
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.834
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	
Boron	
Boron	
Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	6
Number of Detected Data	10
Minimum Detected	12.5
Maximum Detected	27.2
Percent Non-Detects	37.50%
Minimum Non-detect	1.35
Maximum Non-detect	1.92
Maximum Non-detect	1.92
Mean of Detected Data	18.82
Median of Detected Data	19.7
Variance of Detected Data	27.9
SD of Detected Data	5.282
CV of Detected Data	0.281
Skewness of Detected Data	0.171
Mean of Detected log data	2.898
SD of Detected Log data	0.287
,	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method	is recommended
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods	
the Largest DL value is used for all NDs	7.60
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only	
Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level	
Winsorization Method	0.287
Mean	13.19
SD	0.643
75	
95% Winsor (t) UCL	13.57
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	16.45
SD	5.006
Standard Error of Mean	1.319
95% KM (t) UCL	18.76
95% KM (z) UCL	18.62
95% KM (BCA) UCL	19.25
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	18.86
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	22.2
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	24.69
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	29.58
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	
Butyl benzyl phthalate	
Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15

Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.202
Maximum Detected	0.202
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0153
Maximum Non-detect	0.0221

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.202, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.202

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0165 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Carbazole

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	13
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.0195
Maximum Detected	0.0861
Percent Non-Detects	81.25%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0121
Maximum Non-detect	0.0174
Mean of Detected Data	0.0504
Median of Detected Data	0.0457
Variance of Detected Data	0.00113
SD of Detected Data	0.0336
CV of Detected Data	0.665
Skewness of Detected Data	0.622
Mean of Detected log data	-3.158
SD of Detected Log data	0.745

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0253
SD	0.0169
Standard Error of Mean	0.00518
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0344
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0338
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0861
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0479

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.0577 0.0769

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide] < 0.0138

Chloroform

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.00504
Maximum Detected	0.00527
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	2.28E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00108
Mean of Detected Data	0.00516
Median of Detected Data	0.00516
Variance of Detected Data	2.65E-08
SD of Detected Data	1.63E-04
CV of Detected Data	0.0315
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-5.268
SD of Detected Log data	0.0316

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00505
SD	5.57E-05
Standard Error of Mean	1.97E-05
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00509
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00509
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00527
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00527
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00514
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00518

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00525	
Potential UCL to Use		
	0.00509	
95% KM (t) UCL		
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.00527	
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.000442	
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]		
Chromium		
Chromium		
Number of Valid Observations	16	
Number of Distinct Observations	15	
Minimum	5.01	
Maximum	14.4	
Mean	9.214	
Median	10.19	
SD	2.644	
Variance	6.989	
Coefficient of Variation	0.287	
Skewness	-0.17	
Mean of log data	2.177	
SD of log data	0.314	
95% Useful UCLs	14. 14. 第二 2015年 - 1	
Student's-t UCL	10.37	
25% UCL - (Adveted for Observation)		
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	40.07	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	10.27	
95% Modified-t UCL	10.37	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	10.3	
95% Jackknife UCL	10.37	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	10.29	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	10.31	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	10.31	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	10.29	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	10.16	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	12.09	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	13.34	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	15.79	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		
Chrysene		
Total Number of Data	16	
Number of Non-Detect Data	6	
Number of Detected Data	10	
Minimum Detected	0.0137	
Maximum Detected	0.475	
Percent Non-Detects	37.50%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.0109	
Maximum Non-detect	0.0151	
Mean of Detected Data	0.12	
Median of Detected Data	0.0825	
Variance of Detected Data	0.0196	

SD of Detected Data	0.14	
CV of Detected Data	1.166	
Skewness of Detected Data	2.074	
Mean of Detected log data	-2.711	
SD of Detected Log data	1.199	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Me		
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Me	inods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	8	
Number treated as Detected	8	
Single DL Percent Detection	50.00%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Onl		
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significa	ince Level	
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0803	
SD	0.117	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0308	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.134	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.131	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.141	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.135	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.215	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.273	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.387	
Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)		
May want to try Gamma UCLs		
Cobalt		
Number of Valid Observations	16	
Number of Distinct Observations	16	
Minimum	3.05	
Maximum	7.16	
Mean	4.385	
Median	4.06	
SD	1.131	
Variance	1.279	
Coefficient of Variation	0.258	
Skewness	0.956	
Mean of log data	1.449	
SD of log data	0.245	
95% Useful UCLs	STORESTON IN	
Student's-t UCL	4.881	

4.922

4.892

4.85

4.881

4.83 4.957

5.007

4.847

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL

95% Modified-t UCL

Non-Parametric UCLs 95% CLT UCL

95% Jackknife UCL

95% Bootstrap-t UCL 95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL

95% Standard Bootstrap UCL

95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL

95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	4.876	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	5.618	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	6.151	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	7.198	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		
Copper		
Number of Valid Observations	16	
Number of Distinct Observations	16	
Minimum	3.28	
Maximum	12.6	
Mean	7.112	
Median	6.655	
SD	2.997	
Variance	8.98	
Coefficient of Variation	0.421	
Skewness	0.299	
Mean of log data	1.87	
SD of log data	0.456	
95% Useful UCLs	HTTM HER TORKER	
Student's-t UCL	8.425	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	8.404	
95% Modified-t UCL	8.435	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	8.344	
95% Jackknife UCL	8.425	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	8.306	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	8.514	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	8.371	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	8.295	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	8.335	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	10.38	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	11.79	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	14.57	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		

Cyclohexane

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00192
Maximum Detected	0.00912
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00179
Maximum Non-detect	0.00851

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00192, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00192

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	
Increasemendation in ProLICE User Guide	1

< 0.00329

Dibenz	a,h)anth	iracene	
•				

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.0511
Maximum Detected	0.235
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0118
Maximum Non-detect	0.0168
Mean of Detected Data	0.105
Median of Detected Data	0.0659
Variance of Detected Data	0.00541
SD of Detected Data	0.0735
CV of Detected Data	0.701
Skewness of Detected Data	1.464
Mean of Detected log data	-2.428
SD of Detected Log data	0.612

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsoriza	tion N	leti	nod
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Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0712
SD	0.0486
Standard Error of Mean	0.0133
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0946
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0932
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.111
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0989
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.129
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.154
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.204

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0157

Dibenzofuran

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	2

Minimum Detected	0.0268
Maximum Detected	0.0305
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0173
Maximum Non-detect	0.025
Mean of Detected Data	0.0287
Median of Detected Data	0.0287
Variance of Detected Data	6.85E-06
SD of Detected Data	0.00262
CV of Detected Data	0.0913
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-3.555
SD of Detected Log data	0.0914

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.027	
SD	8.96E-04	
Standard Error of Mean	3.17E-04	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0276	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0276	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0305	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0305	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0284	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.029	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0302	
Potential UCL to Use		
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0276	
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.0305	
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.0192	
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]		
Diethyl phthalate		
Total Number of Data	16	
Number of Non-Detect Data	15	
Number of Detected Data	1	

Minimum Detected	0.0389
Maximum Detected	0.0389
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0208
Maximum Non-detect	0.03

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0389, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0389

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0224

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Di-n-octyl phthalate

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.0147
Maximum Detected	0.192
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0102
Maximum Non-detect	0.0147
Mean of Detected Data	0.103
Median of Detected Data	0.103
Variance of Detected Data	0.0157
SD of Detected Data	0.125
CV of Detected Data	1.213
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-2.935
SD of Detected Log data	1.817

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0258
SD	0.0429
Standard Error of Mean	0.0152
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0524

95% KM (z) UCL	0.0507
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.192
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.192
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0919
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.121
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.177

Potential UCL to Use

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0113 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	8
Minimum Detected	0.0222
Maximum Detected	0.804
Percent Non-Detects	50.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0137
Maximum Non-detect	0.0196
Mean of Detected Data	0.218
Median of Detected Data	0.161
Variance of Detected Data	0.0618
SD of Detected Data	0.249
CV of Detected Data	1.143
Skewness of Detected Data	2.315
Mean of Detected log data	-2.036
SD of Detected Log data	1.143

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.12
SD	0.191
Standard Error of Mean	0.0511
95% KM (t) UCL	0.209
95% KM (z) UCL	0.204
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.251
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.223
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.343
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.439
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.628

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Fluorene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	12
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.0124
Maximum Detected	0.046
Percent Non-Detects	75.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.012
Maximum Non-detect	0.0173
Mean of Detected Data	0.0276
Median of Detected Data	0.0259
Variance of Detected Data	1.94E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0139
CV of Detected Data	0.506
Skewness of Detected Data	0.682
Mean of Detected log data	-3.695
SD of Detected Log data	0.54

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 13
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 81.25%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization	Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.0162
SD	0.00891
Standard Error of Mean	0.00257
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0207
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0204
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.03
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0274
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0323
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0418

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0138

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

.......

gamma-Chlordane

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	12

Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	6.38E-04
Maximum Detected	8.26E-04
Percent Non-Detects	75.00%
Minimum Non-detect	3.19E-04
Maximum Non-detect	4.51E-04
Mean of Detected Data	7.02E-04
Median of Detected Data	6.72E-04
Variance of Detected Data	7.22E-09
SD of Detected Data	8.50E-05
CV of Detected Data	0.121
Skewness of Detected Data	1.69
Mean of Detected log data	-7.267
SD of Detected Log data	0.116

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	6.54E-04
SD	4.61E-05
Standard Error of Mean	1.33E-05
95% KM (t) UCL	6.77E-04
95% KM (z) UCL	6.76E-04
95% KM (BCA) UCL	8.26E-04
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	7.04E-04
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	7.12E-04
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	7.37E-04
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	7.86E-04
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.000391

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Hexachlorobenzene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0319
Maximum Detected	0.0319
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.015
Maximum Non-detect	0.0217

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0319, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0319

< 0.0162

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	-
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide	1

Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	9
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Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.0556
Maximum Detected	0.405
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0198
Maximum Non-detect	0.0282
Mean of Detected Data	0.174
Median of Detected Data	0.147
Variance of Detected Data	0.0169
SD of Detected Data	0.13
CV of Detected Data	0.747
Skewness of Detected Data	1.29
Mean of Detected log data	-1.976
SD of Detected Log data	0.739

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0999
SD	0.0925
Standard Error of Mean	0.0253
95% KM (t) UCL	0.144
95% KM (z) UCL	0.142
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.225
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.167
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.21
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.258
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.352

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0253

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Iron

Number of Valid Observations

16

Number of Distinct Observations	16
Minimum	6750
Maximum	28200
Mean	13352
Median	13200
SD	5546
Variance	30754190
Coefficient of Variation	0.415
Skewness	1.341
Mean of log data	9.427
SD of log data	0.389
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	15782
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	16129
95% Modified-t UCL	15860
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	15632
95% Jackknife UCL	15782
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	15594
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	16690
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	18534
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	15569
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	16013
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	19395
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	22010
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	27146

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Isopropylbenzene (Cumene)

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	14
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.00464
Maximum Detected	0.00704
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	2.48E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00118
Mean of Detected Data	0.00584
Median of Detected Data	0.00584
Variance of Detected Data	2.88E-06
SD of Detected Data	0.0017
CV of Detected Data	0.291
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-5.165
SD of Detected Log data	0.295

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00479
SD	5.81E-04
Standard Error of Mean	2.05E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00515
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00513
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00704
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00569
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00607
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00683
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00515
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
** Instead of LICI_EPC is selected to be median	n = <0.000480

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.000480 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Lead

Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	16
Minimum	5
Maximum	32.3
Mean	11.56
Median	10.03
SD	7.161
Variance	51.28
Coefficient of Variation	0.62
Skewness	2.013
Mean of log data	2.311
SD of log data	0.512
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	14.69
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	15.46
95% Modified-t UCL	14.84
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	14.5
95% Jackknife UCL	14.69
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	14.34
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	18.14
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	31.58

95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	14.62
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	15.47
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	19.36
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	22.74
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	29.37
2 2 20 2 20 2 20 2 2	
Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)	
May want to try Gamma UCLs	
Lithium	
Liunum	
Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	15
Minimum	6.4
Maximum	20
Mean	10.53
Median	9.88
SD	3.559
Variance	12.67
Coefficient of Variation	0.338
Skewness	1.247
Mean of log data	2.306
SD of log data	0.314
Perfect MANAGE CONTROL	
95% Useful UCLs	的情况等的
Student's-t UCL	12.09
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	12.29
95% Modified-t UCL	12.14
33 /v Wodined-t GOL	12.14
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	12
95% Jackknife UCL	12.09
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	11.96
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	12.73
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	12.79
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	12.04
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	12.17
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	14.41
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	16.09
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	19.39
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	
Manganese	
Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	15
Minimum	192
Maximum	474
Mean	283.3
Median	275
SD	87.59
Variance	7673
Coefficient of Variation	0.309
Skewness	0.667
Mean of log data	5.603
SD of log data	0.301

Student's-t UCL	321.6	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	323.2	
95% Modified-t UCL	322.2	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	319.3	
95% Jackknife UCL	321.6	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	317.6	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	331.6	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	322.6	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	322.1	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	324	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	378.7	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	420	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	501.1	
Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs		
Mercury		
Number of Valid Observations	16	
Number of Distinct Observations	13	
Minimum	0.011	
Maximum	0.036	
Mean	0.0201	
Median	0.02	
SD	0.00739	
Variance	5.46E-05	
Coefficient of Variation	0.368	
Skewness	0.618	
Mean of log data	-3.972	
SD of log data	0.367	
95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL	0.0233	
	Karles METATI - 0.02200	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	0.0234	
95% Modified-t UCL	0.0234	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	0.0231	
95% Jackknife UCL	0.0233	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	0.023	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	0.0236	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	0.0236	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.0231	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.023	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.0281	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.0316	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.0384	
Data annear Narmal (0.05)		
Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs		

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0037
Maximum Detected	0.0037
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.000599
Maximum Non-detect	0.00285

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0037, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0037

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00117

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

16 15 0.14 5.66 0.667 0.24 1.358 1.843 2.036 3.761	
0.14 5.66 0.667 0.24 1.358 1.843 2.036 3.761	
5.66 0.667 0.24 1.358 1.843 2.036 3.761	
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1.843 2.036 3.761	
2.036 3.761	
3.761	
-1.108	
0.95	
1.262	
1.566	
1.315	
1.225	
1.262	
1.206	
4.6	
3.351	
1.312	
1.703	
2.146	
2.786	
4.044	
2.146	
	1.262 1.566 1.315 1.225 1.262 1.206 4.6 3.351 1.312 1.703 2.146 2.786 4.044

Number of Valid Observations 16 Number of Distinct Observations 15

Minimum	5.8	
Maximum	16.7	
Mean	9.589	
Median	9.93	
SD	2.741	
Variance	7.512	
Coefficient of Variation	0.286	
Skewness	0.821	
Mean of log data	2.223	
SD of log data	0.283	
OB or log data	0.200	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	10.79	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	10.87	
95% Modified-t UCL	10.81	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	10.72	
95% Jackknife UCL	10.79	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	10.68	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	10.9	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	11.23	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	10.74	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	10.87	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	12.58	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	13.87	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	16.41	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine		
Total Number of Data	16	
Number of Non-Detect Data	15	
Number of Detected Data	1	
Minimum Detected	0.0434	
Maximum Detected	0.0434	
	- 200 mm m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0434, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0434

93.75%

0.0139

0.0201

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0150

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Phenanthrene

Percent Non-Detects

Minimum Non-detect

Maximum Non-detect

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	8
Minimum Detected	0.0311
Maximum Detected	0.508
Percent Non-Detects	50.00%

Minimum Non-detect	0.0152
Maximum Non-detect	0.0216
Mean of Detected Data	0.14
Median of Detected Data	0.0953
Variance of Detected Data	0.0242
SD of Detected Data	0.155
CV of Detected Data	1.107
Skewness of Detected Data	2.358
Mean of Detected log data	-2.349
SD of Detected Log data	0.892

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0858
SD	0.116
Standard Error of Mean	0.0311
95% KM (t) UCL	0.14
95% KM (z) UCL	0.137
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.159
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.142
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.221
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.28
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.396

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Pyrene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	6
Number of Detected Data	10
Minimum Detected	0.0176
Maximum Detected	0.862
Percent Non-Detects	37.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0146
Maximum Non-detect	0.0202
Mean of Detected Data	0.203
Median of Detected Data	0.146
Variance of Detected Data	0.0652
SD of Detected Data	0.255
CV of Detected Data	1.258
Skewness of Detected Data	2.208
Mean of Detected log data	-2.308
SD of Detected Log data	1.341

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected

Single DL Percent Detection 43.75%

7

9

0.376

0.482

0.688

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.133
SD	0.211
Standard Error of Mean	0.0557
95% KM (t) UCL	0.231
95% KM (z) UCL	0.225
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.248
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.231

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

Silver

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.3
Maximum Detected	0.54
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.067
Maximum Non-detect	0.094
Mean of Detected Data	0.393
Median of Detected Data	0.39
Variance of Detected Data	0.00695
SD of Detected Data	0.0833
CV of Detected Data	0.212
Skewness of Detected Data	1.083
Mean of Detected log data	-0.951
SD of Detected Log data	0.203

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean 0.335

0.0649
0.0178
0.366
0.364
0.418
0.401
0.412
0.446
0.512

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0895 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

51.19

C	ro	nti	um
9	u	1111	uiii

Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	15
Minimum	32.8
Maximum	81.7
Mean	44.86
Median	39.85
SD	14.43
Variance	208.3
Coefficient of Variation	0.322
Skewness	1.805
Mean of log data	3.765
SD of log data	0.274

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	51.19
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	52.54
95% Modified-t UCL	51.46
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	50.8
95% Jackknife UCL	51.19
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	50.5
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	56.98
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	82.31
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	51.29
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	51.61
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	60.59
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	67.4
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	80.77

Use 95% Student's-t UCL Or 95% Modified-t UCL

Titanium

Potential UCL to Use

Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	16

Minimum	19.1
Maximum	36.6
Mean	25.58
Median	23.95
SD	5.051
Variance	25.51
Coefficient of Variation	0.198
Skewness	1.084
Mean of log data	3.225
SD of log data	0.186
95% Useful UCLs	HALL SERVE
95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL	27.79
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	28.02
95% Modified-t UCL	27.85
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	27.65
95% Jackknife UCL	27.79
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	27.55
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	28.62
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	28.98
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	27.63
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	27.97
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	31.08
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	33.46
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	38.14
Data appear Normal (0.05)	

May want to try Normal UCLs

Toluene

Total Number of Data	16
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00581
Maximum Detected	0.00581
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00089
Maximum Non-detect	0.00423

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00581, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00581

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00173 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Vanadium

Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	16
Minimum	9.06
Maximum	21.2
Mean	13.86
Median	13.45

SD	3.523
Variance	12.41
Coefficient of Variation	0.254
Skewness	0.54
Mean of log data	2.599
SD of log data	0.251
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	15.4
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	15.44
95% Modified-t UCL	15.42
Non Perametria IICLs	
Non-Parametric UCLs	15.24
95% CLT UCL	15.31
95% Jackknife UCL	15.4
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	15.23
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	15.63
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	15.38
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	15.29
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	15.37
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	17.7
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	19.36
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	22.62
Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs	
7:	
Zinc	
Number of Valid Observations	16
Number of Distinct Observations	15
Minimum	18
Maximum	92.6
Mean	45.36
Median	43.6
SD	19.88
Variance	395.3
Coefficient of Variation	0.438
Skewness	0.681
Mean of log data	3.722
SD of log data	0.454
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	54.07
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	5,073—0536
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	54.44
95% Modified-t UCL	54.21
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	53.53
95% Jackknife UCL	54.07
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	53.02
	55.22
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	55.11
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	53.7
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	54.66
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	67.02
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	76.4
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	94.81

Data	appea	r No	ormal	(0	0.05)
May	want to	try	Norma	al	UCLs

APPENDIX A-7

BACKGROUND SEDIMENT INTERCOASTAL WATERWAY

Nonparametric UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File C:\Users\Michael\....\ProUCL data analysis\ICWsed - JUST BACKGROUND\ICWsed data - JUST BACKGROUND_ProUCL input.wst

Full Precision

OFF

Confidence Coefficient

95%

Number of Bootstrap Operations

2000

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene

Total Number of Data	9
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00391
Maximum Detected	0.00391
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00032
Maximum Non-detect	0.00308

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00391, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00391

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.000724

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

1,4-Dichlorobenzene

Total Number of Data	9
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00411
Maximum Detected	0.00411
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.000681
Maximum Non-detect	0.00352

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00411, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00411

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

2-Butanone

Total Number of Data	9
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.002
Maximum Detected	0.00216
Percent Non-Detects	77.78%
Minimum Non-detect	5.05E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00486
Mean of Detected Data	0.00208
Median of Detected Data	0.00208

Variance of Detected Data	1.28E-08
SD of Detected Data	1.13E-04
CV of Detected Data	0.0544
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-6.176
SD of Detected Log data	0.0544

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 9
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.00203	
SD	5.96E-05	
Standard Error of Mean	3.44E-05	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00209	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00208	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00216	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00218	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00224	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00237	
Potential UCL to Use		
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00209	
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.00216	
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	<0.00200	

4,4'-DDT

Total Number of Data	9
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00057
Maximum Detected	0.00057
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00018

0.00023

Data set has all detected values equal to = 5.7000E-4, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00057

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00021 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Aluminum

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	4730
Maximum	21800
Mean	12213
Median	10800
SD	6892
Variance	47504575
Coefficient of Variation	0.564
Skewness	0.403
Mean of log data	9.255
SD of log data	0.604

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95%	Useful	UCLS
20 /0	Cocidi	OOLS

Student's-t OCL	10400
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	16322
95% Modified-t UCL	16537
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	15992
95% Jackknife UCL	16486
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	15840
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	16940
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	15693
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	15956
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	15922
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	22228
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	26561
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	35073

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Antimony

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	1.68
Maximum	7.33
Mean	4.023

Median	2.83
SD	2.215
Variance	4.905
Coefficient of Variation	0.55
Skewness	0.488
Mean of log data	1.251
SD of log data	0.568

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	5.396
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	5.366
95% Modified-t UCL	5.416
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	5.238
95% Jackknife UCL	5.396
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	5.197
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	5.622
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	5.022
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	5.148
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	5.33
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	7.241
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	8.634
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	11.37

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Arsenic

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	2.36
Maximum	9.62
Mean	5.813
Median	4.63
SD	3.107
Variance	9.653
Coefficient of Variation	0.534
Skewness	0.351
Mean of log data	1.623
SD of log data	0.566

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

9	5%	Use	efi	ul	UC	Ls
22			121			

Student S-t OCL		1.135	
	-1		
000/ 1101 - /4 - 11-1-1-1 -	Chaumann		

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 7.646

95% Modified-t UCL	7.759
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	7.517
95% Jackknife UCL	7.739
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	7.405
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	8.015
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	7.142
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	7.431
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	7.597
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	10.33
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	12.28
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	16.12

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Barium

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	111
Maximum	280
Mean	209.7
Median	201
SD	47.73
Variance	2278
Coefficient of Variation	0.228
Skewness	-0.775
Mean of log data	5.318
SD of log data	0.263

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs

Student's-t UCL	239.2
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	231.4
95% Modified-t UCL	238.6
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	235.8
95% Jackknife UCL	239.2
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	234.1
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	235.4
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	235.3
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	233.7
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	231.4
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	279
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	309
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	368

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	9
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0369
Maximum Detected	0.0369
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00909
Maximum Non-detect	0.0115

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0369, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0369

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Beryllium

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	0.32
Maximum	1.32
Mean	0.766
Median	0.69
SD	0.403
Variance	0.163
Coefficient of Variation	0.527
Skewness	0.315
Mean of log data	-0.403
SD of log data	0.566

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs

Student's-t UCL	1.016
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	1.002
95% Modified-t UCL	1.018
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	0.987
95% Jackknife UCL	1.016
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	0.975
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	1.053
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	0.946
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.977
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.981
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1.351
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1.605
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	2.103

May want to try Normal UCLs

Boron

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	13.3
Maximum	47.9
Mean	27.64
Median	26
SD	12.82
Variance	164.2
Coefficient of Variation	0.464
Skewness	0.532
Mean of log data	3.222
SD of log data	0.472

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	35.59
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	35.48
95% Modified-t UCL	35.71
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	34.67
95% Jackknife UCL	35.59
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	34.23
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	36.73
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	35.45
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	34.46
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	35.3
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	46.26
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	54.32
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	70.15

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Carbon disulfide

Total Number of Data	9
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.00341
Maximum Detected	0.00841
Percent Non-Detects	77.78%
Minimum Non-detect	1.76E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0017
Mean of Detected Data	0.00591
Median of Detected Data	0.00591
Variance of Detected Data	1.25E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00354
CV of Detected Data	0.598

Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-5.23
SD of Detected Log data	0.638

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00397
SD	0.00157
Standard Error of Mean	7.41E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00534
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00518
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00841
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00719
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00859
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0113
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00534
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.000810

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Chromium

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	5.81
Maximum	22.5
Mean	12.81
Median	11.1
SD	6.512
Variance	42.41
Coefficient of Variation	0.508
Skewness	0.444
Mean of log data	2.43
SD of log data	0.527

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	16.85
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	16.73
95% Modified-t UCL	16.9
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	16.38
95% Jackknife UCL	16.85
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	16.23
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	17.33
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	16.09
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	16.17
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	16.4
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	22.28
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	26.37
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	34.41

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

cis-1,2-Dichloroethene

Total Number of Data	9
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0284
Maximum Detected	0.0284
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.000204
Maximum Non-detect	0.00196

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0284, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0284

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Cobalt

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	3.32
Maximum	11.8
Mean	6.698
Median	5.92
SD	3.165
Variance	10.02
Coefficient of Variation	0.473
Skewness	0.508
Mean of log data	1.8

SD of log data 0.481

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	8.66
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	8.624
95% Modified-t UCL	8.69
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	8.433
95% Jackknife UCL	8.66
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	8.334
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	8.982
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	8.445
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	8.349
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	8.547
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	11.3
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	13.29
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) ÚCL	17.2

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Copper

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	2.68
Maximum	16.8
Mean	8.138
Median	6.87
SD	5.165
Variance	26.67
Coefficient of Variation	0.635
Skewness	0.626
Mean of log data	1.902
SD of log data	0.676

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95%	Use	ful	UC	Ls

Student's-t UCL	11.34
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	11.35
95% Modified-t UCL	11.4
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	10.97
95% Jackknife UCL	11.34
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	10.78

95% Bootstrap-t UCL	11.68
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	11.18
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	11.05
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	11.25
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	15.64
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	18.89
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	25.27

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Iron

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	7440
Maximum	27900
Mean	16496
Median	15000
SD	8097
Variance	65563178
Coefficient of Variation	0.491
Skewness	0.325
Mean of log data	9.596
SD of log data	0.518

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs

Student's-t UCL	21515
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	21247
95% Modified-t UCL	21563
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	20935
95% Jackknife UCL	21515
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	20708
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	22126
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	19940
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	20869
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	21036
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	28260
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	33351
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	43351

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Lead

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	5.34
Maximum	14.5

Mean	9.587
Median	9.2
SD	3.603
Variance	12.98
Coefficient of Variation	0.376
Skewness	0.161
Mean of log data	2.194
SD of log data	0.393

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	11.82
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	11.63
95% Modified-t UCL	11.83
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	11.56
95% Jackknife UCL	11.82
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	11.44
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	11.9
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	11.24
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	11.42
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	11.65
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	14.82
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	17.09
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	21.54

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Lithium

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	7.29
Maximum	44.6
Mean	21.4
Median	17.1
SD	14.41
Variance	207.6
Coefficient of Variation	0.673
Skewness	0.724
Mean of log data	2.852
SD of log data	0.697

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL

30.33

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)

95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	30.54
95% Modified-t UCL	30.52
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	29.3
95% Jackknife UCL	30.33
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	28.78
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	33.66
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	30.44
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	29
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	29.67
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	42.33
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	51.39
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	69.18

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Manganese

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	212
Maximum	442
Mean	330.7
Median	321
SD	88.99
Variance	7920
Coefficient of Variation	0.269
Skewness	-0.147
Mean of log data	5.767
SD of log data	0.284

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set, the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

515.9

625.8

95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 385.8 95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness) 95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 377.9 95% Modified-t UCL 385.6 Non-Parametric UCLs 379.5 95% CLT UCL 95% Jackknife UCL 385.8 95% Standard Bootstrap UCL 376.3 95% Bootstrap-t UCL 385.8 95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL 371.9 95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL 376.9 95% BCA Bootstrap UCL 373.4 95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL 460

Data appear Normal (0.05)

97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL

May want to try Normal UCLs

Mercury

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	0.0065
Maximum	0.05
Mean	0.0176
Median	0.016
SD	0.0132
Variance	1.75E-04
Coefficient of Variation	0.753
Skewness	2.163
Mean of log data	-4.227
SD of log data	0.613

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's + LICI	

95 /6 OSEIGI OCES	
Student's-t UCL	0.0258
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	0.0282
95% Modified-t UCL	0.0263
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	0.0248
95% Jackknife UCL	0.0258
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	0.0247
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	0.0349
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	0.0567
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.025
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.0277
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.0368
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.0452
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.0615

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Molybdenum

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	0.16
Maximum	0.35
Mean	0.241
Median	0.24
SD	0.0675
Variance	0.00456
Coefficient of Variation	0.28
Skewness	0.35
Mean of log data	-1.458
SD of log data	0.282

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions. The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	0.283
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	0.281
95% Modified-t UCL	0.283
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	0.278
95% Jackknife UCL	0.283
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	0.277
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	0.287
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	0.276
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.276
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.276
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.339
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.382
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	0.465

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Nickel

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	6.31
Maximum	27.3
Mean	14.91
Median	13
SD	8.111
Variance	65.79
Coefficient of Variation	0.544
Skewness	0.452
Mean of log data	2.562
SD of log data	0.571

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs

Student's-t UCL	19.94
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	19.79
95% Modified-t UCL	20.01
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	19.36
95% Jackknife UCL	19.94
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	19.13
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	20.56
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	19.13
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	19.09
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	19.63

95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	26.7	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	31.8	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	41.81	

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

St	MA	mt	 222

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	34.8
Maximum	87.4
Mean	59.17
Median	59.3
SD	22.06
Variance	486.7
Coefficient of Variation	0.373
Skewness	0.141
Mean of log data	4.015
SD of log data	0.388

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95%	Useful	IICI s
30 10	OSCIUI	COLO

Student's-t UCL	72.84
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	71.63
95% Modified-t UCL	72.9
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	71.26
95% Jackknife UCL	72.84
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	70.42
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	73.24
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	68.5
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	70.59
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	70.8
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	91.22
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	105.1
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	132.3

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Titanium

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	21.1
Maximum	54.5
Mean	31.79
Median	28.6
SD	10.49
Variance	110

Coefficient of Variation		0.33
Skewness		1.471
Mean of log data		3.417
SD of log data		0.297

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	38.29
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	39.37
95% Modified-t UCL	38.58
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	37.54
95% Jackknife UCL	38.29
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	37.28
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	44.61
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	71.75
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	37.58
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	39.1
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	47.03
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	53.62
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	66.58

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Trichloroethene

Total Number of Data	9
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0159
Maximum Detected	0.0159
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.000286
Maximum Non-detect	0.00276

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0159, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0159

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Vanadium

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	10.2
Maximum	34.2
Mean	20.21
Median	19.1

SD	9.135
Variance	83.45
Coefficient of Variation	0.452
Skewness	0.468
Mean of log data	2.913
SD of log data	0.461

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	25.87
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	25.73
95% Modified-t UCL	25.95
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	25.22
95% Jackknife UCL	25.87
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	24.81
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	26.97
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	25.22
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	24.93
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	25
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	33.48
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	39.23
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	50.51

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Xylene (total)

Total Number of Data	9
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00335
Maximum Detected	0.00335
Percent Non-Detects	88.89%
Minimum Non-detect	0.000925
Maximum Non-detect	0.00891

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00335, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00335

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00209
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Zinc

Number of Valid Observations	9
Number of Distinct Observations	9
Minimum	19.3
Maximum	54.1

Mean	36.04
Median	34.1
SD	13.68
Variance	187
Coefficient of Variation	0.379
Skewness	0.0735
Mean of log data	3.515
SD of log data	0.404

Warning: There are only 9 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	44.52
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	43.66
95% Modified-t UCL	44.54
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	43.54
95% Jackknife UCL	44.52
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	43.06
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	44.65
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	42.22
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	43.54
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	43.28
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	55.91
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	64.51
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	81.4

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

APPENDIX A-8

NORTH OF MARLIN SEDIMENT

Nonparametric UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File

C:\Users\Michael\....\Gulfco Superfund Site\revised HHRA\N Wetland-May09 data\Gulfco N Wetland-May09 data_ProUCL input.wst

Full Precision

OFF

Confidence Coefficient

95%

Number of Bootstrap Operations

2000

1,2-Dichloroethane

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	45
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.00183
Maximum Detected	0.0024
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	1.23E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00265
Mean of Detected Data	0.00218
Median of Detected Data	0.00232
Variance of Detected Data	9.52E-08
SD of Detected Data	3.09E-04
CV of Detected Data	0.141
Skewness of Detected Data	-1.602
Mean of Detected log data	-6.134
SD of Detected Log data	0.148

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 48
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Ditribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Winsorization Method

Mean 0.00185 SD 1.07E-04

Standard Error of Mean	1.92E-05
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00188
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00188
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0024
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00194
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00197
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00204

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.00015 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

2-Methylnaphthalene

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	44
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.0122
Maximum Detected	0.43
Percent Non-Detects	91.67%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00851
Maximum Non-detect	0.173
Mean of Detected Data	0.134
Median of Detected Data	0.0463
Variance of Detected Data	0.0393
SD of Detected Data	0.198
CV of Detected Data	1.483
Skewness of Detected Data	1.956
Mean of Detected log data	-2.854
SD of Detected Log data	1.483

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

47 Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected 1 97.92% Single DL Percent Detection

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0225
SD	0.0599
Standard Error of Mean	0.00999
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0393
95% KM (z) UCL	0.039
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0661
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0849
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.122

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.01200

4,4'-DDT

Total Number of Data	56
Number of Non-Detect Data	40
Number of Detected Data	16
Minimum Detected	9.29E-04
Maximum Detected	0.00922
Percent Non-Detects	71.43%
Minimum Non-detect	1.54E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00498
Mean of Detected Data	0.00254
Median of Detected Data	0.00192
Variance of Detected Data	4.33E-06
SD of Detected Data	0.00208
CV of Detected Data	0.821
Skewness of Detected Data	2.555
Mean of Detected log data	-6.177
SD of Detected Log data	0.594

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 55 1 Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection 98.21%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00139
SD	0.0013
Standard Error of Mean	1.80E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0017
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00169
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00198
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00184
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00218
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00252
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00319

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

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Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	44
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.016
Maximum Detected	0.133
Percent Non-Detects	91.67%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00851
Maximum Non-detect	0.173
Mean of Detected Data	0.0748
Median of Detected Data	0.075
Variance of Detected Data	0.00324
SD of Detected Data	0.057
CV of Detected Data	0.762
Skewness of Detected Data	-0.0107
Mean of Detected log data	-2.907
SD of Detected Log data	0.997

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 48
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0213
SD	0.0224
Standard Error of Mean	0.00387
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0278
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0277
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.133
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.114
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0382
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0455
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0598

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.01105 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Acenaphthylene

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	44
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.0291
Maximum Detected	0.545
Percent Non-Detects	91.67%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00746
Maximum Non-detect	0.174
Mean of Detected Data	0.265
Median of Detected Data	0.243
Variance of Detected Data	0.0522
SD of Detected Data	0.228
CV of Detected Data	0.863
Skewness of Detected Data	0.418
Mean of Detected log data	-1.795
SD of Detected Log data	1.293

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	46
Number treated as Detected	2
Single DL Percent Detection	95.83%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set
the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0488	
SD	0.0866	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0144	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.073	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0726	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.545	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.545	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.112	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.139	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.193	

Data appear Normal (0.05)
May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.01270 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Aluminum

95% Useful UCLs

Number of Valid Observations	48
Number of Distinct Observations	38
Minimum	3400
Maximum	19200
Mean	13229
Median	13650
SD	3162
Variance	9999496
Coefficient of Variation	0.239
Skewness	-0.611
Mean of log data	9.454
SD of log data	0.296

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 13936

95% Modified-t UCL	13988
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	13980
95% Jackknife UCL	13995
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	13984
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	13961
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	13944
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	13956
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	13934
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	15218
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	16079
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	17770

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

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Total Number of Data

Total Number of Data	40
Number of Non-Detect Data	40
Number of Detected Data	8
Minimum Detected	0.00838
Maximum Detected	0.334
Percent Non-Detects	83.33%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00593
Maximum Non-detect	0.12
Mean of Detected Data	0.137
Median of Detected Data	0.111
Variance of Detected Data	0.0176
SD of Detected Data	0.133
CV of Detected Data	0.972
Skewness of Detected Data	0.321
Mean of Detected log data	-2.761
SD of Detected Log data	1.525

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 44 Number treated as Detected 91.67% Single DL Percent Detection

Warning: There are only 8 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

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Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0299
SD	0.0696
Standard Error of Mean	0.0107
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0479
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0476
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0746
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0547
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0767
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.097
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.137

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

Antimony

Total Number of Data	47
Number of Non-Detect Data	8
Number of Detected Data	39
Minimum Detected	0.65
Maximum Detected	4.24
Percent Non-Detects	17.02%
Minimum Non-detect	0.24
Maximum Non-detect	0.26
Mean of Detected Data	1.365
Median of Detected Data	1.25
Variance of Detected Data	0.366
SD of Detected Data	0.605
CV of Detected Data	0.443
Skewness of Detected Data	3.054
Mean of Detected log data	0.245
SD of Detected Log data	0.347

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	0.347
Mean	1.124
SD	0.317

95% Winsor (t) UCL	1.203
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	1.243
SD	0.607
Standard Error of Mean	0.0897
95% KM (t) UCL	1.394
95% KM (z) UCL	1.391
95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.417
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.411
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.634
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.803
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.136

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

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Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	15
Number of Detected Data	33
Minimum Detected	1
Maximum Detected	12.8
Percent Non-Detects	31.25%
Minimum Non-detect	0.12
Maximum Non-detect	1.55
Mean of Detected Data	3.58
Median of Detected Data	2.83
Variance of Detected Data	5.289
SD of Detected Data	2.3
CV of Detected Data	0.642
Skewness of Detected Data	2.191
Mean of Detected log data	1.114
SD of Detected Log data	0.569

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 19
Number treated as Detected 29
Single DL Percent Detection 39.58%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	39.58%
Mean	2.191
SD	0.434

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Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	2.775
SD	2.226
Standard Error of Mean	0.326
95% KM (t) UCL	3.322
95% KM (z) UCL	3.312
95% KM (BCA) UCL	3.433
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	3.376
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.197
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.812
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	6.021

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

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Number of Valid Observations	48
Number of Distinct Observations	46
Minimum	36
Maximum	820
Mean	151.7
Median	102.5
SD	136.5
Variance	18624
Coefficient of Variation	0.899
Skewness	3.09
Mean of log data	4.792
SD of log data	0.623

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	184.8
(SF)	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	193.5
95% Modified-t UCL	186.2
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	184.1
95% Jackknife UCL	184.8
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	184.1
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	203.7
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	214.8
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	185.5
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	197.5
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	237.6

97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	274.7
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	347.7

Potential UCL to Use

Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL 237.6

Benzo(a)anthracene		
Total Number of Data	48	
Number of Non-Detect Data	43	
Number of Detected Data	5	
Minimum Detected	0.0546	
Maximum Detected	0.993	
Percent Non-Detects	89.58%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.00506	
Maximum Non-detect	0.142	
Mean of Detected Data	0.413	
Median of Detected Data	0.199	
Variance of Detected Data	0.177	
SD of Detected Data	0.421	
CV of Detected Data	1.019	
Skewness of Detected Data	0.765	

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Mean of Detected log data

SD of Detected Log data

Number treated as Non-Detect 45
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 93.75%

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

-1.442 1.258

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.092	
SD	0.164	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0264	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.136	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.135	

95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.724
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.254
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.207
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.257
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.355

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.01135 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Benzo(a)pyrene

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	33
Number of Detected Data	15
Minimum Detected	0.0176
Maximum Detected	1.3
Percent Non-Detects	68.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00862
Maximum Non-detect	0.132
Mean of Detected Data	0.313
Median of Detected Data	0.133
Variance of Detected Data	0.157
SD of Detected Data	0.397
CV of Detected Data	1.269
Skewness of Detected Data	1.521
Mean of Detected log data	-2.11
SD of Detected Log data	1.557

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 39 Number treated as Detected 9 81.25% Single DL Percent Detection

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.11
SD	0.254
Standard Error of Mean	0.038
95% KM (t) UCL	0.173
95% KM (z) UCL	0.172

95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.178
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.178
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.275
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.347
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.487

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	29
Number of Detected Data	19
Minimum Detected	0.0162
Maximum Detected	1.36
Percent Non-Detects	60.42%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00754
Maximum Non-detect	0.153
Mean of Detected Data	0.206
Median of Detected Data	0.0474
Variance of Detected Data	0.123
SD of Detected Data	0.35
CV of Detected Data	1.697
Skewness of Detected Data	2.497
Mean of Detected log data	-2.563
SD of Detected Log data	1.342

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 42
Number treated as Detected 6
Single DL Percent Detection 87.50%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method N/A

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

napidii mele (min) memba	
Mean	0.0923
SD	0.233
Standard Error of Mean	0.0346
95% KM (t) UCL	0.15
95% KM (z) UCL	0.149
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.159
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.152
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.243

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.309	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.437	
Potential UCL to Use 95% KM (BCA) UCL		
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.159	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		
benzo(g,n,n)per yiene		
Total Number of Data	48	
Number of Non-Detect Data	24	
Number of Detected Data	24	
Minimum Detected	0.044	
Maximum Detected	1.94	
Percent Non-Detects	50.00%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.00863	
Maximum Non-detect	0.644	
Mean of Detected Data	0.365	
Median of Detected Data	0.144	
Variance of Detected Data	0.244	
SD of Detected Data	0.494	
CV of Detected Data	1.355	
Skewness of Detected Data	2.159	
Mean of Detected log data	-1.648	
SD of Detected Log data	1.076	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Me	thod is recommended	
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Me	thods),	
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Me Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs	thods),	
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Me Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect	thods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected	43	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect	43 5 89.58%	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection	43 5 89.58%	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or	43 5 89.58%	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (6)	43 5 89.58% oly 0.05)	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (Winsorization Method	43 5 89.58% oly 0.05)	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (i) Winsorization Method Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	43 5 89.58% nly 0.05)	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (i) Winsorization Method Kaplan Meier (KM) Method Mean	43 5 89.58% N/A 0.206	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (Winsorization Method Kaplan Meier (KM) Method Mean SD Standard Error of Mean	43 5 89.58% 0.05) N/A 0.206 0.377	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (i Winsorization Method Kaplan Meier (KM) Method Mean SD Standard Error of Mean 95% KM (t) UCL	43 5 89.58% N/A 0.206 0.377 0.0557 0.3	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (i Winsorization Method Kaplan Meier (KM) Method Mean SD Standard Error of Mean 95% KM (t) UCL	43 5 89.58% N/A 0.206 0.377 0.0557	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (i Winsorization Method Kaplan Meier (KM) Method Mean SD Standard Error of Mean 95% KM (t) UCL 95% KM (z) UCL	43 5 89.58% N/A 0.206 0.377 0.0557 0.3 0.298 0.331	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (I Winsorization Method Kaplan Meier (KM) Method Mean SD Standard Error of Mean 95% KM (t) UCL 95% KM (z) UCL 95% KM (BCA) UCL	43 5 89.58% N/A 0.206 0.377 0.0557 0.3 0.298 0.331 0.302	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (i Winsorization Method Kaplan Meier (KM) Method Mean SD Standard Error of Mean 95% KM (t) UCL 95% KM (z) UCL	43 5 89.58% N/A 0.206 0.377 0.0557 0.3 0.298 0.331	

Benzo(k)fluoranthene		
Total Number of Data	48	
Number of Non-Detect Data	34	
Number of Detected Data	14	
Minimum Detected	0.0692	
Maximum Detected	0.73	
Percent Non-Detects	70.83%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.01	
Maximum Non-detect	0.216	
Mean of Detected Data	0.174	
Median of Detected Data	0.128	
Variance of Detected Data	0.0312	
SD of Detected Data	0.177	
CV of Detected Data	1.013	
Skewness of Detected Data	2.806	
Mean of Detected log data	-2.016	
SD of Detected Log data	0.67	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Me	thod is recommended	
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Me	thods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	46	
Number treated as Detected	2	
Single DL Percent Detection	95.83%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Or	nly	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)	
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.101	
SD	0.104	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0156	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.127	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.127	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.135	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.131	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.169	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.198	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.256	
Potential UCL to Use		
95% KM (t) UCL	0.127	
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.131	

Beryllium		
Number of Valid Observations	48	
Number of Distinct Observations	36	
Minimum	0.28	
Maximum	1.37	
Mean	0.894	
Median	0.93	
SD	0.206	
Variance	0.0424	
Coefficient of Variation	0.23	
Skewness	-0.364	
Mean of log data	-0.144	
SD of log data	0.269	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	0.943	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	0.941	
95% Modified-t UCL	0.943	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	0.942	
95% Jackknife UCL	0.943	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	0.942	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	0.944	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	0.942	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.941	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.942	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1.023	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1.079	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1.189	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		
Boron		
BOTON		
Total Number of Data Number of Non-Detect Data	48 23	
Number of Detected Data	25 25	
Minimum Detected	5.17	
Maximum Detected	46.2	
Percent Non-Detects	47.92%	
Minimum Non-detect	1.16	
Maximum Non-detect	40.9	
Maximum Non-detect	40.3	

Mean of Detected Data	22.7
Median of Detected Data	20.4
Variance of Detected Data	118.8
SD of Detected Data	10.9
CV of Detected Data	0.48
Skewness of Detected Data	0.557
Mean of Detected log data	2.997
SD of Detected Log data	0.54

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 46
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 95.83%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	15.27
SD	11.35
Standard Error of Mean	1.729
95% KM (t) UCL	18.17
95% KM (z) UCL	18.12
95% KM (BCA) UCL	20.12
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	19.07
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	22.81
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	26.07
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	32.48

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

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Cadmium

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	29
Number of Detected Data	19
Minimum Detected	0.033
Maximum Detected	0.48
Percent Non-Detects	60.42%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0058
Maximum Non-detect	0.039
Mean of Detected Data	0.243
Median of Detected Data	0.23
Variance of Detected Data	0.0216

SD of Detected Data	0.147
CV of Detected Data	0.606
Skewness of Detected Data	0.272
Mean of Detected log data	-1.645
SD of Detected Log data	0.761

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 30
Number treated as Detected 18
Single DL Percent Detection 62.50%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.116
SD	0.136
Standard Error of Mean	0.0202
95% KM (t) UCL	0.15
95% KM (z) UCL	0.149
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.175
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.167
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.204
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.242
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.317

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

Carbazole

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	43
Number of Detected Data	5
Minimum Detected	0.0158
Maximum Detected	0.141
Percent Non-Detects	89.58%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00812
Maximum Non-detect	0.165
Mean of Detected Data	0.0644
Median of Detected Data	0.0262
Variance of Detected Data	0.00376
SD of Detected Data	0.0613
CV of Detected Data	0.952
Skewness of Detected Data	0.651

Mean of Detected log data	-3.176
SD of Detected Log data	1.059

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 48 0 Number treated as Detected Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0212
SD	0.0238
Standard Error of Mean	0.00397
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0279
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0278
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.141
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0362
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0385
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.046
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0607

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.01100 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Carbon disulfide

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	44
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.00334
Maximum Detected	0.00699
Percent Non-Detects	91.67%
Minimum Non-detect	1.18E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00253

Mean of Detected Data	0.00507
Median of Detected Data	0.00497
Variance of Detected Data	2.23E-06
SD of Detected Data	0.00149
CV of Detected Data	0.295
Skewness of Detected Data	0.389
Mean of Detected log data	-5.318
SD of Detected Log data	0.302

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

SD 6.06E- Standard Error of Mean 1.01E- 95% KM (t) UCL 0.003	Winsorization Method	N/A	
SD 6.06E- Standard Error of Mean 1.01E- 95% KM (t) UCL 0.003	Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Standard Error of Mean 1.01E- 95% KM (t) UCL 0.003	Mean	0.00348	
95% KM (t) UCL 0.003	SD	6.06E-04	
	Standard Error of Mean	1.01E-04	
95% KM (z) UCL 0.003	95% KM (t) UCL	0.00365	
	95% KM (z) UCL	0.00365	
95% KM (BCA) UCL 0.006	95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00699	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL 0.005	95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00513	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.003	95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00392	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.004	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00411	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL 0.004	99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00449	

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.00014 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Chromium

Number of Valid Observations	48
Number of Distinct Observations	42
Minimum	8.96
Maximum	44.6
Mean	15.07
Median	14.1

SD	5.536	
Variance	30.64	
Coefficient of Variation	0.367	
Skewness	3.399	
Mean of log data	2.667	
SD of log data	0.286	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	16.41	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	16.81	
95% Modified-t UCL	16.48	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	16.39	
95% Jackknife UCL	16.41	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	16.38	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	17.12	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	22.5	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	16.55	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	16.98	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	18.56	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	20.06	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	23.02	
Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Student's-t UCL	16.41	
Or 95% Modified-t UCL	16.48	
Chromium VI		
Total Number of Data	25	
Number of Non-Detect Data	19	
Number of Detected Data	6	
Minimum Detected	1.3	
Maximum Detected	4.04	
Percent Non-Detects	76.00%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.361	
Maximum Non-detect	2.98	
Mean of Detected Data	2.667	
Median of Detected Data	2.585	
Variance of Detected Data	1.786	
SD of Detected Data	1.337	
CV of Detected Data	0.501	
Skewness of Detected Data	0.0422	
Mean of Detected log data	0.864	

SD of Detected Log data

0.542

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 22
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 88.00%

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A

Kap	lan	Meier	(KM)	Method

Kapian Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	1.631
SD	0.835
Standard Error of Mean	0.183
95% KM (t) UCL	1.944
95% KM (z) UCL	1.932
95% KM (BCA) UCL	3.616
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	2.136
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.429
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.774
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.452

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.56700

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

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Chrysene

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	29
Number of Detected Data	19
Minimum Detected	0.011
Maximum Detected	4.05
Percent Non-Detects	60.42%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00755
Maximum Non-detect	0.253
Mean of Detected Data	0.525

Median of Detected Data	0.0813
Variance of Detected Data	1.167
SD of Detected Data	1.08
CV of Detected Data	2.059
Skewness of Detected Data	2.633
Mean of Detected log data	-2.274
SD of Detected Log data	1.773

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 43
Number treated as Detected 5
Single DL Percent Detection 89.58%

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.215	
SD	0.708	
Standard Error of Mean	0.105	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.391	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.388	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.421	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.405	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.673	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.871	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.259	

Potential UCL to Use

Cobalt

Number of Valid Observations	48
Number of Distinct Observations	46
Minimum	3
Maximum	9.89
Mean	6.977
Median	7.29
SD	1.408
Variance	1.983
Coefficient of Variation	0.202
Skewness	-0.339
Mean of log data	1.92
SD of log data	0.223

95% Useful UCLs

Student's-t UCL	7.318
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	7.3
95% Modified-t UCL	7.316
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	7.311
95% Jackknife UCL	7.318
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	7.311
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	7.306
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	7.325
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	7.313
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	7.304
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	7.863
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	8.246
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	8.999
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	

Copper

Number of Valid Observations	48
Number of Distinct Observations	44
Minimum	5.44
Maximum	49
Mean	14.49
Median	13.15
SD	8.49
Variance	72.09
Coefficient of Variation	0.586
Skewness	2.371
Mean of log data	2.553
SD of log data	0.471
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	16.55
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	16.96
95% Modified-t UCL	16.62
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	16.51
95% Jackknife UCL	16.55
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	16.52
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	17.22
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	17.57
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	16.61

95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	17.21
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	19.83
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	22.14
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	26.68

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)
May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Dibenz(a,h)anthracene

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	42
Number of Detected Data	6
Minimum Detected	0.129
Maximum Detected	2.91
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00635
Maximum Non-detect	0.743
Mean of Detected Data	1.391
Median of Detected Data	1.084
Variance of Detected Data	1.688
SD of Detected Data	1.299
CV of Detected Data	0.934
Skewness of Detected Data	0.291
Mean of Detected log data	-0.265
SD of Detected Log data	1.334

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 45
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 93.75%

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.287
SD	0.592
Standard Error of Mean	0.0936

95% KM (t) UCL	0.444
95% KM (z) UCL	0.441
95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.896
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.676
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.695
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.872
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.218

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.03750 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Dibenzofuran

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	45
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.01
Maximum Detected	0.08
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00506
Maximum Non-detect	0.103
Mean of Detected Data	0.0525
Median of Detected Data	0.0674
Variance of Detected Data	0.00139
SD of Detected Data	0.0373
CV of Detected Data	0.711
Skewness of Detected Data	-1.513
Mean of Detected log data	-3.276
SD of Detected Log data	1.154

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

48 Number treated as Non-Detect 0 Number treated as Detected 100.00% Single DL Percent Detection

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0129
SD	0.0133
Standard Error of Mean	0.00243
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0169
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0169
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.08
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0235
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.028
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0371

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.01555 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Endosulfan sulfate

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	45
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.00731
Maximum Detected	0.06
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	2.89E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00527
Mean of Detected Data	0.0257
Median of Detected Data	0.00989
Variance of Detected Data	8.82E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0297
CV of Detected Data	1.154
Skewness of Detected Data	1.717
Mean of Detected log data	-4.116
SD of Detected Log data	1.138

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00846
SD	0.00753
Standard Error of Mean	0.00133
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0107
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0107
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.06
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0143
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0168
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0217

Data appear Normal (0.05)
May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.00044

.._.

Endrin aldehyde

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	39
Number of Detected Data	9
Minimum Detected	5.66E-04
Maximum Detected	0.01
Percent Non-Detects	81.25%
Minimum Non-detect	3.94E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00579
Mean of Detected Data	0.00434
Median of Detected Data	0.00431
Variance of Detected Data	1.42E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00377
CV of Detected Data	0.869
Skewness of Detected Data	0.564
Mean of Detected log data	-5.917
SD of Detected Log data	1.135

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect	45
Number treated as Detected	3
Single DL Percent Detection	93.75%

Warning: There are only 9 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00128
SD	0.00213
Standard Error of Mean	3.27E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00183
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00182
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00233
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00214
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0027
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00332
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00453
Data appear Normal (0.05)	

Data appear Normal (0.05)
May want to try Normal UCLs

Endrin ketone

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	45
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.00329
Maximum Detected	0.013
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	3.79E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.00527
Mean of Detected Data	0.00749
Median of Detected Data	0.00619
Variance of Detected Data	2.48E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.00498
CV of Detected Data	0.665
Skewness of Detected Data	1.096
Mean of Detected log data	-5.048
SD of Detected Log data	0.688

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 46
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 95.83%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Ditribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.00355
SD	0.00144
Standard Error of Mean	2.54E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00398
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00397
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.013
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00466
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00514
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00608

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.00055

0.346

Fluoranthene

Mean of Detected Data

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	35
Number of Detected Data	13
Minimum Detected	0.012
Maximum Detected	2.17
Percent Non-Detects	72.92%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00647
Maximum Non-detect	0.213
Maximum Non-detect	0

Median of Detected Data	0.0548
Variance of Detected Data	0.444
SD of Detected Data	0.667
CV of Detected Data	1.925
Skewness of Detected Data	2.359
Mean of Detected log data	-2.413
SD of Detected Log data	1.622

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 45
Number treated as Detected 3
Single DL Percent Detection 93.75%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.104
SD	0.365
Standard Error of Mean	0.0548
95% KM (t) UCL	0.196
95% KM (z) UCL	0.194
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.213
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.206
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.343
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.446
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.649

Data appear Lognormal (0.05)
May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Fluorene

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	44
Number of Detected Data	4
Minimum Detected	0.015
Maximum Detected	0.139
Percent Non-Detects	91.67%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00659
Maximum Non-detect	0.135
Mean of Detected Data	0.0923
Median of Detected Data	0.108
Variance of Detected Data	0.00313
SD of Detected Data	0.0559

CV of Detected Data	0.606
Skewness of Detected Data	-1.209
Mean of Detected log data	-2.667
SD of Detected Log data	1.041

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

47 Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected 1 Single DL Percent Detection 97.92%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0217
SD	0.0259
Standard Error of Mean	0.00439
95% KM (t) UCL	0.029
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0289
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.139
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.128
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0408
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0491
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0653

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.01100 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

gamma-Chlordane

48
44
4
7.69E-04
0.0036
91.67%
2.40E-04

Maximum Non-detect	0.00423
Mean of Detected Data	0.00203
Median of Detected Data	0.00188
Variance of Detected Data	1.91E-06
SD of Detected Data	0.00138
CV of Detected Data	0.68
Skewness of Detected Data	0.276
Mean of Detected log data	-6.403
SD of Detected Log data	0.761

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 48
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Ditribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	8.77E-04
SD	4.96E-04
Standard Error of Mean	8.35E-05
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00102
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00101
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0036
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00283
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00124
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0014
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00171

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.00044 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene

Total Number of Data 48

Number of Non-Detect Data	25	
Number of Detected Data	23	
Minimum Detected	0.0628	
Maximum Detected	1.94	
Percent Non-Detects	52.08%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.013	
Maximum Non-detect	0.55	
Mean of Detected Data	0.388	
Median of Detected Data	0.118	
Variance of Detected Data	0.279	
SD of Detected Data	0.528	
CV of Detected Data	1.361	
Skewness of Detected Data	1.896	
Mean of Detected log data	-1.668	
SD of Detected Log data	1.156	
Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Met		
For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Me	thods),	
Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs		
Number treated as Non-Detect	42	
Number treated as Detected	6	
Single DL Percent Detection	87.50%	
Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values On	ly	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (C	0.05)	
Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.22	
SD	0.393	
Standard Error of Mean	0.0579	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.317	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.315	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.317	
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.321	
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.472	
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.581	
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.796	
Potential UCL to Use		
	0.317	
Iron		
	40	
Number of Valid Observations	48	
Number of Distinct Observations	37	
Minimum	11100	

Maximum

60900

Mean	17152	
Median	16650	
SD	6903	
Variance	47645953	
Coefficient of Variation	0.402	
Skewness	5.582	
Mean of log data	9.71	
SD of log data	0.25	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution	1	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	18824	
Student's to Oct	20021	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	19649	
95% Modified-t UCL	18958	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	18791	
95% Jackknife UCL	18824	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	18718	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	20832	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	25660	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	18863	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	20117	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	21495	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	23374	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	27065	
Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Student's-t UCL	18824	
Or 95% Modified-t UCL	18958	
Lead		
Number of Valid Observations	48	
Number of Distinct Observations	45	
Minimum	9.4	
Maximum	237	
Mean	25.36	
Median	16.7	
SD	34.13	
Variance	1165	
Coefficient of Variation	1.346	
Skewness	5.449	A.
Mean of log data	2.969	
SD of log data	0.571	
HEROMONA CLAS MINISTERS		

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution

95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	33.62	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	37.6	
95% Modified-t UCL	34.27	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	33.46	
95% Jackknife UCL	33.62	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	33.12	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	48.81	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	62.56	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	34.42	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	39.58	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	46.83	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	56.12	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	74.38	
Detential LICI to Lice		
Potential UCL to Use Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	46.93	
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, 3u) UCL	40.03	
Lithium		
Number of Valid Observations	48	
Number of Distinct Observations	43	
Minimum	5.43	
Maximum	27.6	
Mean	18.65	
Median	18.75	
SD	3.754	
Variance	14.09	
Coefficient of Variation	0.201	
Skewness	-0.745	
Mean of log data	2.9	
SD of log data	0.25	
Washington and American Company of the Company of t		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	19.56	
DEW LIGIT (Adjusted for Skewmann)		
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	10.49	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL 95% Modified-t UCL	19.48 19.55	
33% Modified-t OCL	19.55	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	19.55	
95% Jackknife UCL	19.56	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	19.57	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	19.51	
A.		

95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	19.54
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	19.56
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	19.43
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	21.02
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	22.04
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	24.05

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Manganese		
Number of Valid Observations	48	
Number of Distinct Observations	48	
Minimum	87.6	
Maximum	1010	
Mean	331.8	
Median	275	
SD	205.9	
Variance	42405	
Coefficient of Variation	0.621	
Skewness	1.558	
Mean of log data	5.638	
SD of log data	0.583	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	381.7	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	387.8	
95% Modified-t UCL	382.8	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	380.7	
95% Jackknife UCL	381.7	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	380.9	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	388.6	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	389.8	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	381.8	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	387.6	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	461.3	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	517.4	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	627.5	
Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05)		
May want to try Gamma UCLs		

Mercury

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	21
Number of Detected Data	27
Minimum Detected	0.0061
Maximum Detected	0.081
Percent Non-Detects	43.75%
Minimum Non-detect	0.0025
Maximum Non-detect	0.038
Mean of Detected Data	0.0294
Median of Detected Data	0.024
Variance of Detected Data	4.64E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.0215
CV of Detected Data	0.733
Skewness of Detected Data	1.056
Mean of Detected log data	-3.791
SD of Detected Log data	0.758

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Winsorization Method

Number treated as Non-Detect 40
Number treated as Detected 8
Single DL Percent Detection 83.33%

N/A

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data appear Gamma Distributed at 5% Significance Level

	12.04.005)
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0204
SD	0.019
Standard Error of Mean	0.00282
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0251
95% KM (z) UCL	0.025
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0256
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0251
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0327
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.038
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0485

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Molybdenum

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	10
Number of Detected Data	38

Minimum Detected	0.13
Maximum Detected	3.24
Percent Non-Detects	20.83%
Minimum Non-detect	0.074
Maximum Non-detect	0.084
Mean of Detected Data	0.723
Median of Detected Data	0.445
Variance of Detected Data	0.482
SD of Detected Data	0.694
CV of Detected Data	0.961
Skewness of Detected Data	2.229
Mean of Detected log data	-0.636
SD of Detected Log data	0.754

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Lognormal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	0.754
Mean	0.413
SD	0.229
95% Winsor (t) UCL	0.47

Kaplan Meier (KM) Method

Mean	0.599
SD	0.655
Standard Error of Mean	0.0959
95% KM (t) UCL	0.76
95% KM (z) UCL	0.757
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.775
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.769
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.017
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.198
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.553

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Nickel

Number of Valid Observations	50
Number of Distinct Observations	43
Minimum	10.9
Maximum	27.7
Mean	17.29
Median	17.3

SD	3.391	
Variance	11.5	
Coefficient of Variation	0.196	
Skewness	0.421	
Mean of log data	2.831	
SD of log data	0.197	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	18.09	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	18.11	
95% Modified-t UCL	18.09	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	18.07	
95% Jackknife UCL	18.09	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	18.08	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	18.1	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	18.14	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	18.04	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	18.12	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	19.38	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	20.28	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	22.06	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		
Phenanthrene		
Total Number of Data	48	
Number of Nen Detect Data	26	

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	36
Number of Detected Data	12
Minimum Detected	0.023
Maximum Detected	1.3
Percent Non-Detects	75.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00616
Maximum Non-detect	0.125
Mean of Detected Data	0.268
Median of Detected Data	0.0938
Variance of Detected Data	0.209
SD of Detected Data	0.457
CV of Detected Data	1.707
Skewness of Detected Data	2.03
Mean of Detected log data	-2.324
SD of Detected Log data	1.352

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected

Single DL Percent Detection

91.67%

44

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0846
SD	0.243
Standard Error of Mean	0.0366
95% KM (t) UCL	0.146
95% KM (z) UCL	0.145
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.156
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.149
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.244
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.313
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.449
Potential UCL to Use	

Pyrene

95% KM (BCA) UCL

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	29
Number of Detected Data	19
Minimum Detected	0.0159
Maximum Detected	1.64
Percent Non-Detects	60.42%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00816
Maximum Non-detect	0.371
Mean of Detected Data	0.355
Median of Detected Data	0.109
Variance of Detected Data	0.255
SD of Detected Data	0.505
CV of Detected Data	1.42
Skewness of Detected Data	1.636
Mean of Detected log data	-2.033

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect

SD of Detected Log data

43

1.485

Number treated as Detected	5
Single DL Percent Detection	89.58%

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only
Data Follow Appr. Gamma Distribution at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.152
SD	0.351
Standard Error of Mean	0.052
95% KM (t) UCL	0.239
95% KM (z) UCL	0.237
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.254
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.245
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.379
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.477
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.669

Data follow Appr. Gamma Distribution (0.05)

May want to try Gamma UCLs

Strontium

Number of Valid Observations	48	
Number of Distinct Observations	47	
Minimum	18.8	
Maximum	330	
Mean	67	
Median	54	
SD	52.81	
Variance	2789	
Coefficient of Variation	0.788	
Skewness	3.229	
Mean of log data	4.025	
SD of log data	0.557	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	79.79	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	83.33	
95% Modified-t UCL	80.38	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	79.53	
95% Jackknife UCL	79.79	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	79.32	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	88.66	

95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	98.83
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	81.07
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	85.31
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	100.2
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	114.6
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	142.8

Data appear Lognormal (0.05) May want to try Lognormal UCLs

Skewness of Detected Data

Mean of Detected log data

SD of Detected Log data

Tin		
Total Number of Data	48	
Number of Non-Detect Data	44	
Number of Detected Data	4	
Minimum Detected	3.45	
Maximum Detected	4.61	
Percent Non-Detects	91.67%	
Minimum Non-detect	0.4	
Maximum Non-detect	1.29	
Mean of Detected Data	3.845	
Median of Detected Data	3.66	
Variance of Detected Data	0.27	
SD of Detected Data	0.52	
CV of Detected Data	0.135	

1.771

1.34

0.128

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	3.483
SD	0.17
Standard Error of Mean	0.0283
95% KM (t) UCL	3.53

95% KM (z) UCL	3.529
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	3.738
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.606
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.66
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	3.764

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.60000 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Titanium			

Number of Valid Observations	48
Number of Distinct Observations	44
Minimum	8.15
Maximum	68.7
Mean	29.14
Median	28
SD	13.88
Variance	192.7
Coefficient of Variation	0.476
Skewness	1.065
Mean of log data	3.267
SD of log data	0.465
95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	32.5
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	32.77
95% Modified-t UCL	32.55
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	32.44
95% Jackknife UCL	32.5
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	32.44
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	32.97
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	32.68
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	32.57
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	32.71
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	37.87
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	41.65
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	49.08

Data appear Gamma Distributed (0.05) May want to try Gamma UCLs

Toluene

Total Number of Data	48
Number of Non-Detect Data	45
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.00157
Maximum Detected	0.00214
Percent Non-Detects	93.75%
Minimum Non-detect	5.94E-04
Maximum Non-detect	0.0128
Mean of Detected Data	0.00178
Median of Detected Data	0.00162
Variance of Detected Data	9.96E-08
SD of Detected Data	3.16E-04
CV of Detected Data	0.178
Skewness of Detected Data	1.683
Mean of Detected log data	-6.343
SD of Detected Log data	0.17

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 48
Number treated as Detected 0
Single DL Percent Detection 100.00%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only

Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00158
SD	8.33E-05
Standard Error of Mean	1.50E-05
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00161
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00161
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00214
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00165
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00168

0.00173

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median <0.00073 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Vanadium		
Number of Valid Observations	48	
Number of Distinct Observations	39	
Minimum	9.02	
Maximum	32	
Mean	21.65	
Median	21.75	
SD	4.554	
Variance	20.74	
Coefficient of Variation	0.21	
Skewness	-0.279	
Mean of log data	3.05	
SD of log data	0.233	
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	22.75	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	22.7	
95% Modified-t UCL	22.74	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	22.73	
95% Jackknife UCL	22.75	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	22.72	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	22.75	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	22.77	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	22.7	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	22.67	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	24.51	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	25.75	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	28.19	
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		
Zinc		

53

53

Number of Valid Observations

Number of Distinct Observations

Minimum	31.5	
Maximum	903	
Mean	139.1	
Median	84.3	
SD	160.9	
Variance	25899	
Coefficient of Variation	1.157	
Skewness	2.989	
Mean of log data	4.558	
SD of log data	0.795	
Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution		
95% Useful UCLs		
Student's-t UCL	176.1	
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)		
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	185.2	
95% Modified-t UCL	177.6	
Non-Parametric UCLs		
95% CLT UCL	175.5	
95% Jackknife UCL	176.1	
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	176.1	
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	198.2	
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	196.5	
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	179.1	
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	183.4	
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	235.5	
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	277.1	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	359	
Potential UCL to Use		
Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL	235.5	

APPENDIX A-9

POND SEDIMENT

Nonparametric UCL Statistics for Data Sets with Non-Detects

User Selected Options

From File

C:\Users\Michael\....\ProUCL data analysis\Pond Sediment\Pond sediment data_ProUCL input.wst

Full Precision

OFF

Confidence Coefficient

95%

Number of Bootstrap Operations

2000

2,4,6-Trichlorophenol

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0429
Maximum Detected	0.0429
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.025
Maximum Non-detect	0.033

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0429, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0429

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0269 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

4,4'-DDD

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00068
Maximum Detected	0.00068
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00046
Maximum Non-detect	0.026

Data set has all detected values equal to = 6.7600E-4, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 6.7600E-4

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

4,4'-DDT

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	5
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.00111
Maximum Detected	0.00157
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.011
Maximum Non-detect	0.014
Mean of Detected Data	0.00127
Median of Detected Data	0.00113
Variance of Detected Data	6.76E-08
SD of Detected Data	2.60E-04
CV of Detected Data	0.205
Skewness of Detected Data	1.721

Mean of Detected log data	-6.682
SD of Detected Log data	0.195

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect Number treated as Detected 0 100.00% Single DL Percent Detection

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.00127
SD	2.12E-04
Standard Error of Mean	1.50E-04
95% KM (t) UCL	0.00155
95% KM (z) UCL	0.00152
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.00148
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.00157
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00192
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00221
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.00276

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0110 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0798
Maximum Detected	0.0798
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00066
Maximum Non-detect	0.073

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0798, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0798

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Aluminum

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	7990
Maximum	16300
Mean	11748
Median	11550
SD	3382
Variance	11436193
Coefficient of Variation	0.288
Skewness	0.211
Mean of log data	9.334
SD of log data	0.293

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	HANGE HE
95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL	14013
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	13810
95% Modified-t UCL	14028
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	13714
95% Jackknife UCL	14013
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	13591
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	14179
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	13371
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	13634
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	13558
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	16959
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	19214
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	23644
Data appear Normal (0.05)	

May want to try Normal UCLs

Antimony

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	5
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	1.34
Maximum Detected	1.85
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.33
Maximum Non-detect	0.44
Mean of Detected Data	1.517
Median of Detected Data	1.36
Variance of Detected Data	0.0834
SD of Detected Data	0.289
CV of Detected Data	0.19
Skewness of Detected Data	1.723
Mean of Detected log data	0.405
SD of Detected Log data	0.182

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	1.406
SD	0.168
Standard Error of Mean	0.0727
95% KM (t) UCL	1.544
95% KM (z) UCL	1.526
95% KM (BCA) UCL	1.85
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	1.85
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.723
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	1.86
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	2.129
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.440 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Arsenic

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	5
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	3.39
Maximum Detected	5.01
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.28
Maximum Non-detect	0.37
Mean of Detected Data	4.373
Median of Detected Data	4.72
Variance of Detected Data	0.746
SD of Detected Data	0.864
CV of Detected Data	0.198
Skewness of Detected Data	-1.515
Mean of Detected log data	1.461
SD of Detected Log data	0.21

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	3.759
SD	0.643
Standard Error of Mean	0.278
95% KM (t) UCL	4.286
95% KM (z) UCL	4.217
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	5.01
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	4.972
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	5.497
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	6.528
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.335

[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Barium

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	7
Minimum	108
Maximum	417
Mean	198.6
Median	128.5
SD	119.4
Variance	14249
Coefficient of Variation	0.601
Skewness	1.058
Mean of log data	5.149
SD of log data	0.553

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	278.6
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	284.9
95% Modified-t UCL	281.2
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	268
95% Jackknife UCL	278.6
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	262.3
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	330.7
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	259.7
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	265.3
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	272.6
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	382.6
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	462.2

99%	Chebyshev(Mea	n, Sd) UCL
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618.5

Potential UCL to Use

Use 95% Chebyshev (Mean, Sd) UCL

382.6

Benzo(b)fluoranthene

225117700 12 22013		2
Total Number of Data		8
Number of Non-Detect Data		2
Number of Detected Data	5	6
Minimum Detected		0.0293
Maximum Detected		0.106
Percent Non-Detects		25.00%
Minimum Non-detect		0.01
Maximum Non-detect		0.011
Mean of Detected Data		0.0618
Median of Detected Data		0.0597
Variance of Detected Data		0.00112
SD of Detected Data		0.0334
CV of Detected Data		0.541
Skewness of Detected Data		0.232
Mean of Detected log data		-2.919
SD of Detected Log data		0.579

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 6 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

VIII SOI LAUGH WELFOR	0.010
Mean	0.0506
SD	0.027
95% Winsor (t) UCL	0.073
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0537
SD	0.0299
Standard Error of Mean	0.0116
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0756
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0727
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0746
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0746
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.104

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL

Winsorization Method

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0338

0.126

0.169

0.579

Benzo(g,h,i)perylene

Total Number of Data

8

Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.135
Maximum Detected	0.135
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.015
Maximum Non-detect	0.02

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.135, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.135

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

< 0.0159

Benzo(k)fluoranthene

T. L. I.V	
Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	5
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.11
Maximum Detected	0.13
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.023
Maximum Non-detect	0.03
Mean of Detected Data	0.12
Median of Detected Data	0.119
Variance of Detected Data	1.00E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.01
CV of Detected Data	0.0837
Skewness of Detected Data	0.298
Mean of Detected log data	-2.125
SD of Detected Log data	0.0836

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.114
SD	0.00685
Standard Error of Mean	0.00297
95% KM (t) UCL	0.119
95% KM (z) UCL	0.119
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.13
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.127

97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.132
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.143

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0275
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

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Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	0.58
Maximum	1.13
Mean	0.834
Median	0.865
SD	0.206
Variance	0.0423
Coefficient of Variation	0.247
Skewness	0.0408
Mean of log data	-0.209
SD of log data	0.254

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL 0.972

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	0.954
95% Modified-t UCL	0.972
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	0.953
95% Jackknife UCL	0.972
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	0.946
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	0.979
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	0.938
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	0.944
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	0.946
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1.151
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1.288
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1.557

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

beta-BHC

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.000699
Maximum Detected	0.000699
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00049
Maximum Non-detect	0.03

Data set has all detected values equal to = 6.9900E-4, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 6.9900E-4

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0230 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

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Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	3
Number of Detected Data	5
Minimum Detected	11
	2223 6
Maximum Detected	28.4
Percent Non-Detects	37.50%
Minimum Non-detect	8.52
Maximum Non-detect	9.89
Mean of Detected Data	21.12
Median of Detected Data	25
Variance of Detected Data	65.87
SD of Detected Data	8.116
CV of Detected Data	0.384
Skewness of Detected Data	-0.574
Mean of Detected log data	2.98
SD of Detected Log data	0.438

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 5 Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	17.33
SD	7.546
Standard Error of Mean	2.983
95% KM (t) UCL	22.98
95% KM (z) UCL	22.23
95% KM (BCA) UCL	26.33
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	26.28
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	30.33
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	35.95
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	47
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	
tt last and of HOL EDO is a last of the base of the second	40.4

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <12.4 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Bromomethane

Total Number of Data 8 Number of Non-Detect Data 6

Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.014
Maximum Detected	0.031
Percent Non-Detects	75.00%
'Minimum Non-detect	0.00264
Maximum Non-detect	0.017
Mean of Detected Data	0.0225
Median of Detected Data	0.0225
Variance of Detected Data	1.45E-04
SD of Detected Data	0.012
CV of Detected Data	0.534
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-3.871
SD of Detected Log data	0.562

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 7
Number treated as Detected 1
Single DL Percent Detection 87.50%

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.0161
SD	0.00562
Standard Error of Mean	0.00281
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0215
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0207
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.031
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.031
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0284
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0337
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0441
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0215
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.031
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	<0.0135
iber recommendation in Prooct Oser Guide)	

Cadmium

Total Number of Data

Number of Non-Detect Data	3
Number of Detected Data	5
Minimum Detected	0.19
Maximum Detected	0.27
Percent Non-Detects	37.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.03
Maximum Non-detect	0.034
Mean of Detected Data	0.226
Median of Detected Data	0.23
Variance of Detected Data	0.00128
SD of Detected Data	0.0358
CV of Detected Data	0.158
Skewness of Detected Data	0.0524
Mean of Detected log data	-1.497
SD of Detected Log data	0.16

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: There are only 4 Distinct Detected Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap may be performed on this data set

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

It is recommended to have 10-15 or more distinct observations for accurate and meaningful results.

Data Dsitribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method		N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean		0.213
SD		0.0307
Standard Error of Mean		0.0121
95% KM (t) UCL		0.236
95% KM (z) UCL		0.232
95% KM (BCA) UCL		0.24
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UG	CL	0.243
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL		0.265
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL		0.288
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL		0.333
Data appear Normal (0.05)		
May want to try Normal UCLs		
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected [per recommendation in Prol		<0.190

Carbon disulfide

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.00771
Maximum Detected	0.00771
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.00019
Maximum Non-detect	0.00205

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.00771, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.00771

** Instead of UCL,	EPC is selected to	be median =
Iner recomm	endation in ProLICI	Hear Guidal

< 0.00096

16.02

Chromium

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	8.29
Maximum	20.1
Mean	12.93
Median	11.55
SD	4.611
Variance	21.26
Coefficient of Variation	0.357
Skewness	0.57
Mean of log data	2.505
SD of log data	0.35

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL

Ottadelit 3-t GGE	10.02
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	15.97
95% Modified-t UCL	16.08
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	15.61
95% Jackknife UCL	16.02
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	15.51
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	16.56
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	15.49
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	15.56
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	15.76
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	20.04
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	23.11
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	29.15
Data appear Normal (0.05)	

Chrysene

May want to try Normal UCLs

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0257
Maximum Detected	0.0257
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.013
Maximum Non-detect	0.017

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0257, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects

Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0257

^{**} Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	5.19
Maximum	8.99
Mean	6.939
Median	6.945
SD	1.378
Variance	1.898
Coefficient of Variation	0.199
Skewness	0.167
Mean of log data	1.92
SD of log data	0.2

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95%	Useful	UCLs	
Studen	t's-t Il	CI	

Student S-t OCL	1.002
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	7.771
95% Modified-t UCL	7.866
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	7.74
95% Jackknife UCL	7.862
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	7.698
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	7.888
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	7.723
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	7.695
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	7.695
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	9.062
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	9.981
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	11.79

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Copper

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	8.33
Maximum	26.8
Mean	15.2
Median	12.55
SD	7.421
Variance	55.08
Coefficient of Variation	0.488
Skewness	0.836
Mean of log data	2.623
SD of log data	0.467

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	20.17
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	20.34
95% Modified-t UCL	20.3
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	19.51
95% Jackknife UCL	20.17
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	19.15
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	23.41
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	21.13
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	19.25
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	19.92
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	26.64
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	31.58
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	41.31
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
May want to try Normal UCLs	

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Iron

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	11300
Maximum	20100
Mean	15275
Median	15500
SD	3227
Variance	10416429
Coefficient of Variation	0.211
Skewness	0.139
Mean of log data	9.614
SD of log data	0.214

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs

93 /0 USEIGI UULS	
Student's-t UCL	17437
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	17212
95% Modified-t UCL	17446
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	17152
95% Jackknife UCL	17437
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	17037
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	17535
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	17130
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	17125
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	17088
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	20249
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	22401
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	26629

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Lead

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	10.6
Maximum	30.5
Mean	17.54
Median	15.5
SD	7.076
Variance	50.07
Coefficient of Variation	0.403
Skewness	0.923
Mean of log data	2.798
SD of log data	0.384

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% U	seful	UCLs
-------	-------	-------------

Student's-t UCL	22.28
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	22.52
95% Modified-t UCL	22.41
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	21.65
95% Jackknife UCL	22.28
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	21.32
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	23.59
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	23.41
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	21.54
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	22.34
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	28.44
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	33.16
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	42.43

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Lithium

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	13.5
Maximum	23.7
Mean	18.48
Median	18.85
SD	4.071
Variance	16.58
Coefficient of Variation	0.22
Skewness	0.00369
Mean of log data	2.895
SD of log data	0.225

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	21.2
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	20.84
95% Modified-t UCL	21.2
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	20.84
95% Jackknife UCL	21.2
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	20.65
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	21.12
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	20.4
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	20.68
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	20.68
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	24.75
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	27.46
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	32.8
Data appear Normal (0.05)	
경우 10 Marin 17 프로젝트 17 (19 marin 1884) 18 Marin 18 (19 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	

May want to try Normal UCLs

m,p-Cresol

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	7
Number of Detected Data	1
Minimum Detected	0.0375
Maximum Detected	0.0375
Percent Non-Detects	87.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.021
Maximum Non-detect	0.0253

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.0375, having '0' variation.

No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set.

All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.0375

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0234 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Manganese

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	352
Maximum	711
Mean	487.6
Median	453
SD	124.2
Variance	15417
Coefficient of Variation	0.255
Skewness	0.739
Mean of log data	6.162
SD of log data	0.247

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL

570.8

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	572.1
95% Modified-t UCL	572.7
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	559.8
95% Jackknife UCL	570.8
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	556.5
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	599
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	572.9
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	556
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	563.6
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	679
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	761.8
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	924.4

Methyl iodide

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

Total Number of Data 8 Number of Non-Detect Data 7 Number of Detected Data 1 Minimum Detected 0.041 Maximum Detected 0.041 Percent Non-Detects 87.50% Minimum Non-detect 0.00159 Maximum Non-detect 0.017

Data set has all detected values equal to = 0.041, having '0' variation. No reliable or meaningful statistics and estimates can be computed using such a data set. All relevant statistics such as background statistics (UPLs, UTLs) and UCLs should also be nondetects Specifically, UPLs, UCLs, UTLs are all less than the maximum detection limit = 0.041

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.00784 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Molybdenum

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	6
Number of Detected Data	2
Minimum Detected	0.21
Maximum Detected	0.6
Percent Non-Detects	75.00%
Minimum Non-detect	0.11
Maximum Non-detect	0.14
Mean of Detected Data	0.405
Median of Detected Data	0.405
Variance of Detected Data	0.0761
SD of Detected Data	0.276
CV of Detected Data	0.681
Skewness of Detected Data	N/A
Mean of Detected log data	-1.036
SD of Detected Log data	0.742

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods), the Largest DL value is used for all NDs

Warning: Data set has only 2 Distinct Detected Values.

This may not be adequate enough to compute meaningful and reliable test statistics and estimates.

The Project Team may decide to use alternative site specific values to estimate environmental parameters (e.g., EPC, BTV).

Unless Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) have been met, it is suggested to collect additional observations.

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods. Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution (0.05)

Winsorization Method	N/A
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method	
Mean	0.259
SD	0.129
Standard Error of Mean	0.0645
95% KM (t) UCL	0.381
95% KM (z) UCL	0.365
95% KM (BCA) UCL	N/A
95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.6
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.54
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.661
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.9
Potential UCL to Use	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.381
95% KM (% Bootstrap) UCL	0.6
** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median =	<0.12
[per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]	

Nickel

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	12.3
Maximum	20.6
Mean	16.33
Median	16.65
SD	3.09
Variance	9.551
Coefficient of Variation	0.189
Skewness	-0.0427
Mean of log data	2.777
SD of log data	0.193

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	18.1
95% Modified-t UCL	18.39

Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	18.12
95% Jackknife UCL	18.4
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	17.98
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	18.4
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	17.86
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	17.88
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	17.96
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	21.09
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	23.15
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	27.2

Data appear Normal (0.05)
May want to try Normal UCLs

P			

Total Number of Data	8
Number of Non-Detect Data	5
Number of Detected Data	3
Minimum Detected	0.0201
Maximum Detected	0.0265
Percent Non-Detects	62.50%
Minimum Non-detect	0.018
Maximum Non-detect	0.023
Mean of Detected Data	0.0232
Median of Detected Data	0.0231
Variance of Detected Data	1.03E-05
SD of Detected Data	0.0032
CV of Detected Data	0.138
Skewness of Detected Data	0.187
Mean of Detected log data	-3.769
SD of Detected Log data	0.138

Note: Data have multiple DLs - Use of KM Method is recommended

For all methods (except KM, DL/2, and ROS Methods),

Observations < Largest DL are treated as NDs

Number treated as Non-Detect 6
Number treated as Detected 2
Single DL Percent Detection 75.00%

Warning: There are only 3 Distinct Detected Values in this data set

The number of detected data may not be adequate enough to perform GOF tests, bootstrap, and ROS methods.

Those methods will return a 'N/A' value on your output display!

It is necessary to have 4 or more Distinct Values for bootstrap methods.

However, results obtained using 4 to 9 distinct values may not be reliable.

It is recommended to have 10 to 15 or more observations for accurate and meaningful results and estimates.

Data Distribution Test with Detected Values Only Data appear Normal at 5% Significance Level

Winsorization Method	N/A	
Kaplan Meier (KM) Method		
Mean	0.0213	
SD	0.00221	
Standard Error of Mean	9.55E-04	
95% KM (t) UCL	0.0231	
95% KM (z) UCL	0.0228	
95% KM (BCA) UCL	0.0265	

95% KM (Percentile Bootstrap) UCL	0.0265
95% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0254
97.5% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0272
99% KM (Chebyshev) UCL	0.0308

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

** Instead of UCL, EPC is selected to be median = <0.0196 [per recommendation in ProUCL User Guide]

Strontium

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	63.3
Maximum	181
Mean	103.6
Median	89.45
SD	41.82
Variance	1749
Coefficient of Variation	0.404
Skewness	1
Mean of log data	4.575
SD of log data	0.38

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs Student's-t UCL

95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	133.5
95% Modified-t UCL	132.5
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	127.9
95% Jackknife UCL	131.6
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	126
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	151.9
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	138.6
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	127
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	130.3
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	168.1
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	195.9
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	250.7

Data appear Normal (0.05) May want to try Normal UCLs

Titanium

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	19.1
Maximum	40.5
Mean	30
Median	32.65
SD	8.035
Variance	64.57

Coefficient of Variation	0.268
Skewness	-0.263
Mean of log data	3.367
SD of log data	0.286

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	35.38
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	34.39
95% Modified-t UCL	35.34
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	34.67
95% Jackknife UCL	35.38
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	34.3
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	35.29
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	33.72
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	34.38
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	34.13
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	42.38
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	47.74
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	58.27
Data appear Normal (0.05)	

Vanadium

May want to try Normal UCLs

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	16.8
Maximum	27.4
Mean	21.83
Median	21.8
SD	4.107
Variance	16.87
Coefficient of Variation	0.188
Skewness	0.0796
Mean of log data	3.067
SD of log data	0.19

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

TEMPER TO SERVE	2.50	200	C	
95%	llea	ful	HOL	

Student's-t UCL	24.58
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	24.26
95% Modified-t UCL	24.58
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	24.21
95% Jackknife UCL	24.58
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	24.04
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	24.41

95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	23.81
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	24.04
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	24.15
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	28.15
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	30.89
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	36.27

Data appear Normal (0.05)

May want to try Normal UCLs

Zinc

Number of Valid Observations	8
Number of Distinct Observations	8
Minimum	38.2
Maximum	999
Mean	332.3
Median	55.65
SD	407.7
Variance	166239
Coefficient of Variation	1.227
Skewness	0.879
Mean of log data	4.894
SD of log data	1.489

Warning: There are only 8 Values in this data

Note: It should be noted that even though bootstrap methods may be performed on this data set,

the resulting calculations may not be reliable enough to draw conclusions

The literature suggests to use bootstrap methods on data sets having more than 10-15 observations.

Data do not follow a Discernable Distribution

95% Useful UCLs	
Student's-t UCL	605.4
95% UCLs (Adjusted for Skewness)	
95% Adjusted-CLT UCL	617.3
95% Modified-t UCL	612.9
Non-Parametric UCLs	
95% CLT UCL	569.4
95% Jackknife UCL	605.4
95% Standard Bootstrap UCL	557.3
95% Bootstrap-t UCL	767.6
95% Hall's Bootstrap UCL	474.7
95% Percentile Bootstrap UCL	549.9
95% BCA Bootstrap UCL	591.4
95% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	960.7
97.5% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1233
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1767
Potential UCL to Use	
99% Chebyshev(Mean, Sd) UCL	1767
Recommended UCL exceeds the maximum observation	

APPENDIX B

BACKGROUND COMPARISONS

APPENDIX B-1 BACKGROUND COMPARISONS SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL

ANTIMONY - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL						
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples						
Antimony	1.118	1.228	83	0.953	0.878	10

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.407177285

Degree of Freedom = 91

t = 0.405228892

p = 0.3445

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different = No background mean is not statistically less than site mean

ARSENIC - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL						
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation						
Arsenic	3.735	4.012	83	3.438	1.792	. 10

0.297

Standard Error of the Difference = 1.126036589

Degree of Freedom =

91

t = 0.263756971

p =

0.3963

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

No

site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

BARIUM - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL						
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples						
Barium	345.2	349	83	333.1	288.1	10

Standard Error of the Difference = 124.3580544 91

Degree of Freedom =

t = 0.097299689

0.4614

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

CADMIUM - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Cadmium 0.464 1.141 83 0.0311 0.0398 10							

0.4329

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.277019204

Data sets significantly different =

Degree of Freedom =

91

t = 1.562707545

p =

0.0608 No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

CHROMIUM - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Chromium	16.08	15.7	83	15.2	3.02	10	

0.88

Standard Error of the Difference = 3.925742193

Degree of Freedom =

91 t = 0.224161434

p =

0.4116

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

COPPER - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Copper 27.98 35.35 83 12.12 3.955 10							

Standard Error of the Difference = 8.664375822

Degree of Freedom = 91

t = 1.830483849

p = 0.0353

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically greater than background mean Data sets significantly different = Yes

LEAD - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Lead							

Standard Error of the Difference = 27.36239203

Degree of Freedom =

t = 2.053183068

0.0215

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically greater than background mean

LITHIUM - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Lithium 7.856 5.715 83 21.14 5.166 10							

Standard Error of the Difference = 2.142429492

Degree of Freedom =

t = 6.200437423

p = 0.00

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically less than background mean

MANGANESE - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples								
Manganese	100.0							

120

Standard Error of the Difference = 43.15491673

Data sets significantly different =

Degree of Freedom =

t = 2.780679679

0.0033 Yes

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically less than background mean

MERCURY - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound: Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Mercury 0.0227 0.0752 83 0.0213 0.00479 10							

0.0014

Standard Error of the Difference =

0.01830147

Degree of Freedom =

t = 0.076496585

p =

0.4698

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

MOLYBDENUM - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Molybdenum 1.306 1.588 83 0.522 0.0739 10							

0.784

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.385854899

Degree of Freedom =

t = 2.031851873

0.0225

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

site surface soil mean is statistically greater than background mean

ZINC - SOUTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Zinc 601.2 672.8 83 247 364.6 10							

Standard Error of the Difference = 199.8008143

Degree of Freedom = 91

t = 1.772765547

p = 0.0399

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different = Yes site surface soil mean is statistically greater than background mean

APPENDIX B-2 BACKGROUND COMPARISONS SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL

ARSENIC - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Arsenic 3.331 3.269 166 3.438 1.792 10							

0.107

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.97454393

Degree of Freedom =

174

t = 0.109794948

p =

0.4563

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

BARIUM - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Barium 237.4 274.8 166 333.1 288.1 10							

95.7

Standard Error of the Difference = 112.8814519

Degree of Freedom =

174

t = 0.847792072

0.1989

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

ANTIMONY - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Antimony 1.023 1.14 166 0.953 0.878 10							

0.07

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.39183601

Degree of Freedom =

174

t = 0.178646164

p =

0.4292

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html background mean is not statistically less than site mean

Data sets significantly different =

CADMIUM - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Standard Deviation Samples						
Cadmium 0.335 0.859 166 0.0311 0.0398 10							

0.3039

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.208717917

Degree of Freedom =

174

p =

t = 1.456032165

0.0736

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

No

site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

CHROMIUM - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Chromium 13.53 12.49 166 15.2 3.02 10								

Standard Error of the Difference = 3.176242508

Degree of Freedom = 174

t = 0.525778493

0.2998

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean Data sets significantly different = No

COPPER - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound	ACCEPTAGE SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE							
Copper								

12.14

Standard Error of the Difference = 11.40971991

Degree of Freedom =

174

t = 1.064005085

p =

0.1444

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

LEAD - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Lead 53.52 104.2 166 13.43 1.547 10								

Standard Error of the Difference = 25.27694655

Degree of Freedom = 174

t = 1.586030177

p = 0.0573

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

No

site surface soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

LITHIUM - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Conc. Number of Background Samples								
Lithium								

11.11

Standard Error of the Difference = 2.236676187

Degree of Freedom =

174

p =

t = 4.967191972 0.00

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

MANGANESE - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Conc. Number of Background Standard Deviation Samples							
Manganese	261.2	127.4	166	377.4	93.75	10	

Standard Error of the Difference = 42.82121949

Degree of Freedom = 174

t = 2.713607912

0.0037

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically less than background mean Data sets significantly different = Yes

MERCURY - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Mercury								

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.022872813

Degree of Freedom =

174

t = 0.214228129

0.4153

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

MOLYBDENUM - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound-	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Molybdenum								

0.368

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.361648843

Degree of Freedom =

174

t = 1.017561668

0.1550

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

No

site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

ZINC - SOUTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Zinc 433.8 786.8 166 247 364.6 10								

Standard Error of the Difference = 222.9535182

Degree of Freedom = 174

0.8378428

p = 0.2016

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean Data sets significantly different = No

APPENDIX B-3 BACKGROUND COMPARISONS NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL

ANTIMONY - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Antimony 1.744 2.146 18 0.953 0.878 10								

0.791

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.589906214

Degree of Freedom =

26

t = 1.340891114

0.0958

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

ARSENIC - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Conc. Number of Ba							
Arsenic 2.522 1.164 18 3.438 1.792 10								

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.633108336

Degree of Freedom =

26

t = 1.446829789

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

0.0799 No

BARIUM - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Barium 145.2 115.8 18 333.1 288.1 10							

Standard Error of the Difference = 95.33605484

Degree of Freedom = 26

t = 1.970922756

0.0297

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically less than background mean

CADMIUM - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Cadmium 0.207 0.252 18 0.0311 0.0398 10							

Calculated Difference = 0.1759 Standard Error of the Difference = 0.06240139

Degree of Freedom = 26

t = 2.818847487

p = 0.0045

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically greater than background mean Data sets significantly different = Yes

CHROMIUM - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Chromium 20.26 27.58 18 15.2 3.02 10							

5.06

Standard Error of the Difference =

6.7569619

26

Degree of Freedom =

t = 0.748857264

p =

0.2303

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

COPPER - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Copper 24.13 44.66 18 12.12 3.955 10								

12.01

Standard Error of the Difference = 10.90360718

Degree of Freedom =

26

t = 1.101470348

p =

0.1405

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

No

site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

LEAD - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples								
Lead	57.7	111.1	18	13.43	1.547	10		

Standard Error of the Difference = 26.95014837

Degree of Freedom =

1.64266257

Data sets significantly different =

0.0562 No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

LITHIUM - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Lithium 16.57 5.136 18 21.14 5.166 10							

Standard Error of the Difference = 2.054368963

Degree of Freedom =

26

t = 2.224527377

Data sets significantly different =

0.0175 Yes

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically less than background mean

MANGANESE - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Manganese	369.5	247.7	18	377.4	93.75	10	

7.9

Standard Error of the Difference = 66.99284257

Degree of Freedom =

t = 0.117923045

0.4535

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

MERCURY - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples								
Mercury								

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.004233584

Degree of Freedom = 26

t = 2.054996426

0.0250

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

MOLYBDENUM - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Molybdenum	0.949	2.5	18	0.522	0.0739	10		

Calculated Difference = 0.427 Standard Error of the Difference = 0.606789238

Degree of Freedom =

26

t = 0.703703977

0.2439

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

No

ZINC - NORTH OF MARLIN SURFACE SOIL								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples								
Zinc 418.4 1308 18 247 364.6 10								

Standard Error of the Difference = 337.5387012

Degree of Freedom = 26

t = 0.507793623

p = 0.3080

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

APPENDIX B-4 BACKGROUND COMPARISONS NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL

ANTIMONY - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Antimony 1.416 1.779 36 0.953 0.878 10							

0.463

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.513084318

Degree of Freedom =

t = 0.902385794

0.1859

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

ARSENIC - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Arsenic 2.573 1.369 36 3.438 1.792 10							

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.656788524

Degree of Freedom =

t = 1.317014486

p =

0.0973

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

No

site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

BARIUM - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Gompound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples								
Barium	142.1	95.9	36	333.1	288.1	10		

191

Standard Error of the Difference = 94.02738869

Degree of Freedom =

t = 2.031323029

p =

0.0242

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different = Yes site surface soil mean is statistically less than background mean

CADMIUM - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Cadmium	0.193	0.239	36	0.0311	0.0398	10	

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.059316632

Degree of Freedom =

t = 2.729419974

p = 0.0045

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically greater than background mean Data sets significantly different = Yes

CHROMIUM - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples								
Chromium	17.17	19.6	36	15.2	3.02	10		

1.97

Standard Error of the Difference = 4.848678898

Degree of Freedom =

t = 0.406296239

0.3432

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

COPPER - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Copper 18.7 31.9 36 12.12 3.955 10							

6.58

Standard Error of the Difference = 7.837321881

Degree of Freedom =

44

t = 0.83957251 0.2028

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

No

LEAD - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Gonc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples								
Lead								

Standard Error of the Difference = 19.6490511

Degree of Freedom = 44

t = 1.240263455

p = 0.1108

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

LITHIUM - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Gonc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
MeanStandard DeviationSamplesConc. MeanStandard DeviationSamplesLithium18.845.9523621.145.16610							

2.3

Standard Error of the Difference = 2.180058677

Degree of Freedom =

t = 1.055017475 0.1486

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

No

MANGANESE - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples								
Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples Manganese ' 347 204.1 36 377.4 93.75 10								

30.4

Standard Error of the Difference = 57.70014591

Degree of Freedom =

44

t = 0.526861753

p =

0.3005

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

No

site surface soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

MERCURY - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Mercury	0.0094	0.0124	36	0.0213	0.00479	10	

Calculated Difference = 0.0119 Standard Error of the Difference =

Data sets significantly different =

0.00336736

Degree of Freedom =

t = 3.533925295

p =

0.0005 Yes

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

MOLYBDENUM - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Molybdenum								

0.064

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.434282915

Degree of Freedom =

t = 0.147369371

0.4417

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

ZINC - NORTH OF MARLIN SOIL							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Zinc 242.5 929.4 36 247 364.6 10							

4.5

Standard Error of the Difference = 253.1879948

Degree of Freedom =

t = 0.017773355

p =

0.4929

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

No

APPENDIX B-5 BACKGROUND COMPARISONS INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT

4,4'-DDT - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Site Conc. Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Standard Deviation Samples Samples							
4,4'-DDT 0.00041103 0.0007962 17 0.0001555 0.00015569 9							

Calculated Difference = 0.00025553 Standard Error of the Difference = 0.000199284

Degree of Freedom = 24

1.28223903

p = 0.106

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean Data sets significantly different = No

ALUMINUM - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Aluminum	6854	2346	16	12213	6892	9		

Standard Error of the Difference = 2252.49071

Degree of Freedom =

t = 2.379144107

p = 0.013 calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different = Yes

ANTIMONY - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Antimony	2.245	1.751	16	4.023	2.215	9		

1.778

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.819130942

Degree of Freedom =

23

t = 2.170593136

p =

0.0203

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

ARSENIC - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound								
Arsenic 4.026 1.4 16 5.813 3.107 9								

1.787

Standard Error of the Difference = 1.039537887

Degree of Freedom =

23

t = 1.719033066

0.0495

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

BARIUM - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Conc. Number of Ba								
Barium	215.3	59.65	16	209.7	47.73	9		

5.6

Standard Error of the Difference = 20.90733397

Degree of Freedom =

23

t = 0.267848594

p =

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

0.3956 No

BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples								
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.1	0.157	16	0.0087	0.0106	9		

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.038225347

Degree of Freedom = 23

t = 2.388467508

p = 0.5

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean Data sets significantly different = No

BERYLLIUM - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Beryllium	0.463	0.149	16	0.766	0.403	9		

0.303

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.13246449

Degree of Freedom =

23

t = 2.287405473

0.0159

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

BORON - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Boron	12.04	9.92	16	27.64	12.82	9	

15.6

Standard Error of the Difference = 4.714218044

Degree of Freedom =

3.30913841

p =

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

0.0015 Yes

site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

COBALT - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Cobalt	4.385	1.131	16	6.698	3.165	9		

Standard Error of the Difference = 1.037770333

Degree of Freedom =

23

t = 2.228816845

p =

0.0179

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

COPPER - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound	Site Conc. Mean	Site Conc. Standard Deviation	Number of Site Samples	Background Conc. Mean	Background Conc. Standard Deviation	Number of Background Samples		
Copper	7.112	2.997	16	8.138	5.165	9		

1.026

Standard Error of the Difference = 1.787757246

Degree of Freedom =

23

t = 0.573903421

Data sets significantly different =

0.2858 No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

IRON - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background							
Iron	13352	5546	Samples 16	16496	8097	9		

3144

Standard Error of the Difference = 2892.307356

Degree of Freedom =

23

t = 1.087021403

0.1441

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

LEAD - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Site Conc. Mean Standard Deviation							
Lead	11.56	7.161	16	9.587	3.602	9		

Standard Error of the Difference = 2.076994545

Degree of Freedom = 23

t = 0.949930275

0.1760

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

LITHIUM - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Lithium 10.53 3.559 16 21.4 14.41 9							

Standard Error of the Difference = 4.637876359

Degree of Freedom = 23

t = 2.343745102

p = 0.0141 calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

MANGANESE - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Manganese 283.3 87.59 16 330.7 88.99 9							

Standard Error of the Difference = 35.25927685

Degree of Freedom = 23

t = 1.34432706

p = 0.0960

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean Data sets significantly different = No

MERCURY - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Gonc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Mercury	0.0201	0.0073	16	0.0176	0.0132	9		

0.0025

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.004534171

Degree of Freedom =

23

t = 0.551368717

0.5000

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

MOLYBDENUM - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT							
Compound							
Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples Molybdenum 0.667 1.358 16 0.241 0.0675 9							

0.426

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.330054329

Degree of Freedom =

23

p =

t = 1.290696598 0.1048

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

No

NICKEL - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Nickel 9.589 2.741 16 14.91 8.111 9							

5.321

Standard Error of the Difference = 2.649675082

23

Degree of Freedom =

t = 2.008170751

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

0.5000 No

STRONTIUM - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation							
Strontium 44.86 14.43 16 59.17 22.06 9								

14.31

Standard Error of the Difference = 7.804670623

Data sets significantly different =

Degree of Freedom =

23

t = 1.833517478

p =

0.0398

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

Yes

TITANIUM - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Conc. Number of Background Samples							
Titanium 25.58 5.051 16 31.79 10.49 9							

6.21

Standard Error of the Difference = 3.536205768

Degree of Freedom =

23

t = 1.756119527

0.0462

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

VANADIUM - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT								
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples								
Vanadium								

6.35

Standard Error of the Difference = 3.012459534

Degree of Freedom =

t = 2.107912133

p =

0.0231

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

ZINC - INTRACOASTAL WATERWAY SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Zinc 45.36 19.88 16 36.04 13.68 9							

Standard Error of the Difference = 6.477819531

Degree of Freedom = 23

t = 1.438755735

0.0818

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean Data sets significantly different = No

APPENDIX B-6 BACKGROUND COMPARISONS WETLAND SEDIMENT

ANTIMONY - WETLAND SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Antimony 1.154 0.724 47 0.953 0.878 10							

0.201

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.32851527

Degree of Freedom =

55

t = 0.611843706

p =

0.2716

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

ARSENIC - WETLAND SEDIMENT							
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Conc. Number of Background Samples						
Arsenic	2.534	2.465	48	3.438	1.792	10	

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.823742314

Data sets significantly different =

Degree of Freedom =

t = 1.097430573

p =

0.1387 No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

BARIUM - WETLAND SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Barium	151.7	136.5	48	333.1	288.1	10	

181.4

Standard Error of the Difference = 96.93387285

Degree of Freedom =

t = 1.871378855

p =

0.0333

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically less than background mean

CADMIUM - WETLAND SEDIMENT								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Cadmium								

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.037580399

Degree of Freedom =

56

t = 1.913231441

0.0304

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically greater than background mean

CHROMIUM - WETLAND SEDIMENT								
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Chromium 15.07 5.536 48 15.2 3.02 10								

0.13

Standard Error of the Difference = 1.647671726

Degree of Freedom =

t = 0.078899211

0.4687

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

No

COPPER - WETLAND SEDIMENT							
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Gonc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples						
Copper 14.49 8.49 48 12.12 3.955 10							

Standard Error of the Difference = 2.409192475

Degree of Freedom =

56

t = 0.983732111

0.1647

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

LEAD - WETLAND SEDIMENT							
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples						
Lead 25.36 34.13 48 13.43 1.547 10							

11.93

Standard Error of the Difference = 8.292183972

Degree of Freedom =

56

t = 1.438704211

p =

0.0779

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

LITHIUM - WETLAND SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation							
Lithium 18.65 3.754 48 21.14 5.166 10							

Standard Error of the Difference = 1.870221145

Degree of Freedom = 56

t = 1.331393353

p = 0.0943 calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different = No

MANGANESE - WETLAND SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Manganese	331.8	205.9	48	377.4	93.75	10	

Standard Error of the Difference = 58.07511173

Degree of Freedom =

56

t = 0.785190052

0.2178

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

MERCURY - WETLAND SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
MeanStandard DeviationSamplesConc. MeanStandard DeviationSamplesMercury0.01990.0194480.02130.0047910							

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.004942998

Degree of Freedom =

56

t = 0.283228898

p =

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

0.3890 No

site surface soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

MOLYBDENUM - WETLAND SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Molybdenum	0.581	0.677	48	0.522	0.0739	10	

0.059

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.16585129

Degree of Freedom =

56

t = 0.355740374

0.3617

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

ZINC - WETLAND SEDIMENT							
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples							
Zinc 139.1 160.9 53 247 364.6 10							

Standard Error of the Difference = 121.7217613

Degree of Freedom =

t = 0.886447902

0.1896 p =

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean Data sets significantly different = No

APPENDIX B-7 BACKGROUND COMPARISONS POND SEDIMENT

ANTIMONY - POND SEDIMENT							
- Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples						
Antimony 0.795 0.618 8 0.953 0.878 10							

0.158

Standard Error of the Difference =

0.31552261

Degree of Freedom =

16

t = 0.500756506

p =

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

0.3116 No

ARSENIC - POND SEDIMENT							
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples						
Arsenic 1.735 2.233 8 3.438 1.792 10							

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.783860649

Degree of Freedom =

t = 2.172580039

0.0226

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean Data sets significantly different = Yes

BARIUM - POND SEDIMENT						
Gompound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Gonc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples						
Barium 198.6 119.4 8 333.1 288.1 10						

Standard Error of the Difference = 95.59691633

Degree of Freedom =

t = 1.406949148

0.0893

Data sets significantly different =

No

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

CADMIUM - POND SEDIMENT						
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples						
Cadmium	0.147	0.112	8	0.0311	0.0398	10

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.029938042

Degree of Freedom = 16

t = 3.871328672

0.0007

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically greater than background mean Data sets significantly different = Yes

CHROMIUM - POND SEDIMENT						
Compound	Site Conc. Mean	Site Conc. Standard Deviation	Number of Site	Background Conc Mean	Background Conc. Standard Deviation	Number of Background
Chromium 12.93 4.611 8 15.2 3.02 10						

Standard Error of the Difference = 1.470614137

Degree of Freedom = 16

t = 1.543572812

0.0711

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean Data sets significantly different = No

COPPER - POND SEDIMENT						
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Conc. Number of Background Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples						
Copper	15.2	7.421	8	12.12	3.955	10

3.08

Standard Error of the Difference = 2.191731568

Degree of Freedom =

t = 1.40528158

p =

0.0896

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

No

site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

LEAD - POND SEDIMENT						
Compound	Site Conc. Mean	Site Conc. Standard Deviation	Number of Site	Background Conc. Mean	Background Conc.	Number of Background Samples
Lead	17.54	7.076	8	13.43	1.547	10

Standard Error of the Difference = 1.784545276

Degree of Freedom = 16

t = 2.303107719

0.0175

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically greater than background mean Data sets significantly different = Yes

LITHIUM - POND SEDIMENT						
Compound	Compound					
MeanStandard DeviationSamplesConc. MeanStandard DeviationSamplesLithium18.484.071821.145.16610						

2.66

Standard Error of the Difference = 1.908832199

Degree of Freedom =

16

t = 1.393522176

p =

0.0912

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html

Data sets significantly different =

No

site soil mean is not statistically less than background mean

MANGANESE - POND SEDIMENT						
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples					
Manganese	487.6	124.2	8	377.4	93.75	10

110.2

Standard Error of the Difference = 42.26460503

Degree of Freedom =

16

t = 2.607382701

0.0095

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site surface soil mean is statistically greater than background mean

MOLYBDENUM - POND SEDIMENT						
Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Conc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation Samples						
Molybdenum	0.146	0.191	8	0.522	0.0739	10

0.376

Standard Error of the Difference = 0.051885086

Degree of Freedom =

16

t = 7.24678375

p =

0.0000

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is statistically less than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

Yes

ZINC - POND SEDIMENT						
Compound	Compound Site Conc. Site Conc. Number of Site Background Background Gonc. Number of Background Mean Standard Deviation Samples Conc. Mean Standard Deviation					
Zinc	332.3	407.7	8	247	364.6	10

85.3

Standard Error of the Difference = 151.8911495

Degree of Freedom =

16

t = 0.561586375 p =

0.2910

calculated at www.stat.tamu.edu/~west/applets/tdemo.html site soil mean is not statistically greater than background mean

Data sets significantly different =

No

TABLE C-2 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTATION (mg/kg) SURFACE SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN AVE.*

	Exposure Point	
Parameter	Concentration [†]	Statistic Used
2-Methylnaphthalene	7.90E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
4,4'-DDD	< 2.70E-04	median
4,4'-DDE	7.52E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
4,4'-DDT	1.03E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Acenaphthene	2.00E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Acenaphthylene	1.21E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Anthracene	2.99E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Antimony	2.24E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Aroclor-1254	7.64E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Arsenic	6.49E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Barium	5.84E+02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(a)anthracene	9.03E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.09E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.10E+00	95% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	7.89E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	6.58E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Boron	7.07E+00	97.5% KM (Bootstrap)
Cadmium	1.25E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Chromium	2.68E+01	97.5% Chebyshev
Chrysene	9.84E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Cobalt	5.25E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Copper	5.22E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.45E-01	95% KM (Bootstrap)
Dieldrin	3.14E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Endrin Aldehyde	8.72E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Endrin Ketone	4.41E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Fluoranthene	2.14E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Fluorene	1.57E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
gamma-Chlordane	2.90E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	9.31E-01	95% KM (Chebyshev)
Lead	1.47E+02	97.5% Chebyshev
Lithium	1.18E+01	97.5% Chebyshev
Manganese	2.81E+02	95% Student's-t
Mercury	7.42E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Molybdenum	2.40E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Naphthalene		NS
Nickel	1.50E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Phenanthrene	1.06E+04	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Pyrene	1.36E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Vanadium	1.80E+01	97.5% Chebyshev
Zinc	1.06E+03	97.5% Chebyshev
LPAH	1.06E+04	
HPAH	1.02E+01	
TOTAL PAHs	1.06E+04	

Notes:

NS - Not sampled in surface soil.

^{*} Data from Report Table 1. Surface soil data includes soil collected from 0 to 0.5 feet below ground surface.

⁺ Based on Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL output provided in Appendix A.

TABLE C-1 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTATION (mg/kg) SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN AVE.*

	Exposure Point	
Parameter	Concentration [†]	Statistic Used
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.60E-01	95% KM (BCA)
4.4-DDD	5.08E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
4,4'-DDE	2.81E-03	95% KM (BCA)
4,4'-DDT	9.27E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Acenaphthene	1.16E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Acenaphthylene	7.19E-02	95% KM (BCA)
Anthracene	1.24E-01	95% KM (BCA)
Antimony	1.87E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Aroclor-1254	7.73E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Arsenic	4.92E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Barium	3.30E+02	95% Chebyshev
Benzo(a)anthracene	6.43E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(a)pyrene	7.63E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8.22E-01	95% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.94E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.81E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Boron	6.51E+00	95% KM (Bootstrap)
Cadmium	4.67E-01	95% KM (Bootstrap)
Chromium	1.78E+01	95% Chebyshev
Chrysene	7.12E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Cobalt	4.35E+00	95% Winsor-t
Copper	4.01E+01	95% KM (Chebyshev)
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.80E-01	95% KM (Bootstrap)
Dieldrin	2.11E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Endrin Aldehyde	3.54E-03	95% KM (BCA)
Endrin Ketone	2.53E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Fluoranthene	1.41E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Fluorene	1.07E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
gamma-Chlordane	1.84E-03	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	6.58E-01	95% KM (Chebyshev)
Lead	1.04E+02	97.5% Chebyshev
Lithium	1.22E+01	95% Chebyshev
Manganese	2.78E+02	95% Student's-t
Mercury	4.00E-02	95%KM (BCA)
Molybdenum	1.62E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Naphthalene	< 2.65E-03	median
Nickel	1.24E+01	95% Student's-t
Phenanthrene	9.99E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Pyrene	9.71E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Vanadium	1.73E+01	97.5% Chebyshev
Zinc	8.15E+02	97.5% Chebyshev
LPAH	1.58E+00	
HPAH	7.03E+00	
TOTAL PAHs	8.61E+00	

Notes

^{*} Data from Report Table 2. Soil data includes soil collected from 0 to 2 feet below ground surface.

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny +}}$ Based on Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL output provided in Appendix A.

TABLE C-3 TOXICITY VALUES

										-								
Parameter 2-Methylnaphthalene	Invertebrate (Earthworm) (mg/kg)	Ref.	Comments	Small Mammalian Herbivore (Deer Mouse) (mg/kgBW- day)	Ref.	Comments	Large Mammalian Carnivore (Coyote) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments	Small Mammalian Omnivore (Least Shrew) (mg/kgBW- day)	Ref.	Comments	Avian Herbivore/Omnivore (American Robin) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments	Large Avian Carnivore (Red- tailed Hawk) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments
2-weurymaphulaiene 4,4-DDD	4.30E-02	EPA, 2007a	Acute median LC50 in common cricket (dose 4.3 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction growth, and survival	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
4,4'-DDE	4.30E-02	EPA, 2007a	Acute median LC50 in common cricket (dose 4.3 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction growth, and survival	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
4,4'-DDT	4.30E-02	EPA, 2007a	Acute median LC50 in common cricket (dose 4.3 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction growth, and survival	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene																		
Anthracene	1				1			 			1			1		1	1	
Antimony	3.00E+01	EPA, 2005a	EC20 for earthworms	1.25E-01	Sample, 1996		1.25E-01	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.25E-01	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1						
Aroclor-1254 Arsenic	2.51E+00 6.00E+01	EPA, 1999 TCFQ 2006	Acute median LC50 in earthworms (dose 251 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)	1.55E-01 1.85E+00	Sample, 1996 EPA, 1999	Chronic LOAEL for reproduction in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.55E-01 1.22E+00	Sample, 1996 FPA 1999	Chronic LOAEL for reproduction in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.55E-01 2.00E+00	Sample, 1996 FPA 1999	Chronic LOAEL for reproduction in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.80E-01 2.71E+00	Sample, 1996 EPA, 1999		1.80E-01 4.46E+00	Sample, 1996 EPA, 1999	
Barium	3.30E+02	EPA, 2005q	Geometric mean of the EC20 values for three test species under three separate test conditions of pH	5.18E+01	EPA, 2005q	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	4:10E-01	EPA, 1999		5.18E+01	EPA, 2005g	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	1.91E+01	EPA, 1999		3.15E+01	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.30E+02	EFA, 2005g	conditions of pri	3.10E*U1	EFA, 2003y	reproduction and growth	4.10E-01	EFA, 1999		3.10E*U1	EPA, 2005g	grown	1.912701	EFA, 1999		3.13E*U1	EFA, 1999	
Benzo(a)pyrene																		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene																		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene																		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene				3.40E+01	Sample 1996		2.20E+01	Sample, 1996		3.70E+01	Sample, 1996		1.74E+01	Sample, 1996		2.86E+01	Sample 1996	-
DOI GI			Chronic (4-month) NOAEL for cocoon production in			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and			Geometric mean of NOAEL values for			Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction
Cadmium	1.00E+01	EPA, 1999	earthworm (dose 10)	7.70E-01	EPA, 2005b	growth, and survival	7.70E-01	EPA, 2005b	growth, and survival	7.70E-01	EPA, 2005b	survival	1.47E+00	EPA, 1999	reproduction and growth	1.47E+00	EPA, 1999	and growth
Chromium	5.70E+01	EPA, 2005c	Maximum acceptable toxicant concentration (MATC) for reproductive effects in earthworm	2.40E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.40E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.40E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of the NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of the NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Chrysene	+	-	l		1						-	1		1		1	1	
Cobalt	8.00E+01	EDA 2007-	Geometric mean of the MATC and EC10 values for six test species under different test species	5.605.00	EDA 2007-	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	5.60E+00	EDA 2007	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction growth, and survival	5.60E+00	EDA 2007-	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	4.05E+00	FDA 2007:	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	4.05E+00	EDA 2007	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Copper Dibenz(a h)anthracene	8.00E+01	EPA, 2007c	unterent test species	5.60E+00	EPA, 2007c	growth, and survival	5.60E+00	EPA, 2007c	growth, and survival	5.60E+00	EPA, 2007c	survivai	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	growtn, and survival	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	survivai
				1.50E-02	EPA 2005f	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth,	1.50E-02		Highest bounded NOAEL for growth lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction	1.50E-02		Highest bounded NOAEL for growth lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and	7.095-02		Highest bounded NOAEL for growth lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth,	7 09F-02		Highest bounded NOAEL for growth lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and
Dieldrin Endrin Aldehyde				9.20E-02	Sample, 1996	and survival Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	9.20E-02	EPA, 2005f Sample, 1996	growth, and survival Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	9.20E-02	EPA, 2005f Sample, 1996	survival Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of	7.09E-02 1.00E-02	Sample, 1996	and survival Chronic LOAEL in screecl owl with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	7.09E-02 h 1.00E-02	EPA, 2005f Sample, 1996	survival Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with an uncertainty factor of 0.1
Endrin Ketone				9.20E-02	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor	9.20E-02		Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	9.20E-02	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of	1.00E-02	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.00E-02	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with an uncertainty
Fluoranthene					2	****			The state of the s			***		2				
Fluorene																		
						·						·						

TABLE C-3 **TOXICITY VALUES**

				Small Mammalian						Small Mammalian			Avian			Large Avian		
	Invertebrate			Herbivore (Deer			Large Mammalian			Omnivore (Least			Herbivore/Omnivore			Carnivore (Red-		4
	(Earthworm)			Mouse) (mg/kgBW-			Carnivore (Coyote)			Shrew) (mg/kgBW-			(American Robin)			tailed Hawk)		4
Parameter	(mg/kg)	Ref.	Comments	day)	Ref.	Comments	(mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments	day)	Ref.	Comments	(mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments	(mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments
									Chronic NOAEL in						Chronic NOAEL in red-			Chronic NOAEL in red-
gamma-Chlordane				4.60E+00	Sample, 1996	Chronic NOAEL in mouse	4.60E+00	Sample, 1996	mouse	4.60E+00	Sample, 1996	Chronic NOAEL in mouse	2.14E+00	Sample, 1996	winged blackbird	2.14E+00	Sample, 1996	winged blackbird
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene																		
						Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded			Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded NOAEL
						for growth and			NOAEL for growth and			for growth and reproduction			for growth and			for growth and
						reproduction lower than			reproduction lower than			lower than the lowest			reproduction lower than			reproduction lower than the
			Geometric mean of MATC			the lowest bounded			the lowest bounded			bounded LOAEL for			the lowest bounded			lowest bounded LOAEL for
			values for one test species			LOAEL for reproduction,			LOAEL for reproduction,			reproduction, growth, and			LOAEL for reproduction,			reproduction, growth, and
Lead	1.70E+03	EPA, 2005e	under different pH	4.70E+00	EPA, 2005e	growth, and survival	4.70E+00	EPA, 2005e	growth, and survival	4.70E+00	EPA, 2005e	survival	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	growth, and survival	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	survival
Lithium				1.10E+01	Sample, 1996		7.50E+00	Sample, 1996		1.20E+01	Sample, 1996							
Manganese				1.06E+02	Sample, 1996		7.00E+01	Sample, 1996		1.15E+02	Sample, 1996		9.98E+02	Sample, 1996		1.64E+03	Sample, 1996	
						Chronic (6-months)			Chronic (6-months)			Chronic (6-months)			Acute (5 days) LOAEL for			Acute (5 days) LOAEL for
			Toxicity value not available			NOAEL for reproduction			NOAEL for reproduction			NOAEL for reproduction in			mortality in coturnix quail			mortality in coturnix quail
			TRV for methyl mercury was			in mink (dose 1.01 with			in mink (dose 1.01 with			mink (dose 1.01 with			(dose 325 with uncertainty			(dose 325 with uncertainty
Mercury	2.50E+00	EPA, 1999	used as a surrogate	1.01E+00	EPA, 1999	uncertainty factor of 1)	1.01E+00	EPA, 1999	uncertainty factor of 1)	1.01E+00	EPA, 1999	uncertainty factor of 1)	3.25E+00	EPA, 1999	factor of 0.01)	3.25E+00	EPA, 1999	factor of 0.01)
Molybdenum				2.70E-01	Sample, 1996		1.80E-01	Sample, 1996		2.90E-01	Sample, 1996		1.90E+00	Sample, 1996		3.30E+00	Sample, 1996	
Naphthalene																		
						Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded			Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded NOAEL
						for growth and			NOAEL for growth and			for growth and reproduction			for growth and			for growth and
						reproduction lower than			reproduction lower than			lower than the lowest			reproduction lower than			reproduction lower than the
			Geometric mean of MATC			the lowest bounded			the lowest bounded			bounded LOAEL for			the lowest bounded			lowest bounded LOAEL for
			values for five species under			LOAEL for reproduction,			LOAEL for reproduction,			reproduction, growth, and			LOAEL for reproduction,			reproduction, growth, and
Nickel	2.80E+02	EPA, 2007d	different test conditions	1.70E+00	EPA, 2007d	growth, and survival	1.70E+00	EPA, 2007d	growth, and survival	1.70E+00	EPA, 2007d	survival	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	growth, and survival	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	survival
Phenanthrene																		
Pyrene																		
						Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded			Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded NOAEL
						for growth and			NOAEL for growth and			for growth and reproduction			for growth and			for growth and
						reproduction lower than			reproduction lower than			lower than the lowest			reproduction lower than			reproduction lower than the
			LOAEC/NOAEC for growth in			the lowest bounded			the lowest bounded			bounded LOAEL for			the lowest bounded			lowest bounded LOAEL for
			brocolli used as a			LOAEL for reproduction.			LOAEL for reproduction.			reproduction, growth, and			LOAEL for reproduction.			reproduction, growth, and
Vanadium	1.00E+02	EPA. 2005d	surrogate for invertebrates	4.16E+00	EPA, 2005d	growth, and survival	4.16E+00	EPA. 2005d	growth, and survival	4.16E+00	EPA. 2005d	survival	3.44E-01	EPA, 2005d		3.44E-01	EPA. 2005d	survival
variadidili	1.00L+02	LF A, 20000	Geometric mean of the	4.10L+00	LF A, 20000	growiii, anu survival	4.10L100	LI A, 20000	growin, and our vival	4.10L100	LF A, 20000	ouivivai	J.44L*U1	Lr A, 20000	Geometric mean of	J.44L-01	Lr A, 20000	Geometric mean of NOAEL
1		1	MATC and EC10 values for			Geometric mean of			Geometric mean of			Geometric mean of NOAEL			NOAEL values within the		1	values within the
			three test species under			NOAEL values for			NOAEL values for			values for reproduction and			reproductive and growth			reproductive and growth
Zinc	1.20E+02	EPA. 2007e	different test species	7.54E+01	EPA, 2007e	reproduction and growth	7.54E+01	EPA. 2007e	reproduction and growth	7.54E+01	EPA. 2007e	growth	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	effect groups	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	effect groups
	1.202.02			7.012.01		paddition and growth	7.042.01		p addition and growth	7.042.01		grown	0.01L-01		circut groups	0.012.01		under groups
1		1				Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded			Highest bounded NOAEL					1	
1						for growth and			NOAEL for growth and			for growth and reproduction					l	
1						reproduction lower than			reproduction lower than			lower than the lowest					l	
1		1				the lowest bounded			the lowest bounded			bounded LOAEL for					1	1
						LOAEL for reproduction,			LOAEL for reproduction,			reproduction, growth, and						
LPAH	2.90E+01	EPA. 2007b		6.56E+01	EPA, 2007b	growth, and survival	6.56F+01	EPA. 2007b	growth, and survival	6.56E+01	EPA. 2007b	survival		1		1	1	
	2.232.01	, 2007D				3			3	2.222.01	2, 2007 5							1
1						Highest bounded NOAEL			Highest bounded			Highest bounded NOAEL					l	
1						for growth and			NOAEL for growth and			for growth and reproduction					l	
1		1				reproduction lower than			reproduction lower than			lower than the lowest					1	
1	1	1			1	the lowest bounded			the lowest bounded		1	bounded LOAEL for		1		1	1	1
1						LOAEL for reproduction.			LOAEL for reproduction,			reproduction, growth, and					l	
HPAH	1.80E+01	EPA, 2007b		6.15E-01	EPA, 2007b	growth, and survival	6.15E-01	EPA, 2007b	growth, and survival	6.15E-01	EPA, 2007b	survival		1		1	1	1
TOTAL PAHs									-									
c.																		

Notes:

EPA, 2007a – DDT EPA, 2007b – PAHs EPA, 2007c – Copper EPA, 2007d – Nickel EPA, 2007d – Nickel EPA, 2005a – Antimony EPA, 2005b – Cadmium EPA, 2005b – Chromtum EPA, 2005e – Lead EPA, 2005e – Lead EPA, 2005g – Dieldrin EPA, 2005g – Barium

TABLE C-4 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Invertebrate (EARTHWORM)

Ecological Hazard Quotient = Sc/TRV

Parameter Definition Default
Sc Soil Concentration (mg/kg) see below
TRV Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg) see Table C-3

	Exposure Point Concentration*	TRV	Maximum
Chemical	Sc	Invertebrate (Earthworm)	EHQ⁺
-Methylnaphthalene	7.21E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
,4-DDD	1.12E+00	4.30E-02	2.60E+01
, 4,4'-DDE	6.93E-02	4.30E-02	1.61E+00
I,4'-DDT	1.13E-01	4.30E-02	2.63E+00
Acenaphthene	1.69E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthylene	1.20E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	2.46E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Antimony	5.51E+00	3.00E+01	1.84E-01
Aroclor-1254	1.15E+01	2.51E+00	4.58E+00
Arsenic	2.43E+01	6.00E+01	4.05E-01
Barium	2.18E+03	3.30E+02	6.61E+00
Benzo(a)anthracene	5.02E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.88E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5.97E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.24E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.25E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron	5.44E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Cadmium	9.71E+00	1.00E+01	9.71E-01
Chromium	1.36E+02	5.70E+01	
	4.87E+02	0.00E+00	2.39E+00
Chrysene			no TRV no TRV
Cobalt	1.60E+01	0.00E+00	
Copper	4.87E+02	8.00E+01	6.09E+00
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.64E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Dieldrin	2.05E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Endrin Aldehyde	7.38E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Endrin Ketone	2.00E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluoranthene	1.42E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluorene	1.11E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
gamma-Chlordane	1.56E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	6.49E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
ead	7.02E+02	1.70E+03	4.13E-01
Lithium	2.86E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese	8.92E+02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Mercury	8.50E-01	2.50E+00	3.40E-01
Molybdenum	1.04E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Naphthalene	1.92E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
lickel	3.67E+01	2.80E+02	1.31E-01
Phenanthrene	1.26E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	8.47E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
/anadium	4.56E+01	1.00E+02	4.56E-01
Zinc	7.65E+03	1.20E+02	6.38E+01
PAH	1.82E+01	2.90E+01	6.26E-01
HPAH	5.66E+01	1.80E+01	3.15E+00
OTAL PAHs	7.48E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV

Notes:

^{*}EPC for sedentary receptor is maximum measured concentration taken from Report Table 2.

^{*}Shading indicates HQ > 1.

TABLE C-5 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Herbivore (DEER MOUSE)

SOIL INGESTIO	N .			
INITAKE - (Co.*	IR * AF * AUF) / (BW)			
INTAKE - (SC	IR AF AUF)/(BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	reneralise
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)		See Table C-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/day)*		1.50E-06	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997
AUF	Area Use Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.50E+02	Davis and Schmidly, 2009
				·
Chemical		Sc		Intake
				4.005.00
2-Methylnaphtha	alene	1.60E-01		1.60E-09
4,4-DDD		5.08E-02		5.08E-10
4,4'-DDE		2.81E-03		2.81E-11
4,4'-DDT		9.27E-03		9.27E-11
Acenaphthene		1.16E-01		1.16E-09
Acenaphthylene		7.19E-02		7.19E-10
Anthracene		1.24E-01		1.24E-09
Antimony		1.87E+00		1.87E-08
Aroclor-1254		7.73E-01		7.73E-09
Arsenic		4.92E+00		4.92E-08
Barium		3.30E+02		3.30E-06
Benzo(a)anthrac	cene	6.43E-01		6.43E-09
Benzo(a)pyrene		7.63E-01		7.63E-09
Benzo(b)fluorant	thene	8.22E-01		8.22E-09
Benzo(g,h,i)pery		4.94E-01		4.94E-09
Benzo(k)fluorant		3.81E-01		3.81E-09
Boron		6.51E+00		6.51E-08
Cadmium		4.67E-01		4.67E-09
Chromium		1.78E+01		1.78E-07
Chrysene		7.12E-01		7.12E-09
Cobalt		4.35E+00		4.35E-08
Copper		4.01E+01		4.01E-07
Dibenz(a,h)anthi	racene	1.80E-01		1.80E-09
Dieldrin	1400110	2.11E-03		2.11E-11
Endrin Aldehyde		3.54E-03		3.54E-11
Endrin Ketone	•	2.53E-03		2.53E-11
Fluoranthene		1.41E+00		1.41E-08
Fluorene		1.07E-01		1.07E-09
gamma-Chlorda	ne	1.84E-03		1.84E-11
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)		6.58E-01		6.58E-09
1.	pyrene			
Lead		1.04E+02		1.04E-06
Lithium		1.22E+01		1.22E-07
Manganese		2.78E+02		2.78E-06
Mercury		4.00E-02		4.00E-10
Molybdenum		1.62E+00		1.62E-08
Naphthalene		2.65E-03		2.65E-11
Nickel		1.24E+01		1.24E-07
Phenanthrene		9.99E-01		9.99E-09
Pyrene		9.71E-01		9.71E-09
Vanadium		1.73E+01		1.73E-07
Zinc		8.15E+02		8.15E-06
LPAH		1.58E+00		1.58E-08
HPAH		7.03E+00		7.03E-08
TOTAL PAHs		8.61E+00		8.61E-08
1				

TABLE C-5 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Herbivore (DEER MOUSE)

INGEST	16.781
INGEST	IUIN

INTAKE = ((Ca * IR * DFa * AUF) / (BW) + ((Cp * IR * DFs *AUF)/(BW))

Parameter	Definition	Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)	calculated	
Ca	Arthropod concentration (mg/kg)	see Table C-15	
Ср	Plant concentration (mg/kg)	see Table C-15	
R	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)*	7.49E-05	EPA, 1993
Dfa	Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless)	1.00E-01	Prof Judgment
Dfs	Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegetation (unitless)	9.00E-01	Prof Judgment
AUF	Area Use Factor	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)	1.50E-02	Davis and Schmidly, 2009

Chemical	Arthropod	Plant	Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.12E-02	3.23E-03	2.01E-05
4,4-DDD	6.40E-02	4.76E-04	3.41E-05
4,4'-DDE	3.54E-03	2.63E-05	1.89E-06
4,4'-DDT	1.17E-02	8.69E-05	6.22E-06
1 '	8.12E-03		1.46E-05
Acenaphthulana		2.34E-03	
Acenaphthylene	5.03E-03	1.45E-03	9.04E-06
Anthracene	8.68E-03	2.50E-03	1.56E-05
Antimony	4.11E-01	3.74E-01	1.88E-03
Aroclor-1254	8.73E-01	7.73E-03	4.71E-04
Arsenic	5.41E-01	1.77E-01	1.07E-03
Barium	7.27E+01	4.96E+01	2.59E-01
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.93E-02	1.30E-02	6.80E-05
Benzo(a)pyrene	5.34E-02	7.71E-03	6.13E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5.75E-02	8.30E-03	6.60E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.46E-02	9.98E-03	6.21E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.05E-02	3.85E-03	3.25E-05
Boron	6.51E+00	6.51E+00	3.25E-02
Cadmium	4.48E-01	1.70E-01	9.88E-04
Chromium	1.78E-01	1.33E-01	6.87E-04
Chrysene	2.85E-02	1.33E-02	7.41E-05
Cobalt	4.35E+00	3.24E-02	2.32E-03
Copper	1.60E+00	1.60E+01	7.28E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.26E-02	1.15E-03	1.15E-05
Dieldrin	3.10E-02	7.36E-05	1.58E-05
Endrin Aldehyde	3.54E-03	2.04E-04	2.68E-06
Endrin Ketone	2.53E-03	1.46E-04	1.92E-06
Fluoranthene	9.86E-02	2.84E-02	1.77E-04
Fluorene	7.49E-03	2.16E-03	1.35E-05
gamma-Chlordane	1.84E-03	2.63E-05	1.04E-06
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	5.26E-02	2.57E-03	3.78E-05
Lead	3.12E+00	4.68E+00	2.26E-02
Lithium	1.22E+01	1.22E+01	6.08E-02
Manganese	1.68E+01	2.20E+01	1.07E-01
Mercury	3.40E-01	5.48E-03	1.94E-04
Molybdenum	1.62E-02	1.22E-02	6.28E-05
Naphthalene	1.86E-04	5.35E-05	3.33E-07
Nickel	2.47E-01	3.96E-01	1.90E-03
Phenanthrene	6.99E-02	2.02E-02	1.26E-04
Pyrene	6.80E-02	1.96E-02	1.22E-04
Vanadium	1.73E-01	1.30E-01	6.68E-04
Zinc	4.57E+02	9.78E-10	2.28E-01
LPAH	4.57E+02 1.11E-01	3.19E-02	1.99E-04
HPAH	4.92E-01	3.19E-02 1.42E-01	8.84E-04
TOTAL PAHs	4.92E-01 6.03E-01	1.42E-01 1.72E-01	8.84E-04 1.08E-03
IOTAL FAITS	0.03⊏-01	1.725-01	1.000-03

TABLE C-5 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN **Small Mammalian Herbivore (DEER MOUSE)**

TOTAL INTAKE

INTAKE = Soil Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	2.01E-05
4,4-DDD	3.41E-05
4,4'-DDE	1.89E-06
4,4'-DDT	6.22E-06
Acenaphthene	1.46E-05
Acenaphthylene	9.04E-06
Anthracene	1.56E-05
Antimony	1.88E-03
Aroclor-1254	4.71E-04
Arsenic	1.07E-03
Barium	2.59E-01
Benzo(a)anthracene	6.80E-05
Benzo(a)pyrene	6.13E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.60E-05
	6.21E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	6.21E-05 3.25E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	
Boron	3.25E-02
Cadmium	9.88E-04
Chromium	6.87E-04
Chrysene	7.41E-05
Cobalt	2.32E-03
Copper	7.28E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.15E-05
Dieldrin	1.58E-05
Endrin Aldehyde	2.68E-06
Endrin Ketone	1.92E-06
Fluoranthene	1.77E-04
Fluorene	1.35E-05
gamma-Chlordane	1.04E-06
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.78E-05
Lead	2.26E-02
Lithium	6.08E-02
Manganese	1.07E-01
Mercury	1.94E-04
Molybdenum	6.28E-05
Naphthalene	3.33E-07
Nickel	1.90E-03
Phenanthrene	1.26E-04
Pyrene	1.22E-04
Vanadium	6.68E-04
Zinc	2.28E-01
LPAH	1.99E-04
НРАН	8.84E-04
TOTAL PAHs	1.08E-03

Notes:
* Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE C-6 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Large Mammalian Carnivore (COYOTE)

22:: 3105071011				
SOIL INGESTION				
INTAKE = (Sc * IR * AF * AUF	F) / (BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)		see Table C-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/day)*		4.83E-05	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997
AUF	Area Use Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.40E+01	
DVV	Willimum Body Weight (kg)		1.400-01	avis and Schmidly, 2009
Chemical		Sc		Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene		1.60E-01		5.52E-07
4,4-DDD		5.08E-02		1.75E-07
4,4'-DDE		2.81E-03		9.69E-09
4,4'-DDT		9.27E-03		3.20E-08
Acenaphthene		1.16E-01		4.00E-07
Acenaphthylene		7.19E-02		2.48E-07
Anthracene		1.24E-01		4.28E-07
Antimony		1.87E+00		6.44E-06
Aroclor-1254		7.73E-01		2.67E-06
Arsenic				
		4.92E+00		1.70E-05
Barium		3.30E+02		1.14E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene		6.43E-01		2.22E-06
Benzo(a)pyrene		7.63E-01		2.63E-06
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		8.22E-01		2.84E-06
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		4.94E-01		1.70E-06
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		3.81E-01		1.31E-06
Boron		6.51E+00		2.24E-05
Cadmium		4.67E-01		1.61E-06
Chromium		1.78E+01		6.12E-05
Chrysene		7.12E-01		2.46E-06
Cobalt		4.35E+00		1.50E-05
Copper		4.01E+01		1.38E-04
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		1.80E-01		6.21E-07
Dieldrin		2.11E-03		7.28E-09
Endrin Aldehyde		3.54E-03		1.22E-08
Endrin Ketone		2.53E-03		8.73E-09
Fluoranthene		1.41E+00		4.86E-06
Fluorene		1.07E-01		3.69E-07
gamma-Chlordane		1.84E-03		6.35E-09
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		6.58E-01		2.27E-06
Lead		1.04E+02		3.59E-04
Lithium		1.04E+02 1.22E+01		4.20E-05
				9.58E-04
Manganese		2.78E+02		
Mercury		4.00E-02		1.38E-07
Molybdenum		1.62E+00		5.60E-06
Naphthalene		2.65E-03		9.14E-09
Nickel		1.24E+01		4.27E-05
Phenanthrene		9.99E-01		3.45E-06
Pyrene		9.71E-01		3.35E-06
Vanadium		1.73E+01		5.96E-05
Zinc		8.15E+02		2.81E-03
LPAH		1.58E+00		5.45E-06
HPAH		7.03E+00		2.43E-05
TOTAL PAHs		8.61E+00		2.97E-05
				-

TABLE C-6 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Large Mammalian Carnivore (COYOTE)

		`		
FOOD INGESTION				
INTAKE = ((Cm * IR * Df	fm * AUF)/(BW) + (Cb * IR * DFb * AUF) / (BW))			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Cm	Mammal concentration (mg/kg)		see Table C-15	
Cb	Bird concentration (mg/kg)		see Table C-15	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)*		2.41E-03	EPA, 1993
Dfm	Dietary fraction of small mammals (unitless)		7.50E-01	EPA, 1993
Dfb	Dietary fraction of birds (unitless)		2.50E-01	EPA, 1993
AUF	Area Use Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.40E+01	EPA, 1993
Chemical	Mammal	Bird		Intake
2 Mathylpaphthalana	1.92E-04	2 60E 04		3.60E-08
2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4-DDD		2.60E-04		
	1.63E-05	3.35E-05		3.54E-09
4,4'-DDE	8.99E-07	1.85E-06		1.96E-10
4,4'-DDT	2.97E-06	6.11E-06		6.46E-10
Acenaphthene	1.39E-04	1.89E-04		2.61E-08
Acenaphthylene	8.63E-05	1.17E-04		1.62E-08
Anthracene	1.49E-04	2.02E-04		2.79E-08 3.90E-08
Antimony	2.26E-04	2.26E-04		
Aroclor-1254 Arsenic	2.33E-04 2.27E-04	4.61E-04 2.27E-04		4.99E-08 3.90E-08
Barium	4.53E-03 1.05E-04	4.53E-03		7.79E-07 1.96E-08
Benzo(a)anthracene		1.41E-04		4.14E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.94E-04 2.47E-04	3.82E-04 4.86E-04		4.14E-06 5.27E-08
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5.93E-04	8.03E-04		1.11E-07
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.14E-04	2.24E-04		2.43E-08
Boron	1.14E-04 1.30E+01	1.30E+01		2.43E-00 2.24E-03
Cadmium	1.23E-05	8.71E-03		3.76E-07
Chromium	5.80E-04	5.80E-04		9.98E-08
	1.24E-04	1.75E-04		9.96E-06 2.36E-08
Chrysene Cobalt	4.68E-01	4.68E-01		8.05E-05
	1.81E+01	1.81E+01		3.12E-03
Copper Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	8.40E-05	2.15E-04		2.01E-08
Dieldrin	2.11E-03	2.11E-03		3.63E-07
Endrin Aldehyde	3.54E-03	3.54E-03		6.09E-07
Endrin Ketone	2.53E-03	2.53E-03		4.36E-07
Fluoranthene	1.69E-03	2.29E-03		3.17E-07
Fluorene	1.28E-04	1.74E-04		2.41E-08
gamma-Chlordane	1.84E-03	1.84E-03		3.17E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	5.14E-04	1.71E-03		1.40E-07
Lead	8.87E-04	8.87E-04		1.53E-07
Lithium	2.43E+01	2.43E+01		4.19E-03
Manganese	3.00E+02	3.00E+02		5.16E-02
Mercury	2.61E-06	1.08E-05		8.00E-10
Molybdenum	5.30E-05	5.30E-05		9.12E-09
Naphthalene	3.18E-06	4.31E-06		5.96E-10
Nickel	1.53E-03	1.53E-03		2.64E-07
Phenanthrene	1.20E-03	1.62E-03		2.25E-07
Pyrene	1.16E-03	1.58E-03		2.18E-07
Vanadium	5.64E-04	5.64E-04		9.71E-08
Zinc	1.05E-04	1.02E-01		4.40E-06
LPAH	1.90E-03	2.57E-03		3.55E-07
HPAH	8.44E-03	1.14E-02		1.58E-06
TOTAL PAHs	1.02E-02	1.40E-02		1.92E-06
TOTAL PARS	1.02E-02	1.400-02		1.92E-00

TABLE C-6 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Large Mammalian Carnivore (COYOTE)

TOTAL INTAKE

INTAKE = Soil Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	5.88E-07
4.4-DDD	1.79E-07
4.4'-DDE	9.89E-09
4.4'-DDT	3.26E-08
Acenaphthene	4.26E-07
Acenaphthylene	2.64E-07
Anthracene	4.56E-07
Antimony	6.48E-06
Aroclor-1254	2.72E-06
Arsenic	1.70E-05
Barium	1.14E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.24E-06
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.67E-06
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.89E-06
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.82E-06
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.34E-06
Boron	2.26E-03
Cadmium	1.99E-06
Chromium	6.13E-05
Chrysene	2.48E-06
Cobalt	9.55E-05
Copper	3.26E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.41E-07
Dieldrin	3.71E-07
Endrin Aldehyde	6.22E-07
Endrin Ketone	4.44E-07
Fluoranthene	5.17E-06
Fluorene	3.93E-07
gamma-Chlordane	3.23E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.41E-06
Lead	3.59E-04
Lithium	4.23E-03
Manganese	5.26E-02
Mercury	1.39E-07
Molybdenum	5.61E-06
Naphthalene	9.74E-09
Nickel	4.29E-05
Phenanthrene	3.67E-06
Pyrene	3.57E-06
Vanadium	5.97E-05
Zinc	2.82E-03
LPAH	5.81E-06
НРАН	2.58E-05
TOTAL PAHs	3.16E-05

Notes:

^{*} Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE C-7 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)

Parameter Definition Intake Int	SOIL INGESTION				
Intake	INTAKE = (Sc * IR * AF * AUF) / (BW)				
Sc Sol concentration (mg/kg) sea Table C-1 R Maximum Ingestion rate of sol (kg/day)* 2,71E-07 EPA, 1993 AF Area Use Factor 1 EPA, 1997 EPA	Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
R	Intake				
R	Sc			see Table C-1	
AF Chemical Bioavaliability in soil (unitiess) AF Area Use Factor BW Minimum Body weight (kg) Sc Intake Chemical Chemi	IR				EPA, 1993
AUF Area Use Factor 1	AF				*
Authors					*
Chemical Sc	BW				*
2.Methylnaphthalene 4.4-DDD 5.08E-02 3.44E-06 4.4-DDD 5.08E-02 3.44E-06 4.4-DDT 9.27E-03 6.28E-07 A4-DDT 9.27E-03 6.28E-07 AAcenaphthene 1.16E-01 7.86E-06 AAcenaphthene 7.19E-02 4.87E-06 AArenaphthylene 7.19E-02 4.87E-06 AArthracore 1.24E-01 8.40E-06 Antimony 1.87E-00 1.27E-04 Arcolor-1254 7.73E-01 5.24E-05 Arsenic 4.92E-00 3.35E-04 Barrium 3.30E-02 2.24E-02 Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)phyene 6.43E-01 5.77E-05 Benzo(a)phyene 8.22E-01 5.77E-05 Benzo(a)fluoranthene Benzo(a)phyene 8.22E-01 5.77E-05 Benzo(a)fluoranthene 8.22E-01 5.77E-05 Benzo(a)fluoranthene 8.20E-01 6.51E-00 4.41E-04 6.56E-05 Chromium 1.78E-01 1.20E-03 Chrysene 7.12E-01 4.20E-05 Cobalt 4.30E-06 Cobalt 4.30E-00 2.95E-04 Copper 4.01E-01 2.72E-03 Dibetra(a)fluoranthene 1.20E-03 1.43E-07 Fendrin Aldehyde 2.53E-03 1.43E-07 Fendrin Aldehyde 3.54E-03 1.71E-07 Feltoranthene 1.07E-01 4.08E-05 Feltorene 1.0					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
2.Methylnaphthalene 4.4-DDD 5.08E-02 3.44E-06 4.4-DDD 5.08E-02 3.44E-06 4.4-DDT 9.27E-03 6.28E-07 A4-DDT 9.27E-03 6.28E-07 AAcenaphthene 1.16E-01 7.86E-06 AAcenaphthene 7.19E-02 4.87E-06 AArenaphthylene 7.19E-02 4.87E-06 AArthracore 1.24E-01 8.40E-06 Antimony 1.87E-00 1.27E-04 Arcolor-1254 7.73E-01 5.24E-05 Arsenic 4.92E-00 3.35E-04 Barrium 3.30E-02 2.24E-02 Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)phyene 6.43E-01 5.77E-05 Benzo(a)phyene 8.22E-01 5.77E-05 Benzo(a)fluoranthene Benzo(a)phyene 8.22E-01 5.77E-05 Benzo(a)fluoranthene 8.22E-01 5.77E-05 Benzo(a)fluoranthene 8.20E-01 6.51E-00 4.41E-04 6.56E-05 Chromium 1.78E-01 1.20E-03 Chrysene 7.12E-01 4.20E-05 Cobalt 4.30E-06 Cobalt 4.30E-00 2.95E-04 Copper 4.01E-01 2.72E-03 Dibetra(a)fluoranthene 1.20E-03 1.43E-07 Fendrin Aldehyde 2.53E-03 1.43E-07 Fendrin Aldehyde 3.54E-03 1.71E-07 Feltoranthene 1.07E-01 4.08E-05 Feltorene 1.0	Chemical		Sc		Intake
44-DDD					
44-DDE					
4.4-DDT	4,4-DDD				
Acenaphthlene 1.16E-01 7.86E-06 Acenaphthlene 7.19E-02 4.87E-06 Anthracene 1.24E-01 8.40E-06 Antracene 1.28E-00 3.27E-04 Arcobr-1254 7.73E-01 5.24E-05 Arsenic 4.92E-00 3.38E-04 Benzo(a) pyrene 6.43E-01 4.50E-05 Benzo(a) pyrene 7.63E-01 5.77E-05 Benzo(a) pyrene 8.22E-01 5.57E-06 Benzo(a) pyrene 4.94E-01 3.35E-06					
Acenaphthylene	1 .				
Anthracene	Acenaphthene				
Antimony Artimony Artimony Arcolor-1254 Arsenic Arseni	Acenaphthylene		7.19E-02		
Arcslori 2524 Arcslori 4.92E-00 Barlum 3.30E-02 Benzo(a) primeracene Bibenzo(a) primeracene B	Anthracene		1.24E-01		8.40E-06
Arsenic	Antimony		1.87E+00		1.27E-04
Barlum 3.30E+02 2.24E-02 Benzo(a) pyrene 6.43E-01 4.36E-05 Benzo(a) pyrene 7.63E-01 5.17E-05 Benzo(p, h) perylene 8.22E-01 5.57E-05 Benzo(p, h) perylene 3.81E-01 2.58E-05 Benzo(p, h) perylene 3.81E-01 2.58E-05 Benzo(p, h) perylene 3.81E-01 2.58E-05 Benzo(p, h) perylene 4.41E-04 4.41E-04 Cadmium 4.7E-01 3.16E-05 Chromium 1.78E+01 1.20E-03 Chrysene 7.12E-01 4.82E-05 Cobalt 4.35E-01 2.95E-04 Copper 4.01E-01 2.72E-03 Diberz(a, h) anthracene 1.80E-01 1.22E-05 Diledrin 2.11E-03 1.43E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 3.54E-03 2.40E-07 Endrin Ketone 1.78E-03 2.40E-07 Fluorene 1.07E-01 7.25E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1.84E-03 1.25E-07 Inden (1,2,3-cd) pyrene 6.58E-01 4.46E-05	Aroclor-1254		7.73E-01		5.24E-05
Benzo(a)anthracene 6.48E-01 4.36E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 7.63E-01 5.77E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 4.94E-01 3.35E-05 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 4.94E-01 3.58E-05 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 4.94E-01 3.58E-05 Boron 6.51E+00 4.41E-04 Cadmium 4.67E-01 3.16E-05 Chromium 1.78E+01 1.20E-03 Chrysene 7.12E-01 4.82E-05 Cobalt 4.35E+00 2.95E-04 Copper 4.01E-01 2.27E-03 Dibenz(a, h)anthracene 1.80E-01 1.22E-05 Dieldrin 2.11E-03 1.43E-07 Endrin Ketone 3.54E-03 2.40E-07 Endrin Ketone 1.47E-01 9.54E-05 Fluoranthene 1.47E-01 9.54E-05 Fluoranthene 1.47E-01 7.25E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1.87E-01 4.86E-05 Lead 1.04E-02 7.05E-03 Lithium 1.22E+01 8.25E-04 <td< td=""><td>Arsenic</td><td></td><td>4.92E+00</td><td></td><td>3.33E-04</td></td<>	Arsenic		4.92E+00		3.33E-04
Benzo(a)pyrene 7.63E-01 5.17E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 8.22E-01 5.57E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 3.35E-01 3.35E-05 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.81E-01 2.58E-05 Boron 6.51E+00 4.41E-04 Cadmium 4.67E-01 3.16E-05 Chromium 1.78E-01 4.82E-05 Chrysene 7.12E-01 4.82E-05 Cobalt 4.35E+00 2.95E-04 Copper 4.01E-01 2.72E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.80E-01 1.22E-05 Dieldrin 2.11E-03 1.43E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 3.54E-03 2.40E-07 Endrin Ketone 2.53E-03 1.71E-07 Fluoranthene 1.41E-00 9.54E-05 Fluoranthene 1.47E-01 7.25E-06 Fluoranthene 1.47E-01 7.05E-06 Elead 1.07E-01 7.05E-06 Lead 1.07E-01 8.25E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 6.58E-01 4.46E-05 Lead<	Barium		3.30E+02		2.24E-02
Benzo(phloranthene 8.22E-01 5.57E-05 Benzo(phloranthene 4.94E-01 3.35E-05 Benzo(phloranthene 3.81E-01 2.58E-05 Boron 6.51E+00 4.41E-04 Cadmium 1.78E+01 3.16E-05 Chromium 1.78E+01 1.20E-03 Chrysene 7.12E-01 4.82E-05 Cobalt 2.95E-04 2.95E-04 Copper 4.01E+01 2.72E-03 Dibetric 1.80E-01 1.22E-05 Dieldrin 2.11E-03 1.43E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 3.54E-03 2.40E-07 Endrin Ketone 2.53E-03 1.71E-07 Fluoranthene 1.07E-01 9.54E-05 Fluorene 1.07E-01 9.54E-05 Fluorene 1.07E-01 7.25E-06 gamma-Chiordane 1.84E-03 1.22E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 6.58E-01 4.46E-05 Lead 1.04E-02 7.05E-03 Lithium 1.22E-01 8.25E-04 Manganese 2.	Benzo(a)anthracene		6.43E-01		4.36E-05
Benzo(gh,i)perylene 4,94E-01 3,35E-05 Berzo(k)fluoranthene 3,81E-01 2,58E-05 Boron 6,51E+00 4,41E-04 Cadmium 4,67E-01 3,16E-05 Chromium 1,78E+01 1,20E-03 Chrysene 7,12E-01 4,82E-05 Cobalt 4,35E+00 2,95E-04 Copper 4,01E+01 2,72E-03 Diberz(a,h)anthracene 1,80E-01 1,22E-05 Diedrin 2,11E-03 1,43E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 3,54E-03 2,40E-07 Endrin Ketone 2,53E-03 1,71E-07 Fluoranthene 1,41E+00 9,54E-05 Fluoranthene 1,07E-01 7,25E-06 Holdeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 5,58E-01 4,6E-05 Le	Benzo(a)pyrene		7.63E-01		5.17E-05
Benzo(gh,i)perylene 4,94E-01 3,35E-05 Berzo(k)fluoranthene 3,81E-01 2,58E-05 Boron 6,51E+00 4,41E-04 Cadmium 4,67E-01 3,16E-05 Chromium 1,78E+01 1,20E-03 Chrysene 7,12E-01 4,82E-05 Cobalt 4,35E+00 2,95E-04 Copper 4,01E+01 2,72E-03 Diberz(a,h)anthracene 1,80E-01 1,22E-05 Diedrin 2,11E-03 1,43E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 3,54E-03 2,40E-07 Endrin Ketone 2,53E-03 1,71E-07 Fluoranthene 1,41E+00 9,54E-05 Fluoranthene 1,07E-01 7,25E-06 Holdeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 5,58E-01 4,6E-05 Le	Benzo(b)fluoranthene		8.22E-01		5.57E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.81E-01 2.58E-05 Boron 6.51E+00 4.41E-04 Cadmium 4.67E-01 3.16E-05 Chromium 1.78E+01 1.20E-03 Chrysene 7.12E-01 4.82E-05 Cobalt 4.35E+00 2.95E-04 Copper 4.01E+01 2.72E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.80E-01 1.22E-05 Dieldrin 2.11E-03 1.43E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 3.54E-03 2.40E-07 Endrin Ketone 2.53E-03 1.71E-07 Fluoranthene 1.41E+00 9.54E-05 Fluorene 1.07E-01 7.26E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1.84E-03 1.25E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-ed)pyrene 6.58E-01 4.46E-05 Lead 1.04E+02 7.05E-03 Lithium 1.22E-01 8.25E-04 Manganese 2.78E+02 1.88E-02 Mercury 4.00E-02 2.71E-06 Molybdenum 1.62E+00 1.10E-04 Naphthalene 9.9			4.94E-01		3.35E-05
Boron 6.51E+00 4.41E-04 Cadmium 4.67E-01 3.16E-05 Chromium 1.78E+01 1.20E-03 Chrysene 7.12E-01 4.82E-05 Cobalt 4.35E+00 2.95E-04 Copper 4.01E-01 2.72E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.80E-01 1.22E-05 Dieldrin 2.11E-03 1.43E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 3.54E-03 2.40E-07 Endrin Ketone 2.53E-03 1.71E-07 Fluoranthene 1.07E-01 7.25E-05 Fluoranthene 1.07E-01 7.25E-05 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 6.58E-01 4.46E-05 Lead 1.04E-02 7.05E-03 Lithium 1.22E-01 8.25E-04 Manganese 2.78E+02 1.88E-02 Mercury 4.00E-02 2.71E-06 Molydenum 1.62E+00 1.10E-04 Naphthalene 9.99E-01 6.77E-05 Nickel 1.24E+01 8.38E-04 Phenanthrene 9.99E-01 6.58E-05 Vanadium 1.77E-03 9.71E-01					
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Chromium 1,78E+01 1,20E-03 Chrysene 7.12E-01 4,82E-05 Cobalt 4,35E+00 2,95E-04 Copper 4,01E+01 2,72E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1,80E-01 1,22E-05 Dieldrin 2,11E-03 1,43E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 3,54E-03 2,40E-07 Endrin Ketone 2,53E-03 1,71E-07 Fluoranthene 1,41E+00 9,54E-05 Fluorene 1,07E-01 7,25E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1,84E-03 1,25E-07 Indepo(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 6,58E-01 4,46E-05 Lead 1,04E+02 7,05E-03 Lithium 1,22E+01 8,25E-04 Manganese 2,78E-02 1,88E-02 Mercury 4,00E-02 2,71E-06 Molydenum 1,62E+00 1,10E-04 Naphthalene 2,65E-03 1,80E-07 Nickel 1,24E+01 8,38E-04 Phenanthrene 9,99E-01 6,77E-05 Pyrene 9,71E-01 6,58E-05 Vanadium 1,77E-04 4,76E-04 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
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Cobalt 4.35E+00 2.95E-04 Copper 4.01E+01 2.72E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.26E-01 1.22E-05 Dieldrin 2.11E-03 1.43E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 3.54E-03 2.40E-07 Endrin Ketone 2.53E-03 1.71E-07 Fluoranthene 1.41E+00 9.54E-05 Fluorene 1.07E-01 7.25E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1.84E-03 1.25E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 6.58E-01 4.46E-05 Lead 1.04E+02 7.05E-03 Lithium 1.22E+01 8.25E-04 Manganese 2.78E+02 1.88E-02 Mercury 4.00E-02 2.71E-06 Molybdenum 1.62E+00 1.10E-04 Naphthalene 2.65E-03 1.80E-07 Nickel 1.24E+01 8.38E-04 Phenanthrene 9.99E-01 6.77E-05 Pyene 9.71E-01 6.58E-05 Vanadium 1.73E+01 1.17E-03 Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.07E-04 4.76E-04 <					
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Endrin Ketone 2.53E-03 1.71E-07 Fluoranthene 1.41E+00 9.54E-05 Fluorene 1.07E-01 7.25E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1.84E-03 1.25E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 6.58E-01 4.46E-05 Lead 1.04E+02 7.05E-03 Lithium 1.22E+01 8.25E-04 Manganese 2.78E+02 1.88E-02 Mercury 4.00E-02 2.71E-06 Molybdenum 1.62E+00 1.10E-04 Naphthalene 2.65E-03 1.80E-07 Nickel 1.24E+01 8.38E-04 Phenanthrene 9.99E-01 6.77E-05 Pyrene 9.71E-01 6.58E-05 Vanadium 1.73E+01 1.17E-03 Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
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Fluorene 1.07E-01 7.25E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1.84E-03 1.25E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 6.58E-01 4.46E-05 Lead 1.04E+02 7.05E-03 Lithium 1.22E+01 8.25E-04 Manganese 2.78E+02 1.88E-02 Mercury 4.00E-02 2.71E-06 Molybdenum 1.62E+00 1.10E-04 Naphthalene 2.65E-03 1.80E-07 Nickel 1.24E+01 8.38E-04 Phenanthrene 9.99E-01 6.77E-05 Pyrene 9.71E-01 6.58E-05 Vanadium 1.73E+01 1.17E-03 Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
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Mercury 4.00E-02 2.71E-06 Molybdenum 1.62E+00 1.10E-04 Naphthalene 2.65E-03 1.80E-07 Nickel 1.24E+01 8.38E-04 Phenanthrene 9.99E-01 6.77E-05 Pyrene 9.71E-01 6.58E-05 Vanadium 1.73E+01 1.17E-03 Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
Molybdenum 1.62E+00 1.10E-04 Naphthalene 2.65E-03 1.80E-07 Nickel 1.24E+01 8.38E-04 Phenanthrene 9.99E-01 6.77E-05 Pyrene 9.71E-01 6.58E-05 Vanadium 1.73E+01 1.17E-03 Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
Naphthalene 2.65E-03 1.80E-07 Nickel 1.24E+01 8.38E-04 Phenanthrene 9.99E-01 6.77E-05 Pyrene 9.71E-01 6.58E-05 Vanadium 1.73E+01 1.17E-03 Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
Nickel 1.24E+01 8.38E-04 Phenanthrene 9.99E-01 6.77E-05 Pyrene 9.71E-01 6.58E-05 Vanadium 1.73E+01 1.17E-03 Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
Phenanthrene 9.99E-01 6.77E-05 Pyrene 9.71E-01 6.58E-05 Vanadium 1.73E+01 1.17E-03 Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
Pyrene 9.71E-01 6.58E-05 Vanadium 1.73E+01 1.17E-03 Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
Vanadium 1.73E+01 1.17E-03 Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
Zinc 8.15E+02 5.52E-02 LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
LPAH 1.58E+00 1.07E-04 HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04					
HPAH 7.03E+00 4.76E-04	Zinc				
TOTAL PAHs 8.61E+00 5.84E-04	HPAH				
	TOTAL PAHs		8.61E+00		5.84E-04

TABLE C-7 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)

NTAKE = ((Ca * IR * DF	a * AUF) / (BW) + ((Cp * IR * DFs *AUF)/(BW))		
Parameter	Definition	Value	Reference
ntake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)	calculated	
Ca	Arthropod concentration (mg/kg)	see Table C-15	
Ср	Plant concentration (mg/kg)	see Table C-15	
R	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)*	3.38E-06	EPA, 1993
Dfa	Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless)	9.00E-01	EPA, 1993
Dfs	Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegetation (unitless)	1.00E-01	EPA, 1993
AUF	Area Use Factor	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)	4.00E-03	Davis and Schmidly, 2009

Chemical	Arthropod	Plant	Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.12E-02	3.23E-03	8.79E-06
4,4-DDD	6.40E-02	4.76E-04	4.87E-05
-,4'-DDE	3.54E-03	2.63E-05	2.69E-06
-,4'-DDT	1.17E-02	8.69E-05	8.89E-06
Acenaphthene	8.12E-03	2.34E-03	6.37E-06
Acenaphthylene	5.03E-03	1.45E-03	3.95E-06
Anthracene	8.68E-03	2.50E-03	6.81E-06
Antimony	4.11E-01	3.74E-01	3.44E-04
Aroclor-1254	8.73E-01	7.73E-03	6.65E-04
Arsenic	5.41E-01	1.77E-01	4.26E-04
Barium	7.27E+01	4.96E+01	5.95E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.93E-02	1.30E-02	1.58E-05
Benzo(a)pyrene	5.34E-02	7.71E-03	4.13E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5.75E-02	8.30E-03	4.45E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.46E-02	9.98E-03	2.71E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.05E-02	3.85E-03	2.35E-05
Boron	6.51E+00	6.51E+00	5.50E-03
Cadmium	4.48E-01	1.70E-01	3.55E-04
Chromium	1.78E-01	1.33E-01	1.46E-04
Chrysene	2.85E-02	1.33E-02	2.28E-05
Cobalt	4.35E+00	3.24E-02	3.31E-03
Copper	1.60E+00	1.60E+01	2.57E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.26E-02	1.15E-03	9.68E-06
Dieldrin	3.10E-02	7.36E-05	2.36E-05
Endrin Aldehyde	3.54E-03	2.04E-04	2.71E-06
Endrin Ketone	2.53E-03	1.46E-04	1.94E-06
Fluoranthene	9.86E-02	2.84E-02	7.74E-05
Fluorene	7.49E-03	2.16E-03	5.88E-06
gamma-Chlordane	1.84E-03	2.63E-05	1.40E-06
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	5.26E-02	2.57E-03	4.02E-05
Lead	3.12E+00	4.68E+00	2.77E-03
.ithium	1.22E+01	1.22E+01	1.03E-02
Manganese	1.68E+01	2.20E+01	1.46E-02
Mercury	3.40E-01	5.48E-03	2.59E-04
,	1.62E-02	1.22E-02	1.34E-05
Molybdenum	1.86E-04	5.35E-05	1.34E-05 1.46E-07
laphthalene lickel	1.86E-04 2.47E-01	5.35E-05 3.96E-01	1.46E-07 2.22E-04
Phenanthrene	6.99E-02	2.02E-02	5.49E-05
Pyrene	6.80E-02	1.96E-02	5.33E-05
/anadium	1.73E-01	1.30E-01	1.42E-04
Zinc	4.57E+02	9.78E-10	3.47E-01
.PAH	1.11E-01	3.19E-02	8.68E-05
HPAH	4.92E-01	1.42E-01	3.86E-04
TOTAL PAHs	6.03E-01	1.72E-01	4.73E-04

TABLE C-7 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN **Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)**

TOTAL INTAKE

INTAKE = Soil Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	Intake
	4005.05
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.96E-05
4,4-DDD	5.22E-05
I,4'-DDE	2.89E-06
4,4'-DDT	9.52E-06
Acenaphthene	1.42E-05
Acenaphthylene	8.82E-06
Anthracene	1.52E-05
Antimony	4.71E-04
Aroclor-1254	7.17E-04
Arsenic	7.59E-04
Barium	8.19E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	5.93E-05
Benzo(a)pyrene	9.30E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.00E-04
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	6.06E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.93E-05
Boron	5.94E-03
Cadmium	3.87E-04
Chromium	1.35E-03
Chrysene	7.10E-05
Cobalt	3.61E-03
Copper	5.29E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.19E-05
Dieldrin	2.37E-05
Endrin Aldehyde	2.95E-06
Endrin Ketone	2.11E-06
Fluoranthene	1.73E-04
Fluorene	1.31E-05
gamma-Chlordane	1.53E-06
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	8.48E-05
ead	9.81E-03
ithium	1.11E-02
Manganese	3.35E-02
Mercury	2.62E-04
Nolybdenum	1.23E-04
Naphthalene	3.25E-07
lickel	1.06E-03
Phenanthrene	1.23E-04
Pyrene	1.19E-04
/anadium	1.31E-03
linc	4.02E-01
.PAH	1.94E-04
HPAH .	8.63E-04
TOTAL PAHs	1.06E-03

Notes: Soil ingestion was assumed to be 8% of dietary intake.

TABLE C-8 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Avian Omnivore/Herbivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

DTAKE = (Sc * IR * AF * AUF / (BW) Parameter	SOIL INGESTION				
Parameter	COIL INCLUTION				
Intake Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) cele Table C2 SC Soliconcentration (mg/kg) see Table C2 IR Maximum Ingestion rate of sol (kg/day)* 2.52E-06 EPA, 1993 AF Chemical Biovavaliability in soil (unitiess) 1 EPA, 1997 AUF Area Use Factor 1 EPA, 1997 Aure Williams Committed Care Care Care Care Care Care Care Care	INTAKE = (Sc * IR * AF *	AUF) / (BW)			
Intake Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) cele Table C2 SC Soliconcentration (mg/kg) see Table C2 IR Maximum Ingestion rate of sol (kg/day)* 2.52E-06 EPA, 1993 AF Chemical Biovavaliability in soil (unitiess) 1 EPA, 1997 AUF Area Use Factor 1 EPA, 1997 Aure Williams Committed Care Care Care Care Care Care Care Care	Parameter	Definition		Value Reference	e
Sc Soil concentration (mg/kg) See Table C-2 IR Maximum Injection rate of soil (kgiday)* 2,52E-06 EPA, 1997 AF Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitless) 1 EPA, 1997 AF Area Use Factor 1 EPA, 1997 BW Minimum Body weight (kg) 6,30E-02 EPA, 1993 Chemical Sc Intake					
IR					
AF Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitiess) AUF Area Use Factor Area Use Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Chemical So Intake 2-Methylnaphthalene 7.90E-02 3.16E-06 4.4-DDD 4.4-DDE 7.52E-03 3.01E-07 4.4-DDB 4.4-DDB 7.52E-03 3.01E-07 4.4-DDB 4.4-DDB 7.52E-03 3.01E-07 4.4-DDB 4.4-DDB 7.52E-03 3.01E-07 4.4-DDB 4.4-DDB 7.52E-03 3.01E-07 4.4-DDB 4.4-DB 4.4-DB 4.4-DDB 4.4-DB 4.4-DDB 4.4-DB 4.			.\+		•
AUF Minimum Body weight (kg) Chemical Sc Intake 2-Methylnaphthalene 4.4-DDD 4.7-05-02 4.1-DD 4.4-DDD 4.7-05-03 3.16E-06 4.4-DDD 4.4-DDT 1.03E-02 4.1-2E-07 4.4-DDT 1.03E-02 4.1-2E-07 4.4-DDT 1.03E-02 4.1-2E-07 4.4-DDT 1.03E-03 3.01E-07 4.4-DDT 1.03E-02 4.1-2E-07 4.4-DDT 1.03E-03 3.01E-07 4.4-DDG 4					
Chemical Sc			SS)		
Second	AUF	Area Use Factor		1 EPA, 199	7
Chemical Sc Initake 2-Methylnaphthalene 7,90E-02 3,16E-06 4.4-DDD 2,70E-04 1,08E-08 4.4-DDT 1,03E-02 3,01E-07 4.4-DDT 1,03E-02 4,12E-07 Acenaphthylene 2,00E-01 8,00E-06 Acenaphthylene 1,21E-01 4,84E-06 Anthracene 2,29E-01 1,20E-05 Antimory 2,24E+00 8,97E-06 Arsenic 6,49E-00 8,97E-06 Arsenic 6,49E-00 2,00E-04 Benzo(a) anthracene 9,03E-01 3,0EE-05 Benzo(a) pintracene 9,03E-01 3,0EE-06 Benzo(a) pintracene 1,0EE-00 4,4EE-05	BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)			
Z-MethyInaphthalene				,	
4,4-DD	Chemical		Sc	Intake	
4.4-DD 4.4-DD 4.4-DD 7.52E-03 3.01E-07 4.4-DD 7.52E-03 3.01E-07 4.4-DD 7.52E-03 3.01E-07 4.4-DD 8.00E-06 8.00E-06 Acenaphthyen 2.00E-01 8.00E-06 Acenaphthyen 1.12E-01 4.84E-06 Anthrocene 2.99E-01 1.20E-05 Anthrocy 2.24E-00 8.97E-05 Arcior-12E4 7.64E-01 3.06E-05 Arcior-12E4 7.64E-01 3.06E-05 Arcior-12E6 8.00E-06 Arcior-12E6 8.00E-06 Barroc 9.03E-01 3.06E-05 Barroc 9.05E-01 3.06E-05 Barroc 9.05E			7.005.00	0.405.00	
4.4*-DDT 1.03E-02 4.12E-07 Aceaphthylene 2.00E-01 8.00E-06 Aceaphthylene 1.21E-01 4.84E-08 Arthracene 2.90E-01 1.20E-05 Artimony 2.24E-00 8.97E-05 Benzo(a)anthracene 9.05E-01 3.61E-05 Benzo(a)prone 1.09E-00 4.34E-05 Benzo(a)fliperylene 1.09E-00 4.34E-05 Benzo(a)fliperylene 1.10E-00 4.34E-05 Benzo(a)fliperylene 1.10E-00 4.34E-05 Benzo(a)fliperylene 1.10E-00 5.01E-05 Benzo(a)fliperylene 1.10E-00 5.01E-05 Chromium 1.25E-00 5.					
4.1-DT					
Acenaphthene	4,4'-DDE		7.52E-03	3.01E-07	,
Acenaphthene	4,4'-DDT		1.03E-02	4.12E-07	,
Acenaphtlylene					
Anthracene 2.99E-01 1.20E-05					
Antimony					
Arcelor 2524 7,64E-01 3,06E-05 Arsenic 6,49E+000 2,60E-04 Barnum 9,03E-01 3,61E-05 Benzo(a)parthracene 9,03E-01 3,61E-05 Benzo(a)pyrene 1,00E+00 4,34E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1,10E+00 4,34E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1,10E+00 4,34E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 6,58E-01 2,63E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 7,07E+00 2,83E-04 Cadmium 1,07E-03 1,07E-03 Chrysene 9,84E-01 3,94E-05 Chrysene 9,84E-01 3,94E-05 Cobalt 5,25E+00 2,10E-04 Copper 5,22E+01 9,80E-06 Dieledrin 3,14E-03 1,26E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 8,72E-03 3,49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4,41E-03 1,76E-07 Fluoranthene 4,41E-03 1,76E-07 Fluoranthene 1,57E-01 6,28E-06 Gamma-Chlordane 1,57E-01 6,28E-06 Gamma-Chlordane 1,57E-01 6,28E-06 Gamma-Chlordane 1,57E-01 6,28E-06 Indenot, 2,3-ed)pyrene 9,31E-01 3,72E-05 Lead 1,47E-02 2,97E-06 Molydenum 1,18E-01 4,71E-04 Manganese 2,18E+02 1,2E-02 Molydenum 2,40E+00 9,60E-05 Nickel 1,50E+01 6,01E-04 Pyene 3,36E+00 5,45E-05 Nickel 1,50E+01 6,01E-04 Pyene 1,36E+00 5,45E-05 Nickel 1,50E+01 6,01E-04 Pyene 1,36E+00 5,45E-05 Nickel 1,50E+01 7,22E-04 Nickel 1,50E+01 7,22E-04 Nickel 1,50E+01 7,22E-04 Nickel 1,50E+01 7,22E-04 Nickel 1,50E+01 4,03E-04 Nickel					
Arsenic 6.49E+00 2.60E-04 Barlum 5.84E+02 2.34E-02 Berzo (a) anthracene 9.03E-01 3.61E-05 Berzo (a) pyrene 1.09E+00 4.34E-05 Berzo (a) pyrene 1.09E+00 4.34E-05 Berzo (b) pyrene 1.09E+00 4.34E-05 Berzo (b) pyrene 7.89E-01 3.16E-05 Berzo (b) pyrene 7.89E-01 3.16E-05 Berzo (b) fluoranthene 6.58E-01 2.63E-05 Berzo (b) fluoranthene 2.55E-00 2.10E-04 Cadmium 2.55E-00 2.10E-04 Cadmium 2.55E-00 2.10E-04 Cadmium 2.55E-00 2.10E-04 Cadmium 2.55E-00 2.10E-04 Cobalt 2.55E-00 2.10E-04 Copper 2.25E-01 2.09E-03 Diberz (a,h) anthracene 2.45E-01 2.09E-03 Diberz (a,h) anthracene 2.45E-01 2.09E-03 Diberz (a,h) anthracene 2.45E-01 2.09E-03 2.55E-07 Cadmium 2.55E-0			2.24E+00	8.97E-05	5
Barlum	Aroclor-1254		7.64E-01	3.06E-05	5
Barlum					
Benzo(a)anthracene					
Benzo(a)pyrene 1.09E+00 4.34E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.10E+00 4.41E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.10E+00 4.41E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 7.88E-01 3.16E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 6.58E-01 2.63E-05 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 2.63E-05 2.63E-05 2.63E-05 2.63E-04 2.63E-04 2.63E-05 2.63E-04 2.63E-05					
Benzo(b)fluoranthene					
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 7,89E-01 3,16E-05 Benzo(c)(illuoranthene 6,58E-01 2,63E-05 Boron 7,07E+00 2,83E-04 Cadmium 1,25E+00 5,01E-05 Chromium 2,68E+01 1,07E-03 Chrysene 9,84E-01 3,94E-05 Cobalt 5,25E+00 2,10E-04 Copper 5,22E+01 2,09E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2,45E-01 9,80E-06 Dieldrin 3,14E-03 1,26E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 8,72E-03 3,49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4,41E-03 1,76E-07 Fluoranthene 2,14E+00 8,54E-05 Fluoranthene 1,57E-01 6,28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1,57E-01 6,28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1,931E-01 3,7ZE-05 Lead 1,7EE-07 5,88E-03 Lithium 1,18E+01 4,71E-04 Manganese 2,81E-02 1,27E-06 Mercury 7,4ZE-02 2,97E-06 Molybdenum					
Benzo(K)fluoranthene 6.58E-01 2.63E-05 Boron 7.07E+00 2.83E-04 Cadmium 1.25E+00 5.01E-05 Chromium 2.68E+01 1.07E-03 Chrysene 9.84E-01 3.94E-05 Cobalt 3.94E-05 Cobalt 3.94E-05 Cobalt 3.94E-05 Cobalt 3.09E-03 Cobalt 3.	Benzo(b)fluoranthene		1.10E+00	4.41E-05	5
Boron	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		7.89E - 01	3.16E - 05	5
Boron	Benzo(k)fluoranthene		6.58F-01	2 63F-05	5
Cadmium 1.25E+00 5.01E-05 Chromium 2.68E+01 1.07E-03 Chrysene 9.84E-01 3.94E-05 Cobalt 5.25E+00 2.10E-04 Copper 5.22E+01 2.09E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.45E-01 9.80E-06 Dieldrin 3.14E-03 1.26E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 8.72E-03 3.49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04					
Chromium 2.68E+01 1.07E-03 Chrysene 9.84E-01 3.94E-05 Cobalt 5.25E+00 2.10E-04 Copper 5.22E+01 2.09E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.45E-01 9.80E-06 Dieldrin 3.14E-03 1.26E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 8.72E-03 3.49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.72E-05 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.11E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>					
Chrysene 9.84E-01 3.94E-05 Cobalt 5.25E+00 2.10E-04 Copper 5.25E+01 2.09E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.45E-01 9.80E-06 Dieldrin 3.14E-03 1.26E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 8.72E-03 3.49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 ladeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E-07 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.06E+04 4.23E-01					
Cobatt 5.25E+00 2.10E-04 Copper 5.22E+01 2.09E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.45E-01 9.80E-06 Dieldrin 3.14E-03 1.26E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 8.72E-03 3.49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 <	Chromium		2.68E+01	1.07E-03	3
Copper 5.22E+01 2.09E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.45E-01 9.80E-06 Dieldrin 3.14E-03 1.26E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 8.72E-03 3.49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-05 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01	Chrysene		9.84E-01	3.94E-05	5
Copper 5.22E+01 2.09E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.45E-01 9.80E-06 Dieldrin 3.14E-03 1.26E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 8.72E-03 3.49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-05 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01	Cobalt		5.25E+00	2.10E-04	ļ
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.45E-01 9.80E-06 Dieldrin 3.14E-03 1.26E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 8.72E-03 3.49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01			5 22F+01		
Dieldrin 3.14E-03 1.26E-07 Endrin Aldehyde 8.72E-03 3.49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 2.15E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04					
Endrin Aldehyde 8.72E-03 3.49E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 8.1D soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.66E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH					
Endrin Ketone 4.41E-03 1.76E-07 Fluoranthene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 3.15FE-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E+04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Linc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH					
Fluoranthene 2.14E+00 8.54E-05 Fluorene 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Linc 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01					
Fluorene gamma-Chlordane 1.57E-01 6.28E-06 gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.60E+04 1.60E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene Pyrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene Pyre	Endrin Ketone		4.41E-03	1.76E-07	,
gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.23E-01 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01	Fluoranthene		2.14E+00	8.54E-05	5
gamma-Chlordane 2.90E-03 1.16E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.23E-01 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01	Fluorene		1.57E-01	6 28F-06	3
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 9.31E-01 3.72E-05 Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.23E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01					
Lead 1.47E+02 5.88E-03 Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.23E-01 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01					
Lithium 1.18E+01 4.71E-04 Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.23E-01 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01					
Manganese 2.81E+02 1.12E-02 Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01					
Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04	Lithium		1.18E+01	4.71E-04	ļ
Mercury 7.42E-02 2.97E-06 Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04	Manganese		2.81E+02	1.12E-02	<u> </u>
Molybdenum 2.40E+00 9.60E-05 Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04					
Naphthalene all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil) 2.65E-03 1.06E-07 Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04					
Nickel 1.50E+01 6.01E-04 Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04		all anii data (nat a COREC in surface anii)			
Phenanthrene 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04		all soil data (not a COPEC In surface soil)			
Pyrene 1.36E+00 5.45E-05 Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04					
Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04			1.06E+04		
Vanadium 1.80E+01 7.22E-04 Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04	Pyrene		1.36E+00	5.45E-05	5
Zinc 1.06E+03 4.25E-02 LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04					
LPAH 1.06E+04 4.23E-01 HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04					
HPAH 1.02E+01 4.08E-04					
TOTAL PAHs 1.06E+04 4.23E-01	TOTAL PAHs		1.06E+04	4.23E-01	

TABLE C-8 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Avian Omnivore/Herbivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

ATAKE = ((Ce * IR * Dfe * AUF)/(BV) arameter ttake e a p R fe fa fs UF W hemical -Methylnaphthalene ,4-DDD ,4'-DDE ,4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Definition Intake of chemical (n Earthworm concentra Arthropod concentra Plant concentration (Maximum Ingestion of ea Dietary fraction of ea	mg/kg-day) ation (mg/kg) tion (mg/kg) (mg/kg) rate of of food (kg/day)* arthworms (unitless) thropods (unitless) ants, seeds and other veget	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	Value calculated see Table C-15 see Table C-15 see Table C-15 4.85E-05 4.60E-01 4.60E-01 8.00E-02 1 6.30E-02	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993 Intake
hemical -Methylnaphthalene ,4-DDD ,4'-DDE ,4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Intake of chemical (n Earthworm concentral Arthropod concentral Plant concentration (n Maximum Ingestion I Dietary fraction of ea Dietary fraction of ar Dietary fraction of pla Area Use Factor Minimum Body weigl Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	ation (mg/kg) tion (mg/kg) (mg/kg) (mg/kg) rarthworms (unitless) thropods (unitless) ants, seeds and other veget ht (kg) Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	calculated see Table C-15 see Table C-15 see Table C-15 4.85E-05 4.60E-01 4.60E-01 8.00E-02	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
hemical Methylnaphthalene 4-DDD 4'-DDE 4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Earthworm concentral Arthropod concentral Plant concentration (Maximum Ingestion of Dietary fraction of ear Dietary fraction of ear Dietary fraction of pla Area Use Factor Minimum Body weight Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	ation (mg/kg) tion (mg/kg) (mg/kg) (mg/kg) rarthworms (unitless) thropods (unitless) ants, seeds and other veget ht (kg) Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	see Table C-15 see Table C-15 see Table C-15 4.85E-05 4.60E-01 4.60E-01 8.00E-02	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
hemical Methylnaphthalene 4-DDD 4'-DDE 4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Earthworm concentral Arthropod concentral Plant concentration (Maximum Ingestion of Dietary fraction of ear Dietary fraction of ear Dietary fraction of pla Area Use Factor Minimum Body weight Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	ation (mg/kg) tion (mg/kg) (mg/kg) (mg/kg) rarthworms (unitless) thropods (unitless) ants, seeds and other veget ht (kg) Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	see Table C-15 see Table C-15 see Table C-15 4.85E-05 4.60E-01 4.60E-01 8.00E-02	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
hemical Methylnaphthalene 4-DDD 4'-DDE 4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Arthropod concentral Plant concentration (Maximum Ingestion of Dietary fraction of ear Dietary fraction of pla Area Use Factor Minimum Body weigl Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	tion (mg/kg) (mg/kg) rate of of food (kg/day)* arthworms (unitless) thropods (unitless) ants, seeds and other veget ht (kg) Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	see Table C-15 see Table C-15 4.85E-05 4.60E-01 4.60E-01 8.00E-02	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
hemical hemical -Methylnaphthalene 4-DDD 4-DDE 4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Plant concentration (Maximum Ingestion I Dietary fraction of ea Dietary fraction of pla Area Use Factor Minimum Body weigl Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	(mg/kg) rate of of food (kg/day)* arthworms (unitless) thropods (unitless) ants, seeds and other veget ht (kg) Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	see Table C-15 4.85E-05 4.60E-01 4.60E-01 8.00E-02	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
hemical -Methylnaphthalene 4-DDD 4'-DDE 4'-DT cenaphthene cenaphthene enthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Maximum Ingestion in Dietary fraction of ear Dietary fraction of particular processor of plant of the Dietary fraction of plant of the Dietary fraction of plant of the Dietary fraction of plant of the Dietary fraction of plant of the Dietary fraction of Dietary fraction of Dietary	rate of of food (kg/day)* arthworms (unitless) thropods (unitless) ants, seeds and other veget ht (kg) Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	4.85E-05 4.60E-01 4.60E-01 8.00E-02 1	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
hemical -Methylnaphthalene ,4-DDD ,4'-DDE ,4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Dietary fraction of ea Dietary fraction of ar Dietary fraction of pla Area Use Factor Minimum Body weigl Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	arthworms (unitless) thropods (unitless) ants, seeds and other veget tht (kg) Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	4.60E-01 4.60E-01 8.00E-02 1	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
hemical Methylnaphthalene 4-DDD 4'-DDE 4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Dietary fraction of ar Dietary fraction of pla Area Use Factor Minimum Body weigl Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	Arthropod Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	4.60E-01 8.00E-02 1	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993 Intake
hemical -Methylnaphthalene -4-DDD -4'-DDE -4'-DT -cenaphthene -cenaphthylene -thracene -ntimony -roclor-1254 -rsenic -arium -enzo(a)anthracene -enzo(a)pyrene	Dietary fraction of pla Area Use Factor Minimum Body weigl Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	8.00E-02 1	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993 Intake
hemical -Methylnaphthalene 4-DDD 4'-DDE 4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Area Use Factor Minimum Body weigl Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	Plant 3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	1	EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993 Intake 8.13E-06
hemical -Methylnaphthalene 4-DDD 4'-DDE 4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05		EPA, 1993 Intake 8.13E-06
hemical -Methylnaphthalene ,4-DDD ,4'-DDE ,4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	Earthworm 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	Arthropod 1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05	6.30E-02	Intake 8.13E-06
-Methylnaphthalene 4-DDD 4'-DDE 4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05		8.13E-06
-Methylnaphthalene 4-DDD 4'-DDE 4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	1.12E-02 6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	3.23E-03 4.76E-04 2.63E-05		8.13E-06
.4-DDD .4'-DDE .4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	6.40E-02 3.54E-03 1.17E-02	4.76E-04 2.63E-05		
.4'-DDE .4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	3.54E-03 1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	3.54E-03 1.17E-02	2.63E-05		4 54E 05
.4'-DDE .4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	1.17E-02			4.54E-05
.4'-DDT cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	1.17E-02 8.12E-03 5.03E-03	1.17E-02			2.51E-06
cenaphthene cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	8.12E-03 5.03E-03		8.69E-05		8.28E-06
cenaphthylene nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	5.03E-03	U. 12L-UU	2.34E-03		5.90E-06
nthracene ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene		5.03E-03	1.45E-03		3.65E-06
ntimony roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	0.00∟ 00	8.68E-03	2.50E-03		6.30E-06
roclor-1254 rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	4.11E-01	4.11E-01	3.74E-01		3.14E-04
rsenic arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	8.73E-01	8.73E-01	7.73E-03		6.19E-04
arium enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene		5.41E-01			
enzo(a)anthracene enzo(a)pyrene	5.41E-01		1.77E-01		3.94E-04
enzo(a)pyrene	7.27E+01	7.27E+01	4.96E+01		5.45E-02
	1.93E-02	1.93E-02	1.30E-02		1.45E-05
	5.34E-02	5.34E-02	7.71E-03		3.83E-05
enzo(b)fluoranthene	5.75E-02	5.75E-02	8.30E-03		4.13E-05
enzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.46E-02	3.46E-02	9.98E-03		2.51E-05
enzo(k)fluoranthene	3.05E-02	3.05E-02	3.85E-03		2.18E-05
oron	6.51E+00	6.51E+00	6.51E+00		5.01E-03
admium	4.48E-01	4.48E-01	1.70E-01		3.28E-04
hromium	1.78E-01	1.78E-01	1.33E-01		1.34E-04
hrysene	2.85E-02	2.85E-02	1.33E-02		2.10E-05
obalt	4.35E+00	4.35E+00	3.24E-02		3.08E-03
opper	1.60E+00	1.60E+00	1.60E+01		2.12E-03
ibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.26E-02	1.26E-02	1.15E-03		8.99E-06
ieldrin	3.10E-02	3.10E-02	7.36E-05		2.20E-05
ndrin Aldehyde	3.54E-03	3.54E-03	2.04E-04		2.52E-06
ndrin Ketone	2.53E-03	2.53E-03	1.46E-04		1.80E-06
luoranthene	9.86E-02	9.86E-02	2.84E-02		7.16E-05
			2.84E-02 2.16E-03		7.16E-05 5.44E-06
luorene	7.49E-03	7.49E-03			
amma-Chlordane	1.84E-03	1.84E-03	2.63E-05		1.30E-06
ideno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	5.26E-02	5.26E-02	2.57E-03		3.74E-05
ead	3.12E+00	3.12E+00	4.68E+00		2.50E-03
ithium	1.22E+01	1.22E+01	1.22E+01		9.37E-03
langanese	1.68E+01	1.68E+01	2.20E+01		1.33E-02
lercury	3.40E-01	3.40E-01	5.48E-03		2.41E-04
lolybdenum	1.62E-02	1.62E-02	1.22E-02		1.22E-05
aphthalene	1.86E-04	1.86E-04	5.35E-05		1.35E-07
ickel	2.47E-01	2.47E-01	3.96E-01		2.00E-04
henanthrene	6.99E-02	6.99E-02	2.02E-02		5.08E-05
yrene	6.80E-02	6.80E-02	1.96E-02		4.93E-05
anadium	1.73E-01	1.73E-01	1.30E-01		1.30E-04
inc	4.57E+02	4.57E+02	9.78E-10		3.23E-01
PAH	1.11E-01	1.11E-01	3.19E-02		8.03E-05
PAH	4.92E-01	4.92E-01	1.42E-01		3.57E-04
OTAL PAHs	6.03E-01	6.03E-01	1.72E-01		4.38E-04

TABLE C-8 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Avian Omnivore/Herbivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

ΓΟΤΑΙ	_ IN ⁻	ΓΑΚΕ
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INTAKE = Soil Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	Intake
-Methylnaphthalene	1.13E-05
,4-DDD	4.54E-05
,4'-DDE	2.81E-06
,4'-DDT	8.69E-06
cenaphthene	1.39E-05
cenaphthylene	8.49E-06
nthracene	1.83E-05
ntimony	4.04E-04
roclor-1254	4.04E-04 6.50E-04
rsenic	6.54E-04
	6.34E-04 7.79E-02
arium	
enzo(a)anthracene	5.06E-05
enzo(a)pyrene	8.17E-05
enzo(b)fluoranthene	8.53E-05
lenzo(g,h,i)perylene	5.67E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.81E-05
oron	5.29E-03
admium	3.78E-04
hromium	1.21E-03
hrysene	6.04E-05
Cobalt	3.29E-03
Copper	4.21E-03
bibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.88E-05
Dieldrin	2.21E-05
Endrin Aldehyde	2.87E-06
indrin Ketone	1.98E-06
luoranthene	1.57E-04
luorene	1.17E-05
amma-Chlordane	1.42E-06
	7.47E-05
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	
ead	8.37E-03
thium	9.84E-03
langanese	2.45E-02
lercury	2.44E-04
folybdenum	1.08E-04
aphthalene	2.41E-07
ickel	8.00E-04
henanthrene	4.23E-01
yrene	1.04E-04
anadium	8.52E-04
inc	3.66E-01
PAH	4.23E-01
PAH	7.65E-04
OTAL PAHs	4.24E-01

TABLE C-9 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Large Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

SOIL INGESTION					
INTAKE = (Sc * IR * AF *	AUF) / (BW)				
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference	
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	1101010	
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)	9	see Table C-2		
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/day)*	`	8.97E-06	EPA, 1993	
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997	
AUF	Area Use Factor		1	EPA, 1997 EPA, 1997	
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		9.57E-01	EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993	
DVV	willimum body weight (kg)		9.57 = -01	EFA, 1995	
Chemical		Sc		Intake	
2-Methylnaphthalene		7.90E-02		7.40E-07	
4,4-DDD		2.70E-04		2.53E-09	
4,4'-DDE		7.52E-03		7.05E-08	
4,4'-DDT		1.03E-02		9.65E-08	
Acenaphthene		2.00E-01		1.87E-06	
Acenaphthylene		1.21E-01		1.13E-06	
Anthracene		2.99E-01		2.80E-06	
Antimony		2.24E+00		2.10E-05	
Aroclor-1254		7.64E-01		7.16E-06	
Arsenic		6.49E+00		6.08E-05	
Barium		5.84E+02		5.48E-03	
		9.03E-01		8.46E-06	
Benzo(a)anthracene					
Benzo(a)pyrene		1.09E+00		1.02E-05	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		1.10E+00		1.03E-05	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		7.89E-01		7.40E-06	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		6.58E-01		6.17E-06	
Boron		7.07E+00		6.63E-05	
Cadmium		1.25E+00		1.17E-05	
Chromium		2.68E+01		2.52E-04	
Chrysene		9.84E-01		9.22E-06	
Cobalt		5.25E+00		4.92E-05	
Copper		5.22E+01		4.89E-04	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		2.45E-01		2.30E-06	
Dieldrin		3.14E-03		2.94E-08	
Endrin Aldehyde		8.72E-03		8.17E-08	
Endrin Ketone		4.41E-03		4.13E-08	
Fluoranthene		2.14E+00		2.00E-05	
Fluorene		1.57E-01		1.47E-06	
gamma-Chlordane		2.90E-03		2.72E-08	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		9.31E-01		8.73E-06	
Lead		1.47E+02		1.38E-03	
Lithium		1.18E+01		1.10E-04	
Manganese		2.81E+02		2.63E-03	
Mercury		7.42E-02		6.95E-07	
Molybdenum		2.40E+00		2.25E-05	
1 -	all soil data (not a COREC in surface soil)				
Naphthalene	all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil)	2.65E-03		2.48E-08	
Nickel		1.50E+01		1.41E-04	
Phenanthrene		1.06E+04		9.91E-02	!
Pyrene		1.36E+00		1.28E-05	
Vanadium		1.80E+01		1.69E-04	
Zinc		1.06E+03		9.95E-03	
LPAH		1.58E+00		1.48E-05	
HPAH		7.03E+00		6.59E-05	!
TOTAL PAHs		8.61E+00		8.07E-05	

TABLE C-9 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Large Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

FOOD INGESTION			
INTAKE = ((Cm * IR * Df	m * AUF)/(BW) + (Cb * IR * DFb * AUF) / (BW))		
Parameter	Definition		Value Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated
Cm	Mammal concentration (mg/kg)		see Table C-15
Cb	Bird concentration (mg/kg)		see Table C-15
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)*		4.48E-04 EPA, 1993
Dfm	Dietary fraction of small mammals (unitless)		7.85E-01 EPA, 1993
Dfb	Dietary fraction of birds (unitless)		2.15E-01 EPA, 1993
AUF	Area Use Factor		1 EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		9.57E-01 EPA, 1997
DVV	Williman Body Weight (kg)		9.57E-01 EFA, 1993
Chemical	Mammal	Bird	Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.92E-04	2.60E-04	9.67E-08
4,4-DDD	1.63E-05	3.35E-05	9.34E-09
4,4'-DDE	8.99E-07	1.85E-06	5.17E-10
4,4'-DDT	2.97E-06	6.11E-06	1.71E-09
Acenaphthene	1.39E-04	1.89E-04	7.01E-08
Acenaphthylene	8.63E-05	1.17E-04	4.35E-08
Anthracene	1.49E-04	2.02E-04	7.50E-08
Antimony	2.26E-04	2.26E-04	1.06E-07
Aroclor-1254	2.33E-04	4.61E-04	1.32E-07
Arsenic	2.27E-04	2.27E-04	1.06E-07
Barium	4.53E-03	4.53E-03	2.12E-06
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.05E-04	1.41E-04	5.26E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.94E-04	3.82E-04	1.10E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.47E-04	4.86E-04	1.40E-07
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	5.93E-04	8.03E-04	2.99E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.14E-04	2.24E-04	6.44E-08
Boron	1.30E+01	1.30E+01	6.09E-03
Cadmium	1.23E-05	8.71E-03	8.81E-07
Chromium	5.80E-04	5.80E-04	2.71E-07
Chrysene	1.24E-04	1.75E-04	6.33E-08
Cobalt	4.68E-01	4.68E-01	2.19E-04
Copper	1.81E+01	1.81E+01	8.49E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	8.40E-05	2.15E-04	5.26E-08
Dieldrin	2.11E-03	2.11E-03	9.88E-07
Endrin Aldehyde	3.54E-03	3.54E-03	1.66E-06
Endrin Ketone	2.53E-03	2.53E-03	1.18E-06
Fluoranthene	1.69E-03	2.29E-03	8.51E-07
Fluorene	1.28E-04	1.74E-04	6.47E-08
gamma-Chlordane	1.84E-03	1.84E-03	8.62E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	5.14E-04	1.71E-03	3.61E-07
Lead	8.87E-04	8.87E-04	4.15E-07
Lithium	2.43E+01	2.43E+01	1.14E-02
Manganese	3.00E+02	3.00E+02	1.40E-01
Mercury	2.61E-06	1.08E-05	2.04E-09
Molybdenum	5.30E-05	5.30E-05	2.48E-08
Naphthalene	3.18E-06	4.31E-06	1.60E-09
Nickel	1.53E-03	1.53E-03	7.17E-07
Phenanthrene	1.33E-03 1.20E-03	1.62E-03	6.04E-07
Pyrene	1.20E-03 1.16E-03	1.58E-03	5.87E-07
Vanadium	5.64E-04	5.64E-04	2.64E-07
Zinc	1.05E-04		2.04E-07 1.03E-05
LPAH		1.02E-01	
	1.90E-03	2.57E-03	9.55E-07
HPAH	8.44E-03	1.14E-02	4.25E-06
TOTAL PAHs	1.02E-02	1.40E-02	5.17E-06

TABLE C-9 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Large Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

TOTAL INTAKE

INTAKE = Soil Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	8.37E-07
4,4-DDD	1.19E-08
4,4'-DDE	7.10E-08
4,4'-DDT	9.82E-08
Acenaphthene	9.62E-06 1.94E-06
Acenaphthylene	1.34E-06
Anthracene	2.88E-06
	2.00E-00 2.11E-05
Antimony Assalan 4054	
Aroclor-1254	7.29E-06
Arsenic	6.09E-05
Barium	5.48E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	8.52E-06
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.03E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.05E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	7.69E-06
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	6.23E-06
Boron	6.16E-03
Cadmium	1.26E-05
Chromium	2.52E-04
Chrysene	9.29E-06
Cobalt	2.68E-04
Copper	8.98E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.35E-06
Dieldrin	1.02E-06
Endrin Aldehyde	1.74E-06
Endrin Ketone	1.23E-06
Fluoranthene	2.09E-05
Fluorene	1.54E-06
gamma-Chlordane	8.89E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	9.09E-06
Lead	1.38E-03
Lithium	1.15E-02
Manganese	1.43E-01
Mercury	6.98E-07
Molybdenum	2.25E-05
Naphthalene	2.64E-08
Nickel	1.42E-04
Phenanthrene	9.91E-02
Pyrene	1.34E-05
Vanadium	1.69E-04
Zinc	9.96E-03
LPAH	9.90E-03 1.58E-05
HPAH	7.02E-05
TOTAL PAHs	7.02E-05 8.59E-05
IOIALIAIO	0.09E-00

Notes:

^{*} Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE C-10 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Herbivore (DEER MOUSE)

Ecological Hazard Q	otient = Intake/TRV	
Parameter	Definition	Default
Intake	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)	see Intake
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)	see Table C-3

hemical	Intake	(deer mouse)	EHQ
		(
2-Methylnaphthalene	2.01E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
1,4-DDD	3.41E-05	1.47E-01	2.32E-04
1,4'-DDE	1.89E-06	1.47E-01	1.28E-05
,4'-DDT	6.22E-06	1.47E-01	4.23E-05
Acenaphthene	1.46E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthylene	9.04E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	1.56E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Antimony	1.88E-03	1.25E-01	1.51E-02
Aroclor-1254	4.71E-04	1.55E-01	3.04E-03
Arsenic	1.07E-03	1.85E+00	5.76E-04
Barium	2.59E-01	5.18E+01	5.00E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	6.80E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	6.13E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.60E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	6.21E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.25E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron	3.25E-02	3.40E+01	9.55E-04
Cadmium	9.88E-04	7.70E-01	1.28E-03
Chromium	6.87E-04	2.40E+00	2.86E-04
Chrysene	7.41E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Cobalt	2.32E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	7.28E-02	5.60E+00	1.30E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.15E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Dieldrin	1.58E-05	1.50E-02	1.05E-03
Endrin Aldehyde	2.68E-06	9.20E-02	2.92E-05
Endrin Ketone	1.92E-06	9.20E-02	2.09E-05
Fluoranthene	1.77E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
luorene	1.77E-04 1.35E-05	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	no TRV
amma-Chlordane	1.04E-06	4.60E+00	2.25E-07
amma-Chlordane ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.78E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
.ead	3.78E-05 2.26E-02	4.70E+00	4.81E-03
.ithium	2.26E-02 6.08E-02	1.10E+00 1.10E+01	4.81E-03 5.52E-03
	6.08E-02 1.07E-01	1.10E+01 1.06E+02	5.52E-03 1.01E-03
Manganese	1.07E-01 1.94E-04	1.06E+02 1.01E+00	1.01E-03 1.92E-04
Nercury Nolybdenum	1.94E-04 6.28E-05	2.70E-01	1.92E-04 2.33E-04
Japhthalene	6.28E-05 3.33E-07	0.00E+00	2.33E-04 no TRV
iapntnaiene lickel			1.12E-03
Nickei Phenanthrene	1.90E-03 1.26E-04	1.70E+00 0.00E+00	1.12E-03 no TRV
	1.26E-04 1.22E-04		no TRV no TRV
Pyrene Vanadium		0.00E+00	
/anadium	6.68E-04	4.16E+00	1.61E-04
Zinc	2.28E-01	7.54E+01	3.02E-03
PAH	1.99E-04	6.56E+01	3.03E-06
HPAH FOTAL PAHs	8.84E-04 1.08E-03	6.15E-01 0.00E+00	1.44E-03 no TRV

TABLE C-11 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Large Mammalian Carnivore (COYOTE)

Chemical	Intake	TRV Coyote	EHQ
Silemical	IIItake	Coyote	EnQ
2-Methylnaphthalene	5.88E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
4,4-DDD	1.79E-07	1.47E-01	1.22E-06
1,4'-DDE	9.89E-09	1.47E-01	6.73E-08
1,4'-DDT	3.26E-08	1.47E-01	2.22E-07
Acenaphthene	4.26E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthylene	2.64E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	4.56E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Antimony	6.48E-06	1.25E-01	5.19E-05
Aroclor-1254	2.72E-06	1.55E-01	1.75E-05
Arsenic	1.70E-05	1.22E+00	1.39E-05
Barium	1.14E-03	4.10E-01	2.78E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.24E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.67E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.89E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.82E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.34E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron	2.26E-03	2.20E+01	1.03E-04
Cadmium	1.99E-06	7.70E-01	2.58E-06
Chromium	6.13E-05	2.40E+00	2.56E-05
Chrysene	2.48E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Cobalt	9.55E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	3.26E-03	5.60E+00	5.82E-04
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.41E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Dieldrin	3.71E-07	1.50E-02	2.47E-05
Endrin Aldehyde	6.22E-07	9.20E-02	6.76E-06
Endrin Ketone	4.44E-07	9.20E-02 9.20E-02	4.83E-06
Fluoranthene	5.17E-06	9.20E-02 0.00E+00	4.63E-06 no TRV
Fluorene	3.93E-07	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	no TRV
gamma-Chlordane	3.23E-07	4.60E+00	7.03E-08
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.41E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
_ead	3.59E-04	4.70E+00	7.64E-05
_ithium	4.23E-03	7.50E+00	5.64E-04
Manganese	5.26E-02	7.00E+01	7.51E-04
Mercury	1.39E-07	1.01E+00	1.37E-07
Molybdenum	5.61E-06	1.80E-01	3.12E-05
Naphthalene	9.74E-09	0.00E+00	no TRV
Nickel	4.29E-05	1.70E+00	2.53E-05
Phenanthrene	3.67E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	3.57E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
/anadium	5.97E-05	4.16E+00	1.43E-05
Zinc	2.82E-03	7.54E+01	3.74E-05
_PAH	5.81E-06	6.56E+01	8.85E-08
HPAH	2.58E-05	6.15E-01	4.20E-05
ΓΟΤΑL PAHs	3.16E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE C-12 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)

		TRV	
Chemical	Intake	Least Shrew	EHQ
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.96E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
4.4-DDD	5.22E-05	1.47E-01	3.55E-04
4,4'-DDE	2.89E-06	1.47E-01	1.96E-05
4,4'-DDT	9.52E-06	1.47E-01	6.47E-05
Acenaphthene	1.42E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthylene	8.82E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	1.52E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Antimony	4.71E-04	1.25E-01	3.77E-03
Aroclor-1254	7.17E-04	1.55E-01	4.63E-03
Arsenic	7.59E-04	2.00E+00	3.80E-04
Barium	8.19E-02	5.18E+01	1.58E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	5.93E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	9.30E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.00E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	6.06E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.93E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron	5.94E-03	3.70E+01	1.60E-04
Cadmium	3.87E-04	7.70E-01	5.03E-04
Chromium	1.35E-03	2.40E+00	5.62E-04
Chrysene	7.10E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Cobalt	3.61E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	5.29E-03	5.60E+00	9.45E-04
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.19E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Dieldrin	2.37E-05	1.50E-02	1.58E-03
Endrin Aldehyde	2.95E-06	9.20E-02	3.21E-05
Endrin Ketone	2.11E-06	9.20E-02	2.29E-05
Fluoranthene	1.73E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluorene	1.31E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
gamma-Chlordane	1.53E-06	4.60E+00	3.32E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	8.48E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead	9.81E-03	4.70E+00	2.09E-03
Lithium	1.11E-02	1.20E+01	9.26E-04
Manganese	3.35E-02	1.15E+02	2.91E-04
Mercury	2.62E-04	1.01E+00	2.59E-04
Molybdenum	1.23E-04	2.90E-01	4.25E-04
Naphthalene	3.25E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Nickel	1.06E-03	1.70E+00	6.23E-04
Phenanthrene	1.23E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	1.19E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Vanadium	1.31E-03	4.16E+00	3.15E-04
Zinc	4.02E-01	7.54E+01	5.34E-03
LPAH	1.94E-04	6.56E+01	2.96E-06
HPAH	8.63E-04	6.15E-01	1.40E-03
		0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE C-13 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Avian Herbivore/Omnivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

		TRV	
Chemical	Intake	American Robin	EHQ
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.13E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
4,4-DDD	4.54E-05	2.27E-01	2.00E-04
4,4'-DDE	2.81E-06	2.27E-01	1.24E-05
4,4'-DDT	8.69E-06	2.27E-01	3.83E-05
Acenaphthene	1.39E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthylene	8.49E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	1.83E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Antimony	4.04E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Aroclor-1254	6.50E-04	1.80E-01	3.61E-03
Arsenic	6.54E-04	2.71E+00	2.41E-04
Barium	7.79E-02	1.91E+01	4.08E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	5.06E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	8.17E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8.53E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	5.67E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.81E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron	5.29E-03	1.74E+01	3.04E-04
Cadmium	3.78E-04	1.47E+00	2.57E-04
Chromium	1.21E-03	2.66E+00	4.54E-04
Chrysene	6.04E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Cobalt	3.29E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	4.21E-03	4.05E+00	1.04E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.88E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Dieldrin	2.21E-05	7.09E-02	3.12E-04
Endrin Aldehyde	2.87E-06	1.00E-02	2.87E-04
Endrin Ketone	1.98E-06	1.00E-02	1.98E-04
Fluoranthene	1.57E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluorene	1.17E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
gamma-Chlordane	1.42E-06	2.14E+00	6.64E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.47E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead	8.37E-03	1.63E+00	5.14E-03
Lithium	9.84E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese	2.45E-02	9.98E+02	2.46E-05
Mercury	2.44E-04	3.25E+00	7.51E-05
Molybdenum	1.08E-04	1.90E+00	5.70E-05
Naphthalene	2.41E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Nickel	8.00E-04	6.71E+00	1.19E-04
Phenanthrene	4.23E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	1.04E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Vanadium	8.52E-04	3.44E-01	2.48E-03
Zinc	3.66E-01	6.61E+01	5.53E-03
LPAH	4.23E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
HPAH	7.65E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
TOTAL PAHs	4.24E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE C-14 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Large Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

		TRV	
Chemical	Intake	Red-Tailed Hawk	EHQ
2-Methylnaphthalene	8.37E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
4,4-DDD	1.19E-08	2.27E-01	5.23E-08
4,4'-DDE	7.10E-08	2.27E-01	3.13E-07
4,4'-DDT	9.82E-08	2.27E-01	4.33E-07
Acenaphthene	1.94E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthylene	1.18E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	2.88E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Antimony	2.11E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Aroclor-1254	7.29E-06	1.80E-01	4.05E-05
Arsenic	6.09E-05	4.46E+00	1.37E-05
Barium	5.48E-03	3.15E+01	1.74E-04
Benzo(a)anthracene	8.52E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.03E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.05E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	7.69E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	6.23E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron	6.16E-03	2.86E+01	2.15E-04
Cadmium	1.26E-05	1.47E+00	8.59E-06
Chromium	2.52E-04	2.66E+00	9.47E-05
Chrysene	9.29E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Cobalt	2.68E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	8.98E-03	4.05E+00	2.22E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.35E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Dieldrin	1.02E-06	7.09E-02	1.43E-05
Endrin Aldehyde	1.74E-06	1.00E-02	1.74E-04
Endrin Ketone	1.23E-06	1.00E-02	1.23E-04
Fluoranthene	2.09E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluorene	1.54E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
gamma-Chlordane	8.89E-07	2.14E+00	4.15E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	9.09E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead	1.38E-03	1.63E+00	8.45E-04
Lithium	1.15E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese	1.43E-01	1.64E+03	8.72E-05
Mercury	6.98E-07	3.25E+00	2.15E-07
Molybdenum	2.25E-05	3.30E+00	6.82E-06
Naphthalene	2.64E-08	0.00E+00	no TRV
Nickel	1.42E-04	6.71E+00	2.11E-05
Phenanthrene	9.91E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	1.34E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Vanadium	1.69E-04	3.44E-01	4.92E-04
Zinc	9.96E-03	6.61E+01	1.51E-04
LPAH	1.58E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
HPAH	7.02E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
TOTAL PAHs	8.59E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE C-15 CONCENTRATION OF CHEMICAL IN FOOD ITEM (mg/kg)

Chemical Concentration in food (mg/kg dry) Chemical Concentration in soil (mg/kg dry) Bioconcentration Factor (unitless) Bioaccumulation Factor (unitless)

Compound	Csoil	Soil to Earthworm	Earthworm	Reference	Soil to Arthropod	Arthropod	Reference		Plant/Fruit/Seed	Reference	Plant to Wildlife	Plant to Deer Mouse	Reference	Soil to Wildlife	Soil to Deer Mouse	Reference	TOTAL DEER MOUSE	Plant to Bird	Plant to Bird	Reference	Soil to Bird	Soil to Bird	Reference	TOTAL BIRD
	(mg/kg)	BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		BAF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		CONCENTRATION	BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration	1	CONCENTRATION
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.60E-01	7.00E-02	1.12E-02	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	1.12E-02	EPA, 1999*			EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.72E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	2.03E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.92E-04	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	1.60E-04	EPA, 1999*	2.60E-04
1,4-DDD 1.4'-DDE	5.08E-02 2.81E-03	1.26E+00 1.26E+00	6.40E-02 3.54E-03	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.26E+00 1.26E+00	6.40E-02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	9.37E-03 9.37E-03	4.76E-04 2.63E-05	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	2.72E-02 2.72E-02	1.29E-05 7.16E-07	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	6.52E-05 6.52E-05	3.31E-06 1.83E-07	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.63E-05 8.99E-07	1.59E-02 1.59E-02	7.57E-08 4.19E-07	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	5.10E-04 5.10E-04	2.59E-05 1.43E-06	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	3.35E-05 1.85E-06
4,4'-DDE 4.4'-DDT	9.27E-03	1.26E+00	1.17E-02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.26E+00	3.54E-03 1.17E-02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	9.37E-03 9.37E-03	2.63E-05 8.69E-05	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	2.72E-02 2.72E-02	2.36E-06	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	6.52E-05	6.04E-07	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	2.97E-06	1.59E-02		EPA, 1999 FPA 1999	5.10E-04 5.10E-04	4.73E-06	EPA, 1999 FPA 1999	6.11E-06
	9.27E-03 1.16E-01	7.00E-02	8.12E-03	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	8.12E-03		9.37E-03 2.02E-02	2.34E-03	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.24E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.47E-05	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999*	1.39E-04	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	4.73E-06 1.16E-04	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999*	1.89E-04
Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene	7.19E-02	7.00E-02 7.00E-02	5.03E-03	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02 7.00E-02	5.03E-03		2.02E-02 2.02E-02	2.34E-03 1.45E-03	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02 5.31E-02	7.71E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04 1.27E-04	9.13E-06	EPA, 1999*	8.63E-05	3.11E-02 3.11E-02		EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	7.18E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.09E-04
Anthracene	1.24E-01	7.00E-02 7.00E-02	8.68E-03	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02 7.00E-02	8.68E-03		2.02E-02 2.02E-02	2.50E-03	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02 5.31E-02	1.33E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	9.13E-06 1.57E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.49E-04	3.11E-02 3.11E-02		EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	1.24E-04	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-04
Antimony	1.24E-01 1.87E+00	7.00E-02 2.20E-01	4.11E-01	Sample, 1999	7.00E-02 2.20E-01	4.11E-01	Sample, 199		2.50E-03 3.74E-01	Bechtel, 1998	5.99E-04	2.24E-04	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.27E-04 1.44E-06	2.69E-06	Sample, 1998a	2.26E-04	5.99E-04		EPA, 1999*	1.44E-06	2.69E-06	Sample, 1991	
Anumony Aroclor-1254	7.73E-01	1.13E+00	8.73E-01	EPA, 1999	1.13E+00	8.73E-01		1.00E-01	7.73E-03	EPA. 1999	2.43E-02	2.24E-04 1.88E-04	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	5.83E-05	4.51E-05	EPA, 1990a	2.20E-04 2.33E-04	1.42E-02		EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	4.55E-04	3.52E-04	EPA, 1999	4.61E-04
Arsenic	4.92E+00	1.10E-01	5.41E-01	Sample, 1998	1.10E-01	5.41E-01	Sample, 199		1.77E-01	Bechtel, 1998	1.20E-03	2.12E-04	EPA, 1999	2.88E-06	1.42E-05	Sample, 1998a	2.27E-04	1.20E-03		EPA, 1999	2.88E-06	1.42E-05	Sample, 1991	
Arsenic Barium	4.92E+00 3.30E+02	2.20E-01	7.27E+01	Sample, 1996 Sample, 1998	2.20E-01	7.27E+01	Sample, 199 Sample, 199		4.96E+01	Bechtel, 1998	8.99E-05	4.46E-03	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	2.00E-00 2.16E-07	7.14E-05	Sample, 1998a Sample, 1998a	4.53E-03	8.99E-05	4.46E-03	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	2.16E-07	7.14E-05	Sample, 1991 Sample, 1991	
	6.43E-01	2.20E-01 3.00E-02	1.93E-02	EPA, 1999	3.00E-02	1.93E-02		2.02E-02	1.30E-02	EPA. 1999	7.19E-03	9.34E-05	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.73E-05	1.11E-05	EPA, 1990a	4.53E-03 1.05E-04	4.20E-03		EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.35E-04	7.14E-05 8.68E-05	EPA, 1999	1.41E-04
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.63E-01	7.00E-02	5.34E-02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	5.34E-02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.01E-02	7.71E-03	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	2.03E-02	9.34E-05 1.56E-04	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	4.86E-05	3.71E-05	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.94E-04	1.19E-02		EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	3.81E-04	2.91E-04	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	3.82E-04
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8.22E-01	7.00E-02 7.00E-02	5.75E-02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	7.00E-02 7.00E-02	5.75E-02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.01E-02	8.30E-03	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	2.03E-02 2.40E-02	1.99E-04	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	4.80E-05 5.75E-05	4.73E-05	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	2.47E-04	1.40E-02		EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	4.50E-04	3.70E-04	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	4.86E-04
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.94E-01	7.00E-02 7.00E-02	3.46E-02	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02 7.00E-02	3.46E-02		2.02E-02	9.98E-03	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	5.30E-04	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	4.73E-05 6.27E-05	EPA, 1999*	5.93E-04	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	4.93E-04	EPA, 1999*	4.00E-04 8.03E-04
	4.94E-01 3.81E-01	7.00E-02 8.00E-02		EPA, 1999 FPA 1999	7.00E-02 8.00E-02			1.01E-02	3.85E-03	EPA, 1999	2.39E-02			5.73E-05	0.2/E-05 2.18E-05	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.14E-04			EPA, 1999 FPA 1999	4.48E-04	4.93E-04 1.71E-04		2.24E-04
Benzo(k)fluoranthene Boron	6.51E+00	1.00E+00	3.05E-02 6.51E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	3.05E-02 6.51E+00	EPA, 1999	1.01E-02 1.00E+00	6.51E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	9.20E-05 6.51E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	6.51E+00	EPA, 1999	1.30E+01	1.39E-02 1.00E+00	6.51E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	6.51E+00	EPA, 1999	1.30E+01
	4.67E-01	9.60E-01	4.48E-01	Sample, 1998		4.48E-01	Sample, 199		1.70E-01	Bechtel, 1998		1.22E-05	EPA. 1999	1.73E-07	8.08E-08	Sample, 1998a	1.30E+01 1.23E-05	4.71E-02		EPA. 1999	1.51E-03	7.05E-04	FPA 1999	8.71E-03
Cadmium																								
Chromium	1.78E+01 7.12E-01	1.00E-02 4.00E-02	1.78E-01 2.85E-02	Sample, 1998 EPA, 1999	1.00E-02 4.00E-02	1.78E-01 2.85E-02	Sample, 199 EPA, 1999	7.50E-03 1.87E-02	1.33E-01 1.33E-02	Bechtel, 1998 EPA, 1999	3.30E-03 8.27E-03	4.39E-04	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	7.91E-06 1.99E-05	1.40E-04 1.42E-05	Sample, 1998a EPA, 1999	5.80E-04 1.24E-04	3.30E-03 4.84E-03		EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	7.91E-06 1.55E-04	1.40E-04 1.10E-04	Sample, 1991 EPA, 1999	5.80E-04 1.75E-04
Chrysene Cobalt	4.35E+00	4.00E+00	4.35E+00	EPA, 1999	4.00E+00	4.35E+00	EPA, 1999	7.45E-03	3.24E-02	Bechtel, 1998	1.00E+00	1.10E-04 3.24E-02	EPA, 1999	1.99E-05 1.00E-01	1.42E-05 4.35E-01		4.68E-01	1.00E+00	3.24E-02	EPA, 1999	1.00E-01	4.35E-01		
												3.24E-02 1.60E+01				Sample, 1998a					5.25E-02		Sample, 1998	
Copper	4.01E+01	4.00E-02	1.60E+00	EPA, 1999	4.00E-02	1.60E+00	EPA, 1999	4.00E-01	1.60E+01	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00			5.25E-02	2.10E+00	Sample, 1998a	1.81E+01	1.00E+00	1.60E+01			2.10E+00	Sample, 1998	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.80E-01	7.00E-02	1.26E-02	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	1.26E-02	EPA, 1999	6.40E-03	1.15E-03	EPA, 1999	5.31E-02	6.12E-05	EPA, 1999	1.27E-04	2.29E-05	EPA, 1999	8.40E-05	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999	9.98E-04	1.80E-04	EPA, 1999	2.15E-04
Dieldrin	2.11E-03	1.47E+01	3.10E-02	EPA, 2005f	1.47E+01	3.10E-02	EPA, 2005f	3.49E-02	7.36E-05	EPA, 1998	5.65E-03	4.16E-07	EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	2.11E-03		2.11E-03	3.68E-03		EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	2.11E-03		2.11E-03
Endrin Aldehyde	3.54E-03	1.00E+00	3.54E-03		1.00E+00	3.54E-03		5.76E-02	2.04E-04	EPA, 1998	2.37E-03	4.83E-07	EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	3.54E-03		3.54E-03	1.55E-03	3.16E-07	EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	3.54E-03		3.54E-03
Edrin Ketone	2.53E-03	1.00E+00	2.53E-03		1.00E+00	2.53E-03	**	5.76E-02	1.46E-04	EPA, 1998	2.37E-03	3.45E-07	EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	2.53E-03		2.53E-03	1.55E-03		EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	2.53E-03		2.53E-03
Fluoranthene	1.41E+00	7.00E-02	9.86E-02	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	9.86E-02		2.02E-02	2.84E-02	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.51E-03	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.79E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.69E-03	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	1.41E-03	EPA, 1999*	2.29E-03
Fluorene	1.07E-01	7.00E-02	7.49E-03	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	7.49E-03	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	2.16E-03	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.15E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.36E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.28E-04	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	1.07E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.74E-04
gamma-Chlordane	1.84E-03	1.00E+00	1.84E-03		1.00E+00	1.84E-03	**	1.43E-02	2.63E-05	EPA, 1998	2.63E-02	6.92E-07	EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	1.84E-03		1.84E-03	1.72E-02		EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	1.84E-03		1.84E-03
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	6.58E-01	8.00E-02	5.26E-02	EPA, 1999	8.00E-02	5.26E-02		3.90E-03	2.57E-03	EPA, 1999	1.24E-01	3.18E-04	EPA, 1999	2.98E-04	1.96E-04	EPA, 1999	5.14E-04	7.24E-02		EPA, 1999	2.32E-03	1.53E-03	EPA, 1999	1.71E-03
Lead	1.04E+02	3.00E-02	3.12E+00	EPA, 1999	3.00E-02	3.12E+00	EPA, 1999	4.50E-02	4.68E+00	EPA, 1999	1.80E-04	8.42E-04	EPA, 1999	4.32E-07	4.49E-05	EPA, 1999	8.87E-04	1.80E-04		EPA, 1999	4.32E-07	4.49E-05	EPA, 1999	8.87E-04
Lithium	1.22E+01	1.00E+00	1.22E+01		1.00E+00	1.22E+01		1.00E+00	1.22E+01		1.00E+00	1.22E+01		1.00E+00	1.22E+01		2.43E+01	1.00E+00	1.22E+01		1.00E+00	1.22E+01		2.43E+01
Manganese	2.78E+02	6.05E-02	1.68E+01	Sample, 1998		1.68E+01	Sample, 199		2.20E+01	Bechtel, 1998	1.00E+00	2.20E+01		1.00E+00	2.78E+02		3.00E+02	1.00E+00	2.20E+01		1.00E+00	2.78E+02		3.00E+02
Mercury	4.00E-02	8.50E+00	3.40E-01	Sample, 1998		3.40E-01	Sample, 199		5.48E-03	Bechtel, 1998	4.68E-04	2.56E-06	EPA, 1999	1.12E-06	4.48E-08	Sample, 1998a	2.61E-06	1.59E-03		EPA, 1999	5.12E-05	2.05E-06	EPA, 1999	1.08E-05
Molybdenum	1.62E+00	1.00E-02	1.62E-02	Sample, 1998	1.00E-02	1.62E-02	Sample, 199		1.22E-02	Bechtel, 1998	3.30E-03	4.02E-05	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.28E-05	Sample, 1998a	5.30E-05	3.30E-03	4.02E-05	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.28E-05	Sample, 1998	
Naphthalene	2.65E-03	7.00E-02	1.86E-04	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	1.86E-04		2.02E-02	5.35E-05	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	2.84E-06	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	3.37E-07	EPA, 1999*	3.18E-06	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	2.64E-06	EPA, 1999*	4.31E-06
Nickel	1.24E+01	2.00E-02	2.47E-01	EPA, 1999	2.00E-02	2.47E-01		3.20E-02	3.96E-01	EPA, 1999	3.60E-03	1.43E-03	EPA, 1999	8.63E-06	1.07E-04	EPA, 1999	1.53E-03	3.60E-03		EPA, 1999	8.63E-06	1.07E-04	EPA, 1999	1.53E-03
Phenanthrene	9.99E-01	7.00E-02	6.99E-02	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	6.99E-02		2.02E-02	2.02E-02	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.07E-03	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.27E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.20E-03	3.11E-02	6.28E-04	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	9.97E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.62E-03
Pyrene	9.71E-01	7.00E-02	6.80E-02	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	6.80E-02		2.02E-02	1.96E-02	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.04E-03	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.23E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.16E-03	3.11E-02	6.10E-04	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	9.69E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.58E-03
/anadium	1.73E+01	1.00E-02	1.73E-01	Sample, 1998	1.00E-02	1.73E-01		7.50E-03	1.30E-01	Bechtel, 1998	3.30E-03	4.27E-04	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.37E-04	Sample, 1998a	5.64E-04	3.30E-03	4.27E-04	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.37E-04	Sample, 1998	
Zinc	8.15E+02	5.60E-01	4.57E+02	EPA, 1999	5.60E-01	4.57E+02		1.20E-12	9.78E-10	EPA, 1999	5.39E-05	5.27E-14	EPA, 1999	1.29E-07	1.05E-04	EPA, 1999	1.05E-04	3.89E-03		EPA, 1999	1.25E-04	1.02E-01	EPA, 1999	1.02E-01
PAH	1.58E+00	7.00E-02	1.11E-01	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	1.11E-01		2.02E-02	3.19E-02	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.70E-03	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	2.01E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.90E-03	3.11E-02	9.93E-04	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	1.58E-03	EPA, 1999*	2.57E-03
HPAH	7.03E+00	7.00E-02	4.92E-01	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	4.92E-01		2.02E-02	1.42E-01	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	7.54E-03	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	8.93E-04	EPA, 1999*	8.44E-03	3.11E-02	4.42E-03	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	7.02E-03	EPA, 1999*	1.14E-02
TOTAL PAHs	8.61E+00	7.00E-02	6.03E-01	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	6.03E-01	EPA. 1999*	2.00E-02	1.72E-01	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	9.15E-03	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.09F-03	EPA. 1999*	1.02E-02	3.11E-02	5.36E-03	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	8.60F-03	EPA. 1999*	1.40E-02

Notes:
For variedum and molybderum, the BCF values for chromium were used since they are in transitional elements with similar properties.
For ARFs and BCFs for LPAHs and HPAHs, the most conservative value for the individual PAHs was used to estimated food concentrations.
**Tor BAF or BCF was available in the teacherus, a default value of 10 was used.

TABLE D-1 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTATION (mg/kg) SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN AVE.*

	Exposure Point	
Parameter	Concentration [†]	Statistic Used
2-Methylnaphthalene	< 1.18E-02	median
4,4'-DDE	< 4.27E-04	median
4,4'-DDT	8.18E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Acenaphthene	< 1.10E-02	median
Acenaphthylene	11102 02	NC
Anthracene	< 1.20E-02	median
Antimony	2.63E+00	95% KM (Bootstrap)
Aroclor-1254	< 4.30E-03	median
Barium	2.08E+02	95% Chebyshev
Benzo(a)anthracene	< 1.11E-02	median
Benzo(a)pyrene	3.87E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.60E-01	95% KM (Bootstrap)
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.50E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	< 1.72E-02	median
Boron	1.60E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Cadmium	4.78E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Chromium	2.27E+01	95% Student's-t
Chrysene	3.94E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Copper	4.48E+01	95% Chebyshev
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	< 1.09E-02	median
Dieldrin		NC
Endrin		NC
Endrin Ketone		NC
Fluoranthene	< 6.46E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Fluorene	< 1.08E-02	median
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	4.06E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Lead	9.54E+01	95% Chebyshev
Lithium	2.05E+01	95% Student's-t
Manganese	5.59E+02	97.5% Chebyshev
Mercury	2.46E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Molybdenum	2.42E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Naphthalene	< 3.63E-03	median
Nickel	1.91E+01	95% Student's-t
Phenanthrene	5.84E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Pyrene	1.15E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Vanadium	2.29E+01	95% Student's-t
Zinc	1.18E+03	97.5% Chebyshev
LPAH	6.33E-01	·
HPAH	3.63E+00	
TOTAL PAHs	4.26E+00	

Notes

NC - Not a COPEC because it was not measured in greater than five percent of all North Area soils.

^{*} Data from Report Table 4. Soil data includes soil collected from 0 to 2 feet below ground surface.

⁺ Based on Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL output provided in Appendix A.

TABLE D-2 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTATION (mg/kg) SURFACE SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN AVE.*

	Exposure Point	
Parameter	Concentration [†]	Statistic Used
2-Methylnaphthalene	< 1.18E-02	median
4,4'-DDE	< 4.00E-04	median
4,4'-DDT	< 5.00E-04	median
Acenaphthene	< 1.10E-02	median
Acenaphthylene	< 1.10L-02	median
Anthracene	< 1.21E-02	median
Antimony	4.95E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Aroclor-1254	< 4.29E-03	median
Barium	2.64E+02	95% Chebyshev
Benzo(a)anthracene	< 1.10E-02	median
` '	< 1.16E-02	median
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.73E-01	95% KM (BCA)
· /		` ,
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	5.92E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev) median
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	< 1.75E-02	
Boron	2.21E+01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Cadmium	5.72E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Chromium	4.86E+01	95% Chebyshev
Chrysene	< 1.03E-02	median
Copper	7.00E+01	95% Chebyshev
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	< 1.10E-02	median
Dieldrin	< 1.83E-04	median
Endrin	< 2.22E-04	median
Endrin Ketone	< 5.48E-04	median
Fluoranthene	< 1.28E-02	median
Fluorene	< 1.09E-02	median
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	6.82E-01	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Lead	2.21E+02	97.5% Chebyshev
Lithium	1.87E+01	95% Student's-t
Manganese	7.34E+02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Mercury	3.75E-02	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Molybdenum	4.71E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Naphthalene		NS
Nickel	2.08E+01	95% Student's-t
Phenanthrene	< 1.42E-02	median
Pyrene	2.03E+00	97.5% KM (Chebyshev)
Vanadium	2.34E+01	95% Student's-t
Zinc	2.34E+03	97.5% Chebyshev
LPAH	7.21E-02	
HPAH	3.75E+00	
TOTAL PAHs	3.83E+00	

Notes:

NS - Not sampled in surface soil.

^{*} Data from Report Table 3. Surface soil data includes soil collected from 0 to 0.5 feet below

⁺ Based on Version 4.00.04 Pro UCL output provided in Appendix A.

TABLE D-3 TOXICITY REFERENCE VALUES

				Small Mammalian									Avian					
Parameter	Invertebrate (Earthworm) (mg/kg)	Ref.	Comments	Herbivore (Deer Mouse) (mg/kgBW- day)	Ref.	Comments	Large Mammalian Carnivore (Coyote) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments	Small Mammalian Omnivore (Least Shrew) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments	Herbivore/Omnivore (American Robin) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments	Large Avian Carnivore (Red-tailed Hawk) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments
2-Methylnaphthalene			Acute median LC50 in common cricket (dose 4.3 with uncertainty factor of			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth,			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth,			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth,
4.4'-DDT	4.30E-02 4.30E-02	EPA, 2007a	Acute median LC50 in common cricket (dose 4.3 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.47E-01	EPA, 2007a	survival Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	And survival Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Acenaphthene																		
Acenaphthylene Anthracene																		
Antimony	3.00E+01	EPA, 2005a	EC20 for earthworms	1.25E-01	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.25E-01	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.25E-01	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1						
Aroclor-1254	2.51E+00	EPA, 1999	Acute median LC50 in earthworms (dose 251 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)	1.55E-01	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL for reproduction in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.55E-01	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL for reproduction in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.55E-01	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL for reproduction in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.80E-01	Sample, 1996		1.80E-01	Sample, 1996	
Barium	3.30E+02	EPA, 2005g	Geometric mean of the EC20 values for three test species under three separate test conditions of pH	5.18E+01	EPA, 2005g	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	5.18E+01	EPA, 2005g	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	5.18E+01	EPA, 2005g	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	1.91E+01	EPA, 1999		3.15E+01	EPA, 1999	
CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE	0.302-02	L17(2000g	con containers of pr	0.102-01	Li 7, 2000g	gional	5.152-01	L17(2000g	reproduction and grown	0.102.101	LI 7, 2005g	and grown	1.012.01	27, 1000		0.102.101	Li 70, 1000	
Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene																		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene																		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene																		
Boron				3.40E+01	Sample, 1996		2.20E+01	Sample, 1996		3.70E+01	Sample, 1996		1.74E+01	Sample, 1996		2.86E+01	Sample, 1996	
Cadmium	1.00E+01	EPA, 1999	Chronic (4-month) NOAEL for cocoon production in earthworm (dose 10) Maximum	7.70E-01	EPA, 2005b	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	7.70E-01	EPA, 2005b	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction tower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	7.70E-01	EPA, 2005b	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.47E+00	EPA, 1999	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	1.47E+00	EPA, 1999	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Chromium Chrysene	5.70E+01	EPA, 2005c	acceptable toxicant concentration (MATC) for reproductive effects in earthworm	2.40E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.40E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.40E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of the NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of the NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Copper State of North American	8.00E+01	EPA, 2007c	Geometric mean of the MATC and EC10 values for six test species under different test species	5.60E+00	EPA, 2007c	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	5.60E+00	EPA, 2007c	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	5.60E+00	EPA, 2007c	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Dieldrin				1.50E-02	EPA, 2005f	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.50E-02	EPA, 2005f	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.50E-02	EPA, 2005f	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	7.09E-02	EPA, 2005f	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	7.09E-02	EPA, 2005f	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival

TABLE D-3 TOXICITY REFERENCE VALUES

Parameter	Invertebrate (Earthworm) (mg/kg)	Ref.	Comments	Small Mammalian Herbivore (Deer Mouse) (mg/kgBW- day)	Ref	Comments	Large Mammalian Carnivore (Coyote) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments	Small Mammalian Omnivore (Least Shrew) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref	Comments	Avian Herbivore/Omnivore (American Robin) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref	Comments	Large Avian Carnivore (Red-tailed Hawk) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref	Comments
	(mg/kg)	TC.	Comments			Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an			Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an			Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor			Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with an			Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with an
Endrin				9.20E-02	Sample, 1996	uncertainty factor of 0.1	9.20E-02	Sample, 1996	uncertainty factor of 0.1	9.20E-02	Sample, 1996	of 0.1 Chronic LOAEL in	1.00E-02	Sample, 1996	uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.00E-02	Sample, 1996	uncertainty factor of 0.1
Endrin Ketone				9.20E-02	Sample 1996	Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	9.20E-02	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	9.20E-02	Sample, 1996	mouse with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.00E-02	Sample 1996	Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.00E-02	Sample 1996	Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with an uncertainty factor of 0.1
Fluoranthene				0.202-02	Cumpic, 1000	directainty factor or 0.1	0.202-02	Guinpic, 1550	directionly ideas of 6.1	0.202-02	Gampic, 1000	010.1	1.002-02	Cumpic, 1000	directionity factor of 0.1	1.002-02	Oumpie, 1000	directionity ideas of 6.1
Fluorene																		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene																		
Lead Lithium	1.70E+03	EPA, 2005e	Geometric mean of MATC values for one test species under different pH	4.70E+00 1.10E+01	EPA, 2005e Sample, 1996	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	4.70E+00 7.50E+00	EPA, 2005e Sample, 1996	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	4.70E+00 1.20E+01	EPA, 2005e Sample, 1996	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Manganese				1.06E+02	Sample, 1996		7.00E+01	Sample, 1996		1.15E+02	Sample, 1996		9.98F+02	Sample, 1996		1.64E+03	Sample, 1996	
Mercury	2.50E+00	EPA. 1999	Toxicity value not available - TRV for methyl mercury was used as a surrogate	1.01E+00	EPA 1999	Chronic (6-months) NOAEL for reproduction in mink (dose 1.01 with uncertainty factor of 1)	1.01E+00	EPA. 1999	Chronic (6-months) NOAEL for reproduction in mink (dose 1.01 with uncertainty factor of 1)	1.01E+00	EPA. 1999	Chronic (6- months) NOAEL for reproduction in mink (dose 1.01 with uncertainty factor of 1)	3.25E+00	EPA. 1999	Acute (5 days) LOAEL for mortality in coturnix quail (dose 325 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)	3.25E+00	EPA. 1999	Acute (5 days) LOAEL for mortality in coturnix quail (dose 325 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)
Molybdenum	2.002.700	E174, 1000	used as a surrogate	2.70E-01	Sample, 1996	uncertainty factor or 17	1.80E-01	Sample, 1996	uncertainty lactor or 1)	2.90E-01	Sample, 1996	iduloi di 1)	1.90E+00	Sample, 1996	0.01)	3.30E+00	Sample, 1996	0.01)
Naphthalene																		
Nickel Phenanthrene	2.80E+02	EPA, 2007d	Geometric mean of MATC values for five species under different test conditions	1.70E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.70E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.70E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Pyrene																		
Vanadium	1.00E+02	EPA, 2005d	LOAEC/NOAEC for growth in brocolli — used as a surrogate for invertebrates	4.16E+00	EPA, 2005d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	4.16E+00	EPA, 2005d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	4.16E+00	EPA, 2005d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	3.44E-01	EPA, 2005d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	3.44E-01	EPA, 2005d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Zinc	1.20E+02	FPA 2007e	Geometric mean of the MATC and EC10 values for three test species under different test species		EPA. 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	7.54E+01	EPA, 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	7.54E+01	EPA. 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	6.61E+01	EPA. 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth effect groups	6.61E+01	EPA. 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth effect groups
LPAH	2.90E+01	EPA, 2007b	201 394 646	6.56E+01	EPA, 2007b	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded	6.56E+01	EPA, 2007b	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded	6.56E+01	EPA, 2007b	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the		2, 20070	g groups			g
HPAH TOTAL PAHs	1.80E+01	EPA, 2007b		6.15E-01	EPA, 2007b	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded	6.15E-01	EPA, 2007b	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded	6.15E-01	EPA, 2007b	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the						

Notes:
EPA_2007a – DDT
EPA_2007b – PAHs
EPA_2007c – Copper
EPA_2007c – Copper
EPA_2007d – Nickel
EPA_2008a – Antimony
EPA_2008b – Cadmium
EPA_2008c – Chromium
EPA_2008c – Chromium
EPA_2008c – Chromium
EPA_2008c – Dieldrin
EPA_2005e – Lead
EPA_2005e – Barlum
EPA_2005g – Barlum

TABLE D-4 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Invertebrate (EARTHWORM)

Ecological Haza	rd Quotient = Sc/TRV	
	0.5%	D (11
Parameter	Definition	Default
Sc	Soil Concentration (mg/kg)	see below
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)	see Table D-3

		Exposure Point Concentration*	TRV	Maximum
Chemical		(Sc)	(earthworm)	EHQ⁺
2-Methylnaphthalen	۵	1.04E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
4,4'-DDE	C	1.49E-02	4.30E-02	3.47E-01
4.4'-DDT		3.95E-01	4.30E-02	9.19E+00
Acenaphthene		1.57E-01	4.50E-02 0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthylene	max surface soil	5.50E-02	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	no TRV
. ,	max surface son			*** ****
Anthracene		2.64E-01 8.09E+00	0.00E+00 3.00E+01	no TRV 2.70E-01
Antimony Aroclor-1254		6.35E+00	2.51E+00	2.70E-01 2.53E+00
Barium		4.76E+02	3.30E+02	1.44E+00
	_			no TRV
Benzo(a)anthracene	=	1.18E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene		1.42E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranther		1.62E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylen		1.28E+00	0.00E+00	
Benzo(k)fluoranther	1e	7.99E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron		3.92E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Cadmium		8.00E-01	1.00E+01	8.00E-02
Chromium		1.28E+02	5.70E+01	2.25E+00
Chrysene		1.30E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper		2.00E+02	8.00E+01	2.50E+00
Dibenz(a,h)anthrace		4.04E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Dieldrin	max surface soil	5.45E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Endrin	max surface soil	1.49E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Endrin Ketone	max surface soil	9.66E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluoranthene		2.19E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluorene		1.21E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyr	ene	1.51E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead		4.71E+02	1.70E+03	2.77E-01
Lithium		3.22E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese		1.21E+03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Mercury		6.40E-02	2.50E+00	2.56E-02
Molybdenum		1.07E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Naphthalene		1.48E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Nickel		5.17E+01	2.80E+02	1.85E-01
Phenanthrene		1.83E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene		4.64E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Vanadium		4.58E+01	1.00E+02	4.58E-01
Zinc		5.64E+03	1.20E+02	4.70E+01
LPAH		6.33E-01	2.90E+01	2.18E-02
HPAH		1.36E+01	1.80E+01	7.54E-01
TOTAL PAHs		1.42E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV

Notes:

 $^{^\}star\text{EPC}$ for sedentary receptor is maximum measured concentration taken from Report Table 4.

^{*}Shading indicates HQ>1.

TABLE D-5 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Herbivore (DEER MOUSE)

SOIL INGESTION				
INTAKE = (Sc * IR * A	F * AUF) / (BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	1 (0.010.100
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)		See Table D-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/day)*		1.50E-06	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997
AUF	Area Use Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.50E+02	Davis and Schmidly, 2009
511	Timinian Body Wolgin (ng)		1.002 - 02	Bavio and Commany, 2000
a				
Chemical		Sc		Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene		1.18E-02		1.18E-10
4,4'-DDE		4.27E-04		4.27E-12
4,4'-DDT		8.18E-02		8.18E-10
Acenaphthene		1.10E-02		1.10E-10
Acenaphthylene	surface soil	1.21E-02		1.21E-10
Anthracene		1.20E-02		1.20E-10
Antimony		2.63E+00		2.63E-08
Aroclor-1254		4.30E-03		4.30E-11
Barium		2.08E+02		2.08E-06
Benzo(a)anthracene		1.11E-02		1.11E-10
Benzo(a)pyrene		3.87E-01		3.87E-09
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		2.60E-01		2.60E-09
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		3.50E-01		3.50E-09
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.72E-02		1.72E-10
Boron		1.60E+01		1.60E-07
Cadmium		4.78E-01		4.78E-09
Chromium		2.27E+01		2.27E-07
Chrysene		3.94E-01		3.94E-09
Copper		4.48E+01		4.48E-07
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	9	1.09E-02		1.09E-10
Dieldrin	surface soil	1.83E-04		1.83E-12
Endrin	surface soil	2.22E-04		2.22E-12
Endrin Ketone	surface soil	5.48E-04		5.48E-12
Fluoranthene		6.46E-01		6.46E-09
Fluorene		1.08E-02		1.08E-10
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyren	e	4.06E-01		4.06E-09
Lead		9.54E+01		9.54E-07
Lithium		2.05E+01		2.05E-07
Manganese		5.59E+02		5.59E-06
Mercury		2.46E-02		2.46E-10
Molybdenum		2.42E+00		2.42E-08
Naphthalene		3.63E-03		3.63E-11
Nickel		1.91E+01		1.91E-07
Phenanthrene		5.84E-01		5.84E-09
Pyrene		1.15E+00		1.15E-08
Vanadium		2.29E+01		2.29E-07
Zinc		1.18E+03		1.18E-05
LPAH		6.33E-01		6.33E-09
HPAH		3.63E+00		3.63E-08
TOTAL PAHs		4.26E+00		4.26E-08

TABLE D-5 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Herbivore (DEER MOUSE)

Small Mammalian Herbivore (DEER MOUSE)				
FOOD INGESTION				
INTAKE = ((Ca * IR * I	DFa * AUF) / (BW) + ((Cp * IR * DFs *AUF)/(B\	N))		
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Ca	Arthropod concentration (mg/kg)		see Table D-15	
Ср	Plant concentration (mg/kg)		see Table D-15	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)*		7.49E-05	EPA, 1993
Dfa	Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless)		1.00E-01	Prof Judgment
Dfs	Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other veg	etation (unitless)	9.00E-01	Prof Judgment
AUF	Area Use Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.50E-02	Davis and Schmidly, 2009
Chemical	Arthropod	Plant		Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	8.26E-04	2.38E-04		1.48E-06
4,4'-DDE	5.38E-04	4.00E-06		2.87E-07
4,4'-DDT	1.03E-01	7.66E-04		5.49E-05
Acenaphthene	7.70E-04	2.22E-04		1.38E-06
Acenaphthylene	8.47E-04	2.44E-04		1.52E-06
Anthracene	8.40E-04	2.42E-04		1.51E-06
Antimony	5.79E-01	5.27E-01		2.66E-03
Aroclor-1254	4.86E-03	4.30E-05		2.62E-06
Barium	4.58E+01	3.13E+01		1.63E-01
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.33E-04	2.24E-04		1.17E-06
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.71E-02	3.91E-03		3.11E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.82E-02	2.63E-03		2.09E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.45E-02	7.07E-03		4.40E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.38E-03	1.74E-04		1.47E-06
Boron	1.60E+01	1.60E+01		7.96E-02
Cadmium	4.59E-01	1.74E-01		1.01E-03
Chromium	2.27E-01	1.70E-01		8.78E-04
Chrysene	1.58E-02	7.37E-03		4.10E-05
Copper	1.79E+00	1.79E+01		8.15E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		6.98E-05		6.94E-07
Dieldrin	2.69E-03	6.39E-06		1.37E-06
Endrin	2.22E-04	1.28E-05		1.68E-07
Endrin Ketone	5.48E-04	3.16E-05		4.15E-07
Fluoranthene	4.52E-02	1.30E-02		8.12E-05
Fluorene	7.56E-04	2.18E-04		1.36E-06
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyren		1.58E-03		2.33E-05
Lead	2.86E+00	4.29E+00		2.07E-02
Lithium	2.05E+01	2.05E+01		1.02E-01
Manganese	3.38E+01	4.43E+01		2.16E-01
Mercury Molybdenum	2.09E-01	3.37E-03 1.82E-02		1.20E-04
,	2.42E-02			9.36E-05
Naphthalene	2.54E-04	7.33E-05		4.56E-07 2.94E-03
Nickel Phenanthrene	3.82E-01 4.09E-02	6.11E-01		
Pnenanthrene Pyrene	4.09E-02 8.04E-02	1.18E-02 2.32E-02		7.34E-05 1.44E-04
Vanadium	2.29E-01	2.32E-02 1.72E-01		8.85E-04
variaululli Zina	2.29E-01	1.725-01		0.00E-04

1.42E-09 1.28E-02

7.34E-02

8.53E-02

3.30E-01

7.96E-05

4.57E-04

5.32E-04

6.61E+02

4.43E-02

2.54E-01

2.99E-01

Zinc LPAH

HPAH

TOTAL PAHs

TABLE D-5 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Herbivore (DEER MOUSE)

TOTAL INTAKE

INTAKE = Soil Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.48E-06
4,4'-DDE	2.87E-07
4,4'-DDT	5.49E-05
Acenaphthene	1.38E-06
Acenaphthylene	1.52E-06
Anthracene	1.51E-06
Antimony	2.66E-03
Aroclor-1254	2.62E-06
Barium	1.63E-01
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.17E-06
Benzo(a)pyrene	3.11E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.09E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.40E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.47E-06
Boron	7.96E-02
Cadmium	1.01E-03
Chromium	8.79E-04
Chrysene	4.10E-05
Copper	8.15E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.95E-07
Dieldrin	1.37E-06
Endrin	1.68E-07
Endrin Ketone	4.15E-07
Fluoranthene	8.12E-05
Fluorene	1.36E-06
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.33E-05
Lead	2.07E-02
Lithium	1.02E-01
Manganese	2.16E-01
Mercury	1.20E-04
Molybdenum	9.37E-05
Naphthalene	4.56E-07
Nickel	2.94E-03
Phenanthrene	7.34E-05
Pyrene	1.44E-04
Vanadium	8.85E-04
Zinc	3.30E-01
LPAH	7.96E-05
HPAH	4.57E-04
TOTAL PAHs	
TOTAL PARS	5.32E-04

Notes:

* Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE D-6 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Large Mammalian Carnivore (COYOTE)

SOIL INGESTION				
INTAKE = (Sc * IR * AF *	AUF)/(BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)		see Table D-1	
IR .	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/day)*		4.83E-05	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997
AUF	Area Use Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW			1.40E+01	
BVV	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.406+01	avis and Schmidly, 2009
Chemical		Sc		Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene		1.18E-02		4.07E-08
4,4'-DDE		4.27E-04		1.47E-09
4,4'-DDT		8.18E-02		2.82E-07
Acenaphthene		1.10E-02		3.80E-08
Acenaphthylene	surface soil	1.21E-02		4.17E-08
Anthracene	0011000 0011	1.21E-02 1.20E-02		4.17E-08 4.14E-08
Antimony		2.63E+00		9.08E-06
Aroclor-1254		4.30E-03		1.48E-08
Barium		2.08E+02		7.19E-04
Benzo(a)anthracene		1.11E-02		3.83E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene		3.87E-01		1.34E-06
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		2.60E-01		8.97E-07
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		3.50E-01		1.21E-06
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.72E-02		5.93E-08
Boron		1.60E+01		5.50E-05
Cadmium		4.78E-01		1.65E-06
Chromium		2.27E+01		7.83E-05
Chrysene		3.94E-01		1.36E-06
Copper		4.48E+01		1.55E-04
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		1.09E-02		3.76E-08
Dieldrin	surface soil	1.83E-04		6.31E-10
Endrin	surface soil	2.22E-04		7.66E-10
Endrin Ketone	surface soil	5.48E-04		1.89E-09
Fluoranthene		6.46E-01		2.23E-06
Fluorene		1.08E-02		3.73E-08
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		4.06E-01		1.40E-06
Lead		9.54E+01		3.29E-04
Lithium		2.05E+01		7.07E-05
Manganese		5.59E+02		1.93E-03
Mercury		2.46E-02		8.49E-08
Molybdenum		2.42E+00		8.35E-06
Naphthalene		3.63E-03		1.25E-08
Nickel		1.91E+01		6.59E-05
Phenanthrene		5.84E-01		2.01E-06
Pyrene		1.15E+00		3.96E-06
Vanadium		2.29E+01		7.89E-05
Zinc		1.18E+03		4.07E-03
LPAH		6.33E-01		2.18E-06
HPAH		3.63E+00		1.25E-05
TOTAL PAHs		4.26E+00		1.47E-05
ICIALIAIS		7.20L100		1. 1 71 = 00

TABLE D-6 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Large Mammalian Carnivore (COYOTE)

		ii oaiiiivoic (oc	,	
FOOD INGESTION				
INTAKE = ((Cm * IR * Dfi	m * AUF)/(BW) + (Cb * IR * DFb * AUF) / (BW))			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Cm	Mammal concentration (mg/kg)		see Table D-15	
Cb	Bird concentration (mg/kg)		see Table D-15	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)*		2.41E-03	EPA, 1993
Dfm	Dietary fraction of small mammals (unitless)		7.50E-01	EPA, 1993
Dfb	Dietary fraction of birds (unitless)		2.50E-01	EPA, 1993
AUF	Area Use Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.40E+01	EPA, 1993
Chemical	Mammal	Bird		Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.42E-05	1.92E-05		2.65E-09
4,4'-DDE	1.37E-07	2.81E-07		2.98E-11
4,4'-DDT	2.62E-05	5.39E-05		5.70E-09
Acenaphthene	1.32E-05	1.79E-05		2.47E-09
Acenaphthylene	1.45E-05	1.97E-05		2.72E-09
Anthracene	1.44E-05	1.95E-05		2.70E-09
Antimony	3.19E-04	3.19E-04		5.50E-08
Aroclor-1254	1.30E-06	2.57E-06		2.78E-10
Barium	2.86E-03	2.86E-03		4.92E-07
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.80E-06	2.44E-06		3.38E-10
Benzo(a)pyrene	9.82E-05	1.94E-04		2.10E-08
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.80E-05	1.54E-04		1.67E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.20E-04	5.69E-04		7.87E-08
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	5.14E-06	1.01E-05		1.10E-09
Boron	3.19E+01	3.19E+01		5.49E-03
Cadmium	1.26E-05	8.92E-03		3.85E-07
Chromium	7.41E-04	7.41E-04		1.28E-07
Chrysene	6.88E-05	9.67E-05		1.30E-08
Copper	2.03E+01	2.03E+01		3.49E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	5.09E-06	1.30E-05		1.22E-09
Dieldrin	1.83E-04	1.83E-04		3.15E-08
Endrin	2.22E-04	2.22E-04		3.82E-08
Endrin Ketone	5.48E-04	5.48E-04		9.43E-08
Fluoranthene	7.75E-04	1.05E-03		1.45E-07
Fluorene	1.30E-05	1.76E-05		2.43E-09
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.17E-04	1.06E-03		8.64E-08
Lead	8.14E-04	8.14E-04		1.40E-07
Lithium	4.10E+01	4.10E+01		7.06E-03
Manganese	6.04E+02	6.04E+02		1.04E-01
Mercury	1.60E-06	6.62E-06		4.92E-10
Molybdenum	7.90E-05	7.90E-05		1.36E-08
Naphthalene	4.35E-06	5.90E-06		8.16E-10
Nickel	2.37E-03	2.37E-03		4.07E-07
Phenanthrene	7.01E-04	9.50E-04		1.31E-07
Pyrene	1.38E-03	1.87E-03		2.58E-07
Vanadium	7.47E-04	7.47E-04		1.29E-07
Zinc	1.52E-04	1.48E-01		6.37E-06
LPAH	7.60E-04	1.03E-03		1.42E-07
HPAH	4.36E-03	5.91E-03		8.17E-07
TOTAL PAHs	5.07E-03	6.91E-03		9.52E-07

TABLE D-6 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Large Mammalian Carnivore (COYOTE)

TOTAL INTAKE

INTAKE = Soil Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	4.34E-08
4,4'-DDE	1.50E-09
4,4'-DDT	2.88E-07
Acenaphthene	4.04E-08
Acenaphthylene	4.45E-08
Anthracene	4.41E-08
Antimony	9.14E-06
Aroclor-1254	1.51E-08
Barium	7.19E-04
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.86E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.36E-06
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	9.14E-07
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.29E-06
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	6.04E-08
Boron	5.55E-03
Cadmium	2.03E-06
Chromium	7.84E-05
Chrysene	1.37E-06
Copper	3.65E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	3.88E-08
Dieldrin	3.21E-08
Endrin	3.90E-08
Endrin Ketone	9.62E-08
Fluoranthene	2.37E-06
Fluorene	3.97E-08
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.49E-06
Lead	3.29E-04
Lithium	7.13E-03
Manganese	1.06E-01
Mercury	8.54E-08
Molybdenum	8.36E-06
Naphthalene	1.33E-08
Vickel	6.63E-05
Phenanthrene	0.03E-03 2.15E-06
Pyrene	4.22E-06
√anadium	4.22E-06 7.90E-05
Zinc	4.08E-03
zinc LPAH	4.08E-03 2.33E-06
IPAH HPAH	
	1.33E-05
TOTAL PAHs	1.57E-05

Notes:
* Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE D-7 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)

SOIL INGESTION				
INTAKE = (Sc * IR * AF * AUF) / (BW)				
Parameter	Definition		Value Reference	
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)		see Table D-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/day)*		2.71E-07 EPA, 1993	
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitless)		1 EPA, 1997	
AUF	Area Use Factor		1 EPA, 1997	
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		4.00E-03 Davis and Schmidly, 2009	
DVV	Millimum Body Weight (kg)		4.00E-03 Davis and Schmidy, 2009	
Chemical		Sc	Intake	
Chemical		30	III.anc	
2-Methylnaphthalene		1.18E-02	7.99E-07	
4,4'-DDE		4.27E-04	2.89E-08	
4,4'-DDT		8.18E-02	5.54E-06	
Acenaphthene		1.10E-02	7.45E-07	
Acenaphthylene	surface soil	1.21E-02	8.20E-07	
Anthracene	24.1400 00.1	1.20E-02	8.13E-07	
Antimony		2.63E+00	1.78E-04	
Aroclor-1254		4.30E-03	2.91E-07	
Barium		2.08E+02	1.41E-02	
Benzo(a)anthracene		1.11E-02	7.52E-07	
			2.62E-05	
Benzo(a)pyrene		3.87E-01		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		2.60E-01	1.76E-05	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		3.50E-01	2.37E-05	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.72E-02	1.17E-06	
Boron		1.60E+01	1.08E-03	
Cadmium		4.78E-01	3.24E-05	
Chromium		2.27E+01	1.54E-03	
Chrysene		3.94E-01	2.67E-05	
Copper		4.48E+01	3.04E-03	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		1.09E-02	7.38E-07	
Dieldrin	surface soil	1.83E-04	1.24E-08	
Endrin	surface soil	2.22E-04	1.50E-08	
Endrin Ketone	surface soil	5.48E-04	3.71E-08	
Fluoranthene		6.46E-01	4.38E-05	
Fluorene		1.08E-02	7.32E-07	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		4.06E-01	2.75E-05	
Lead		9.54E+01	6.46E-03	
Lithium		2.05E+01	1.39E-03	
Manganese		5.59E+02	3.79E-02	
Mercury		2.46E-02	1.67E-06	
Molybdenum		2.42E+00	1.64E-04	
Naphthalene		3.63E-03	2.46E-07	
Nickel		1.91E+01	1.29E-03	
Phenanthrene		5.84E-01	3.96E-05	
Pyrene		1.15E+00	7.78E-05	
Vanadium		2.29E+01	1.55E-03	
Zinc		1.18E+03	8.00E-02	
LPAH		6.33E-01		
			4.29E-05	
HPAH		3.63E+00	2.46E-04	
TOTAL PAHs		4.26E+00	2.89E-04	

TABLE D-7 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)

FOOD INGESTION				
INTAKE = ((Ca * IR * DF	Fa * AUF) / (BW) + ((Cp * IR * DFs *AUF)/(BW))			
Parameter	Definition	Value	Reference	
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)	calculated		
Ca	Arthropod concentration (mg/kg)	see Table D-15		
Ср	Plant concentration (mg/kg)	see Table D-15		
R	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)*	3.38E-06	EPA, 1993	
Dfa	Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless)	9.00E-01	EPA, 1993	
Ofs	Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegetation (unitless)	1.00E-01	EPA, 1993	
\UF	Area Use Factor	1	EPA, 1997	
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)	4.00E-03	Davis and Schmidly, 2009	

Chemical	Arthropod	Plant	Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	8.26E-04	2.38E-04	6.48E-07
4,4'-DDE	5.38E-04	4.00E-06	4.10E-07
4,4'-DDT	1.03E-01	7.66E-04	4.10E-07 7.84E-05
1 1			
Acenaphthene	7.70E-04 8.47E-04	2.22E-04	6.04E-07
Acenaphthylene	*****	2.44E-04	6.65E-07
Anthracene	8.40E-04	2.42E-04	6.59E-07
Antimony	5.79E-01	5.27E-01	4.85E-04
Aroclor-1254	4.86E-03	4.30E-05	3.70E-06
Barium	4.58E+01	3.13E+01	3.75E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.33E-04	2.24E-04	2.72E-07
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.71E-02	3.91E-03	2.09E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.82E-02	2.63E-03	1.41E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.45E-02	7.07E-03	1.92E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.38E-03	1.74E-04	1.06E-06
Boron	1.60E+01	1.60E+01	1.35E-02
Cadmium	4.59E-01	1.74E-01	3.64E-04
Chromium	2.27E-01	1.70E-01	1.87E-04
Chrysene	1.58E-02	7.37E-03	1.26E-05
Copper	1.79E+00	1.79E+01	2.88E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	7.63E-04	6.98E-05	5.86E-07
Dieldrin	2.69E-03	6.39E-06	2.05E-06
Endrin	2.22E-04	1.28E-05	1.70E-07
Endrin Ketone	5.48E-04	3.16E-05	4.19E-07
Fluoranthene	4.52E-02	1.30E-02	3.55E-05
Fluorene	7.56E-04	2.18E-04	5.93E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.25E-02	1.58E-03	2.48E-05
Lead	2.86E+00	4.29E+00	2.54E-03
Lithium	2.05E+01	2.05E+01	1.73E-02
Manganese	3.38E+01	4.43E+01	2.95E-02
Mercury	2.09E-01	3.37E-03	1.59E-04
Molybdenum	2.42E-02	1.82E-02	1.99E-05
Naphthalene	2.54E-04	7.33E-05	1.99E-07
Nickel	3.82E-01	6.11E-01	3.42E-04
Phenanthrene	4.09E-02	1.18E-02	3.42E-04 3.21E-05
	4.09E-02 8.04E-02	2.32E-02	6.31E-05
Pyrene	8.04E-02 2.29E-01	2.32E-02 1.72E-01	6.31E-05 1.88E-04
Vanadium			
Zinc	6.61E+02	1.42E-09	5.03E-01
LPAH	4.43E-02	1.28E-02	3.48E-05
HPAH	2.54E-01	7.34E-02	2.00E-04
TOTAL PAHs	2.99E-01	8.53E-02	2.34E-04

TABLE D-7 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)

TOTAL INTAKE

INTAKE = Soil Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.45E-06
1,4'-DDE	4.38E-07
1,4'-DDT	8.40E-05
Acenaphthene	1.35E-06
Acenaphthylene	1.48E-06
Anthracene	1.47E-06
Antimony	6.63E-04
Aroclor-1254	3.99E-06
Barium	5.16E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.02E-06
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.72E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4.72E-05 3.17E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.29E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.29E-03 2.23E-06
	2.23E-06 1.46E-02
Boron Cadmium	3.96E-04
	3.90E-04 1.72E-03
Chromium	
Chrysene	3.93E-05
Copper	5.91E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.32E-06
Dieldrin	2.06E-06
Endrin	1.85E-07
Endrin Ketone	4.57E-07
Fluoranthene	7.93E-05
Fluorene	1.33E-06
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	5.23E-05
ead	9.00E-03
ithium	1.87E-02
Manganese	6.74E-02
Mercury	1.61E-04
Molybdenum	1.84E-04
Naphthalene	4.45E-07
Nickel	1.64E-03
Phenanthrene	7.17E-05
Pyrene	1.41E-04
/anadium	1.74E-03
Zinc	5.83E-01
_PAH	7.77E-05
HPAH	4.46E-04
ΓΟΤΑL PAHs	5.23E-04

Notes:

* Expressed in dry weight.

* Soil ingestion was assumed to be 8% of dietary intake.

TABLE D-8 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Avian Herbivore/Omnivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

SOIL INGESTION				
INTAKE = (Sc * IR * AF *	AUF) / (BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)		see Table D-2	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/day)*		2.52E-06	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997
AUF	Area Use Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		6.30E-02	EPA, 1993
BVV	Willimidin body Weight (kg)		0.301-02	LI A, 1995
Chemical		Sc		Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene		1.18E-02		4.72E-07
4,4'-DDE		4.00E-04		1.60E-08
4,4'-DDT		5.00E-04		2.00E-08
Acenaphthene		1.10E-02		4.40E-07
Acenaphthylene		1.21E-02		4.84E-07
Anthracene		1.21E-02		4.84E-07
Antimony		4.95E+00		1.98E-04
Aroclor-1254		4.29E-03		1.72E-07
Barium		2.64E+02		1.06E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene		1.10E-02		4.40E-07
Benzo(a)pyrene		1.16E-02		4.64E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		3.73E-01		1.49E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		5.92E-01		2.37E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.75E-02		7.00E-07
Boron		2.21E+01		8.82E-04
Cadmium		5.72E-01		2.29E-05
Chromium		4.86E+01		1.94E-03
Chrysene		1.03E-02		4.12E-07
Copper		7.00E+01		2.80E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		1.10E-02		4.40E-07
Dieldrin		1.83E-04		7.32E-09
Endrin		2.22E-04		8.88E-09
Endrin Ketone		5.48E-04		2.19E-08
Fluoranthene		1.28E-02		5.12E-07
Fluorene		1.09E-02		4.36E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		6.82E-01		2.73E-05
Lead		2.21E+02		8.85E-03
Lithium		1.87E+01		7.47E-04
Manganese		7.34E+02		2.94E-02
Mercury		3.75E-02		1.50E-06
Molybdenum		4.71E+00		1.88E-04
Naphthalene	all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil)	3.63E-03		1.45E-07
Nickel	(2.08E+01		8.30E-04
Phenanthrene		1.42E-02		5.68E-07
Pyrene		2.03E+00		8.13E-05
Vanadium		2.34E+01		9.36E-04
Zinc		2.34E+03		9.37E-02
LPAH		7.21E-02		2.88E-06
HPAH		3.75E+00		1.50E-04
TOTAL PAHs		3.75E+00 3.83E+00		1.50E-04 1.53E-04
TOTAL FAITS		3.63⊑∓00		1.33E-04

TABLE D-8 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Avian Herbivore/Omnivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

FOOD INGESTION					
INTAKE = ((Ce * IR * Dfe * AUF)/(BW) + (Ca * IR * DFa * AUF) / (BW) + ((Cp * IR * DFs *AUF)/(BW))					
Parameter	Definition			Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Ce	Earthworm concentr			see Table D-15	
Ca	Arthropod concentra			see Table D-15	
Ср	Plant concentration	(0 0)		see Table D-15	
IR		rate of of food (kg/day)*		4.85E-05	EPA. 1993
Dfe	Dietary fraction of ea	(0) /		4.60E-01	EPA, 1993
Dfa	Dietary fraction of a	'		4.60E-01	EPA, 1993
Dfs		ants, seeds and other vege	etation (unitless)	8.00E-02	EPA, 1993
AUF	Area Use Factor		(2.112.2)	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weig	ıht (kg)		6.30E-02	EPA, 1993
Chemical	Earthworm	Arthropod	Plant		Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	8.26E-04	8.26E-04	2.38E-04		6.00E-07
4,4'-DDE	5.38E-04	5.38E-04	4.00E-06		3.81E-07
4,4'-DDT	1.03E-01	1.03E-01	7.66E-04		7.30E-05
Acenaphthene	7.70E-04	7.70E-04	2.22E-04		5.59E-07
Acenaphthylene	8.47E-04	8.47E-04	2.44E-04		6.15E-07
Anthracene	8.40E-04	8.40E-04	2.42E-04		6.10E-07
Antimony	5.79E-01	5.79E-01	5.27E-01		4.43E-04
Aroclor-1254	4.86E-03	4.86E-03	4.30E-05		3.44E-06
Barium	4.58E+01	4.58E+01	3.13E+01		3.44E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.33E-04	3.33E-04	2.24E-04		2.50E-07
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.71E-02	2.71E-02	3.91E-03		1.94E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.82E-02	1.82E-02	2.63E-03		1.31E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.45E-02	2.45E-02	7.07E-03		1.78E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.38E-03	1.38E-03	1.74E-04		9.85E-07
Boron	1.60E+01	1.60E+01	1.60E+01		1.23E-02
Cadmium	4.59E-01	4.59E-01	1.74E-01		3.36E-04
Chromium	2.27E-01	2.27E-01	1.70E-01		1.71E-04
Chrysene	1.58E-02	1.58E-02	7.37E-03		1.16E-05
Copper	1.79E+00	1.79E+00	1.79E+01		2.37E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	7.63E-04	7.63E-04	6.98E-05		5.45E-07
Dieldrin	2.69E-03	2.69E-03	6.39E-06		1.91E-06
Endrin	2.22E-04	2.22E-04	1.28E-05		1.58E-07
Endrin Ketone	5.48E-04	5.48E-04	3.16E-05		3.90E-07
Fluoranthene	4.52E-02	4.52E-02	1.30E-02		3.28E-05
Fluorene	7.56E-04	7.56E-04	2.18E-04		5.49E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.25E-02	3.25E-02	1.58E-03		2.31E-05
Lead	2.86E+00	2.86E+00	4.29E+00		2.29E-03
Lithium	2.05E+01	2.05E+01	2.05E+01		1.58E-02
Manganese	3.38E+01	3.38E+01	4.43E+01		2.67E-02
Mercury	2.09E-01	2.09E-01	3.37E-03		1.48E-04
Molybdenum	2.42E-02	2.42E-02	1.82E-02		1.83E-05
Naphthalene	2.54E-04	2.54E-04	7.33E-05		1.84E-07
Nickel	3.82E-01	3.82E-01	6.11E-01		3.08E-04
Phenanthrene	4.09E-02	4.09E-02	1.18E-02		2.97E-05
Pyrene	8.04E-02	8.04E-02	2.32E-02		5.84E-05
Vanadium	2.29E-01	2.29E-01	1.72E-01		1.73E-04
Zinc	6.61E+02	6.61E+02	1.42E-09		4.68E-01
LPAH	4.43E-02	4.43E-02	1.28E-02		3.22E-05
HPAH	2.54E-01	2.54E-01	7.34E-02		1.85E-04
TOTAL PAHs	2.99E-01	2.99E-01	8.53E-02		2.17E-04
TOTALTATIS	4.33E-01	4.33⊑-01	0.53E-02		2.11L-04

TABLE D-8 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Avian Herbivore/Omnivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

TOTAL INTAKE

INTAKE = Soil Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	Intake
Chemical	IIIdac
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.07E-06
4,4'-DDE	3.97E-07
4,4'-DDT	7.31E-05
Acenaphthene	9.99E-07
Acenaphthylene	1.10E-06
Anthracene	1.09E-06
Antimony	6.41E-04
Aroclor-1254	3.62E-06
Barium	4.50E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	6.90E-07
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.99E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.80E-05
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.15E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.69E-06
Boron	1.32E-02
Cadmium	3.59E-04
Chromium	2.11E-03
Chrysene	1.20E-05
Copper	5.17E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	9.85E-07
Dieldrin	1.91E-06
Endrin	1.67E-07
Endrin Ketone	4.12E-07
Fluoranthene	3.33E-05
Fluorene	9.85E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	5.04E-05
Lead	1.11E-02
Lithium	1.65E-02
Manganese	5.61E-02
Mercury	1.50E-04
Molybdenum	2.07E-04
Naphthalene	3.30E-07
Nickel	1.14E-03
Phenanthrene	3.02E-05
Pyrene	1.40E-04
Vanadium	1.11E-03
Zinc	5.62E-01
LPAH	3.51E-05
HPAH	3.35E-04
TOTAL PAHs	3.70E-04
	0.70E-04

Notes:

^{*} Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE D-9 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Large Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

SOIL INGESTION					
00.2 020					
INTAKE = (Sc * IR * AF *	AUF) / (BW)				
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference	
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated		
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)		see Table D-2		
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/da	\/*	8.97E-06	EPA, 1993	
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitles		1	EPA, 1997	
AUF		55)	1		
	Area Use Factor		•	EPA, 1997	
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		9.57E-01	EPA, 1993	
Chemical		Sc		Intake	
2-Methylnaphthalene		1.18E-02		1.11E-07	
, ,					
4,4'-DDE		4.00E-04		3.75E-09	
4,4'-DDT		5.00E-04		4.69E-09	
Acenaphthene		1.10E-02		1.03E-07	
Acenaphthylene		1.21E-02		1.13E-07	
Anthracene		1.21E-02		1.13E-07	
Antimony		4.95E+00		4.64E-05	
Aroclor-1254		4.29E-03		4.02E-08	
Barium		2.64E+02		2.48E-03	
Benzo(a)anthracene		1.10E-02		1.03E-07	
Benzo(a)pyrene		1.16E-02		1.09E-07	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		3.73E-01		3.50E-06	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		5.92E-01		5.55E-06	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.75E-02		1.64E-07	
Boron		2.21E+01		2.07E-04	
Cadmium		5.72E-01		5.36E-06	
Chromium		4.86E+01		4.55E-04	
Chrysene		1.03E-02		9.65E-08	
Copper		7.00E+01		6.56E-04	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		1.10E-02		1.03E-07	
Dieldrin		1.83E-04		1.72E-09	
Endrin		2.22E-04		2.08E-09	
Endrin Ketone		5.48E-04		5.14E-09	
Fluoranthene		1.28E-02		1.20E-07	
Fluorene		1.09E-02		1.02E-07	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		6.82E-01		6.39E-06	
Lead		2.21E+02		2.07E-03	
Lithium		1.87E+01		1.75E-04	
Manganese		7.34E+02		6.88E-03	
Mercury		3.75E-02		3.51E-07	
Molybdenum		4.71E+00		4.41E-05	
Naphthalene	all soil data (not a COPEC in surface soil)	3.63E-03		3.40E-08	
Nickel	,	2.08E+01		1.95E-04	
Phenanthrene		1.42E-02		1.33E-07	
Pyrene		2.03E+00		1.91E-05	
Vanadium		2.34E+01		2.19E-04	
Zinc		2.34E+03		2.20E-02	
LPAH		6.33E-01		5.94E-06	
HPAH		3.63E+00		3.40E-05	
TOTAL PAHs		4.26E+00		4.00E-05	
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TABLE D-9 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Large Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

	Laige Aviaii	Carrivore (KED-TA	ILLD HAVIN)	
FOOD INGESTION				
INTAKE = ((Cm * IR * Df	m * AUF)/(BW) + (Cb * IR * DFb * AU	F) / (BW))		
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	reletered
Cm	Mammal concentration (mg/kg)		see Table D-15	
Cb	Bird concentration (mg/kg)		see Table D-15	
IR	(0 0,	(ka/day)*	4.48E-04	EDA 1003
Dfm	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of small mammals			EPA, 1993
		(unitiess)	7.85E-01	EPA, 1993
Dfb	Dietary fraction of birds (unitless)		1.00E+00	EPA, 1993
AUF	Area Use Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		9.57E-01	EPA, 1993
Chemical	Mammal	Bird		Intake
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.42E-05	1.92E-05		1.42E-08
4,4'-DDE	1.37E-07	2.81E-07		1.82E-10
4,4'-DDT	2.62E-05	5.39E-05		3.49E-08
Acenaphthene	1.32E-05	1.79E-05		1.32E-08
Acenaphthylene	1.45E-05	1.97E-05		1.45E-08
Anthracene	1.44E-05	1.95E-05		1.44E-08
Antimony	3.19E-04	3.19E-04		2.67E-07
Aroclor-1254	1.30E-06	2.57E-06		1.68E-09
Barium	2.86E-03	2.86E-03		2.39E-06
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.80E-06	2.44E-06		1.81E-09
Benzo(a)pyrene	9.82E-05	1.94E-04		1.27E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.80E-05	1.54E-04		1.01E-07
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.20E-04	5.69E-04		4.21E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	5.14E-06	1.01E-05		6.63E-09
Boron	3.19E+01	3.19E+01		2.67E-02
Cadmium	1.26E-05	8.92E-03		4.18E-06
Chromium	7.41E-04	7.41E-04		6.20E-07
Chrysene	6.88E-05	9.67E-05		7.06E-08
Copper	2.03E+01	2.03E+01		1.69E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	5.09E-06	1.30E-05		7.98E-09
Dieldrin	1.83E-04	1.83E-04		1.53E-07
Endrin	2.22E-04	2.22E-04		1.86E-07
Endrin Ketone	5.48E-04	5.48E-04		4.58E-07
Fluoranthene	7.75E-04	1.05E-03		7.77E-07
Fluorene	1.30E-05	1.76E-05		1.30E-08
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.17E-04	1.06E-03		6.11E-07
Lead	8.14E-04	8.14E-04		6.80E-07
Lithium	4.10E+01	4.10E+01		3.43E-02
Manganese	6.04E+02	6.04E+02		5.04E-01
Mercury	1.60E-06	6.62E-06		3.69E-09
Molybdenum	7.90E-05	7.90E-05		6.60E-08
Naphthalene	4.35E-06	5.90E-06		4.36E-09
Nickel	2.37E-03	2.37E-03		1.98E-06
Phenanthrene	7.01E-04	9.50E-04		7.02E-07
	7.01E-04 1.38E-03	9.50E-04 1.87E-03		
Pyrene				1.38E-06
Vanadium	7.47E-04	7.47E-04		6.24E-07
Zinc	1.52E-04	1.48E-01		6.92E-05
LPAH	7.60E-04	1.03E-03		7.61E-07
HPAH	4.36E-03	5.91E-03		4.37E-06
TOTAL PAHs	5.07E-03	6.91E-03		5.10E-06

TABLE D-9 INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Large Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

TOTAL INTAKE

INTAKE = Soil Intake + Food Intake

Chemical Total Intake 2-Methylnaphthalene 1.25E-07 4.4"-DDE 3.93E-09 4.4"-DDT 3.95E-08 Acenaphthene 1.16E-07 Acenaphthylene 1.28E-07 Anthracene 1.28E-07 Arthriumny 4.67E-05 Arroclor-1254 4.19E-08 Barium 2.48E-03 Benzo(2a)phyrene 2.36E-07 Benzo(2h)persene 3.60E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 5.97E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 5.97E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 5.97E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 5.97E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 5.97E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 5.97E-06 Commium 4.56E-04 Chrysene 1.67E-07 Copper 1.76E-02 Dibenz(a, h)anthracene 1.11E-07 Dieldrin 1.55E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Endrin Ketone 8.97E-07 Fluoranthene 9.70E-06 Indenot (1,23-cd)pyrene		
Chemical 1.25E-07 4.4"-DDE 3.93E-09 4.4"-DDT 3.95E-08 Acenaphthene 1.16E-07 Acenaphthylene 1.28E-07 Anthracene 1.28E-07 Anthracene 1.28E-07 Antimony 4.67E-05 Arcolor-1254 4.19E-08 Barium 2.48E-03 Benzo(a)anthracene 1.05E-07 Benzo(a)pyrene 2.36E-07 Benzo(g), hi)perylene 5.97E-06 Benzo(g, hi)perylene 1.67E-07 Dibeldin 1.55E-07		
2-Methylnaphthalene 1.25E-07 4,4'-DDT 3.93E-08 Acenaphthene 1.16E-07 Acenaphthylene 1.28E-07 Anthracene 1.28E-07 Antimony 4.67E-05 Aroclor-1254 4.19E-08 Benzo(a)anthracene 1.05E-07 Benzo(a)pyrene 2.36E-07 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 3.60E-06 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 5.97E-06 Benzo(g)h,i)perylene 5.97E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 1.71E-07 Boron 2.69E-02 Cadmium 9.54E-06 Chromium 4.56E-04 Chrysene 1.67E-07 Copper 1.76E-02 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.11E-07 Dieledrin 1.55E-07 Endrin 1.88E-07 Endrin 1.88E-07 Fluoranthene 1.55E-07 Fluoranthene 1.55E-07 Fluoranthene 1.55E-07 Fluoranthene 3.97E-07 Fluoranthene 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum <td< th=""><th></th><th></th></td<>		
4,4*-DDT 3,93E-08 4,4*-DDT 3,95E-08 Acenaphthene 1,16E-07 Acenaphthylene 1,28E-07 Anthracene 1,28E-07 Antmony 4,67E-05 Arcolor-1254 4,19E-08 Barlum 2,48E-03 Benzo(a)janthracene 1,05E-07 Benzo(a)jyrene 2,36E-07 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 3,60E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 5,97E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 1,71E-07 Boron 2,69E-02 Cadmium 9,54E-06 Chromium 4,56E-04 Chrysene 1,67E-07 Copper 1,76E-02 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1,17E-07 Dieldrin 1,55E-07 Endrin Ketone 1,88E-07 Fluoranthene 1,55E-07 Fluorene 1,15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 2,07E-03 Lead 2,07E-03 Lithium 3,44E-02 Manganese 5,11E-01 Mercury 3,55E-07 Mohybdenum 4,42E-05 <th>Chemical</th> <th>Intake</th>	Chemical	Intake
4,4*-DDT 3,93E-08 4,4*-DDT 3,95E-08 Acenaphthene 1,16E-07 Acenaphthylene 1,28E-07 Anthracene 1,28E-07 Antmony 4,67E-05 Arcolor-1254 4,19E-08 Barlum 2,48E-03 Benzo(a)janthracene 1,05E-07 Benzo(a)jyrene 2,36E-07 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 3,60E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 5,97E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 1,71E-07 Boron 2,69E-02 Cadmium 9,54E-06 Chromium 4,56E-04 Chrysene 1,67E-07 Copper 1,76E-02 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1,17E-07 Dieldrin 1,55E-07 Endrin Ketone 1,88E-07 Fluoranthene 1,55E-07 Fluorene 1,15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 2,07E-03 Lead 2,07E-03 Lithium 3,44E-02 Manganese 5,11E-01 Mercury 3,55E-07 Mohybdenum 4,42E-05 <td>2-Methylnanhthalene</td> <td>1.25F₋07</td>	2-Methylnanhthalene	1.25F ₋ 07
4,4*DDT 3,95E-08 Acenaphthene 1,16E-07 Acenaphthylene 1,28E-07 Antimacene 1,28E-07 Antimacene 4,67E-05 Arcolor-1254 4,19E-08 Barium 2,48E-03 Benzo(a)anthracene 1,05E-07 Benzo(a)pyrene 2,36E-07 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 3,50E-06 Benzo(g)h,i)perylene 5,97E-06 Benzo(g)fluoranthene 5,97E-06 Benzo(g)fluoranthene 1,71E-07 Boron 2,69E-02 Cadmium 4,56E-04 Chromium 4,56E-04 Chromium 4,56E-04 Chrysene 1,67E-07 Copper 1,76E-02 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1,11E-07 Diedfrin 1,55E-07 Endrin Ketone 4,63E-07 Fluoranthene 8,97E-07 Fluoranthene 7,00E-06 Lead 2,07E-03 Lithium 3,44E-02 Manganese 5,11E-01 Mercury 3,55E-07 Molybdenum 4,42E-05 <		
Acenaphthene 1.16E-07 Acenaphthylene 1.28E-07 Anthracene 1.28E-07 Anthracy 4.67E-05 Arcolor-1254 4.19E-08 Barium 2.48E-03 Benzo(a)anthracene 1.05E-07 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 3.60E-06 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 3.60E-06 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 5.97E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 5.97E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 1.71E-07 Boron 2.69E-02 Cadmium 9.54E-06 Chromium 4.56E-04 Chrysene 1.67E-07 Copper 1.76E-02 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.11E-07 Dieldrin 1.55E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indreno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 2.07E-03 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Marcours 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4		
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Cadmium 9.54E-06 Chromium 4.56E-04 Chrysene 1.67E-07 Copper 1.76E-02 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.11E-07 Dieldrin 1.55E-07 Endrin 1.88E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Fluoranthene 8.97E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-04 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Chromium 4.56E-04 Chrysene 1.67E-07 Copper 1.76E-02 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.11E-07 Dieldrin 1.55E-07 Endrin 1.88E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Fluoranthene 8.97E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Chrysene 1.67E-07 Copper 1.76E-02 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.11E-07 Dieldrin 1.55E-07 Endrin 1.88E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Fluoranthene 8.97E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Copper 1.76E-02 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.11E-07 Dieldrin 1.55E-07 Endrin 1.88E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Fluoranthene 8.97E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-04 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.11E-07 Dieldrin 1.55E-07 Endrin 1.88E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Fluoranthene 8.97E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Dieldrin 1.55E-07 Endrin 1.88E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Fluoranthene 8.97E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Endrin 1.88E-07 Endrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Fluoranthene 8.97E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Endrin Ketone 4.63E-07 Fluoranthene 8.97E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Fluoranthene 8.97E-07 Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Fluorene 1.15E-07 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 7.00E-06 Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Lead 2.07E-03 Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Lithium 3.44E-02 Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Manganese 5.11E-01 Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Mercury 3.55E-07 Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Molybdenum 4.42E-05 Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Naphthalene 3.84E-08 Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Nickel 1.97E-04 Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Phenanthrene 8.35E-07 Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Pyrene 2.04E-05 Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Vanadium 2.20E-04 Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
Zinc 2.20E-02 LPAH 6.70E-06		
LPAH 6.70E-06		
IHPAH 3.84F-05	HPAH	3.84E-05
TOTAL PAHs 4.51E-05		

Notes:
* Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE D-10 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Herbivore (DEER MOUSE)

Ecological Haza	rd Quotient = Intake/TRV	
Parameter	Definition	Default
Intake	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)	see Intake
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)	see Table D-3

Chemical	Intake	TRV (deer mouse)	EHQ
		, ,	
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.48E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
4,4'-DDE	2.87E-07	1.47E-01	< 1.95E-06
4,4'-DDT	5.49E-05	1.47E-01	3.74E-04
Acenaphthene	1.38E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Acenaphthylene	1.52E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	1.51E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Antimony	2.66E-03	1.25E-01	2.12E-02
Aroclor-1254	2.62E-06	1.55E-01	< 1.69E-05
Barium	1.63E-01	5.18E+01	3.15E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.17E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	3.11E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.09E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.40E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.47E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Boron	7.96E-02	3.40E+01	2.34E-03
Cadmium	1.01E-03	7.70E-01	1.31E-03
Chromium	8.79E-04	2.40E+00	3.66E-04
Chrysene	4.10E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	8.15E-02	5.60E+00	1.45E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.95E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Dieldrin	1.37E-06	1.50E-02	9.15E-05
Endrin	1.68E-07	9.20E-02	1.83E-06
Endrin Ketone	4.15E-07	9.20E-02	4.52E-06
Fluoranthene	8.12E-05	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Fluorene	1.36E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.33E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
_ead	2.07E-02	4.70E+00	4.41E-03
Lithium	1.02E-01	1.10E+01	9.31E-03
Manganese	2.16E-01	1.06E+02	2.04E-03
Mercury	1.20E-04	1.01E+00	1.18E-04
Molybdenum	9.37E-05	2.70E-01	3.47E-04
Naphthalene	4.56E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Vapritialerie	2.94E-03	1.70E+00	1.73E-03
Phenanthrene	7.34E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	1.44E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
/anadium	8.85E-04	4.16E+00	2.13E-04
Zinc	3.30E-01	7.54E+01	4.38E-03
ZIIIC LPAH	7.96E-05	6.56E+01	4.36E-03 1.21E-06
LPAH HPAH	7.96E-05 4.57E-04	6.56E+01 6.15E-01	7.42E-06 7.42E-04
TOTAL PAHs	4.57E-04 5.32E-04	0.00E+00	7.42E-04 no TRV

TABLE D-11 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Large Mammalian Carnivore (COYOTE)

Ecological Haza	rd Quotient = Intake/TRV	
Parameter	Definition	Default
Intake	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)	see Intake
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)	see Table D-3

		TRV	
Chemical	Intake	Coyote	EHQ
2-Methylnaphthalene	4.34E-08	0.00E+00	< no TRV
4,4'-DDE	1.50E-09	1.47E-01	< 1.02E-08
I,4'-DDT	2.88E-07	1.47E-01	1.96E-06
Acenaphthene	4.04E-08	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Acenaphthylene	4.45E-08	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	4.41E-08	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Antimony	9.14E-06	1.25E-01	7.31E-05
roclor-1254	1.51E-08	1.55E-01	< 9.75E-08
Barium	7.19E-04	5.18E+01	1.39E-05
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.86E-08	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.36E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	9.14E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.29E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	6.04E-08	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Boron	5.55E-03	2.20E+01	2.52E-04
Cadmium	2.03E-06	7.70E-01	2.64E-06
Chromium	7.84E-05	2.40E+00	3.27E-05
Chrysene	1.37E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	3.65E-03	5.60E+00	6.51E-04
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	3.88E-08	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Dieldrin	3.21E-08	1.50E-02	2.14E-06
Endrin	3.90E-08	9.20E-02	4.24E-07
Endrin Ketone	9.62E-08	9.20E-02 9.20E-02	1.05E-06
Fluoranthene	2.37E-06	9.20E-02 0.00E+00	< no TRV
Fluorene	3.97E-08	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	< no TRV
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.49E-06	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	no TRV
	3.29E-04	4.70E+00	7.01E-05
ead	7.13E-03	7.50E+00	9.51E-04
ithium			
Manganese	1.06E-01	7.00E+01	1.51E-03
Mercury	8.54E-08	1.01E+00	8.45E-08
Molybdenum	8.36E-06	1.80E-01	4.65E-05
laphthalene	1.33E-08	0.00E+00	< no TRV
lickel	6.63E-05	1.70E+00	3.90E-05
Phenanthrene	2.15E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	4.22E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
/anadium	7.90E-05	4.16E+00	1.90E-05
linc	4.08E-03	7.54E+01	5.41E-05
.PAH	2.33E-06	6.56E+01	3.55E-08
IPAH	1.33E-05	6.15E-01	2.17E-05
OTAL PAHs	1.57E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE D-12 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)

Ecological Haza	rrd Quotient = Intake/TRV	
Parameter	Definition	Default
Intake	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)	see Intake
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)	see Table D-3

		TRV	
Chemical	Intake	Least Shrew	EHQ
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.45E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
4,4'-DDE	4.38E-07	1.47E-01	< 2.98E-06
4,4'-DDT	8.40E-05	1.47E-01	5.71E-04
Acenaphthene	1.35E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Acenaphthylene	1.48E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	1.47E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Antimony	6.63E-04	1.25E-01	5.31E-03
Aroclor-1254	3.99E-06	1.55E-01	< 2.57E-05
Barium	5.16E-02	5.18E+01	9.97E-04
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.02E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.72E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.17E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.29E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.23E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Boron	1.46E-02	3.70E+01	3.93E-04
Cadmium	3.96E-04	7.70E-01	5.14E-04
Chromium	1.72E-03	2.40E+00	7.19E-04
Chrysene	3.93E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	5.91E-03	5.60E+00	1.06E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.32E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Dieldrin	2.06E-06	1.50E-02	1.37E-04
Endrin	1.85E-07	9.20E-02	2.01E-06
Endrin Ketone	4.57E-07	9.20E-02	4.96E-06
Fluoranthene	7.93E-05	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Fluorene	1.33E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	5.23E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead	9.00E-03	4.70E+00	1.92E-03
Lithium	1.87E-02	1.20E+01	1.56E-03
Vanganese	6.74E-02	1.15E+02	5.86E-04
Mercury	1.61E-04	1.01E+00	1.59E-04
Molybdenum	1.84E-04	2.90E-01	6.34E-04
Naphthalene	4.45E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Nickel	1.64E-03	1.70E+00	9.62E-04
Phenanthrene	7.17E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	1.41E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
-yrene √anadium	1.74E-03	4.16E+00	4.18E-04
vanadium Zinc	1.74E-03 5.83E-01	7.54E+01	7.73E-03
ZIIIC LPAH	5.63E-01 7.77E-05	6.56E+01	7.73E-03 1.18E-06
LPAN HPAH	7.77E-05 4.46E-04	6.15E-01	7.24E-04
TOTAL PAHs	5.23E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE D-13 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Avian Herbivore/Omnivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

Ecological Hazard Quotient = Intake/TRV

Parameter Definition Default
Intake Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day) see Intake
TRV Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg) see Table D-3

		TRV	
Chemical	Intake	American Robin	EHQ
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.07E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
4.4'-DDE	3.97E-07	2.27E-01	< 1.75E-06
4,4'-DDT	7.31E-05	2.27E-01	3.22E-04
Acenaphthene	9.99E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Acenaphthylene	1.10E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	1.09E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Antimony	6.41E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Aroclor-1254	3.62E-06	1.80E-01	< 2.01E-05
Barium	4.50E-02	1.91E+01	2.35E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	6.90E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.99E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.80E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.15E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.69E-06	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Boron	1.32E-02	1.74E+01	7.56E-04
Cadmium	3.59E-04	1.47E+00	2.44E-04
Chromium	2.11E-03	2.66E+00	7.95E-04
Chrysene	1.20E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	5.17E-03	4.05E+00	1.28E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	9.85E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Dieldrin	1.91E-06	7.09E-02	2.70E-05
Endrin	1.67E-07	1.00E-02	1.67E-05
Endrin Ketone	4.12E-07	1.00E-02	4.12E-05
Fluoranthene	3.33E-05	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Fluorene	9.85E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	5.04E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead	1.11E-02	1.63E+00	6.83E-03
Lithium	1.65E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese	5.61E-02	9.98E+02	5.62E-05
Mercury	1.50E-04	3.25E+00	4.61E-05
Molybdenum	2.07E-04	1.90E+00	1.09E-04
Naphthalene	3.30E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Nickel	1.14E-03	6.71E+00	1.70E-04
Phenanthrene	3.02E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	1.40E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Vanadium	1.11E-03	3.44E-01	3.22E-03
Zinc	5.62E-01	6.61E+01	8.50E-03
LPAH	3.51E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
HPAH	3.35E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
TOTAL PAHs	3.70E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE D-14 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SOIL NORTH OF MARLIN Large Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

Ecological Haza	rd Quotient = Intake/TRV	
Parameter	Definition	Default
Intake	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)	see Intake
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)	see Table D-3
ll .		

		TRV	
Chemical	Intake	Red-Tailed Hawk	EHQ
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.25E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
4,4'-DDE	3.93E-09	2.27E-01	< 1.73E-08
4,4'-DDT	3.95E-08	2.27E-01	1.74E-07
Acenaphthene	1.16E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Acenaphthylene	1.28E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Anthracene	1.28E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Antimony	4.67E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Aroclor-1254	4.19E-08	1.80E-01	< 2.33E-07
Barium	2.48E-03	3.15E+01	7.87E-05
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.05E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.36E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.60E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	5.97E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.71E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Boron	2.69E-02	2.86E+01	9.39E-04
Cadmium	9.54E-06	1.47E+00	6.49E-06
Chromium	4.56E-04	2.66E+00	1.71E-04
Chrysene	1.67E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	1.76E-02	4.05E+00	4.35E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.11E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Dieldrin	1.55E-07	7.09E-02	2.18E-06
Endrin	1.88E-07	1.00E-02	1.88E-05
Endrin Ketone	4.63E-07	1.00E-02	4.63E-05
Fluoranthene	8.97E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Fluorene	1.15E-07	0.00E+00	< no TRV
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	7.00E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
_ead	2.07E-03	1.63E+00	1.27E-03
Lithium	3.44E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese	5.11E-01	1.64E+03	3.12E-04
Mercury	3.55E-07	3.25E+00	1.09E-07
Molybdenum	4.42E-05	3.30E+00	1.34E-05
Naphthalene	3.84E-08	0.00E+00	< no TRV
Nickel	1.97E-04	6.71E+00	2.93E-05
Phenanthrene	8.35E-07 2.04E-05	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	no TRV no TRV
Pyrene Vanadium			
Vanadium	2.20E-04	3.44E-01	6.39E-04
Zinc	2.20E-02	6.61E+01	3.33E-04
LPAH	6.70E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
HPAH	3.84E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
TOTAL PAHs	4.51E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE E-1 EXPOSURE POINT CONCENTATION (mg/kg) BACKGROUND SOIL*

		Exposure Point	
Parameter		Concentration [†]	Statistic Used
Antimony	<	8.90E-01	median
Barium		9.02E+02	97.5% Chebyshev
Benzo(a)anthracene	<	7.61E-03	median
Benzo(a)pyrene	<	1.00E-02	median
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	<	8.22E-03	median
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<	3.50E-02	median
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	<	1.15E-02	median
Cadmium	<	1.90E-02	median
Chromium		1.70E+01	95% Student's-t
Chrysene	<	1.40E-02	median
Copper		1.44E+01	95% Student's-t
Fluoranthene	<	1.15E-02	median
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	<	2.95E-02	median
Lead		1.43E+01	95% Student's-t
Lithium		2.41E+01	95% Student's-t
Manganese		5.07E+02	95% Chebyshev
Mercury		2.41E-02	95% Student's-t
Phenanthrene	<	6.72E-03	median
Pyrene	<	2.00E-02	median
Zinc		7.50E+02	95% Chebyshev
LPAH		6.72E-03	
HPAH		1.47E-01	
TOTAL PAHs		1.54E-01	

Notes:

^{*} Data from Report Table 5. Background soil samples were collected from 0 to 0.5 feet below ground surface.

TABLE D-15 CONCENTRATION OF CHEMICAL IN FOOD ITEM (mg/kg)

Cfood = Csoil x BCF (or BAF)

Chemical Concentration in food (mg/kg dry) Chemical Concentration in soil (mg/kg dry) Bioconcentration Factor (unitless) Bioaccumulation Factor (unitless)

Compound	Csoil	Soil to Earthworm	Earthworm	Reference	Soil to Arthropod		Reference 3		Plant/Fruit/Seed	Reference		Plant to Deer Mouse	Reference	Soil to Wildlife	Soil to Deer Mouse	Reference	TOTAL DEER MOUSE			Reference	Soil to Bird	Soil to Bird		TOTAL BIRD
	(mg/kg)	BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		BAF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		CONCENTRATION	BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		CONCENTRAT
Methylnaphthalene	1.18E-02	7.00E-02	8.26E-04	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	8.26E-04	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	2.38E-04	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.27E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.50E-06	EPA, 1999*	1.42E-05	3.11E-02	7.41E-06	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	1.18E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.92E-05
4'-DDE	4.27E-04	1.26E+00	5.38E-04	EPA, 1999	1.26E+00	5.38E-04	EPA, 1999	9.37E-03	4.00E-06	EPA, 1999	2.72E-02	1.09E-07	EPA, 1999	6.52E-05	2.78E-08	EPA, 1999	1.37E-07	1.59E-02	6.36E-08	EPA, 1999	5.10E-04	2.18E-07	EPA, 1999	2.81E-07
4'-DDT	8.18E-02	1.26E+00	1.03E-01	EPA, 1999	1.26E+00	1.03E-01	EPA, 1999	9.37E-03	7.66E-04	EPA, 1999	2.72E-02	2.08E-05	EPA, 1999	6.52E-05	5.33E-06	EPA, 1999	2.62E-05	1.59E-02		EPA, 1999	5.10E-04	4.17E-05	EPA, 1999	5.39E-05
cenaphthene	1.10E-02	7.00E-02	7.70E-04	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	7.70E-04	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	2.22E-04	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.18E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.40E-06	EPA, 1999*	1.32E-05	3.11E-02	6.91E-06	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	1.10E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.79E-05
cenaphthylene+	1.21E-02	7.00E-02	8.47E-04	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	8.47E-04		2.02E-02	2.44E-04	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.30E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.54E-06	EPA, 1999*	1.45E-05	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	1.21E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.97E-05
nthracene	1.20E-02	7.00E-02	8.40E-04	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	8.40E-04		2.02E-02	2.42E-04	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.29E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.52E-06	EPA, 1999*	1.44E-05	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04		EPA, 1999*	1.95E-05
ntimony	2.63E+00	2.20E-01	5.79E-01	Sample, 1998	2.20E-01	5.79E-01	Sample, 199	2.00E-01	5.27E-01	Bechtel, 1998	5.99E-04	3.15E-04	EPA, 1999	1.44E-06	3.79E-06	Sample, 1998a	3.19E-04	5.99E-04		EPA, 1999*	1.44E-06	3.79E-06	Sample, 1998	3.19E-04
roclor-1254	4.30E-03	1.13E+00	4.86E-03	EPA, 1999	1.13E+00	4.86E-03	EPA, 1999	1.00E-02	4.30E-05	EPA, 1999	2.43E-02	1.04E-06	EPA, 1999	5.83E-05	2.51E-07	EPA, 1999	1.30E-06	1.42E-02	6.11E-07	EPA, 1999	4.55E-04	1.96E-06	EPA, 1999	2.57E-06
arium	2.08E+02	2.20E-01	4.58E+01	Sample, 1998	2.20E-01	4.58E+01	Sample, 199	1.50E-01	3.13E+01	Bechtel, 1998	8.99E-05	2.81E-03	EPA, 1999	2.16E-07	4.50E-05	Sample, 1998a	2.86E-03	8.99E-05	2.81E-03	EPA, 1999	2.16E-07	4.50E-05	Sample, 1998	2.86E-03
enzo(a)anthracene	1.11E-02	3.00E-02	3.33E-04	EPA, 1999	3.00E-02	3.33E-04	EPA, 1999	2.02E-02	2.24E-04	EPA, 1999	7.19E-03	1.61E-06	EPA, 1999	1.73E-05	1.92E-07	EPA, 1999	1.80E-06	4.20E-03	9.42E-07	EPA, 1999	1.35E-04	1.50E-06	EPA, 1999	2.44E-06
lenzo(a)pyrene	3.87E-01	7.00E-02	2.71E-02	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	2.71E-02	EPA, 1999	1.01E-02	3.91E-03	EPA, 1999	2.03E-02	7.93E-05	EPA, 1999	4.86E-05	1.88E-05	EPA, 1999	9.82E-05	1.19E-02	4.65E-05	EPA, 1999	3.81E-04	1.47E-04	EPA, 1999	1.94E-04
lenzo(b)fluoranthene	2.60E-01	7.00E-02	1.82E-02	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	1.82E-02	EPA, 1999	1.01E-02	2.63E-03	EPA, 1999	2.40E-02	6.30E-05	EPA, 1999	5.75E-05	1.50E-05	EPA, 1999	7.80E-05	1.40E-02	3.68E-05	EPA, 1999	4.50E-04	1.17E-04	EPA, 1999	1.54E-04
lenzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.50E-01	7.00E-02	2.45E-02	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	2.45E-02	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	7.07E-03	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	3.75E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	4.45E-05	EPA, 1999*	4.20E-04	3.11E-02	2.20E-04	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	3.49E-04	EPA, 1999*	5.69E-04
lenzo(k)fluoranthene	1.72E-02	8.00E-02	1.38E-03	EPA, 1999	8.00E-02	1.38E-03	EPA, 1999	1.01E-02	1.74E-04	EPA, 1999	2.39E-02	4.15E-06	EPA, 1999	5.73E-05	9.86E-07	EPA, 1999	5.14E-06	1.39E-02		EPA, 1999	4.48E-04	7.71E-06	EPA, 1999	1.01E-05
oron	1.60E+01	1.00E+00	1.60E+01	**	1.00E+00	1.60E+01	**	1.00E+00	1.60E+01	**	1.00E+00	1.60E+01	**	1.00E+00	1.60E+01	**	3.19E+01	1.00E+00	1.60E+01	**	1.00E+00	1.60E+01	**	3.19E+01
admium	4.78E-01	9.60E-01	4.59E-01	Sample, 1998	9.60E-01	4.59E-01	Sample, 199	3.64E-01	1.74E-01	Bechtel, 1998	7.19E-05	1.25E-05	EPA, 1999	1.73E-07	8.27E-08	Sample, 1998a	1.26E-05	4.71E-02		EPA, 1999	1.51E-03	7.22E-04	EPA, 1999	8.92E-03
hromium	2.27E+01	1.00E-02	2.27E-01	Sample, 1991	1.00E-02	2.27E-01	Sample, 199	7.50E-03	1.70E-01	Bechtel, 1998	3.30E-03	5.62E-04	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.80E-04	Sample, 1998a	7.41E-04	3.30E-03	5.62E-04	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.80E-04	Sample, 1998	7.41E-04
hrysene	3.94E-01	4.00E-02	1.58E-02	EPA, 1999	4.00E-02	1.58E-02	EPA, 1999	1.87E-02	7.37E-03	EPA, 1999	8.27E-03	6.09E-05	EPA, 1999	1.99E-05	7.84E-06	EPA, 1999	6.88E-05	4.84E-03		EPA, 1999	1.55E-04	6.11E-05	EPA, 1999	9.67E-05
opper	4.48E+01	4.00E-02	1.79E+00	EPA, 1999	4.00E-02	1.79E+00	EPA, 1999	4.00E-01	1.79E+01	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.79E+01	**	5.25E-02	2.35E+00	Sample, 1998a	2.03E+01	1.00E+00	1.79E+01	**	5.25E-02	2.35E+00	Sample, 1998	2.03E+01
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.09E-02	7.00E-02	7.63E-04	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	7.63E-04	EPA, 1999	6.40E-03	6.98E-05	EPA, 1999	5.31E-02	3.70E-06	EPA, 1999	1.27E-04	1.38E-06	EPA, 1999	5.09E-06	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999	9.98E-04	1.09E-05	EPA, 1999	1.30E-05
Neldrin+	1.83E-04	1.47E+01	2.69E-03	EPA, 2005f	1.47E+01	2.69E-03	EPA, 2005f	3.49E-02	6.39E-06	EPA, 1998	5.65E-03	3.61E-08	EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	1.83E-04	**	1.83E-04	3.68E-03	2.35E-08	EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	1.83E-04	**	1.83E-04
ndrin+	2.22E-04	1.00E+00	2.22E-04	**	1.00E+00	2.22E-04	**	5.76E-02	1.28E-05	EPA, 1998	2.37E-03	3.03E-08	EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	2.22E-04	**	2.22E-04	1.55E-03	1.98E-08	EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	2.22E-04	**	2.22E-04
ndrin ketone+	5.48E-04	1.00E+00	5.48E-04	**	1.00E+00	5.48E-04	**	5.76E-02	3.16E-05	EPA, 1998	2.37E-03	7.48E-08	EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	5.48E-04	**	5.48E-04	1.55E-03		EPA, 1998	1.00E+00	5.48E-04	**	5.48E-04
luoranthene	6.46E-01	7.00E-02	4.52E-02	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	4.52E-02	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	1.30E-02	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	6.93E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	8.20E-05	EPA, 1999*	7.75E-04	3.11E-02	4.06E-04	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	6.45E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.05E-03
luorene	1.08E-02	7.00E-02	7.56E-04	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	7.56E-04	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	2.18E-04	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.16E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.37E-06	EPA, 1999*	1.30E-05	3.11E-02	6.78E-06	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	1.08E-05	EPA, 1999*	1.76E-05
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	4.06E-01	8.00E-02	3.25E-02	EPA, 1999	8.00E-02	3.25E-02	EPA, 1999	3.90E-03	1.58E-03	EPA, 1999	1.24E-01	1.96E-04	EPA, 1999	2.98E-04	1.21E-04	EPA, 1999	3.17E-04	7.24E-02	1.15E-04	EPA, 1999	2.32E-03	9.42E-04	EPA, 1999	1.06E-03
ead	9.54E+01	3.00E-02	2.86E+00	EPA, 1999	3.00E-02	2.86E+00	EPA, 1999	4.50E-02	4.29E+00	EPA, 1999	1.80E-04	7.73E-04	EPA, 1999	4.32E-07	4.12E-05	EPA, 1999	8.14E-04	1.80E-04		EPA, 1999	4.32E-07	4.12E-05	EPA, 1999	8.14E-04
ithium	2.05E+01	1.00E+00	2.05E+01	**	1.00E+00	2.05E+01	**	1.00E+00	2.05E+01	**	1.00E+00	2.05E+01	**	1.00E+00	2.05E+01	**	4.10E+01	1.00E+00	2.05E+01	**	1.00E+00	2.05E+01	**	4.10E+01
langanese	5.59E+02	6.05E-02	3.38E+01	Sample, 1998	6.05E-02	3.38E+01	Sample, 199	7.92E-02	4.43E+01	Bechtel, 1998	1.00E+00	4.43E+01	**	1.00E+00	5.59E+02	**	6.04E+02	1.00E+00	4.43E+01	**	1.00E+00	5.59E+02	**	6.04E+02
lercury	2.46E-02	8.50E+00	2.09E-01	Sample, 1998	8.50E+00	2.09E-01	Sample, 199	1.37E-01	3.37E-03	Bechtel, 1998	4.68E-04	1.58E-06	EPA, 1999	1.12E-06	2.76E-08	Sample, 1998a	1.60E-06	1.59E-03	5.36E-06	EPA, 1999	5.12E-05	1.26E-06	EPA, 1999	6.62E-06
lolybdenum	2.42E+00	1.00E-02	2.42E-02	Sample, 1998	1.00E-02	2.42E-02	Sample, 199	7.50E-03	1.82E-02	Bechtel, 1998	3.30E-03	5.99E-05	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.91E-05	Sample, 1998a	7.90E-05	3.30E-03	5.99E-05	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.91E-05	Sample, 199	7.90E-05
laphthalene	3.63E-03	7.00E-02	2.54E-04	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	2.54E-04	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	7.33E-05	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	3.89E-06	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	4.61E-07	EPA, 1999*	4.35E-06	3.11E-02		EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	3.62E-06	EPA, 1999*	5.90E-06
ickel	1.91E+01	2.00E-02	3.82E-01	EPA, 1999	2.00E-02	3.82E-01	EPA, 1999	3.20E-02	6.11E-01	EPA, 1999	3.60E-03	2.20E-03	EPA, 1999	8.63E-06	1.65E-04	EPA, 1999	2.37E-03	3.60E-03	2.20E-03	EPA, 1999	8.63E-06	1.65E-04	EPA, 1999	2.37E-03
henanthrene	5.84E-01	7.00E-02	4.09E-02	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	4.09E-02	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	1.18E-02	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	6.26E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	7.42E-05	EPA, 1999*	7.01E-04	3.11E-02	3.67E-04	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	5.83E-04	EPA, 1999*	9.50E-04
yrene	1.15E+00	7.00E-02	8.04E-02	EPA, 1999*	7.00E-02	8.04E-02	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	2.32E-02	EPA, 1999*	5.31E-02	1.23E-03	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	1.46E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.38E-03	3.11E-02	7.22E-04	EPA, 1999*	9.98E-04	1.15E-03	EPA, 1999*	1.87E-03
'anadium	2.29E+01	1.00E-02	2.29E-01	Sample, 1998	1.00E-02	2.29E-01	Sample, 199	7.50E-03	1.72E-01	Bechtel, 1998	3.30E-03	5.66E-04	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.81E-04	Sample, 1998a	7.47E-04	3.30E-03	5.66E-04	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.81E-04	Sample, 1998	7.47E-04
inc	1.18E+03	5.60E-01	6.61E+02	EPA, 1999	5.60E-01	6.61E+02		1.20E-12	1.42E-09	EPA, 1999	5.39E-05	7.64E-14	EPA, 1999	1.29E-07	1.52E-04	EPA, 1999	1.52E-04	3.89E-03		EPA, 1999	1.25E-04	1.48E-01	EPA, 1999	1.48E-01
PAH	6.33E-01	7.00E-02	4.43E-02	EPA. 1999*	7.00E-02	4.43E-02	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	1.28E-02	EPA. 1999*	5.31E-02	6.79E-04	EPA. 1999*	1.27E-04	8.04E-05	EPA, 1999*	7.60E-04	3.11E-02	3.98E-04	EPA. 1999*	9.98E-04	6.32E-04	EPA, 1999*	1.03E-03
PAH	3.63E+00	7.00E-02	2.54E-01	EPA. 1999*	7.00E-02	2.54E-01	EPA, 1999*	2.02E-02	7.34E-02	EPA. 1999*	5.31E-02	3.89E-03	EPA, 1999*	1.27E-04	4.61E-04	EPA, 1999*	4.36E-03	3.11E-02	2.28E-03	EPA. 1999*	9.98E-04	3.62E-03	EPA, 1999*	5.91E-03
OTAL PAHs	4.26E+00	7 00F-02	2.99E-01	EPA 1999*	7.00E-02	2.99E-01		2.00E-02	8.53E-02	EPA. 1999*	5.31F-02	4.53E-03	FPA 1999*	1.27E-04	5.42E-04	EPA 1999*	5.07F-03	3.11F-02	2.65E-03	FPA 1999*	9.98F-04	4.26E-03	EPA 1999*	6.91F-03

Nation:
**surface soil data were used because it was not a COPEC for all soil.
**For wandfurn and molybdenum, the BCF values for chromium were used since they are in transitional elements with similar properties.
**For BAFs and BCF for LPAHs and PHAHs, the most conservative value for the individual PAHs was used to estimated food concentrations.
**If no BAF or BCF was available in the literature, a default value of 1.0 was used.

TABLE E-2 TOXICITY REFERENCE VALUES

Section Control Cont														A-1					
Section 1964 197, 200 197	Parameter	(Earthworm)	Pof	Commente	Herbivore (Deer Mouse)	Def	Commente	Carnivore (Coyote)	Paf	Commente	Omnivore (Least	Daf	Commente	(American Robin)	Daf	Commente	(Red-tailed Hawk)	Def	Comments
March 1974 1975 1974 1975	i didiretei	(mg/ng)	ru.	Comments	(ingingsivious)	1461.	Comments	(mg/ngD11-ddy)	1001.	Comments	Onewy (ingrigativeday)	1001.	Commens	(mg/ngb/r-duy)	ru.	Commence	(ingrigotr-day)	1001.	Commence
1,050 1,05																			
Comment reader Comm													with an uncertainty factor of						
Communication Communicatio	Antimony	3.00E+01	EPA, 2005a	earthworms	1.25E-01	Sample, 1996	of 0.1	1.25E-01	Sample, 1996	uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.25E-01	Sample, 1996	0.1						
Section 1,000 1,				the EC20 values for															
Second 1,350 19, 200				three test species			Geometric mean of			Geometric mean of			Geometric mean of NOAEL						
Comparison	Barium.	2 205+02	EDA 2005a		E 10E+01	EDA 20060		E 10E+01	EDA 2005a		E 10E+01	EDA 200Ea		1.01E+01	EDA 1000		2.155+01	EDA 1000	
Secretary Secr		3.30E+02	EFA, 2000g	test conditions or pri	0.10E*01	EFA, 2000g	reproduction and growth	0.10E+01	EFA, 2000g	reproduction and growth	0.10E+01	EFA, 2000g	giomii	1.912701	EFA, 1999		3.102*01	EFA, 1999	
Second Standard Second Sta																			
Common C																			
Committee Comm	Benzo(k)fluoranthene																		
Control Cont	Controlor	4005-04	FD4 4000	NOAEL for cocoon production in	7.705.04	EDA 0005h	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	7705.04	FD4 000Fb	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	7705.04	EDA OMEN	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and	4.475.00	FD4 4000	NOAEL values for	4.475.00	FD4 4000	NOAEL values for
Commiss	Cadmium	1.00E+01	EPA, 1999	Mavimum	7.70E-01	EPA, 2005b	growth, and survival	7.70E-01	EPA, 20000	growth, and survival	7./UE-U1	EPA, 20000	survival	1.47E+00	EPA, 1999	reproduction and growth	1.47E+00	EPA, 1999	reproduction and growth
Page Page				acceptable toxicant concentration (MATC) for			NOAEL values for			NOAEL values for						NOAEL values for			NOAEL values for
Page of Located World Page		5.70E+01	EPA, 2005c	in earthworm	2.40E+00	EPA, 2005c	reproduction and growth	2.40E+00	EPA, 2005c	reproduction and growth	2.40E+00	EPA, 2005c	growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	reproduction and growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	reproduction and growth
Contract Contract	Chrysene																		
Highest bounded NOAE, for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded in the bounded bounded in the bounded bounded in the bounded bounded in the bounded bounded in the bounded bounded in the bounded bounded in the bounded bounded in the bounded bounded in the bounded bounded in the bounded bounded in the bounded	Fluoranthene	8.00E+01	EPA, 2007c	the MATC and EC10 values for six test species under	5.60E+00	EPA, 2007c	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	5.60E+00	EPA, 2007c	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	5.60E+00	EPA, 2007c	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	4.06E+00	EPA, 2007c	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and
Convenience Convenience	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene																		
	Lead	1.70E+03	EPA. 2005e	MATC values for one test species	4.70E+00	EPA. 2005e	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	4.70E+00	EPA. 2005e	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	4.70E+00	EPA. 2005e	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and	1.63E+00	EPA. 2005e	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	1.63E+00	EPA. 2005e	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and
Toricity value not available - TRY for avail	Lithium					Sample, 1996			Sample, 1996			Sample, 1996							
Moretary 2,506+00 EPA, 1999 mortally recolutarity and mortally in columns quality	Manganese				1.06E+02	Sample, 1996		7.00E+01	Sample, 1996		1.15E+02	Sample, 1996		9.98E+02	Sample, 1996		1.64E+03	Sample, 1996	
Premier Premie				available - TRV for methyl mercury was			NOAEL for reproduction in mink (dose 1.01 with			NOAEL for reproduction in mink (dose 1.01 with			for reproduction in mink (dose 1.01 with uncertainty			mortality in coturnix quail (dose 325 with uncertainty			mortality in coturnix quail (dose 325 with uncertainty
Parence		2.50E+00	EPA, 1999	used as a surrogate	1.01E+00	EPA, 1999	uncertainty factor of 1)	1.01E+00	EPA, 1999	uncertainty factor of 1)	1.01E+00	EPA, 1999	factor of 1)	3.25E+00	EPA, 1999	factor of 0.01)	3.25E+00	EPA, 1999	factor of 0.01)
Geometric mean of be MATC and ECTO Geometric mean of be MATC and ECTO Geometric mean of be MATC and ECTO Geometric mean of both MATC and ECTO Geometric mean of both MATC and ECTO Geometric mean of both MATC and ECTO Geometric mean of both MATC and ECTO Geometric mean of both MATC and ECTO Geometric mean of both MATC and ECTO Geometric mean of both MATC and ECTO Geometric mean of both MATC Geometric		-	1												-			-	
2.000 2.00	n grand			the MATC and EC10 values for three test species under			NOAEL values for			NOAEL values for			values for reproduction and			NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth			NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth
For growth and reproduction For growth and reproduction For growth and reproduction For growth and reproduction For growth and reproduction For growth and reproduction For growth For g	Zinc	1.20E+02	EPA, 2007e	different test species	7.54E+01	EPA, 2007e	reproduction and growth	7.54E+01	EPA, 2007e	reproduction and growth	7.54E+01	EPA, 2007e	growth	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	effect groups	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	effect groups
for growth and reproduction for growth and reproduction for growth and reproduction for growth and reproduction for growth and reproduction for growth and reproduction for growth and reproduction for growth and reproduction for growth and reproduction for growth and reproduction for growth and reproduction for growth gr	<u>LPAH</u>	2.90E+01	EPA, 2007b		6.56E+01	EPA, 2007b	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	6.56E+01	EPA, 2007b	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	6.56E+01	EPA, 2007b	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	6.56E+01		Mammalian TRV	6.56E+01		Mammalian TRV
IUIAL PARS		1.80E+01	EPA, 2007b		6.15E-01	EPA, 2007b	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	6.15E-01	EPA, 2007b	NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	6.15E-01	EPA, 2007b	for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and	6.15E-01		Mammalian TRV	6.15E-01		Mammalian TRV
	TOTAL PAHs	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l			l	<u> </u>					1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	l	L	

TABLE E-3 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Invertebrate (EARTHWORM)

Ecological Haza	ard □uotient □ Sc/TRV	
Parameter Sc	Definition Soil Concentration (mg/kg)	Default see below
Sc TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)	see Table E-2

	Exposure Point Concentration*	TRV	Maximum
Chemical	(Sc)	(earthworm)	EHQ [†]
Antimony	2.19E+00	3.00E+01	7.30E-02
Barium	1.13E+03	3.30E+02	3.42E+00
Benzo(a)anthracene	8.20E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	7.60E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5.70E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	8.30E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.06E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Cadmium	1.10E-01	1.00E+01	1.10E-02
Chromium	2.01E+01	5.70E+01	3.53E-01
Chrysene	8.30E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	1.93E+01	8.00E+01	2.41E-01
Fluoranthene	1.56E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	4.17E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead	1.52E+01	1.70E+03	8.94E-03
Lithium	3.25E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese	5.51E+02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Mercury	3.00E-02	2.50E+00	1.20E-02
Phenanthrene	1.37E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	1.27E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Zinc	9.69E+02	1.20E+02	8.08E+00
LPAH	6.72E-03	2.90E+01	2.32E-04
HPAH	1.19E+00	1.80E+01	6.59E-02
TOTAL PAHs	1.19E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV

Notes:

[†]Shading indicates H□ □ 1.

EPC for sedentary receptor is maximum measured concentration taken from Report Table 5.

TABLE E-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Small Mammalian Herbivore Omnivore (DEER MOUSE)

SOIL INGESTION				
INTA□E □ (Sc □IR □A	F □A□F) / (BW)			
Parameter Intake	Definition		Value	Reference
Sc	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Soil concentration (mg/kg)		calculated See Table E-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/	day)□	1.50E-06	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unit		1.302-00	EPA, 1997
A□F	Area □se Factor	(600)	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.50E+02	avis and Schmidly, 2009
Chemical		Sc		Intake
Antimony Barium		8.90E-01 9.02E+02		8.90E-09 9.02E-06
Benzo(a)anthracene		7.61E-03		7.61E-11
Benzo(a)pyrene		1.00E-02		1.00E-10
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		8.22E-03		8.22E-11
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		3.50E-02		3.50E-10
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.15E-02		1.15E-10
Cadmium		1.90E-02		1.90E-10
Chromium		1.70E+01		1.70E-07
Chrysene		1.40E-02		1.40E-10
Copper		1.44E+01		1.44E-07
Fluoranthene		1.15E-02		1.15E-10
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyren	e	2.95E-02		2.95E-10
Lead		1.43E+01		1.43E-07
Lithium		2.41E+01		2.41E-07
Manganese		5.07E+02		5.07E-06
Mercury		2.41E-02		2.41E-10
Phenanthrene		6.72E-03		6.72E-11
Pyrene		2.00E-02		2.00E-10
Zinc		7.50E+02		7.50E-06
LPAH		6.72E-03		6.72E-11
HPAH		1.47E-01		1.47E-09
TOTAL PAHs		1.54E-01		1.54E-09
FOOD INGESTION				
INTA□E □ ((Ca □IR □I	DFa □A□F) / (BW) + ((Cp □IR □DFs	□A□F)/(BW))	Value	Reference
INTA□E □ ((Ca □IR □I Parameter	Definition	□A□F)/(BW))	Value calculated	Reference
INTA□E □ ((Ca □IR □I Parameter	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)	'A F)/(BW))		Reference
INTA E ((Ca IR I Parameter Intake Ca	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg)	[A□F)/(BW))	calculated	Reference
INTA□E □ ((Ca □IR □I Parameter Intake Ca Cp	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg)		calculated see Table E-14	Reference EPA, 1993
INTA E ((Ca IR I Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg)	(kg/day)□	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14	
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food	(kg/day)□ ess)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05	EPA, 1993
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit)	(kg/day)□ ess)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 Prof ⊑udgment
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an	(kg/day)□ ess)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01	EPA, 1993 Prof ⊑udgment Prof ⊑udgment
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitl Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area □se Factor	(kg/day)□ ess)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof ⊑udgment Prof ⊑udgment EPA, 1997
INTA E ((Ca IR II Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitl Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area □se Factor	(kg/day)□ ess) d other vegetation (unitless)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof ⊑udgment Prof ⊑udgment EPA, 1997
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitl Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)	(kg/day)□ ess) d other vegetation (unitless) Plant	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitl Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)	(kg/day)□ sss) d other vegetation (unitless) Plant 1 1.78E-01	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitl Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropoc	(kg/day)□ ess) d other vegetation (unitless) Plant 1 1.78E-01 2 1.35E+02	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitl Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0	(kg/day)□ sss) d other vegetation (unitless) Plant 1 1.78E-01 2 1.36E+02 4 1.54E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0	(kg/day)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0	(kg/day)□ 35S) d other vegetation (unitless) Plant 1 1.78E-01 2 1.35E+02 4 1.54E-04 4 1.01E-04 4 8.30E-05	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitl Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0	(kg/day)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 2.45E-0	(kg/day)□ sss) d other vegetation (unitless) Plant 1 1.78E-01 2 1.35E+02 4 1.54E-04 4 1.01E-04 4 8.30E-05 3 7.07E-04 4 1.16E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Ludgment Prof Ludgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06
INTA E (((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitl Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 2.45E-0 9.20E-0	(kg/day) sss) d other vegetation (unitless) Plant 1.78E-01 2 1.35E+02 4 1.54E-04 4 1.01E-04 4 8.30E-05 3 7.07E-04 4 1.16E-04 2 6.92E-03	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof □udgment Prof □udgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 2.45E-0 9.20E-0 1.82E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.60E-0	Ref Ref Ref	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06
INTA E (((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 2.45E-0 9.20E-0 1.82E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0	Ref Ref	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof _udgment Prof _udgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 2.45E-0 9.20E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0 8.05E-0	Plant 1.78E-01 2.52E-04 4 2.32E-04 4 4 2.32E-04 4 2.32E-04 4 2.32E-04 4 2.32E-04 4 4 4 2.32E-04 4 4 4 2.32E-04 4 4 4 2.32E-04 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Ludgment Prof Ludgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E-0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 9.20E-0 1.82E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0 6.805E-0 6.805E-0 6.805E-0 6.805E-0	Plant 1.78E-01 2.32E-04 4. 2.32E-04 4. 2.32E-04 4. 2.32E-04 4. 3.76E+00 calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Ludgment Prof Ludgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06 1.70E-06	
INTA IE I ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 9.20E-0 1.82E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0 8.05E-0 e 2.36E-0 4.30E-0	(kg/day)□ ses) d other vegetation (unitless) Plant 1 1.78E-01 2 1.35E+02 4 1.54E-04 4 1.01E-04 4 8.30E-05 3 7.07E-04 4 1.16E-04 2 6.92E-03 1 1.27E-01 4 2.62E-04 1 5.76E+00 4 2.32E-04 1 5.76E+00 4 1.15E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06 1.70E-06 3.11E-03
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 2.45E-0 9.20E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0 5.76E-0 6.8.05E-0 e 2.36E-0 4.30E-0 2.41E+0	Ref Plant	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06 1.70E-06 3.11E-03 1.20E-01
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E-0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 9.20E-0 1.82E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0 8.05E-0 6.30E-0 4.30E-0 2.41E-0 3.06E+0	Plant 1.78E-01 2.41E-01 4.01E-01 1.15E-04 1	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof _udgment Prof _udgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06 1.70E-06 3.11E-03 1.20E-01 1.96E-01
INTA INTA INTA INTA INTA INTA INTA INTA	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 2.45E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0 8.05E-0 e 4.30E-0 4.30E-0 2.41E+0 3.06E+0 2.05E-0	Registration Regi	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Ludgment Prof Ludgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06 1.70E-06 3.11E-03 1.20E-01 1.96E-01 1.17E-04
INTA IE I ((Ca IR IT IT Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs AIF BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a) pyrene Benzo(g), h, i) perylene Benzo(g), h, i) perylene Benzo(g) fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chromium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd) pyren Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (ang/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 2.45E-0 9.20E-0 1.82E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0 8.05E-0 e 2.36E-0 4.30E-0 2.41E+0 3.06E+0 2.05E-0 4.70E-0	Reserve Rese	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Eudgment Prof Eudgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06 1.70E-06 3.11E-03 1.20E-01 1.17E-04 8.45E-07
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 9.20E-0 1.82E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0 8.05E-0 4.30E-0 2.41E+0 3.06E+0 2.05E-0 4.70E-0 1.40E-0	Registration Plant	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Ludgment Prof Ludgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06 1.70E-06 3.11E-03 1.20E-01 1.96E-01 1.17E-04 8.45E-07 2.51E-06
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E-0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 9.20E-0 1.82E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0 8.05E-0 e 2.38E-0 4.30E-0 2.41E+0 3.06E-0 2.05E-0 4.70E-0 1.00E-0 4.70E-0 4.70E-0 4.70E-0 4.20E+0	Plant 1.78E-01 2.1.35E+02 4.1.15E-04 4.1.27E-01 4.2.32E-04 1.15E-04 4.2.32E-04 1.15E-04 1.16E-04 1.	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Ludgment Prof Ludgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06 1.70E-06 3.11E-03 1.20E-01 1.96E-01 1.17E-04 8.45E-07 2.51E-06 2.10E-01
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (ang/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E+0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 2.45E-0 9.20E-0 1.82E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 6.576E-0 8.05E-0 e 2.36E-0 4.30E-0 2.41E+0 3.06E+0 2.05E-0 4.70E-0 1.40E-0 4.70E-0 4.40E-0 4.20E+0	Regide Plant	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof _udgment Prof _udgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06 1.70E-06 3.11E-03 1.20E-01 1.96E-01 1.17E-04 8.45E-07 2.51E-06 2.10E-01 8.45E-07
INTA E ((Ca IR I	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food Dietary fraction of arthropods (unit) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds an Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-0 1.98E-0 2.28E-0 7.00E-0 5.75E-0 9.20E-0 1.82E-0 1.70E-0 5.60E-0 5.76E-0 8.05E-0 e 2.38E-0 4.30E-0 2.41E+0 3.06E-0 2.05E-0 4.70E-0 1.00E-0 4.70E-0 4.70E-0 4.70E-0 4.20E+0	(kg/day)□ ess) d other vegetation (unitless) Plant 1	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 7.49E-05 1.00E-01 9.00E-01 1	EPA, 1993 Prof Ludgment Prof Ludgment EPA, 1997 avis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 8.98E-04 7.07E-01 8.05E-07 8.03E-07 6.60E-07 4.40E-06 9.81E-07 4.02E-05 6.56E-04 1.46E-06 2.62E-02 1.45E-06 1.70E-06 3.11E-03 1.20E-01 1.96E-01 1.17E-04 8.45E-07 2.51E-06 2.10E-01

TABLE E-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Small Mammalian Herbivore Omnivore (DEER MOUSE)

TABLE E-INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Small Mammalian Herbivore Omnivore (DEER MOUSE)

TOTAL INTA E	
INTA□E □ Soil Intake + Food Intake	
Chemical	Total Intake
Antimony	8.98E-04
Barium	7.07E-01
Benzo(a)anthracene	8.05E-07
Benzo(a)pyrene	8.04E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.60E-07
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.40E-06
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	9.81E-07
Cadmium	4.02E-05
Chromium	6.56E-04
Chrysene	1.46E-06
Copper	2.62E-02
Fluoranthene	1.45E-06
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.70E-06
Lead	3.11E-03
Lithium	1.20E-01
Manganese	1.96E-01
Mercury	1.17E-04
Phenanthrene	8.45E-07
Pyrene	2.51E-06
Zinc	2.10E-01
LPAH	8.45E-07
HPAH	1.85E-05
TOTAL PAHs	1.94E-05

Notes: □Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE E-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Lar□e Mammalian Carnivore (CO□OTE)

(m.				
SOIL INGESTION				
INTADE D(Sc DIR DAF D	A□F) / (BW)			
	, (5, (5, (5, (5, (5, (5, (5, (5, (5, (5			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)		see Table E-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/d		4.83E-05	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitle	SS)	1	EPA, 1997
A□F BW	Area □se Factor		1 1.40E+01	EPA, 1997
DVV	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.406+01	avis and Schmidly, 2009
Chemical		Sc		Intake
Antimony		8.90E-01		3.07E-06
Barium		9.02E+02		3.11E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene		7.61E-03		2.63E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene		1.00E-02		3.45E-08
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		8.22E-03		2.84E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		3.50E-02		1.21E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.15E-02		3.97E-08
Cadmium		1.90E-02		6.56E-08
Chromium		1.70E+01		5.85E-05
Chrysene		1.40E-02		4.83E-08
Copper		1.44E+01		4.97E-05
Fluoranthene		1.15E-02		3.97E-08
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		2.95E-02		1.02E-07
Lead		1.43E+01 2.41E+01		4.94E-05
Lithium Manganese				8.32E-05 1.75E-03
Manganese Mercury		5.07E+02 2.41E-02		1.75E-03 8.31E-08
Phenanthrene		6.72E-03		2.32E-08
Pyrene		2.00E-02		6.90E-08
Zinc		7.50E+02		2.59E-03
LPAH		6.72E-03		2.32E-08
HPAH		1.47E-01		5.08E-07
TOTAL PAHs		1.54E-01		5.31E-07
INTA□E □ ((Cm □IR □Dfr Parameter	n □A□F)/(BW) + (Cb □IR □DFb □A□F) / (BW)) Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	1101010100
Cm	Mammal concentration (mg/kg)		see Table E-14	
Cb	Bird concentration (mg/kg)		see Table E-14	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□		2.41E-03	EPA, 1993
Dfm	Dietary fraction of small mammals (unitless)		7.50E-01	EPA, 1993
Dfb	Dietary fraction of birds (unitless)		2.50E-01	EPA, 1993
A□F	Area □se Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.40E+01	EPA, 1993
Chemical	Mammal	Died		Intoko
Chemical	Mammal	Bird		Intake
Antimony	1.08E-04	1.08E-04		1.86E-08
Barium	1.24E-02	1.24E-02		2.13E-06
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.24E-06	1.67E-06		2.32E-10
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.54E-06	5.01E-06		5.43E-10
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.47E-06	4.86E-06		5.27E-10
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.20E-05	5.69E-05		7.87E-09
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.43E-06	6.77E-06		7.35E-10
Cadmium	5.01E-07	3.54E-04		1.53E-08
Chromium	5.54E-04	5.54E-04		9.53E-08
Chrysene Copper	2.44E-06 6.52E+00	3.44E-06 6.52E+00		4.63E-10 1.12E-03
Fluoranthene	1.38E-05	1.87E-05		2.59E-09
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.31E-05	7.68E-05		6.28E-09
Lead	1.22E-04	1.22E-04		2.10E-08
Lithium	4.83E+01	4.83E+01		8.31E-03
Manganese	5.47E+02	5.47E+02		9.41E-02
Mercury	1.57E-06	6.48E-06		4.82E-10
Phenanthrene	8.06E-06	1.09E-05		1.51E-09
Pyrene	2.40E-05	3.25E-05		4.50E-09
Zinc	9.67E-05	9.37E-02		4.04E-06
LPAH	8.06E-06	1.09E-05		1.51E-09
HPAH	1.77E-04	2.40E-04		3.31E-08
TOTAL PAHs	1.85E-04	2.51E-04		3.46E-08

TABLE E-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Lar□e Mammalian Carnivore (CO□OTE)

TABLE E-INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Lar □ e Mammalian Carnivore (CO □ OTE)

TOTAL INTA E				
NTA⊡E □ Soil Intake + Food Intake				
WALL BOTH INTERCONDUCTION				
	Total			
Chemical	Intake			
Antimony	3.09E-06			
Barium	3.11E-03			
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.65E-08			
Benzo(a)pyrene	3.50E-08			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.89E-08			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.29E-07			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.04E-08			
Cadmium	8.09E-08			
Chromium	5.86E-05			
Chrysene	4.88E-08			
Copper	1.17E-03			
Fluoranthene	4.23E-08			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.08E-07			
Lead	4.95E-05			
Lithium	8.39E-03			
Manganese	9.59E-02			
Mercury	8.36E-08			
Phenanthrene	2.47E-08			
Pyrene	7.35E-08			
Zinc	2.59E-03			
LPAH	2.47E-08			
HPAH	5.41E-07			
TOTAL PAHs	5.66E-07			

Notes: □Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE E-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)

SOIL INGESTION				
INITAGE GVO. GID GIG.				
INTAGE G(Sc GIR GAF GAGF) / (BV	V)			
Darameter	Definition		Value	Deference
Parameter Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	Reference
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)		see Table E-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/day)□		2.71E-07	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Area □se Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		4.00E-03	Davis and Schmidly, 2009
	, , ,			
Chemical		Sc		Intake
Antimony		8.90E-01		6.03E-05
Barium		9.02E+02		6.11E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene		7.61E-03		5.16E-07
Benzo(a)pyrene		1.00E-02		6.78E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		8.22E-03		5.57E-07
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		3.50E-02		2.37E-06
Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium		1.15E-02 1.90E-02		7.79E-07 1.29E-06
Chromium		1.70E+01		1.15E-03
Chrysene		1.70E+01 1.40E-02		9.49E-07
Copper		1.44E+01		9.49E-07 9.76E-04
Fluoranthene		1.44E+01 1.15E-02		9.76E-04 7.79E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		2.95E-02		2.00E-06
Lead		1.43E+01		9.71E-04
Lithium		2.41E+01		1.63E-03
Manganese		5.07E+02		3.43E-02
Mercury		2.41E-02		1.63E-06
Phenanthrene		6.72E-03		4.55E-07
Pyrene		2.00E-02		1.36E-06
Zinc		7.50E+02		5.08E-02
LPAH		6.72E-03		4.55E-07
HPAH		1.47E-01		9.98E-06
TOTAL PAHs		1.54E-01		1.04E-05
FOOD INGESTION				
I				
INTA□E □ ((Ca □IR □DFa □A□F) / (BW) + ((Cp □IR □DFs □A□F)/(BW))			
			Walter	Deference
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Parameter Intake	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	Reference
Parameter Intake Ca	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg)		calculated see Table E-14	Reference
Parameter Intake Ca Cp	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg)		calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14	
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□		calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06	EPA, 1993
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless)	etation (unitless)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegr	etation (unitless)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs A□F	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day) Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegenations.	etation (unitless)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegr	etation (unitless)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs A□F	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day) Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegenations.	etation (unitless)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs A□F	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day) Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegenations.	etation (unitless)	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs A□F	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day) Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegenations.	etation (unitless) Plant	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs BW Chemical	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)	Plant	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01	Plant 1.78E-01	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs BW Chemical Antimony Barium	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IIR Dfa Dfs BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vego Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegrance is e Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegrance is effector Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs SW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,h,i)perylene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs Ofs Ofs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)filuoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(g,hi)filoranthene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegether and the seeds and the	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfa Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(c)dmium Benzo(calmium Benzo(de)fluoranthene Cadmium	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegrance is effector Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs Dfs BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chromium Chromium Chrysene Copper	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegether and the seeds and the seeds and other vegether and the seeds and other vegether and the seeds and other vegether and the seeds and th	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegrance is effective fraction of plants, seeds and other vegrance	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07 1.80E-06
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs Dfs BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chromium Chromium Chromium Chromium Choper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-03	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07 1.80E-06 3.81E-04
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfa Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(gh,i)perylene Benzo(gh,i)perylene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chromium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegrance is effective in the properties of	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07 1.80E-06 3.81E-04 2.04E-02
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07 1.80E-06 3.81E-04 2.04E-02 2.67E-02
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IIR Dfa Dfs Dfs Dfs BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01 3.30E-03	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07 1.80E-06 3.81E-04 2.04E-02 2.67E-02 1.56E-04
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs Dfs BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Load Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vegrance is expected in the property of the property	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01 3.30E-03 1.36E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07 1.80E-06 3.81E-04 2.04E-02 2.67E-02 1.56E-04 3.69E-07
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs Dfs BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(a)hjloerylene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene Pyrene	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04 1.70E-04 1.70E-04	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01 3.30E-03 1.36E-04 4.04E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07 1.80E-06 3.81E-04 2.04E-02 2.67E-02 1.56E-04 3.69E-07 1.10E-06
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene Pyrene Zinc	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03 4.20E+02	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 3.30E-03 1.36E-04 4.04E-04 8.99E-10	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07 1.80E-06 3.81E-04 2.04E-02 2.67E-02 1.56E-04 3.69E-07 1.10E-06 3.19E-01
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chromium Chromium Chromium Chromium Chromium Chysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene Pyrene Zinc LPAH	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03 4.20E+02 4.70E-04	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01 3.30E-03 1.36E-04 4.04E-04 8.99E-10 1.36E-04	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07 1.80E-06 3.81E-04 2.04E-02 2.67E-02 1.56E-04 3.69E-07 1.10E-06 3.19E-01 3.69E-07
Parameter Intake Ca Cp IR Dfa Dfs Dfs Dfs A□F BW Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene Pyrene Zinc	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day) Arthropod concentration (mg/kg) Plant concentration (mg/kg) Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□ Dietary fraction of arthropods (unitless) Dietary fraction of plants, seeds and other vege Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Arthropod 1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03 4.20E+02	Plant 1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 3.30E-03 1.36E-04 4.04E-04 8.99E-10	calculated see Table E-14 see Table E-14 3.38E-06 9.00E-01 1.00E-01	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997 Davis and Schmidly, 2009 Intake 1.64E-04 1.62E-01 1.87E-07 5.41E-07 4.45E-07 1.92E-06 7.09E-07 1.45E-05 1.40E-04 4.48E-07 9.25E-04 6.32E-07 1.80E-06 3.81E-04 2.04E-02 2.67E-02 1.56E-04 3.69E-07 1.10E-06 3.19E-01

TABLE E-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)

TABLE E-INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL **Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)**

TOTAL INTA E			
NTA□E □ Soil Intake + Food Intake			
	Total		
Chemical	Intake		
Antimony	2.24E-04		
Barium	2.23E-01		
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.02E-07		
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.22E-06		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.00E-06		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.29E-06		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.49E-06		
Cadmium	1.57E-05		
Chromium	1.29E-03		
Chrysene	1.40E-06		
Copper	1.90E-03		
Fluoranthene	1.41E-06		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.80E-06		
Lead	1.35E-03		
Lithium	2.20E-02		
Manganese	6.10E-02		
Mercury	1.58E-04		
Phenanthrene	8.24E-07		
Pyrene	2.45E-06		
Zinc	3.70E-01		
LPAH	8.24E-07		
HPAH	1.81E-05		
TOTAL PAHs	1.89E-05		

Notes: Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE E-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Avian Herbivore Omnivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

SOIL INGESTION INTA = (Sc IR AF A F / (BW) Parameter Intake Sc IR AF A F BW Chemical	Definition Intake of chemical (i Soil concentration (r Maximum Ingestion Chemical Bioavailat Area se Factor Minimum Body weig	ng/kg-day)			
Parameter Intake Sc IR AF A□F BW	Intake of chemical (in Soil concentration (in Maximum Ingestion Chemical Bioavailabharea ☐se Factor	mg/kg-day)			
Parameter Intake Sc IR AF AGIF BW	Intake of chemical (in Soil concentration (in Maximum Ingestion Chemical Bioavailabharea ☐se Factor	mg/kg-day)			
Intake Sc IIR AF A□F BW	Intake of chemical (in Soil concentration (in Maximum Ingestion Chemical Bioavailabharea ☐se Factor	ng/kg-day)			
Sc IR AF A□F BW	Soil concentration (r Maximum Ingestion Chemical Bioavailab Area ☐se Factor	mg/kg-day)		Value	Reference
IR AF AUF BW	Maximum Ingestion Chemical Bioavailab Area □se Factor			calculated	
AF A⊡F BW	Chemical Bioavailab Area □se Factor			see Table E-1 2.52E-06	EPA, 1993
AGF BW	Area □se Factor			2.52L-00	EPA, 1997
BW		mity in oon (unitedo)		1	EPA, 1997
Chemical		ht (kg)		6.30E-02	EPA, 1993
Chemical					
on on invari			Sc		Intake
Antimony			8.90E-01		3.56E-05
Antimony Barium			8.90E-01 9.02E+02		3.61E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene			7.61E-03		3.04E-07
Benzo(a)pyrene			1.00E-02		4.00E-07
Benzo(b)fluoranthene			8.22E-03		3.29E-07
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene			3.50E-02		1.40E-06
Benzo(k)fluoranthene			1.15E-02		4.60E-07
Cadmium			1.90E-02		7.60E-07
Chromium			1.70E+01		6.78E-04
Chrysene Copper			1.40E-02 1.44E+01		5.60E-07 5.76E-04
Fluoranthene			1.44E+01 1.15E-02		5.76E-04 4.60E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene			2.95E-02		1.18E-06
Lead			1.43E+01		5.73E-04
Lithium			2.41E+01		9.65E-04
Manganese			5.07E+02		2.03E-02
Mercury			2.41E-02		9.64E-07
Phenanthrene			6.72E-03		2.69E-07
Pyrene			2.00E-02		8.00E-07 3.00E-02
Zinc			7.50E+02		
LPAH HPAH			6.72E-03 1.47E-01		2.69E-07 5.89E-06
TOTAL PAHs			1.54E-01		6.16E-06
FOOD INGESTION					
INTADE D((Ce DIR DDfe DADF)/(BW) +	+ (Ca □IR □DFa □A□	F) / (BW) + ((Cn □IR □DEs	s (A F)/(BW))		
	(· /· (= · · / ((= p = · · · = = · ·	, (,)		
Parameter	Definition			Value	Reference
Intake Ce	Intake of chemical (calculated see Table E-14	
Ca	Earthworm concentral Arthropod concentral			see Table E-14	
Ср	Plant concentration			see Table E-14	
IR		rate of of food (kg/day)		4.85E-05	EPA, 1993
Dfe		arthworms (unitless)		4.60E-01	EPA, 1993
Dfa	Dietary fraction of a	rthropods (unitless)		4.60E-01	EPA, 1993
Dfs		ants, seeds and other veg	etation (unitless)	8.00E-02	EPA, 1993
A□F	Area □se Factor			1	EPA, 1997
	Minimum Body weig	nt (kg)		6.30E-02	EPA, 1993
BW					
BW Chemical	Earthworm	Arthropod	Plant		Intake
	Earthworm	Arthropod 1.96E-01	Plant 1.78E-01		Intake
Chemical		·			
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,h,j)perylene	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h.i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Chromium Chromium	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05 1.28E-04
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.38E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,li)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05 1.28E-04
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chromium Chrysene Copper	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07 7.63E-04
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,hi)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chromium Chromathene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07 7.63E-04 5.84E-07 1.68E-06 3.44E-04
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07 7.63E-04 5.84E-07 1.68E-06 3.44E-04 1.86E-02
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,fluoranthene Cadmium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.38E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07 7.63E-04 5.84E-07 1.68E-06 3.44E-04 1.86E-02 2.42E-02
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01 3.30E-03		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.38E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07 7.63E-04 5.84E-07 1.68E-06 3.44E-04 1.86E-02 2.42E-02 1.45E-04
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04	1.78E-01 1.36E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01 3.30E-03 1.36E-04		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07 7.63E-04 5.84E-07 1.68E-06 3.44E-04 1.86E-02 2.42E-02 1.45E-04 3.42E-07
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,fluoranthene Gadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene Pyrene	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01 3.30E-03 1.36E-04 4.04E-04		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07 7.63E-04 5.84E-07 1.68E-06 3.44E-04 1.86E-02 2.42E-02 1.45E-04 3.42E-04 3.42E-07 1.02E-06
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03 4.20E+02	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03 4.20E+02	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01 3.30E-03 1.36E-04 4.04E-04 8.99E-10		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07 7.63E-04 5.84E-07 1.68E-06 3.44E-04 1.86E-02 2.42E-02 1.45E-04 3.42E-07 1.02E-06 2.97E-01
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene Pyrene Zinc	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 2.05E-01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01 3.30E-03 1.36E-04 4.04E-04		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07 7.63E-04 5.84E-07 1.68E-06 3.44E-04 1.86E-02 2.42E-02 1.45E-04 3.42E-04 3.42E-07 1.02E-06
Chemical Antimony Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Cadmium Chromium Chrysene Copper Fluoranthene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Phenanthrene Pyrene Zinc LPAH	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03 4.20E+02 4.70E-04	1.96E-01 1.98E+02 2.28E-04 7.00E-04 5.75E-04 2.45E-03 9.20E-04 1.82E-02 1.70E-01 5.60E-04 5.76E-01 8.05E-04 2.36E-03 4.30E-01 2.41E+01 3.06E+01 4.70E-04 1.40E-03 4.20E+02 4.70E-04	1.78E-01 1.35E+02 1.54E-04 1.01E-04 8.30E-05 7.07E-04 1.16E-04 6.92E-03 1.27E-01 2.62E-04 5.76E+00 2.32E-04 1.15E-04 6.45E-01 2.41E+01 4.01E+01 3.30E-03 1.36E-04 8.99E-10 1.36E-04		1.50E-04 1.49E-01 1.71E-07 5.02E-07 4.13E-07 1.78E-06 6.59E-07 1.33E-05 1.28E-04 4.13E-07 7.63E-04 5.84E-07 1.68E-06 3.44E-04 1.86E-02 2.42E-02 1.45E-04 3.42E-07 1.02E-06 2.97E-01 3.42E-07

TABLE E-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Avian Herbivore Omnivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

TOTAL INTA E			
NTA□E □ Soil Intake + Food Intake			
Chemical	Total Intake		
Antimony	1.85E-04		
Barium	1.85E-01		
Benzo(a)anthracene	4.76E-07		
Benzo(a)pyrene	9.02E-07		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	7.41E-07		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.18E-06		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.12E-06		
Cadmium	1.41E-05		
Chromium	8.06E-04		
Chrysene	9.73E-07		
Copper	1.34E-03		
Fluoranthene	1.04E-06		
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.86E-06		
ead	9.17E-04		
ithium	1.95E-02		
Manganese	4.44E-02		
Mercury	1.46E-04		
Phenanthrene	6.10E-07		
Pyrene	1.82E-06		
Zinc	3.27E-01		
.PAH	6.10E-07		
HPAH	1.34E-05		
TOTAL PAHs	1.40E-05		

Notes: □Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE E-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Lar□e Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

SOIL INGESTION				
INTADE D (SC DIR DAF D	A□E\ / (B\W)			
INTALE LI(SC LIR LAF L	ALF)/(BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	1101010100
Sc	Soil concentration (mg/kg)		see Table E-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of soil (kg/day	y)□	8.97E-06	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in soil (unitles	s)	1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Area □se Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		9.57E-01	EPA, 1993
Chemical		Sc		Intake
Antimony Barium		8.90E-0 9.02E+0		8.34E-06 8.45E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene		7.61E-0		7.13E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene		1.00E-0		9.37E-08
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		8.22E-0		7.70E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		3.50E-0		3.28E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.15E-0	2	1.08E-07
Cadmium		1.90E-0		1.78E-07
Chromium		1.70E+0		1.59E-04
Chrysene		1.40E-0		1.31E-07
Copper		1.44E+0		1.35E-04
Fluoranthene		1.15E-0		1.08E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		2.95E-0		2.77E-07
Lead		1.43E+0		1.34E-04
Lithium		2.41E+0		2.26E-04
Manganese		5.07E+0		4.75E-03
Mercury Phenanthrene		2.41E-0 6.72E-0		2.26E-07
Pyrene		2.00E-0		6.30E-08 1.87E-07
Zinc		7.50E+0		7.03E-03
LPAH		6.72E-0		6.30E-08
HPAH		1.47E-0		1.38E-06
TOTAL PAHs		1.54E-0		1.44E-06
FOOD INGESTION INTA = ((Cm = IR = Dfn	n			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Cm	Mammal concentration (mg/kg)		see Table E-14	
Cb	Bird concentration (mg/kg)		see Table E-14	
IR R	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)□		4.48E-04	EPA, 1993
Dfm	Dietary fraction of small mammals (unitless)		7.85E-01	EPA, 1993
Dfb A⊟F	Dietary fraction of birds (unitless) Area □se Factor		1.00E+00	EPA, 1993
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1 9.57E-01	EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
Chemical	Mammal	Bird		Intake
Antimony	1.005.04	1.095.04		0.035.00
Antimony Barium	1.08E-04 1.24E-02	1.08E-04 1.24E-02		9.02E-08 1.03E-05
Banum Benzo(a)anthracene	1.24E-02 1.24E-06	1.67E-06		1.03E-05 1.24E-09
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.54E-06	5.01E-06		3.28E-09
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.47E-06	4.86E-06		3.18E-09
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.20E-05	5.69E-05		4.21E-08
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.43E-06	6.77E-06		4.43E-09
Cadmium	5.01E-07	3.54E-04		1.66E-07
Chromium	5.54E-04	5.54E-04		4.63E-07
Chrysene	2.44E-06	3.44E-06		2.51E-09
Copper	6.52E+00	6.52E+00		5.45E-03
Fluoranthene	1.38E-05	1.87E-05		1.38E-08
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.31E-05	7.68E-05		4.44E-08
Lead	1.22E-04	1.22E-04		1.02E-07
Lithium Manganese	4.83E+01	4.83E+01		4.03E-02
Mercury	5.47E+02 1.57E-06	5.47E+02 6.48E-06		4.57E-01 3.61E-09
Phenanthrene	8.06E-06	1.09E-05		8.08E-09
Pyrene	2.40E-05	3.25E-05		2.40E-08
Zinc	9.67E-05	9.37E-02		4.39E-05
LPAH	8.06E-06	1.09E-05		8.08E-09
HPAH	1.77E-04	2.40E-04		1.77E-07
	1.85E-04	2.51E-04		1.85E-07
TOTAL PAHs	1.03L-04	2.012 04		1.002 07

TABLE E-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Lar□e Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

TABLE E-INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Lar □ e Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

TOTAL INTA E	
TOTAL INTAGE	
INTA□E □ Soil Intake + Food Intake	
	Total
Chemical	Intake
Antimony	8.43E-06
Barium	8.46E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.26E-08
Benzo(a)pyrene	9.70E-08
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8.02E-08
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.70E-07
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.12E-07
Cadmium	3.44E-07
Chromium	1.59E-04
Chrysene	1.34E-07
Copper	5.58E-03
Fluoranthene	1.22E-07
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.21E-07
Lead	1.34E-04
Lithium	4.06E-02
Manganese	4.62E-01
Mercury	2.30E-07
Phenanthrene	7.11E-08
Pyrene	2.12E-07
Zinc	7.07E-03
LPAH	7.11E-08
HPAH	1.56E-06
TOTAL PAHs	1.63E-06

Notes: □Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE E-□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Small Mammalian Herbivore (DEER MOUSE)

Ecological Hazard □uotient □ Intak	e/TRV		
Parameter Definition			Default
Intake of COPE	C (mg/kg-day)		see Intake
TRV Toxicity Referen	ce Value (mg/kg)		See Table E-2
Chemical	Inta⊺e	TRV (⊡eer mouse)	EHQ
Offerffical	mta_e	(Leer mouse)	Lilia
Antimony Barium	8.98E-04 7.07E-01	1.25E-01 5.18E+01	□ 7.18E-03 1.37E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	8.05E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	8.04E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.60E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.40E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	9.81E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Cadmium	4.02E-05	7.70E-01	□ 5.22E-05
Chromium	6.56E-04	2.40E+00	2.73E-04
Chrysene	1.46E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Copper	2.62E-02	5.60E+00	4.68E-03
Fluoranthene	1.45E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.70E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Lead	3.11E-03	4.70E+00	6.62E-04
Lithium	1.20E-01	1.10E+01	1.10E-02
Manganese	1.96E-01	1.06E+02	1.85E-03
Mercury	1.17E-04	1.01E+00	1.16E-04
Phenanthrene	8.45E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Pyrene	2.51E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Zinc	2.10E-01	7.54E+01	2.78E-03
LPAH	8.45E-07	6.56E+01	1.29E-08
HPAH	1.85E-05	6.15E-01	3.01E-05
TOTAL PAHs	1.94E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE E-□□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Lar□e Mammalian Carnivore (CO□OTE)

Ecological Hazard	□uotient □ Intake/TRV			
_				
Parameter	Definition			Default
Intake	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)			see Intake
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg	/kg)		see Table E-2
			TRV	
Chemical		Inta⊡e	Co⊡ote	EHQ
Antimony		3 00E 06	1.25E-01	□ 2.47E-05
Antimony		3.09E-06 3.11E-03	5.18E+01	
Barium		3.11E-03 2.65E-08	0.00E+00	6.01E-05 □ no TRV
Benzo(a)anthrace	ne			
Benzo(a)pyrene		3.50E-08	0.00E+00	
Benzo(b)fluoranth		2.89E-08	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)peryle		1.29E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthe	ene	4.04E-08	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Cadmium		8.09E-08	7.70E-01	□ 1.05E-07
Chromium		5.86E-05	2.40E+00	2.44E-05
Chrysene		4.88E-08	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Copper		1.17E-03	5.60E+00	2.09E-04
Fluoranthene		4.23E-08	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)py	yrene	1.08E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Lead		4.95E-05	4.70E+00	1.05E-05
Lithium		8.39E-03	7.50E+00	1.12E-03
Manganese		9.59E-02	7.00E+01	1.37E-03
Mercury		8.36E-08	1.01E+00	8.28E-08
Phenanthrene		2.47E-08	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Pyrene		7.35E-08	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Zinc		2.59E-03	7.54E+01	3.43E-05
LPAH		2.47E-08	6.56E+01	3.76E-10
HPAH		5.41E-07	6.15E-01	8.80E-07
TOTAL PAHs		5.66E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE E-□□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL SOUTH OF MARLIN Small Mammalian Omnivore (LEAST SHREW)

Ecological Hazard □uotient □ Intake/TRV			
Parameter Definition			Default
Intake Intake of COPEC (mg/kg	-day)		see Intake
TRV Toxicity Reference Value	e (mg/kg)		see Table E-2
		TRV	
Chemical	Inta⊡e	Least Shrew	EHQ
Antimony	2.24E-04	1.25E-01	□ 1.79E-03
Barium	2.23E-01	5.18E+01	4.31E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.02E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.22E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.00E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.29E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.49E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Cadmium	1.57E-05	7.70E-01	□ 2.04E-05
Chromium	1.29E-03	2.40E+00	5.37E-04
Chrysene	1.40E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Copper	1.90E-03	5.60E+00	3.40E-04
Fluoranthene	1.41E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.80E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Lead	1.35E-03	4.70E+00	2.88E-04
Lithium	2.20E-02	1.20E+01	1.84E-03
Manganese	6.10E-02	1.15E+02	5.31E-04
Mercury	1.58E-04	1.01E+00	1.56E-04
Phenanthrene	8.24E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Pyrene	2.45E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Zinc	3.70E-01	7.54E+01	4.91E-03
LPAH	8.24E-07	6.56E+01	1.26E-08
HPAH	1.81E-05	6.15E-01	2.94E-05
TOTAL PAHs	1.89E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE E-□□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Avian Herbivore Omnivore (AMERICAN ROBIN)

Ecological Hazard □u	otient □ Intake/TRV			
Parameter	Definition			Default
Intake	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)			see Intake
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/k	g)		see Table E-2
Chemical		Inta⊡e	TRV American Robin	EHQ
- Tronnous		iiita_5	711101104111105111	21100
Antimony		1.85E-04	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Barium		1.85E-01	1.91E+01	9.68E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene		4.76E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(a)pyrene		9.02E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		7.41E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		3.18E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.12E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Cadmium		1.41E-05	1.47E+00	□ 9.59E-06
Chromium		8.06E-04	2.66E+00	3.03E-04
Chrysene		9.73E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Copper		1.34E-03	4.05E+00	3.31E-04
Fluoranthene		1.04E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyren	e	2.86E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Lead		9.17E-04	1.63E+00	5.63E-04
Lithium		1.95E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese		4.44E-02	9.98E+02	4.45E-05
Mercury		1.46E-04	3.25E+00	4.50E-05
Phenanthrene		6.10E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Pyrene		1.82E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV
Zinc		3.27E-01	6.61E+01	4.95E-03
LPAH		6.10E-07	6.56E+01	9.30E-09
HPAH		1.34E-05	6.15E-01	2.18E-05
TOTAL PAHs		1.40E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV

TABLE E-□3 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR BACKGROUND SOIL Lar□e Avian Carnivore (RED-TAILED HAWK)

Ecological Hazard □uotient □ Intake/TRV							
Parameter	Definition			Default			
Intake	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)			see Intake			
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)			see Table E-2			
			TRV				
Chemical		Inta⊡e	Re □-Taile □ Haw □	EHQ			
Antimony		8.43E-06	0.00E+00	□ no TRV			
Barium		8.46E-03	3.15E+01	2.69E-04			
Benzo(a)anthracene		7.26E-08	0.00E+00	□ no TRV			
Benzo(a)pyrene		9.70E-08	0.00E+00	□ no TRV			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		8.02E-08	0.00E+00	no TRV			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		3.70E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.12E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV			
Cadmium		3.44E-07	1.47E+00	□ 2.34E-07			
Chromium		1.59E-04	2.66E+00	5.99E-05			
Chrysene		1.34E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV			
Copper		5.58E-03	4.05E+00	1.38E-03			
Fluoranthene		1.22E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV			
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyren	e	3.21E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV			
Lead		1.34E-04	1.63E+00	8.25E-05			
Lithium		4.06E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV			
Manganese		4.62E-01	1.64E+03	2.81E-04			
Mercury		2.30E-07	3.25E+00	7.06E-08			
Phenanthrene		7.11E-08	0.00E+00	□ no TRV			
Pyrene		2.12E-07	0.00E+00	□ no TRV			
Zinc		7.07E-03	6.61E+01	1.07E-04			
LPAH		7.11E-08	6.56E+01	1.08E-09			
HPAH		1.56E-06	6.15E-01	2.53E-06			
TOTAL PAHs		1.63E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV			
				· ·			

TABLE E-□□ CONCENTRATION OF CHEMICAL IN FOOD ITEM (m

Clool Csoil x BCF (or BAF)

Chemical Concentration in food (mg/kg dry) Chemical Concentration in soil (mg/kg dry) Bioconcentration Factor (unitless) Bioaccumulation Factor (unitless)

Compoun	Csoil	Soil to Farthworm	Farthworm	Re erence	Soil to Arthrono	Arthrono	Re erence Soil to Pla	nt Diant Equit Con	Do orongo	Plant to Wil li e	Plant to Deer Mouse	Re erence	Soil to Wil li e	Soil to Deer Mouse	Re erence	TOTAL DEER MOUSE	Plant to Bir	Plant to Bir	Do orongo	Soil to Bir	Soil to Bir	Re erence	TOTAL BIRD
Compoun	(mail)	BCF			BCF				Re erence	BCF		Re erence	BCF		Re erence	CONCENTRATION	BCF			BCF			CONCENTRATION
	(m)	BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration	BAF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		CONCENTRATION	BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		CONCENTRATION
A selection .	8.90E-01	2.20E-01	1.96E-01	Sample 1998	2.20E-01	4 005 04	Sample, 199 2.00E-01	1.78E-01	Rechtel 1998	5.99E-04	1.07E-04	EPA, 1999	1.44E-06	1.28E-06	Sample, 1998a	1.08E-04	5.99E-04	1 07F-04	EPA. 1999	1.44E-06	1.28E-06	Sample 199	1.08E-04
Antimony Barium	9.02E+02	2.20E-01	1.98E+02	Sample, 1998	2.20E-01	1.96E-01 1.98E+02	Sample, 199 2.00E-01 Sample, 199 1.50E-01	1.76E-01 1.35E+02	Bechtel, 1998	8.99E-05	1.22E-02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	2.16E-07	1.26E-06 1.95E-04	Sample, 1998a	1.06E-04 1.24E-02	8.99E-04	1.07E-04 1.22E-02	EPA, 1999	2.16E-07	1.26E-06 1.95E-04	Sample, 1998 Sample, 1998	1.06E-04 1.24E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.61E-03	3.00E-02	2.28E-04	EPA, 1999	3.00E-02	2.28E-04	EPA. 1999 2.02E-02	1.54E-04	EPA, 1999	7.19E-03	1.22E-02 1.11E-06	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.73E-05	1.32E-07	EPA, 1990a	1.24E-02 1.24E-06	4.20E-03	6.46E-07	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.35E-04	1.93E-04 1.03E-06	EPA, 1999	1.24E-02 1.67E-06
						7.00F-04																	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.00E-02	7.00E-02	7.00E-04	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02			1.01E-04	EPA, 1999	2.03E-02	2.05E-06	EPA, 1999	4.86E-05	4.86E-07	EPA, 1999	2.54E-06	1.19E-02	1.20E-06	EPA, 1999	3.81E-04	3.81E-06	EPA, 1999	5.01E-06
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8.22E-03	7.00E-02	5.75E-04	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	5.75E-04	EPA, 1999 1.01E-02	8.30E-05	EPA, 1999	2.40E-02	1.99E-06	EPA, 1999	5.75E-05	4.73E-07	EPA, 1999	2.47E-06	1.40E-02	1.16E-06	EPA, 1999	4.50E-04	3.70E-06	EPA, 1999	4.86E-06
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.50E-02	7.00E-02	2.45E-03	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	2.45E-03	EPA, 1999 2.02E-02	7.07E-04	EPA, 1999	5.31E-02	3.75E-05	EPA, 1999	1.27E-04	4.45E-06	EPA, 1999	4.20E-05	3.11E-02	2.20E-05	EPA, 1999	9.98E-04	3.49E-05	EPA, 1999	5.69E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.15E-02	8.00E-02	9.20E-04	EPA, 1999	8.00E-02	9.20E-04	EPA, 1999 1.01E-02	1.16E-04	EPA, 1999	2.39E-02	2.78E-06	EPA, 1999	5.73E-05	6.59E-07	EPA, 1999	3.43E-06	1.39E-02	1.61E-06	EPA, 1999	4.48E-04	5.15E-06	EPA, 1999	6.77E-06
Cadmium	1.90E-02	9.60E-01	1.82E-02	Sample, 1998	9.60E-01	1.82E-02	Sample, 199 3.64E-01	6.92E-03	Bechtel, 1998	7.19E-05	4.97E-07	EPA, 1999	1.73E-07	3.29E-09	Sample, 1998a	5.01E-07	4.71E-02	3.26E-04	EPA, 1999	1.51E-03	2.87E-05	EPA, 1999	3.54E-04
Chromium	1.70E+01	1.00E-02	1.70E-01	Sample, 1998	1.00E-02	1.70E-01	Sample, 199 7.50E-03		Bechtel, 1998	3.30E-03	4.20E-04	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.34E-04	Sample, 1998a	5.54E-04	3.30E-03	4.20E-04	EPA, 1999	7.91E-06	1.34E-04	Sample, 199	5.54E-04
Chrysene	1.40E-02	4.00E-02	5.60E-04	EPA, 1999	4.00E-02	5.60E-04	EPA, 1999 1.87E-02	2.62E-04	EPA, 1999	8.27E-03	2.17E-06	EPA, 1999	1.99E-05	2.79E-07	EPA, 1999	2.44E-06	4.84E-03	1.27E-06	EPA, 1999	1.55E-04	2.17E-06	EPA, 1999	3.44E-06
Copper	1.44E+01	4.00E-02	5.76E-01	EPA, 1999	4.00E-02	5.76E-01	EPA, 1999 4.00E-01	5.76E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	5.76E+00		5.25E-02	7.57E-01	Sample, 1998a	6.52E+00	1.00E+00	5.76E+00		5.25E-02	7.57E-01	Sample, 199	6.52E+00
Fluoranthene	1.15E-02	7.00E-02	8.05E-04	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	8.05E-04	EPA, 1999 2.02E-02	2.32E-04	EPA, 1999	5.31E-02	1.23E-05	EPA, 1999	1.27E-04	1.46E-06	EPA, 1999	1.38E-05	3.11E-02	7.22E-06	EPA, 1999	9.98E-04	1.15E-05	EPA, 1999	1.87E-05
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.95E-02	8.00E-02	2.36E-03	EPA, 1999	8.00E-02	2.36E-03	EPA, 1999 3.90E-03	1.15E-04	EPA, 1999	1.24E-01	1.43E-05	EPA, 1999	2.98E-04	8.79E-06	EPA, 1999	2.31E-05	7.24E-02	8.33E-06	EPA, 1999	2.32E-03	6.84E-05	EPA, 1999	7.68E-05
Lead	1.43E+01	3.00E-02	4.30E-01	EPA, 1999	3.00E-02	4.30E-01	EPA, 1999 4.50E-02	6.45E-01	EPA, 1999	1.80E-04	1.16E-04	EPA, 1999	4.32E-07	6.19E-06	EPA, 1999	1.22E-04	1.80E-04	1.16E-04	EPA, 1999	4.32E-07	6.19E-06	EPA, 1999	1.22E-04
Lithium	2.41E+01	1.00E+00	2.41E+01	III	1.00E+00	2.41E+01	□ 1.00E+0	2.41E+01	III	1.00E+00	2.41E+01		1.00E+00	2.41E+01	III	4.83E+01	1.00E+00	2.41E+01	III	1.00E+00	2.41E+01	II	4.83E+01
Manganese	5.07E+02	6.05E-02	3.06E+01	Sample, 1998	6.05E-02	3.06E+01	Sample, 199 7.92E-02	4.01E+01	Bechtel, 1998	1.00E+00	4.01E+01	III	1.00E+00	5.07E+02	I	5.47E+02	1.00E+00	4.01E+01	11	1.00E+00	5.07E+02		5.47E+02
Mercury	2.41E-02	8.50E+00	2.05E-01	Sample, 1998	8.50E+00	2.05E-01	Sample, 199 1.37E-01	3.30E-03	Bechtel, 1998	4.68E-04	1.55E-06	EPA, 1999	1.12E-06	2.70E-08	Sample, 1998a	1.57E-06	1.59E-03	5.25E-06	EPA, 1999	5.12E-05	1.23E-06	EPA, 1999	6.48E-06
Phenanthrene	6.72E-03	7.00E-02	4.70E-04	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	4.70E-04	EPA, 1999 2.02E-02	1.36E-04	EPA, 1999	5.31E-02	7.21E-06	EPA, 1999	1.27E-04	8.53E-07	EPA, 1999	8.06E-06	3.11E-02	4.22E-06	EPA, 1999	9.98E-04	6.71E-06	EPA, 1999	1.09E-05
Pyrene	2.00E-02	7.00E-02	1.40E-03	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	1.40E-03	EPA, 1999 2.02E-02	4.04E-04	EPA, 1999	5.31E-02	2.15E-05	EPA, 1999	1.27E-04	2.54E-06	EPA, 1999	2.40E-05	3.11E-02	1.26E-05	EPA, 1999	9.98E-04	2.00E-05	EPA, 1999	3.25E-05
Zinc	7.50E+02	5.60E-01	4.20E+02	EPA, 1999	5.60E-01	4.20E+02	EPA, 1999 1.20E-12	8.99E-10	EPA, 1999	5.39E-05	4.85E-14	EPA, 1999	1.29E-07	9.67E-05	EPA, 1999	9.67E-05	3.89E-03	3.50E-12	EPA, 1999	1.25E-04	9.37E-02	EPA, 1999	9.37E-02
LPAH	6.72E-03	7.00E-02	4.70E-04	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	4.70E-04	EPA, 1999 2.02E-02	1.36E-04	EPA, 1999	5.31E-02	7.21E-06	EPA, 1999	1.27E-04	8.53E-07	EPA, 1999	8.06E-06	3.11E-02	4.22E-06	EPA, 1999	9.98E-04	6.71E-06	EPA, 1999	1.09E-05
HPAH	1.47E-01	7.00E-02	1.03E-02	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	1.03E-02	EPA, 1999 2.02E-02	2.98E-03	EPA, 1999	5.31E-02	1.58E-04	EPA, 1999	1.27E-04	1.87E-05	EPA, 1999	1.77E-04	3.11E-02	9.26E-05	EPA, 1999	9.98E-04	1.47E-04	EPA, 1999	2.40E-04
TOTAL PAHs	1.54E-01	7.00E-02	1.08E-02	EPA, 1999	7.00E-02	1.08E-02	EPA, 1999 2.02E-02	3.11E-03	EPA, 1999	5.31E-02	1.65E-04	EPA, 1999	1.27E-04	1.96E-05	EPA, 1999	1.85E-04	3.11E-02	9.68E-05	EPA, 1999	9.98E-04	1.54E-04	EPA, 1999	2.51E-04

Notes:

For BAFs and BCFs for LPAHs and HPAHs, the most conservative value for the individual PAHs was used to estimated food concentrations.

Iff no BAF or BCF was available in the literature, a default value of 1.0 was used per EPA comments (EPA, 2009).

TABLE F- □ E□POSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (m□□□□ or m□□L) INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ SEDIMENT AND SURFACE WATER*

	E	cposure Point		Maximum
Chemical o⊟nterest ⁺		oncentration	Statistic Use□ □	Maximum Detection
SEDIMENT		, incontraction	otationo oool	2010011011
1,2-Dichloroethane		3.58E-04	median	3.02E-03
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene		1.10E-02	median	3.17E-02
2-Methylnaphthalene		1.46E-02	median	1.88E-02
3,3 Dichlorobenzidine		6.32E-02	median	1.51E-01
4,4EDDT		2.03E-04	median	3.32E-03
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene	- 14	2.64E-02 1.35E-02	median median	6.27E-02 6.31E-02
Aluminum	-11	7.88E+03	95□ Student's-t	1.25E+04
Anthracene		1.78E-02	median	7.53E-02
Antimony	$\dashv \dashv$	4.98E+00	97.5□ Chebyshev	8.14E+00
Arsenic		4.64E+00	95□ Studentis-t	7.62E+00
Atrazine (Aatrex)		2.59E-02	median	8.14E-02
Barium		3.08E+02	97.5□ Chebyshev	3.77E+02
Benzo(a)anthracene		1.38E-02	99□ Chebyshev	3.95E-01
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene		1.58E-02 3.52E-01	median 97.5	4.45E-01 6.11E-01
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	-	1.72E-02	median	4.42E-01
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ᅤ	2.43E-01	median	3.18E-01
Beryllium	$\exists \exists$	5.28E-01	95□ Studentis-t	8.20E-01
Boron	\Box	2.47E+01	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	2.72E+01
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate		1.65E-02	median	2.02E-01
Carbazole		1.38E-02	median	8.61E-02
Chloroform		4.42E-04	median	5.27E-03
Chronium	\dashv	1.04E+01	95 Student's-t	1.44E+01
Chrysene Cobalt	+H	2.73E-01 4.88E+00	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev) 95□ Studentis-t	4.75E-01 7.16E+00
Copper	+	8.43E+00	95□ Students-t	1.26E+01
Cyclohexane	\Box	3.29E-03	median	1.92E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	10	1.57E-02	median	2.35E-01
Dibenzofuran		1.92E-02	median	3.05E-02
Diethyl Phthalate		2.24E-02	median	3.89E-02
Di-n-octyl Phthalate		1.13E-02	median	1.92E-01
Fluoranthene	Ш	4.39E-01	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	8.04E-01
Fluorene		1.38E-02	median	4.60E-02
gamma-Chlordane		3.91E-04	median	8.26E-04
Hexachlorobenzene Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	- -	1.62E-02 2.53E-02	median	3.19E-02 4.05E-01
Iron	- -	2.53E-02 2.20E+04	median 97.5□ Chebyshev	2.82E+04
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	+	4.80E-04	median	7.04E-03
Lead	+	2.27E+01	97.5□ Chebyshev	3.23E+01
Lithium	$\dashv \dashv$	1.21E+01	95□ Studentis-t	2.00E+01
Manganese		3.22E+02	95□ Studentis-t	4.74E+02
Mercury		2.33E-02	95□ Student®-t	3.60E-02
Methylcyclohexane		1.70E-03	median	3.70E-03
Molybdenum	\dashv	2.15E+00	95 Chebyshev	5.66E+00
Nickel		1.08E+01	95□ Student's-t	1.67E+01
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine Phenanthrene	+	1.50E-02 2.80E-01	median 97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	4.34E-02 5.08E-01
Pyrene	\dashv	4.82E-01	97.5 M (Chebyshev)	8.62E-01
Silver	15	8.95E-02	median	5.40E-01
Strontium	$\exists \exists$	5.12E+01	95□ Studentis-t	8.17E+01
Titanium	\perp	2.78E+01	95□ Student®-t	3.66E+01
Toluene		1.73E-03	median	5.81E-03
Vanadium	$\perp \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \perp \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \!$	1.54E+01	95□ Student®-t	2.12E+01
Zinc	\dashv	5.41E+01	95□ Student's-t	9.26E+01
LPAH HPAH	\dashv	3.40E-01 1.88E+00	summed value summed value	7.11E-01 4.99E+00
Total PAHs	\dashv	2.22E+00	summed value	4.99E+00 5.70E+00
I Otal I Al IS	+	2.22ETUU	ounnied value	J./ UE∓UU
SURFACE WATER		0.405.00	EDO: 1111	0.405.00
Acrylonitrile Aluminum	\dashv	2.10E-03	EPC is max detect EPC is max detect	2.10E-03
	+	5.50E-01	EPC is max detect	5.50E-01
Barium Boron	$\dashv \dashv$	2.60E-02 4.81E+00	EPC is max detect	2.60E-02 4.81E+00
Chromium	$\dashv \vdash$	1.20E-01	EPC is max detect	1.20E-01
Copper	\dashv	1.10E-02	EPC is max detect	1.10E-02
Iron	┰┤	5.90E-01	EPC is max detect	5.90E-01
Lithium		2.70E-01	EPC is max detect	2.70E-01
Manganese	П	4.80E-02	EPC is max detect	4.80E-02
Nickel [™]	ot	3.30E-03	EPC is max detect	3.30E-03
Selenium [®]	ЦΠ	6.30E-02	EPC is max detect	6.30E-02
Silver	Ш	3.70E-03	EPC is max detect	3.70E-03
Strontium	$\perp \!\!\! \perp$	7.35E+00	EPC is max detect	7.35E+00
Titanium	\dashv	5.70E-03	EPC is max detect	5.70E-03
Vanadium		6.10E-02	EPC is max detect	6.10E-02

TABLE FTO ICIT REFERENCE VALUES

Parameter	Pol chaetes	ReⅢ	Comments	Polichaetes	Re⊞	Comments	Avian Carnivore (San piper) (m BW-a)	Re⊞	Comments	Avian Carnivore (Green heron) (m□□□BW-□a□)	Re⊞	Comments
1,2-Dichloroethane												
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene												
2-Methylnaphthalene	7.00E-02	S□□IRT	ERL	6.70E-01	S□□IRT	ERM						
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine												
4.4-DDT	1.19E-03	S□□IRT	ERL	6.29E-02	S□□IRT	ERM	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol						5511						
Acenaphthene	1.60E-02	S□□IRT	ERL	5.00E-01	S□□IRT	ERM					L	
Acrylonitrile	+						4.40= 00	EDA 1001	ļ	1.10= 00	EDA 1000	
Aluminum	0.505.00	000157	EDI	1.105.00	010-	ERM	1.10E+02	EPA, 1999	ļ	1.10E+02	EPA, 1999	
Anthracene	8.53E-02	SUBIRT	ERL	1.10E+00	SIIRT							
Antimony	9.30E+00	S IRT	AET ERL	9.30E+00 7.00E+01	S IRT	AET ERM	2.24E+00	EPA. 2005d	1	2.24E+00	EPA. 2005d	
Arsenic	8.20E+00	SUUIRI	EKL	7.00E+01	SUUIRI	ERIVI	2.24E+00	EPA, 20050		2.24E+00	EPA, 20050	
Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium	 						2.08E+01	EPA, 1999	-	2.08E+01	EPA. 1999	
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.61E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	1.60E+00	S□□IRT	ERM	7.90E-01	EPA, 1999	-	7.90E-01	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.30E-01	SOURT	ERL	1.60E+00	SIIRT	ERM	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	-	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.80E+00	SOURT	AET	1.80E+00	SOURT	AET	1.40E-01	EPA, 1999		1.40E-01	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	6.70E-01	SOURT	AET	6.70E-01	SIIRT	AET	1.402-01	L174, 1000		1.402-01	L171, 1000	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.80E+00	SUBIRT	AET	1.80E+00	SUIRT	AET	1.40E-01	EPA. 1999		1.40E-01	EPA, 1999	
Beryllium	1.002 - 00	ODDING	7121	1.002 - 00	000000	7121	11102 01	2174, 1000		1.102 01	2171, 1000	
Boron							2.86E+01	Sample, 1996		2.86E+01	Sample, 1996	
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate												
Carbazole												1
Chloroform												
Chromium Chrysene	3.84E-01	Sooirt	ERL	2.80E+00	Sooirt	ERM	2.66E+00 1.00E+00	EPA, 2005c EPA, 1999	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.66E+00 1.00E+00	EPA, 2005c EPA, 1999	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Cobalt												
									Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Copper	3.40E+01	S□□IRT	ERL	2.70E+02	S□□IRT	ERM	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c		4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	
Cyclohexane	0.045.00	OIPT	EDI	0.005.04	0	EDM	0.005.04	EDA 4000		0.005.04	EDA 4000	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.34E-02	SIGIRT	ERL	2.60E-01	SIIIRT	ERM	3.90E-01	EPA, 1999	1	3.90E-01	EPA, 1999	
Dibenzofuran Diethyl Phthalate	1.10E-01	S□□IRT	AET	1.10E-01	S□□IRT	AET	1.11E+02	EPA. 1999	 	1.11E+02	EPA, 1999	
Diethyl Phthalate Di-n-octyl Phthalate	+					 	1.11E+02 1.11E+02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	+	1.11E+02 1.11E+02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	
Fluoranthene	6.00E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	5.10E+00	S□□IRT	ERM	1.115+02	EFM, 1999	+	1.115702	EFM, 1999	
Fluorene	1.90E-02	SUBIRT	ERL	5.40E-01	SUBIRT	ERM	-	-	 		 	
gamma-Chlordane	2.26E-03	S□□IRT	ERL	4.79E-03	S□□IRT	ERM	2.14E+00	Sample, 1996	Chronic NOAEL in red- winged blackbird	2.14E+00	Sample, 1996	Chronic NOAEL in red- winged blackbird
Hexachlorobenzene	6.00E-03	SIIRT	AET	6.00E-03	S□□IRT	AET	2.25E-01	EPA, 1995		2.25E-01	EPA, 1995	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	6.00E-01	S□□IRT	AET	6.00E-01	S□□IRT	AET	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999		1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	1	l				l	l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1	

TABLE F-TO ICIT REFERENCE VALUES

Parameter	Pol⊡chaetes (m□□□)	ReⅢ	Comments	Polichaetes (milio)	Re⊞	Comments	Avian Carnivore (San⊡piper) (m□□□□BW-□a□)	Re⊞	Comments	Avian Carnivore (Green heron) (muuuBW-au)	Re⊞	Comments
<u>Lead</u> Lithium	4.67E+01	S□□IRT	ERL	2.18E+02	Sooirt	ERM	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Manganese							1.64E+03	Sample, 1996		1.64E+03	Sample, 1996	
Mercury Methylcyclohexane	1.50E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	7.10E-01	Sooirt	ERM	3.25E+00	EPA, 1999	Acute (5 days) LOAEL for mortality in coturnix quail (dose 325 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)	3.25E+00	EPA, 1999	Acute (5 days) LOAEL for mortality in coturnix quail (dose 325 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)
Molybdenum							3.30E+00	Sample, 1996		3.30E+00	Sample, 1996	
Nickel	2.09E+01	Sooirt	ERL	5.16E+01	Saairt	ERM	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	2 125 21	0		4 505 00	0	5514						
Phenanthrene	2.40E-01	SUBIRT	ERL	1.50E+00	SIIRT	ERM FRM						
Pyrene	6.65E-01	S IRT	ERL AET	2.60E+00 1.10E+00	S IRT	AET	5.00E-01	EPA. 1999		5.00E-01	EPA, 1999	
Selenium Silver	1.10E+00 1.00E+00	SUBIRT	ERL	3.70E+00	SOURT	ERM	1.78E+02	EPA, 1999 EPA. 1999		1.78E+02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	
Strontium	1.00E+00	5UUIRT	ERL	3.70E+00	SULIKI	ERIVI	1.76E+UZ	EPA, 1999		1.70E+UZ	EPA, 1999	
Titanium												
Toluene												
Vanadium	5.70E+01	S□□IRT	AET	5.70E+01	S□□IRT	AET	3.44E-01	EPA. 2005b		3.44E-01	EPA, 2005b	
Zinc	1.50E+02	S□□IRT	ERL	4.10E+02	Sooirt	ERM	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth effect groups	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth effect groups
LPAH	5.52E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	3.16E+00	S□□IRT	ERM						
HPAH	1.70E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	9.60E+00	S□□IRT	ERM						
Total PAHs	4.02E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	4.48E+01	S□□IRT	ERM						

Notes:
ERL – Effects Range-Low
AET – Apparent Effects Threshold
ERM – Effects Range-Medium
EPA, 2007a – DDT
EPA, 2007b – PAHs
EPA, 2007c – Copper
EPA, 2007d – Nickel
EPA, 2007e – Zinc

TABLE F-3
ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ SEDIMENT
Pol□chaetes an□ Other Benthic Invertebrates

	Sc / ERL		
	efinition	Defau	
	ediment Concentration (mg/kg)	see b	
ERL E	ffects Range-Low (mg/kg)	see T	Table F-2
	Exposure Point Concentration*	ERL	Maximum
Chemical	(Sc)	LIKE	EHQ [†]
	(55)		
1,2-Dichloroethane	3.02E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobe	nzene 3.17E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.88E-02	7.00E-02	2.69E-01
3,3 Dichlorobenzidine	1.51E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL
4,4EDDT	3.32E-03	1.19E-03	2.79E+00
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	6.27E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Acenaphthene	6.31E-02	1.60E-02	3.94E+00
Aluminum	1.25E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL
Anthracene	7.53E-02	8.53E-02	8.83E-01
Antimony	8.14E+00	9.30E+00	8.75E-01
Arsenic	7.62E+00	8.20E+00	9.29E-01
Atrazine (Aatrex)	8.14E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL
	8.14E-02 3.77E+02	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	no ERL
Barium Barza(a)anthrasana	3.77E+02 3.95E-01	0.00E+00 2.61E-01	1.51E+00
Benzo(a)anthracene			
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.45E-01	4.30E-01	1.03E+00
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.11E-01	1.80E+00	3.39E-01
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.42E-01	6.70E-01	6.60E-01
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.18E-01	1.80E+00	1.77E-01
Beryllium	8.20E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Boron	2.72E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	2.02E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Carbazole	8.61E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Chloroform	5.27E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
Chromium	1.44E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Chrysene	4.75E-01	3.84E-01	1.24E+00
Cobalt	7.16E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL
Copper	1.26E+01	3.40E+01	3.71E-01
Cyclohexane	1.92E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.35E-01	6.34E-02	3.71E+00
Dibenzofuran	3.05E-02	1.10E-01	2.77E-01
Diethyl Phthalate	3.89E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	1.92E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Fluoranthene	8.04E-01	6.00E-01	1.34E+00
Fluorene	4.60E-02	1.90E-02	2.42E+00
gamma-Chlordane	8.26E-04	2.26E-03	3.65E-01
Hexachlorobenzene	3.19E-02	6.00E-03	5.32E+00
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	4.05E-01	6.00E-01	6.75E-01
Iron	2.82E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	7.04E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
Lead	3.23E+01	4.67E+01	6.92E-01
Lithium	2.00E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Manganese	4.74E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Mercury	3.60E-02	1.50E-01	2.40E-01
Methylcyclohexane	3.70E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
Molybdenum	5.66E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL
Nickel	1.67E+01	2.09E+01	7.99E-01
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	4.34E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Phenanthrene	5.08E-01	2.40E-01	2.12E+00
Pyrene	8.62E-01	6.65E-01	1.30E+00
Silver	5.40E-01	1.00E+00	5.40E-01
Strontium	8.17E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Titanium	3.66E+01		no ERL
		0.00E+00	
Toluene	5.81E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
Vanadium	2.12E+01	5.70E+01	3.72E-01
Zinc	9.26E+01	1.50E+02	6.17E-01
LPAH	7.11E-01	5.52E-01	1.29E+00
HPAH	4.99E+00	1.70E+00	2.94E+00
Total PAHs	5.70E+00	4.02E+00	1.42E+00

Notes:
☐ EPC for benthic receptors is maximum measured concentration from Report Table 6.

† Shading indicates EH☐ ☐ 1.

TABLE F-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

SEDIMENT INGESTION			
INTAGE G(Sc GIR GAF GAGF) / (BW)			
Parameter	Definition	Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-day)	calculated	
Sc	Sediment concentration (mg/kg)	see Table F-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of sed (kg/day)	5.34E-06	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in sediment (unitless)	1	EPA, 1997
A□F BW	Default Area □se Factor	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)	3.40E-02	EPA, 1993
Chemical	Sc	Intake	
1,2-Dichloroethane	3.58E-04	5.62E-08	
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene	1.10E-02	1.73E-06	
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.46E-02	2.29E-06	
3,3 Dichlorobenzidine	6.32E-02	9.92E-06	
4,4EDDT	2.03E-04	3.19E-08	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	2.64E-02	4.14E-06	
Acenaphthene	1.35E-02	2.12E-06	
Aluminum	7.88E+03	1.24E+00	
Anthracene	1.78E-02	2.79E-06	
Antimony	4.98E+00	7.81E-04	
Arsenic	4.64E+00	7.28E-04	
Atrazine (Aatrex)	2.59E-02	4.07E-06	
Barium	3.08E+02	4.84E-02	
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.38E-02	2.17E-06	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.58E-02	2.48E-06	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.52E-01	5.52E-05	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.72E-02	2.70E-06	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.43E-01	3.81E-05	
Beryllium	5.28E-01	8.29E-05	
Boron	2.47E+01	3.88E-03	
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	1.65E-02	2.59E-06	
Carbazole	1.38E-02	2.17E-06	
Chloroform	4.42E-04	6.94E-08	
Chromium	1.04E+01	1.63E-03	
Chrysene	2.73E-01	4.28E-05	
Cobalt	4.88E+00	7.66E-04	
Copper	8.43E+00	1.32E-03	
Cyclohexane	3.29E-03	5.16E-07	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.57E-02	2.46E-06	
Dibenzofuran	1.92E-02	3.01E-06	
Diethyl Phthalate	2.24E-02	3.52E-06	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate Fluoranthene	1.13E-02 4.39E-01	1.77E-06	
Fluorene	4.39E-01 1.38E-02	6.89E-05 2.17E-06	
gamma-Chlordane	3.91E-04	6.14E-08	
Hexachlorobenzene	1.62E-02	2.54E-06	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.53E-02	3.97E-06	
Iron	2.20E+04	3.45E+00	
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	4.80E-04	7.53E-08	
Lead	2.27E+01	3.57E-03	
Lithium	1.21E+01	1.90E-03	
Manganese	3.22E+02	5.05E-02	
Mercury	2.33E-02	3.66E-06	
Methylcyclohexane	1.70E-03	2.67E-07	
Molybdenum	2.15E+00	3.37E-04	
Nickel	1.08E+01	1.69E-03	
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	1.50E-02	2.35E-06	
Phenanthrene	2.80E-01	4.39E-05	
Pyrene	4.82E-01	7.56E-05	
Silver	8.95E-02	1.40E-05	
Strontium	5.12E+01	8.03E-03	
Titanium	2.78E+01	4.36E-03	
Toluene	1.73E-03	2.72E-07	
Vanadium	1.54E+01	2.42E-03	
Zinc	5.41E+01	8.49E-03	
LPAH	3.40E-01	5.33E-05	
HPAH	1.88E+00	2.95E-04	

TABLE F-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

Total PAHs	2.22E+00	3.48E-04	
S RFACE WATER INGESTION			
INTAGE G (Wc GIR GAF GAGF) / (BW)		
Parameter	Definition	Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-day)	calculated	
Wc	Surface Water concentration (mg/kg)	see Table F-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of water (L/day)	7.11E-03	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in water (unitless)	1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Default Area □se Factor	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)	3.40E-02	EPA, 1993
Chemical	Wc	Intake	
Acrylonitrile	2.10E-03	4.39E-04	
Aluminum	5.50E-01	1.15E-01	
Barium	2.60E-02	5.44E-03	
Boron	4.81E+00	1.01E+00	
Chromium	1.20E-01	2.51E-02	
Copper	1.10E-02	2.30E-03	
Iron	5.90E-01	1.23E-01	
Lithium	2.70E-01	5.65E-02	
Manganese	4.80E-02	1.00E-02	
Nickel⊞	3.30E-03	6.90E-04	
Selenium⊞	6.30E-02	1.32E-02	
Silver	3.70E-03	7.74E-04	
Strontium	7.35E+00	1.54E+00	
Titanium	5.70E-03	1.19E-03	
Vanadium	6.10E-02	1.28E-02	
INTA□E □ ((Cc □IR □Dfc □A□F)/(BW)	, , ,		5.6
Parameter Intake	Definition	Value calculated	Reference
Cc	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-day)	see Table F-8	
Cw	Crab concentration (mg/kg) Worm concentration (mg/kg)	see Table F-8	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)		EPA, 1993
Dfc	Dietary fraction of crabs (unitless)	4.00E-01	EPA. 1993
Dfw			
DIW			prof. udgment
ΔΠE	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless)	6.00E-01	prof. udgment prof. udgment
A□F BW			prof. udgment
	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor	6.00E-01 1	prof. Tudgment prof. Tudgment EPA, 1997
	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor	6.00E-01 1	prof. udgment prof. udgment EPA, 1997
BW	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02	prof. Tudgment prof. Tudgment EPA, 1997
Chemical Se iment	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02	prof. Tudgment prof. Tudgment EPA, 1997
Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake	prof. Tudgment prof. Tudgment EPA, 1997
Chemical Seciment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05	prof. Tudgment prof. Tudgment EPA, 1997
Chemical Seciment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05	prof. Tudgment prof. Tudgment EPA, 1997
Chemical Seciment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-EDDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 1.13E+04	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05 9.29E+00	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 1.09E-01	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05 9.29E+00 1.35E-04	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 1.09E-01 7.33E+00 7.33E+00	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05 9.29E+00 1.35E-04 6.05E-03	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-EDichlorobenzidine 4,4-EDDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 1.09E-01 7.33E+00 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 6.86E+00	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05 9.29E+00 1.35E-04 6.05E-03 5.67E-03	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-EDichlorobenzidine 4,4-EDDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex)	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 1.09E-01 7.33E+00 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 8.14E-02	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05 9.29E+00 1.35E-04 6.05E-03 5.67E-03 6.72E-05	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-DDinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 1.09E-01 7.33E+00 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 3.39E+02	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05 9.29E+00 1.35E-04 6.05E-03 5.67E-03 6.72E-05 2.80E-01	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 1.09E-01 7.33E+00 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 5.73E-01	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05 9.29E+00 1.35E-04 6.05E-03 5.67E-03 6.72E-05 2.80E-01 3.80E-04	prof. iudgment prof. iudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 1.09E-01 7.33E+00 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 5.73E-01 1.80E-01 7.08E-01	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05 9.29E+00 1.35E-04 6.05E-03 5.67E-03 6.72E-05 2.80E-01 3.80E-04 4.10E-04	prof. Tudgment prof. Tudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 1.09E-01 7.33E+00 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 5.73E-01 1.80E-01 7.08E-01 2.29E-01 9.84E-01	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05 9.29E+00 1.35E-04 6.05E-03 5.67E-03 6.72E-05 2.80E-01 3.80E-04 4.10E-04 5.63E-04	prof. Tudgment prof. Tudgment EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Worm 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.17E-02 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 2.66E-03 6.27E-02 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 1.09E-01 7.33E+00 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 5.73E-01 1.80E-01 7.08E-01	6.00E-01 1 3.40E-02 Intake 2.49E-06 2.62E-05 2.50E-05 1.25E-04 2.30E-06 5.18E-05 8.39E-05 9.29E+00 1.35E-04 6.05E-03 5.67E-03 6.72E-05 2.80E-01 3.80E-04 4.10E-04	prof. udgment prof. udgment EPA, 1997

TABLE F-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

Beryllium	7.38E-01	7.38E-01	6.10E-04	
Boron	2.72E+01	2.72E+01	2.25E-02	
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	2.02E-01	2.02E-01	1.67E-04	
Carbazole	8.61E-02	8.61E-02	7.11E-05	
Chloroform	1.49E-02	1.49E-02	1.23E-05	
Chromium	5.62E+00	5.62E+00	4.64E-03	
Chrysene	1.49E-01	6.56E-01	3.74E-04	
Cobalt	7.16E+00	7.16E+00	5.91E-03	
Copper	3.78E+00	3.78E+00	3.12E-03	
Cyclohexane	1.92E-03	1.92E-03	1.59E-06	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.47E-01	3.78E-01	2.69E-04	
Dibenzofuran	3.05E-02	3.05E-02	2.52E-05	
Diethyl Phthalate	3.89E-02	3.89E-02	3.21E-05	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	1.92E-01	1.92E-01	1.59E-04	
Fluoranthene	2.81E+00	1.29E+00	1.57E-03	
Fluorene	7.41E-02			
		7.41E-02	6.12E-05	
gamma-Chlordane	1.90E-03	4.86E-03	3.03E-06	
Hexachlorobenzene	2.90E-01	1.63E-02	1.04E-04	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.18E-01	6.52E-01	3.62E-04	
Iron	2.82E+04	2.82E+04	2.33E+01	
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	7.04E-03	7.04E-03	5.82E-06	
Lead	9.50E-02	6.30E-01	3.44E-04	
Lithium	2.00E+01	2.00E+01	1.65E-02	
Manganese	4.74E+02	4.74E+02	3.92E-01	
Mercury	2.16E-03	2.45E-02	1.28E-05	
Methylcyclohexane	3.70E-03	3.70E-03	3.06E-06	
Molybdenum	5.66E+00	5.66E+00	4.68E-03	
Nickel	9.02E-01	1.50E+01	7.75E-03	
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	4.34E-02	4.34E-02	3.59E-05	
Phenanthrene	8.18E-01	8.18E-01	6.76E-04	
Pyrene	1.39E+00	1.39E+00	1.15E-03	
II *				
Silver	1.10E-01	4.86E-01	2.77E-04	
Strontium	8.17E+01	8.17E+01	6.75E-02	
Titanium	3.66E+01	3.66E+01	3.02E-02	
Toluene	5.81E-03	5.81E-03	4.80E-06	
Vanadium	2.12E+01	2.12E+01	1.75E-02	
Zinc	1.06E+02	5.28E+01	6.10E-02	
LPAH	2.92E-01	1.15E+00	6.64E-04	
HPAH	2.92E-01	8.04E+00	4.08E-03	
Total PAHs	2.92E-01	9.18E+00	4.65E-03	
11				
		10/0000	Intake	
Sur⊡ace Water	Crab	Worm		
Acrylonitrile	2.31E-04	2.31E-04	1.91E-07	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum	2.31E-04 2.24E+03	2.31E-04 2.24E+03		
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium	2.31E-04	2.31E-04	1.91E-07	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum	2.31E-04 2.24E+03	2.31E-04 2.24E+03	1.91E-07 1.85E+00	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel □	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Selenium Selenium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel == Selenium == Silver Strontium Titanium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel == Selenium == Silver Strontium Titanium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06 5.04E-05	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium TOTAL INTA E INTA E Sediment Intake + Surface	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06 5.04E-05	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06 5.04E-05	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel == Selenium == Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium TOTAL INTA == INTA == Sediment Intake + Surface	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06 5.04E-05	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium TOTAL INTA E INTA Sediment Intake + Surface Chemical 1,2-Dichloroethane	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06 5.04E-05	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium TOTAL INTA E INTA E Sediment Intake + Surface Chemical 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06 5.04E-05	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium TOTAL INTA E INTA E Sediment Intake + Surface Chemical 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06 5.04E-05	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium TOTAL INTA E INTA Sediment Intake + Surface Chemical 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06 5.04E-05	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel: Selenium: Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium TOTAL INTA: INTA: INTA: INTA: INTA: Chemical 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06 5.04E-05	
Acrylonitrile Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel Selenium Silver Strontium Titanium Vanadium TOTAL INTA E INTA E Sediment Intake + Surface Chemical 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	2.31E-04 2.24E+03 5.20E+00 4.81E+00 3.60E+02 4.09E+01 5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 1.10E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03 6.10E-02	1.91E-07 1.85E+00 4.30E-03 3.97E-03 2.97E-01 3.38E-02 4.87E-04 2.23E-04 3.97E-05 1.46E-03 3.85E-03 5.46E-04 6.07E-03 4.71E-06 5.04E-05	

TABLE F-INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA **Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)**

Acenaphthene	8.60E-05
Acrylonitrile	4.39E-04
Aluminum	1.25E+01
Anthracene	1.38E-04
Antimony	6.83E-03
Arsenic	6.39E-03
Atrazine (Aatrex)	7.13E-05
Barium	3.38E-01
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.83E-04
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.12E-04
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.18E-04
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	5.91E-04
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.57E-04
Beryllium	6.92E-04
Boron	1.04E+00
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	1.69E-04
Carbazole	7.33E-05
Chloroform	1.23E-05
Chromium	3.29E-01
Chrysene	4.17E-04
Cobalt	6.68E-03
Copper	4.05E-02
Cyclohexane	2.10E-06
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.72E-04
Dibenzofuran	2.82E-05
Diethyl Phthalate	3.56E-05
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	1.60E-04
Fluoranthene	1.64E-03
Fluorene	6.33E-05
gamma-Chlordane	3.10E-06
Hexachlorobenzene	1.06E-04
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.66E-04
Iron	2.69E+01
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	5.89E-06
Lead	3.91E-03
Lithium	7.51E-02
Manganese	4.52E-01
Mercury	1.65E-05
Methylcyclohexane	3.32E-06
Molybdenum	5.01E-03
Nickel	1.16E-02
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	3.82E-05
Phenanthrene	7.20E-04
Pyrene	1.22E-03
Selenium □	1.70E-02
Silver	1.61E-03
Strontium	1.62E+00
Titanium	3.58E-02
Toluene	5.07E-06
Vanadium	3.27E-02
Zinc	6.95E-02
LPAH	7.17E-04
HPAH	4.37E-03
Total PAHs	5.00E-03
	5.552 55

- NOTES:

 □Dissolved surface water concentration.

 □Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE F-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

SEDIMENT INGESTION				
INTA□E □ (Sc □IR □AF □A	□F) / (RW)			
Parameter	Definition	(maller DM day)	Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical Sediment concent		calculated	
Sc R			see Table F-1 1.88E-06	EPA, 1993
AF		n rate of sed (kg/day) IIII ability in sediment (unitless)	1.00E-00	EPA, 1993 EPA, 1997
A□F	Default Area □se l		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body we		1.77E-01	EPA, 1993
	William Body We	igrit (kg)	1.772-01	LI A, 1000
Chemical		Sc	Intake	
1,2-Dichloroethane		3.02E-03	3.21E-08	
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azob	enzene	3.17E-02	3.37E-07	
2-Methylnaphthalene		1.88E-02	2.00E-07	
3,3 EDichlorobenzidine		1.51E-01	1.60E-06	
4,4EDDT		3.32E-03	3.52E-08	
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol		6.27E-02	6.66E-07	
Acenaphthene		6.31E-02	6.70E-07	
Aluminum		1.25E+04	1.33E-01	
Anthracene		7.53E-02	7.99E-07	
Antimony		8.14E+00	8.64E-05	
Arsenic		7.62E+00	8.09E-05	
Atrazine (Aatrex)		8.14E-02	8.64E-07	
Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium		6.14E-02 3.77E+02	4.00E-03	
Benzo(a)anthracene		3.95E-01	4.19E-06	
Benzo(a)pyrene		4.45E-01	4.72E-06	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		6.11E-01	6.49E-06	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		4.42E-01	4.69E-06	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		3.18E-01	3.38E-06	
Beryllium		8.20E-01	8.71E-06	
Boron		2.72E+01	2.89E-04	
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate		2.02E-01	2.14E-06	
Carbazole		8.61E-02	9.14E-07	
Chloroform		5.27E-03	5.60E-08	
Chromium		1.44E+01	1.53E-04	
Chrysene		4.75E-01	5.04E-06	
Cobalt		7.16E+00	7.60E-05	
Copper		1.26E+01	1.34E-04	
Cyclohexane		1.92E-03	2.04E-08	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		2.35E-01	2.50E-06	
Dibenzofuran		3.05E-02	3.24E-07	
Diethyl Phthalate		3.89E-02	4.13E-07	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate		1.92E-01	2.04E-06	
Fluoranthene		8.04E-01	8.54E-06	
Fluorene		4.60E-02	4.88E-07	
gamma-Chlordane		8.26E-04	8.77E-09	
Hexachlorobenzene		3.19E-02	3.39E-07	
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		4.05E-01	4.30E-06	
ron		2.82E+04	2.99E-01	
sopropylbenzene (cumene)	1	7.04E-03	7.47E-08	
_ead		3.23E+01	3.43E-04	
_ithium		2.00E+01	2.12E-04	
Manganese		4.74E+02	5.03E-03	
Mercury		3.60E-02	3.82E-07	
Methylcyclohexane		3.70E-03	3.93E-08	
Molybdenum		5.66E+00	6.01E-05	
Nickel		1.67E+01	1.77E-04	
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine		4.34E-02	4.61E-07	
Phenanthrene		5.08E-01	5.39E-06	
Pyrene		8.62E-01	9.15E-06	
Silver		5.40E-01	5.73E-06	
Strontium		8.17E+01	8.67E-04	
Fitanium		3.66E+01	3.89E-04	
Toluene		5.81E-03	6.17E-08	
/anadium		2.12E+01	2.25E-04	
Zinc		9.26E+01	9.83E-04	
PAH		9.20E+01 7.11E-01	9.63E-04 7.55E-06	
PAH IPAH			7.55E-06 5.30E-05	
Total PAHs		4.99E+00 5.70E+00	6.06E-05	
SURFACE WATER INGES	TION			
NTADE D (Wc DIR DAF DA				
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Parameter	Definition		Value	Referer

TABLE F-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

ntake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg E	3W-day)	calculated	
Nc	Surface Water concentratio	* /	see Table F-1	
R	Maximum Ingestion rate of		2.09E-02	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in w		1	EPA, 1997
 A□F	Default Area □se Factor	vater (ariticos)	1	EPA, 1997
SW SW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.77E-01	
J V V	within body weight (kg)		1.//⊏-∪1	EPA, 1993
Chemical		Wc	Intake	
Acrylonitrile		2.10E-03	2.48E-04	
Aluminum		5.50E-01	6.49E-02	
Barium		2.60E-02	3.07E-03	
Boron		4.81E+00	5.67E-01	
Chromium		1.20E-01	1.42E-02	
Copper		1.10E-02	1.30E-03	
ron		5.90E-01	6.96E-02	
_ithium		2.70E-01	3.19E-02	
Manganese		4.80E-02	5.66E-03	
NickelⅢ		3.30E-03	3.89E-04	
Selenium□		6.30E-02	7.43E-03	
Silver		3.70E-03	4.37E-04	
Strontium		7.35E+00	8.67E-01	
Γitanium		5.70E-03	6.72E-04	
√anadium		6.10E-02	7.20E-03	
FOOD INGESTION				
NTA□E □ ((Cc □IR □Dfc □	□A□F)/(BW) + (Cw □IR □DFw	□A□F) / (BW)		
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
ntake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg B	3W-dav)	calculated	
Cc	Crab concentration (mg/kg)		see Table F-8	
Cw	Worm concentration (mg/kg		see Table F-8	
R	Maximum Ingestion rate of	,,	9.40E-05	EPA, 1993
			5. TOL 00	, 1000
Dfc		nitless)	2.50E-01	□ent. 1986
Ofc Off	Dietary fraction of crabs (un		2.50E-01 7.50E-01	
				□ent, 1986
Off	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unit)		7.50E-01	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A□F	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unith Default Area □se Factor		7.50E-01 1	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A∷F BW	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unith Default Area ⊡se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)	ess)	7.50E-01 1	□ent, 1986 □ent, 1986 EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
Off A∷F 3W Chemical	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unith Default Area □se Factor		7.50E-01 1	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A∷F BW	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unith Default Area ⊡se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)	ess)	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A.□F 3W Chemical Se⊡ment 1,2-Dichloroethane	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03	ess)	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A_F 3W Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03	Fish	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A_F 3W Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03	Fish 3.58E-04	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 Intake	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A_F 3W Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (uniti Default Area Se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02	Fish 3.58E-04 2.51E-03	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 Intake 5.43E-07 5.21E-06	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A_F 3W Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unit) Default Area Se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02	Fish 3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 Intake 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A_F 3W Chemical Se□iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unith Default Area Se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03	Fish 3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 Intake 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A.F 3W Chemical Se ☐ment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unith Default Area Se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03	Fish 3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 Intake 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF BW Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unit) Default Area Se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02	Fish 3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 Intake 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF 3W Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unit) Default Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 Intake 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 1.56E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A.□F 3W Chemical Se□iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4□DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Accenaphthene Anthracene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unit) Default Area Crab Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04	Fish 3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 Intake 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.86E-05 4.63E+00	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF 3W Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Accenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area Se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E-04 2.46E-01	Fish 3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 Intake 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazzine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinttro-2-methylphenol Accenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex)	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (untit Default Area Se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Crab 3.02E-03 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 Intake 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 1.56E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazzine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinttro-2-methylphenol Accenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex)	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unit) Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.99E-03 1.21E-03	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF 3W Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area	Fish 3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 Intake 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.86E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-EDDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area Se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E-04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 1.56E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-05 1.68E-01	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF BW Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barnzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (until Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Crab 3.02E-03 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 3.00E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 1.21E-03 1.88E-01 5.07E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane ,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo -Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dintro-2-methylphenol Accenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-03 6.27E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 1.80E-01	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 7.26E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-03 2.11E-05 5.27E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Accenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 2.29E-01	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.86E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-05 1.68E-01 5.07E-05 6.01E-04	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF BW Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Accenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Crab 3.02E-03 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 2.29E-01 7.12E-01	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 1.56E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-05 1.68E-01 5.07E-05 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 1.01E-04	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF BW Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,fluoranthene Benzo(b,fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Bersotlium	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (untit Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Crab 3.02E-03 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 7.12E-01 1.96E-01	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 1.56E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 1.21E-03 1.68E-01 5.07E-05 6.27E-05 6.01E-04 4.00E-04	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF 3W Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) 3arium 3enzo(a)anthracene 3enzo(b)fluoranthene 3enzo(b)fluoranthene 3enzo(b)fluoranthene 3enzo(b)fluoranthene 3enzo(b)fluoranthene 3enzo(b)fluoranthene 3enzo(b)fluoranthene 3enzolium 3oron	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unith Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 2.29E-01 7.12E-01 1.96E-01 7.38E-01	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77F-01 1.77F-01 1.77F-01 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.93E-06 1.88E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-05 1.68E-01 5.07E-05 6.01E-04 4.20E-04 3.08E-04	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E-04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 7.12E-01 1.96E-01 7.38E-01 2.72E+01	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01 2.47E+01	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.86E-05 1.56E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-05 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 1.01E-04 4.20E-04 3.80E-04 1.34E-02	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Accenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (until Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Crab 3.02E-03 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 2.29E-01 7.12E-01 1.96E-01 7.38E-01 2.72E+01 2.02E-01	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01 2.47E+01 6.44E-03	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 1.77E-01 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 4.63E-00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-03 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 1.01E-04 4.20E-04 1.34E-02 2.94E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF BW Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 8,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)phyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g)h,i)perylene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Bersyllium Boron Butyl Benzyl Phthalate Carbazole Chloroform	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.29E-01 1.80E-01 7.12E-01 1.96E-01 7.38E-01 2.72E+01 2.02E-01 8.61E-02	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01 2.47E+01 6.44E-03 1.38E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-05 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 4.01E-04 4.20E-04 3.08E-04 1.34E-02 2.94E-05 1.69E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ACF BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)nytrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 benzene 3.17E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 2.29E-01 7.12E-01 1.96E-01 7.38E-01 2.72E+01 2.02E-01 8.61E-02 1.49E-02	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01 2.47E+01 6.44E-03 1.38E-02 4.42E-04	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.93E-05 1.56E-05 4.63E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-05 1.68E-01 5.07E-05 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 1.01E-04 4.20E-04 3.08E-04 1.34E-05 2.94E-05 1.69E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALF BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Separation of fish (unlith Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Separation of Crabs (kg) Crab 3.02E-03 3.02E-03 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E-04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 2.29E-01 7.12E-01 1.96E-01 7.38E-01 2.72E+01 2.02E-01 8.61E-02 1.49E-02 5.62E+00	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01 2.47E+01 6.44E-03 1.38E-02 4.42E-04 1.04E+01	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 1.56E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-03 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 4.20E-04 4.20E-04 1.34E-02 2.94E-05 1.69E-05 1.69E-05 1.69E-05 2.15E-06 4.87E-03	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off ALE BW Chemical Seliment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (until Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab Crab 3.02E-03 3.03E-02 3.03E-02 1.51E-01 2.98E-03 6.27E-02 1.02E-01 1.13E+04 2.46E-01 7.33E+00 6.86E+00 8.14E-02 3.39E+02 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 7.12E-01 1.96E-01 7.38E-01 2.72E+01 2.02E-01 8.61E-02 1.49E-02 5.62E+00 1.49E-02	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01 2.47E+01 6.44E-03 1.38E-02 4.42E-04 1.04E+01 5.94E-01	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1.77FE-01 1.77FE-01 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 1.21E-03 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 4.00E-04 4.20E-04 1.34E-02 2.94E-05 1.69E-05 2.94E-05 1.69E-06 4.87E-03 2.56E-04	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A.F BW Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barau(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) State	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01 2.47E+01 6.44E-03 1.38E-02 4.42E-04 1.04E+01 5.94E-01	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 5.43E-07 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-03 2.11E-05 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 4.20E-04 3.08E-04 1.34E-02 2.94E-05 1.69E-05 2.15E-06 4.87E-03 2.56E-04 2.89E-03	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A_F BW Chemical Se_iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)nthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01 2.47E+01 6.44E-03 1.38E-02 4.42E-04 1.04E+01 5.94E-01 4.88E+00 8.43E+00	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 5.21E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 1.56E-05 4.63E-00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-03 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 4.20E-04 4.20E-04 4.20E-04 1.34E-02 2.94E-05 1.69E-05 2.15E-06 4.87E-03 2.56E-04 2.89E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A.□F BW Chemical Se□ment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Section	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01 2.47E+01 6.44E-03 1.38E-02 4.42E-04 1.04E+01 5.94E-01 4.88E+00 8.43E+00 8.43E+00 8.43E+00 8.29E-03 6.39E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-05 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 4.01E-04 4.20E-04 3.08E-04 4.20E-04 4.20E-04 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 5.82E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A_F BW Chemical Se□ment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichloroebenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)aphrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) State	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-03 4.98E+00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 2.47E+01 6.44E-03 1.38E-02 4.42E-04 1.04E+01 5.94E-01 4.88E+00 8.43E+00 3.29E-03 6.39E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.93E-05 1.56E-05 4.63E-00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-05 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 1.01E-04 4.20E-04 3.08E-04 1.34E-02 2.94E-05 1.69E-05 2.95E-03 3.86E-04 2.96E-04 2.99E-03 3.86E-04 2.89E-03 1.56E-06 6.82E-05 1.17E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997
Off A.□F BW Chemical Se□ment 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azo 2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3-Dichlorobenzidine 4,4-DDT 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol Acenaphthene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Atrazine (Aatrex) Barium Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Dietary fraction of crabs (un Dietary fraction of fish (unlith Default Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Section	3.58E-04 2.51E-03 6.79E-02 2.46E-02 4.87E-03 2.64E-02 5.27E-03 7.88E+03 6.94E-00 7.52E-01 2.59E-02 3.08E+02 3.00E-02 7.26E-02 1.43E+00 1.72E-02 9.89E-01 5.28E-01 2.47E+01 6.44E-03 1.38E-02 4.42E-04 1.04E+01 5.94E-01 4.88E+00 8.43E+00 8.43E+00 8.43E+00 8.29E-03 6.39E-02	7.50E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-01 1 1.77E-06 3.10E-05 2.99E-05 2.33E-06 1.88E-05 4.63E+00 3.54E-05 2.95E-03 1.21E-03 2.11E-05 5.27E-05 6.01E-04 4.01E-04 4.20E-04 3.08E-04 4.20E-04 4.20E-04 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 3.86E-03 5.82E-05	□ent, 1986 EPA, 1997

TABLE F-□
INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□
Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

Fluorene	7.41E-02	5.38E-03	1.20E-05	
gamma-Chlordane	1.90E-03	5.87E-04	2.52E-07	
Hexachlorobenzene	2.90E-01	2.30E-02	4.76E-05	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.18E-01	7.97E-03	1.88E-05	
Iron	2.82E+04	2.20E+04	1.25E+01	
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	7.04E-03	4.80E-04	1.13E-06	
Lead	9.50E-02	4.55E-01	1.94E-04	
Lithium	2.00E+01	1.21E+01	7.47E-03	
Manganese	4.74E+02	3.22E+02	1.91E-01	
Mercury	2.16E-03	7.53E-02	3.03E-05	
Methylcyclohexane	3.70E-03	1.70E-03	1.17E-06	
Molybdenum	5.66E+00	2.15E+00	1.61E-03	
Nickel		5.83E-01	3.52E-04	
	9.02E-01			
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine Phenanthrene	4.34E-02	5.85E-03	8.09E-06	
	8.18E-01	2.80E-01	2.20E-04	
Pyrene	1.39E+00	3.29E-01	3.15E-04	
Silver	1.10E-01	8.95E-02	5.02E-05	
Strontium	8.17E+01	5.12E+01	3.12E-02	
Titanium	3.66E+01	2.78E+01	1.59E-02	
Toluene	5.81E-03	3.94E-04	9.28E-07	
Vanadium	2.12E+01	1.54E+01	8.94E-03	
Zinc	1.06E+02	6.16E+01	3.86E-02	
LPAH	2.92E-01	2.24E-01	1.28E-04	
HPAH	2.92E-01	1.24E+00	5.32E-04	
Total PAHs	2.92E-01	1.46E+00	6.21E-04	
Sur ace Water	Crab	Fish	Intake	
A d thill-	0.045.04	4.045.04	4.005.05	
Acrylonitrile	2.31E-04	1.01E-01	4.02E-05	
Aluminum	2.24E+03	1.49E+00	2.97E-01	
Barium	5.20E+00	1.65E+01	7.24E-03	
Boron	4.81E+00	4.81E+00	2.55E-03	
Chromium	3.60E+02	2.28E+00	4.87E-02	
_			8.54E-03	
Copper	4.09E+01	7.81E+00		
Iron	5.90E-01	5.90E-01	3.13E-04	
Iron Lithium	5.90E-01 2.70E-01	5.90E-01 2.70E-01	3.13E-04 1.43E-04	
Iron Lithium Manganese	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02	3.13E-04 1.43E-04 2.55E-05	
Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel⊞	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 4.91E+00	3.13E-04 1.43E-04 2.55E-05 2.19E-03	
Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel⊞ Selenium⊞	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 4.91E+00 4.77E-01	3.13E-04 1.43E-04 2.55E-05 2.19E-03 8.09E-04	
Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel⊡ Selenium⊞ Silver	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 4.91E+00 4.77E-01 3.25E-01	3.13E-04 1.43E-04 2.55E-05 2.19E-03 8.09E-04 1.29E-04	
Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel⊞ Selenium⊞ Silver Strontium	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 4.91E+00 4.77E-01 3.25E-01 7.35E+00	3.13E-04 1.43E-04 2.55E-05 2.19E-03 8.09E-04 1.29E-04 3.90E-03	
Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel⊞ Selenium⊞ Silver Strontium Titanium	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00 5.70E-03	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 4.91E+00 4.77E-01 3.25E-01 7.35E+00 5.70E-03	3.13E-04 1.43E-04 2.55E-05 2.19E-03 8.09E-04 1.29E-04 3.90E-03 3.03E-06	
Iron Lithium Manganese Nickel⊞ Selenium⊞ Silver Strontium	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 1.76E+00 4.66E+00 0.00E+00 7.35E+00	5.90E-01 2.70E-01 4.80E-02 4.91E+00 4.77E-01 3.25E-01 7.35E+00	3.13E-04 1.43E-04 2.55E-05 2.19E-03 8.09E-04 1.29E-04 3.90E-03	

TOTAL INTA□E

INTA□E □ Sediment Intake + Surface Water Intake + Food Intake

Chemical	Total Intake
Cnemical	Intake
1.2-Dichloroethane	5.75E-07
1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene	5.75E-07 5.54E-06
	5.54E-06 3.12E-05
2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3⊑Dichlorobenzidine	3.15E-05 3.15E-05
4,4EDDT	2.37E-06
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	1.95E-05
Acenaphthene	1.62E-05
Acrylonitrile	2.88E-04
Aluminum	5.13E+00
Anthracene	3.62E-05
Antimony	3.04E-03
Arsenic	1.29E-03
Atrazine (Aatrex)	2.20E-05
Barium	1.82E-01
Benzo(a)anthracene	5.49E-05
Benzo(a)pyrene	5.75E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.07E-04
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.06E-04
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.23E-04
Beryllium	3.17E-04
Boron	5.84E-01
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	3.15E-05
Carbazole	1.78E-05
Chloroform	2.20E-06
Chromium	6.79E-02
Chrysene	2.61E-04
Cobalt	2.97E-03
Copper	1.38E-02
H	002 02

TABLE F-INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA **Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)**

Cyclohexane	1.59E-06
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.07E-05
Dibenzofuran	1.20E-05
Diethyl Phthalate	1.45E-05
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	3.20E-05
Fluoranthene	5.00E-04
Fluorene	1.25E-05
gamma-Chlordane	2.61E-07
Hexachlorobenzene	4.80E-05
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.31E-05
Iron	1.29E+01
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	1.20E-06
Lead	5.37E-04
Lithium	3.97E-02
Manganese	2.02E-01
Mercury	3.06E-05
Methylcyclohexane	1.21E-06
Molybdenum	1.67E-03
Nickel	3.11E-03
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	8.55E-06
Phenanthrene	2.25E-04
Pyrene	3.24E-04
Selenium⊞	8.24E-03
Silver	6.22E-04
Strontium	9.03E-01
Titanium	1.70E-02
Toluene	9.90E-07
Vanadium	1.64E-02
Zinc	3.95E-02
LPAH	1.36E-04
HPAH	5.85E-04
Total PAHs	6.82E-04

- NOTES:

 ⊞Dissolved surface water concentration.

 ⊞Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE F-□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

Ecological Hazard □uotient □ Total Intake / TRV

Parameter Definition Default

Total Intake Intake of COPEC (mg/kg BW-day) see Intake

TRV Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg) see Table F-2

		TRV	
	Total	****	
Chemical	Inta⊡e	San⊡piper	EHQ
1,2-Dichloroethane	2.55E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene	2.79E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
2-Methylnaphthalene	2.73E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
3.3 Dichlorobenzidine	1.35E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
4,4EDDT	2.33E-06	2.27E-01	1.03E-05
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	5.59E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthene	8.60E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acrylonitrile	4.39E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Aluminum	1.25E+01	1.10E+02	1.14E-01
Anthracene	1.38E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Antimony	6.83E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Arsenic	6.39E-03	2.24E+00	2.85E-03
Atrazine (Aatrex)	7.13E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Barium	3.38E-01	2.08E+01	1.63E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.83E-04	7.90E-01	4.84E-04
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.12E-04	1.00E+00	4.12E-04
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.18E-04	1.40E-01	4.42E-03
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	5.91E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.57E-04	1.40E-01	2.55E-03
Beryllium	6.92E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron	1.04E+00	2.86E+01	3.62E-02
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	1.69E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Carbazole	7.33E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Chloroform	1.23E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Chromium	3.29E-01	2.66E+00	1.24E-01
Chrysene	4.17E-04	1.00E+00	4.17E-04
Cobalt	6.68E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	4.05E-02	4.05E+00	1.00E-02
Cyclohexane	2.10E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.72E-04	3.90E-01	6.96E-04
Dibenzofuran	2.82E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Diethyl Phthalate	3.56E-05	1.11E+02	3.21E-07
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	1.60E-04	1.11E+02	1.44E-06
Fluoranthene	1.64E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluorene	6.33E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
gamma-Chlordane	3.10E-06	2.14E+00	1.45E-06
Hexachlorobenzene	1.06E-04	2.25E-01	4.73E-04
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.66E-04	1.00E+00	3.66E-04
Iron	2.69E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	5.89E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead	3.91E-03	1.63E+00	2.40E-03
Lithium	7.51E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese	4.52E-01	1.64E+03	2.76E-04
Mercury	1.65E-05	3.25E+00	5.08E-06
Methylcyclohexane	3.32E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Molybdenum	5.01E-03	3.30E+00	1.52E-03
Nickel	1.16E-02	6.71E+00	1.73E-03
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	3.82E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Phenanthrene	7.20E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	1.22E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Selenium⊞	1.70E-02	5.00E-01	3.41E-02
Silver	1.61E-03	1.78E+02	9.05E-06
Strontium	1.62E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Titanium	3.58E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Toluene	5.07E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Vanadium	3.27E-02	3.44E-01	9.52E-02
Zinc	6.95E-02	6.61E+01	1.05E-03
LPAH	7.17E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
HPAH	4.37E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Total PAHs	5.00E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV

Notes:

Shading indicates EH□ □ 1.

TABLE F-□
ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□
Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

Ecological Hazard □uotient □ Total Intake / TRV								
Parameter	rameter Definition Default							
Total Intake TRV	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg BW-day) Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)	see Intake see Table F-2						

	OPEC (mg/kg BW-day)	see Intake	
TRV Toxicity Ref	erence Value (mg/kg)	see Table F-2	
		TRV	
		TIXV	
Chemical	Total Inta ⊡e	Green Heron	EHQ
			·
1,2-Dichloroethane	5.75E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzen	5.54E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
2-Methylnaphthalene	3.12E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
3,3⊑Dichlorobenzidine	3.15E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
4,4∃DDT	2.37E-06	2.27E-01	1.04E-05
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	1.95E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthene	1.62E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acrylonitrile	2.88E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Aluminum	5.13E+00	1.10E+02	4.66E-02
Anthracene	3.62E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Antimony	3.04E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Arsenic	1.29E-03	2.24E+00	5.76E-04
Atrazine (Aatrex)	2.20E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Barium	1.82E-01	2.08E+01	8.76E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	5.49E-05	7.90E-01	6.95E-05
Benzo(a)pyrene	5.75E-05	1.00E+00	5.75E-05
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.07E-04	1.40E-01	4.34E-03
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.06E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.23E-04	1.40E-01	3.02E-03
Beryllium	3.17E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron	5.84E-01	2.86E+01	2.04E-02
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	3.15E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Carbazole	1.78E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Chloroform	2.20E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Chromium	6.79E-02	2.66E+00	2.55E-02
Chrysene	2.61E-04	1.00E+00	2.61E-04
Cobalt	2.97E-03	0.00E+00 4.05E+00	no TRV
Copper	1.38E-02		3.41E-03
Cyclohexane	1.59E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Dibenzofuran	6.07E-05 1.20E-05	3.90E-01 0.00E+00	1.56E-04 no TRV
Diethyl Phthalate	1.45E-05	1.11E+02	1.31E-07
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	3.20E-05	1.11E+02 1.11E+02	2.88E-07
Fluoranthene	5.00E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluorene	1.25E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
gamma-Chlordane	2.61E-07	2.14E+00	1.22E-07
Hexachlorobenzene	4.80E-05	2.25E-01	2.13E-04
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	2.31E-05	1.00E+00	2.31E-05
Iron	1.29E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	1.20E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead	5.37E-04	1.63E+00	3.29E-04
Lithium	3.97E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese	2.02E-01	1.64E+03	1.23E-04
Mercury	3.06E-05	3.25E+00	9.43E-06
Methylcyclohexane	1.21E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Molybdenum	1.67E-03	3.30E+00	5.05E-04
Nickel	3.11E-03	6.71E+00	4.63E-04
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	8.55E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Phenanthrene	2.25E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	3.24E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Selenium⊞	8.24E-03	5.00E-01	1.65E-02
Silver	6.22E-04	1.78E+02	3.49E-06
Strontium	9.03E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Titanium	1.70E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Toluene	9.90E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV
Vanadium	1.64E-02	3.44E-01	4.77E-02
Zinc	3.95E-02	6.61E+01	5.98E-04
LPAH	1.36E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
HPAH	5.85E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Total PAHs	6.82E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV

Notes: Shading indicates EH□ □1.

TABLE F-CONCENTRATION OF CHEMICAL IN FOOD ITEM (m)

Clool Csel x BSAF or Cwtr x BCF

Chemical Concentration in food (mg/kg dry)
Chemical Concentration (maximum for inverts, EPC for fish) in sediment (mg/kg dry)
Chemical Concentration (maximum) in water (mg/L)
Biota to Sediment Accumulation Factor (unitless)
Bioconcentration Factor (unitless)

Cfood
Csed
Cwtr
BSAF
BCF

BCF []	biocoriceriu atioi	n Factor (unitiess	,								
Compoun□	Cse□ - max (m□□□)	Cse - EPC (m iii)	Se⊒iment to Worm BSAF	Worm Concentration	Reference	Se⊡iment to Crab BSAF	Crab Concentration	Relerence	Se⊡iment to Fish BSAF	Fish Concentration	Reierence
1.2-Dichloroethane	3.02E-03	3.58E-04	1.00E+00	3.02E-03	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	3.02E-03	EPA. 1997 III	1.00E+00	3.58E-04	EPA. 1997 □
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azot	3.17E-02	1.10E-02	1.00E+00	3.17E-02	EPA. 1997 III	1.00E+00	3.17E-02	EPA. 1997 III	2.28E-01	2.51E-03	WSDOH. 1995
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.88E-02	1.46E-02	1.61E+00	3.03E-02	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	3.03E-02	EPA, 1999	4.65E+00	6.79E-02	Brunson et al. (1998)
3,3 Dichlorobenzidine	1.51E-01	6.32E-02	1.00E+00	1.51E-01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.51E-01	EPA, 1997 III	3.90E-01	2.46E-02	WSDOH, 1995
4.4FDDT	3.32E-03	2.03E-04	8.00E-01	2.66E-03	BSAF DB	1.00L100	□0.00298	Gulfco HHRA sampling	2.40E+01	4.87E-03	WSDOH, 1995
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	6.27E-02	2.64E-02	1.00E+00	6.27E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	6.27E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.64E-02	EPA, 1997 III
Acenaphthene	6.31E-02	1.35E-02	1.61E+00	1.02E-01	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	1.02E-01	EPA, 1999	3.90E-01	5.27E-03	WSDOH, 1995
Aluminum	1.25E+04	7.88E+03	9.00E-01	1.13E+04	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	1.13E+04	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	7.88E+03	EPA, 1997 III
Anthracene	7.53E-02	1.78E-02	1.45E+00	1.09E-01	EPA, 1999	3.27E+00	2.46E-01	BSAF DB	3.90E-01	6.94E-03	WSDOH, 1995
Antimony	8.14E+00	4.98E+00	9.00E-01	7.33E+00	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	7.33E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	4.98E+00	EPA, 1997 III
Arsenic	7.62E+00	4.64E+00	9.00E-01	6.86E+00	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	6.86E+00	EPA, 1999	1.62E-01	7.52E-01	EPA, 2000
Atrazine (Aatrex)	8.14E-02	2.59E-02	1.00E+00	8.14E-02	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	8.14E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.59E-02	EPA, 2000 EPA, 1997 □□
	6.14E-02 3.77E+02	3.08E+02	9.00E-01	3.39E+02		9.00E-01	3.39E+02		1.00E+00	3.08E+02	
Barium		3.08E+02 1.38E-02	9.00E-01 1.45E+00	5.73E-01	EPA, 1999		3.39E+02 0.29200	EPA, 1999	2.18E+00		EPA, 1997 III
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.95E-01				EPA, 1999			Gulfco HHRA sampling		3.00E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.45E-01	1.58E-02	1.59E+00	7.08E-01	EPA, 1999		□0.17950	Gulfco HHRA sampling	4.60E+00	7.26E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.11E-01	3.52E-01	1.61E+00	9.84E-01	EPA, 1999	1.045:00	0.22900	Gulfco HHRA sampling	4.07E+00	1.43E+00	WSDOH, 1995
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.42E-01	1.72E-02	1.61E+00	7.12E-01	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	7.12E-01	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.72E-02	EPA, 1997 III
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.18E-01	2.43E-01	1.61E+00	5.12E-01	EPA, 1997 III		□0.19600	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	4.07E+00	9.89E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Beryllium	8.20E-01	5.28E-01	9.00E-01	7.38E-01	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	7.38E-01	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	5.28E-01	EPA, 1997 □
Boron	2.72E+01	2.47E+01	1.00E+00	2.72E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.72E+01	EPA, 1997	1.00E+00	2.47E+01	EPA, 1997 III
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	2.02E-01	1.65E-02	1.00E+00	2.02E-01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.02E-01	EPA, 1997 III	3.90E-01	6.44E-03	WSDOH, 1995
Carbazole	8.61E-02	1.38E-02	1.00E+00	8.61E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	8.61E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.38E-02	EPA, 1997
Chloroform	5.27E-03	4.42E-04	2.82E+00	1.49E-02	EPA, 1999	2.82E+00	1.49E-02	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	4.42E-04	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Chromium	1.44E+01	1.04E+01	3.90E-01	5.62E+00	EPA, 1999	3.90E-01	5.62E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.04E+01	EPA, 1997 III
Chrysene	4.75E-01	2.73E-01	1.38E+00	6.56E-01	EPA, 1999		□0.14900	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	2.18E+00	5.94E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Cobalt	7.16E+00	4.88E+00	1.00E+00	7.16E+00	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	7.16E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	4.88E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Copper	1.26E+01	8.43E+00	3.00E-01	3.78E+00	EPA, 1999	3.00E-01	3.78E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	8.43E+00	Max value from Calcasieu RI
Cyclohexane	1.92E-03	3.29E-03	1.00E+00	1.92E-03	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	1.92E-03	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	3.29E-03	EPA, 1997 III
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.35E-01	1.57E-02	1.61E+00	3.78E-01	EPA, 1999		□0.24700	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	4.07E+00	6.39E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Dibenzofuran	3.05E-02	1.92E-02	1.00E+00	3.05E-02	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	3.05E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.92E-02	EPA, 1997 III
Diethyl Phthalate	3.89E-02	2.24E-02	1.00E+00	3.89E-02	EPA, 1997 🎞	1.00E+00	3.89E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	2.24E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	1.92E-01	1.13E-02	1.00E+00	1.92E-01	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	1.92E-01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.13E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Fluoranthene	8.04E-01	4.39E-01	1.61E+00	1.29E+00	EPA, 1999	3.49E+00	2.81E+00	EPA, 1999	6.83E-01	3.00E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Fluorene	4.60E-02	1.38E-02	1.61E+00	7.41E-02	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	7.41E-02	EPA, 1999	3.90E-01	5.38E-03	WSDOH, 1995
gamma-Chlordane	8.26E-04	3.91E-04	5.88E+00	4.86E-03	BSAF DB	2.30E+00	1.90E-03	BSAF DB	1.50E+00	5.87E-04	BSAF DB
Hexachlorobenzene	3.19E-02	1.62E-02	5.12E-01	1.63E-02	BSAF DB		□0.29000	Gulfco HHRA sampling	1.42E+00	2.30E-02	Max value from Calcasieu RI
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	4.05E-01	2.53E-02	1.61E+00	6.52E-01	EPA, 1999		□0.11750	Gulfco HHRA sampling	3.15E-01	7.97E-03	WSDOH, 1995
Iron	2.82E+04	2.20E+04	1.00E+00	2.82E+04	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	2.82E+04	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.20E+04	EPA, 1997 🗆
Isopropylbenzene (cumene	7.04E-03	4.80E-04	1.00E+00	7.04E-03	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	7.04E-03	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	4.80E-04	EPA, 1997 III
Lead	3.23E+01	2.27E+01	3.00E-02	6.30E-01	EPA, 1999		□0.09500	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	2.00E-02	4.55E-01	Max value from Calcasieu RI
Lithium	2.00E+01	1.21E+01	1.00E+00	2.00E+01	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	2.00E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.21E+01	EPA, 1997 🗆
Manganese	4.74E+02	3.22E+02	1.00E+00	4.74E+02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	4.74E+02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	3.22E+02	EPA, 1997 III
Mercury	3.60E-02	2.33E-02	6.80E-01	2.45E-02	EPA, 1999	6.00E-02	2.16E-03	Max value from Calcasieu RI	3.23E+00	7.53E-02	Max value from Calcasieu RI
Methylcyclohexane	3.70E-03	1.70E-03	1.00E+00	3.70E-03	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	3.70E-03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	1.70E-03	EPA, 1997 III
Molybdenum	5.66E+00	2.15E+00	1.00E+00	5.66E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	5.66E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	2.15E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Nickel	1.67E+01	1.08E+01	9.00E-01	1.50E+01	EPA, 1999	5.40E-02	9.02E-01	Max value from Calcasieu RI	5.40E-02	5.83E-01	Max value from Calcasieu RI
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	4.34E-02	1.50E-02	1.00E+00	4.34E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	4.34E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	3.90E-01	5.85E-03	WSDOH, 1995
Phenanthrene	5.08E-01	2.80E-01	1.61E+00	8.18E-01	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	8.18E-01	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	2.80E-01	EPA, 1997 □□
Pyrene	8.62E-01	4.82E-01	1.61E+00	1.39E+00	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	1.39E+00	EPA, 1999	6.83E-01	3.29E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Silver	5.40E-01	8.95E-02	9.00E-01	4.86E-01	EPA, 1999		0.11 🗆	Gulfco HHRA sampling □□□	1.00E+00	8.95E-02	EPA, 1997 III
Strontium	8.17E+01	5.12E+01	1.00E+00	8.17E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	8.17E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	5.12E+01	EPA, 1997 III
Titanium	3.66E+01	2.78E+01	1.00E+00	3.66E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	3.66E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.78E+01	EPA, 1997 III
Toluene	5.81E-03	1.73E-03	1.00E+00	5.81E-03	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	5.81E-03	EPA, 1997 III	2.28E-01	3.94E-04	WSDOH, 1995

TABLE F-CONCENTRATION OF CHEMICAL IN FOOD ITEM (m)

Clool Csel x BSAF or Cwtr x BCF

Chemical Concentration in food (mg/kg dry)
Chemical Concentration (maximum for inverts, EPC for fish) in sediment (mg/kg dry)
Chemical Concentration (maximum) in water (mg/L)
Biota to Sediment Accumulation Factor (unitless)
Bioconcentration Factor (unitless)

Cfood
Csed
Cwtr
BSAF
BCF

BOI 1	Bioconcentiatio	ii Factor (unities	5)								
Compoun□	Cse□ - max (m□□□)	Cse□ - EPC (m□□□)	Se⊡iment to Worm BSAF	Worm Concentration	Relerence	Se⊡iment to Crab BSAF	Crab Concentration	Re⊡erence	Se⊡iment to Fish BSAF	Fish Concentration	Re⊡erence
		4.545.04	4.005.00	0.405.04	5D4 4007	1.005.00	0.405.04	FD4 4007	4.005.00	4.545.04	EDA 1007
Vanadium	2.12E+01	1.54E+01	1.00E+00	2.12E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.12E+01	EPA, 1997	1.00E+00	1.54E+01	EPA, 1997 □
Zinc	9.26E+01	5.41E+01	5.70E-01	5.28E+01	EPA, 1999	1.14E+00	1.06E+02	Max value from Calcasieu RI	1.14E+00	6.16E+01	Max value from Calcasieu RI
LPAH	7.11E-01	3.40E-01	1.61E+00	1.15E+00	EPA, 1999		□0.292	maximum PAH in crab	6.60E-01	2.24E-01	WSDOH, 1995
HPAH	4.99E+00	1.88E+00	1.61E+00	8.04E+00	EPA, 1999		□0.292	maximum PAH in crab	6.60E-01	1.24E+00	WSDOH, 1995
Total PAHs	5.70E+00	2.22E+00	1.61E+00	9.18E+00	EPA, 1999		□0.292	maximum PAH in crab □	6.60E-01	1.46E+00	WSDOH, 1995
Compoun□	Cwtr - max	Cwtr - EPC	Water to Worm	Worm	Reference	Water to Crab	Crab	Reference	Water to Fish	Fish	Reference
	(m□L)	(m □ L)	BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration		BCF	Concentration	
	0.405.00	0.405.00	4 405 04	2245.24	ED4 4000	4.405.04	0.045.04	FDA 4000	4.005.04	4.045.04	FD1 4000
Acrylonitrile	2.10E-03	2.10E-03	1.10E-01	2.31E-04	EPA, 1999	1.10E-01	2.31E-04	EPA, 1999	4.80E+01	1.01E-01	EPA, 1999
Aluminum	5.50E-01	5.50E-01	4.07E+03	2.24E+03	EPA, 1999	4.07E+03	2.24E+03	EPA, 1999	2.70E+00	1.49E+00	EPA, 1999
Barium	2.60E-02	2.60E-02	2.00E+02	5.20E+00	EPA, 1999	2.00E+02	5.20E+00	EPA, 1999	6.33E+02	1.65E+01	EPA, 1999
Boron	4.81E+00	4.81E+00	1.00E+00	4.81E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	4.81E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	4.81E+00	EPA, 1997 III
Chromium	1.20E-01	1.20E-01	3.00E+03	3.60E+02	EPA, 1999	3.00E+03	3.60E+02	EPA, 1999	1.90E+01	2.28E+00	EPA, 1999
Copper	1.10E-02	1.10E-02	3.72E+03	4.09E+01	EPA, 1999	3.72E+03	4.09E+01	EPA, 1999	7.10E+02	7.81E+00	EPA, 1999
Iron	5.90E-01	5.90E-01	1.00E+00	5.90E-01	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	5.90E-01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	5.90E-01	EPA, 1997 □
Lithium	2.70E-01	2.70E-01	1.00E+00	2.70E-01	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	2.70E-01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.70E-01	EPA, 1997 III
Manganese	4.80E-02	4.80E-02	1.00E+00	4.80E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	4.80E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	4.80E-02	EPA, 1997 III
Nickel	6.30E-02	6.30E-02	2.80E+01	1.76E+00	EPA, 1999	2.80E+01	1.76E+00	EPA, 1999	7.80E+01	4.91E+00	EPA, 1999
Selenium	3.70E-03	3.70E-03	1.26E+03	4.66E+00	EPA, 1999	1.26E+03	4.66E+00	EPA, 1999	1.29E+02	4.77E-01	EPA, 1999
								Gulfco HHRA sampling □□(value already accounted for via			
Silver	3.70E-03	3.70E-03	2.98E+02	1.10E+00	EPA, 1999		0.00E+00	sediment)	8.77E+01	3.25E-01	EPA, 1999
Strontium	7.35E+00	7.35E+00	1.00E+00	7.35E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	7.35E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	7.35E+00	EPA, 1997 III
Titanium	5.70E-03	5.70E-03	1.00E+00	5.70E-03	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	5.70E-03	EPA. 1997 □	1.00E+00	5.70E-03	EPA. 1997 III
Vanadium	6.10E-02	6.10E-02	1.00E+00	6.10E-02	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	6.10E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	6.10E-02	EPA, 1997 III

[☐] Compounds analyzed but not detected in Sites blue crab samples so value is one-half of maximum detection limit.

TABLE F ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA SEDIMENT Pol chaetes an other Benthic Invertebrates -- COMPARED WITH MIDPOINT BETWEEN ERL an ERM

Ecological Hazard uotient Sc /(midpoint ERL/ERM)

Parameter Definition Default
Sc Sediment Concentration (mg/kg) see below
ERL/ERM Midpoint between Effects Range-Low and Effects Range-Medium (mg/kg) see Table F-2

	Exposure Point Concentration*	ERLERM	Maximum
Chemical	(Sc)		EHQ⁺
4.2 Dishlara eth an	2.025.02	0.005+00	no EDI /EDM
1,2-Dichloroethane	3.02E-03 3.17E-02	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine/azobenzene			no ERL/ERM 5.08E-02
2-Methylnaphthalene 3,3⊑Dichlorobenzidine	1.88E-02 1.51E-01	3.70E-01 0.00E+00	
4,4EDDT	3.32E-03	3.20E-02	no ERL/ERM 1.04E-01
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	6.27E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Acenaphthene	6.31E-02	2.58E-01	2.45E-01
Aluminum	1.25E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Anthracene	7.53E-02	5.93E-01	1.27E-01
Antimony	8.14E+00	9.30E+00	8.75E-01
Arsenic	7.62E+00	3.91E+01	1.95E-01
Atrazine (Aatrex)	8.14E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Barium	3.77E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.95E-01	9.31E-01	4.25E-01
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.45E-01	1.02E+00	4.38E-01
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.11E-01	1.80E+00	3.39E-01
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.42E-01	6.70E-01	6.60E-01
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.18E-01	1.80E+00	1.77E-01
Beryllium	8.20E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Boron	2.72E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Butyl Benzyl Phthalate	2.02E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Carbazole	8.61E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Chloroform	5.27E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Chromium	1.44E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Chrysene	4.75E-01	1.59E+00	2.98E-01
Cobalt	7.16E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Copper	1.26E+01	1.52E+02	8.29E-02
Cyclohexane	1.92E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.35E-01	1.62E-01	1.45E+00
Dibenzofuran	3.05E-02	1.10E-01	2.77E-01
Diethyl Phthalate	3.89E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	1.92E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Fluoranthene	8.04E-01	2.85E+00	2.82E-01
Fluorene	4.60E-02	2.80E-01	1.65E-01
gamma-Chlordane	8.26E-04	3.53E-03	2.34E-01
Hexachlorobenzene	3.19E-02	6.00E-03	5.32E+00
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	4.05E-01	6.00E-01	6.75E-01
Iron	2.82E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	7.04E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Lead	3.23E+01	1.32E+02	2.44E-01
Lithium	2.00E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Manganese	4.74E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Mercury	3.60E-02	4.30E-01	8.37E-02
Methylcyclohexane	3.70E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Molybdenum	5.66E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Nickel	1.67E+01	3.63E+01	4.61E-01
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	4.34E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Phenanthrene	5.08E-01	8.70E-01	5.84E-01
Pyrene	8.62E-01	1.63E+00	5.28E-01
Silver	5.40E-01	2.35E+00	2.30E-01
Strontium	8.17E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Titanium	3.66E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Toluene	5.81E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Vanadium	2.12E+01	5.70E+01	3.72E-01
Zinc	9.26E+01	2.80E+02	3.31E-01
LPAH	7.11E-01	1.86E+00	3.83E-01
HPAH	4.99E+00	5.65E+00	8.84E-01
Total PAHs	5.70E+00	2.44E+01	2.34E-01

Notes:

[□] EPC for benthic receptors is maximum measured concentration from Report Table 6.

⁺Shading indicates EH□ □1.

TABLE G-□ E□POSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (m□□□□) SEDIMENT AND SURFACE WATER -- INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ BACKGROUND DATA

	Exposure Point				
Chemical o⊡Interest [⁺]	Concentration	Statistic Use	Maximum Detection		
SEDIMENT	<u> </u>	•	•		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	□ 7.24E-04	median	3.91E-03		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	□ 1.54E-03	median	4.11E-03		
2-Butanone	2.00E-03	median	2.16E-03		
4,4EDDT	2.10E-04	median	5.70E-04		
Aluminum	1.65E+04	95□ Studentīs-t	2.18E+04		
Antimony	5.40E+00	95□ Studentis-t	7.33E+00		
Arsenic	7.74E+00	95□ Studentis-t	9.62E+00		
Barium	2.39E+02	95□ Studentrs-t	2.80E+02		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	□ 1.09E-02	median	3.69E-02		
Beryllium	1.02E+00	95□ Studentis-t	1.32E+00		
Boron	3.56E+01	95□ Studentis-t	4.79E+01		
Carbon Disulfide	□ 8.40E-04	median	8.41E-03		
Chromium	1.69E+01	95□ Student s-t	2.25E+01		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	□ 4.61E-04	median	2.84E-02		
Cobalt	8.66E+00	95 Students-t	1.18E+01		
Copper	1.13E+01	95□ Studentis-t	1.68E+01		
Iron	2.15E+04	95□ Student s-t	2.79E+04		
Lead Lithium	1.18E+01 3.03E+01	95□ Students-t 95□ Students-t	1.45E+01 4.46E+01		
Manganese	3.86E+02	95□ Studentis-t	4.40E+01 4.42E+02		
Mercury	3.68E-02	95 Chebyshev	5.00E-02		
Molybdenum	2.83E-01	95□ Students-t	3.50E-01		
Nickel	1.99E+01	95□ Studentis-t	2.73E+01		
Strontium	7.28E+01	95□ Studentis-t	8.74E+01		
Titanium	3.83E+01	95□ Studentis-t	5.45E+01		
Trichloroethene	□ 6.47E-04	median	1.59E-02		
Vanadium	2.59E+01	95□ Studentis-t	3.42E+01		
□ylene	□ 2.09E-03	median	3.35E-03		
Zinc	4.45E+01	95□ Studentis-t	5.41E+01		
LPAH ^{††}					
HPAH	1.09E-02	summed value	3.69E-02		
Total PAHs	1.09E-02	summed value	3.69E-02		
SURFACE WATER					
4,4EDDD	7.62E-06	EPC is max detect	7.62E-06		
4,4EDDT	1.30E-05	EPC is max detect	1.30E-05		
Acetone	4.52E-03	EPC is max detect	4.52E-03		
Aldrin	1.10E-05	EPC is max detect	1.10E-05		
Aluminum	4.00E-01	EPC is max detect	4.00E-01		
Barium	2.00E-02	EPC is max detect	2.00E-02		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.02E-04	EPC is max detect	2.02E-04		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.11E-04	EPC is max detect	3.11E-04		
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	1.97E-02	EPC is max detect	1.97E-02		
Boron	4.50E+00	EPC is max detect	4.50E+00		
Chromium	7.90E-02	EPC is max detect	7.90E-02		
Chromium VI	1.10E-02	EPC is max detect	1.10E-02		
Chrysene	3.68E-04	EPC is max detect	3.68E-04		
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	1.42E-03	EPC is max detect	1.42E-03		
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	6.50E-04	EPC is max detect	6.50E-04		
Iron	4.30E-01	EPC is max detect	4.30E-01		
Lithium	3.40E-01	EPC is max detect	3.40E-01		
Manganese	4.10E-02	EPC is max detect	4.10E-02		
Methoxyclor	1.40E-05	EPC is max detect	1.40E-05		
Molybdenum	4.20E-03	EPC is max detect	4.20E-03		
Silver	5.90E-03	EPC is max detect	5.90E-03 8.31E+00		
Strontium Titanium	8.31E+00 4.20E-03	EPC is max detect	8.31E+00 4.20E-03		
	4.20E-03 3.70E-02	EPC is max detect EPC is max detect	4.20E-03 3.70E-02		
Vanadium	3.1UE-UZ	EFC is max detect	3.1UE-UZ		
LPAHs ⁺⁺ HPAHs	0 045 04	cummed value	0 04 - 04		
Total PAHs	8.81E-04 8.81E-04	summed value summed value	8.81E-04 8.81E-04		
I Viai FAIIS	0.01E-U4	Summed Value	0.01E-U4		

- □Sediment data from Report Table 7. Surface water data from Report Table 11 and are total concentrations.

 † Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.
- **Low molecular weight PAHs were not measured in sediment samples collected in the Intracoastal Waterway background area.

 Based on Version 4.00.04 Pro □CL output provided in Appendix A.

TABLE G-TO ICIT REFERENCE VALUES

Parameter	Pol chaetes	ReⅢ	Comments	Avian Carnivore (San piper) (m BW-	ReⅢ	Comments	Avian Carnivore (Green heron) (maga BW-aa)	ReⅢ	Comments
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	, ,			,			, ,		
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.10E-01	S□□IRT	AET						
2-Butanone	1.102 01	OLLIIV.	7121						
2-Butarioric						Highest bounded NOAEL for			Highest bounded NOAEL for
						growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL			growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL
4,4EDDD	1.00E-03	S□□IRT	ERL	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	for reproduction, growth, and survival
					,	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and	-		Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and
4,4EDDT	1.19E-03	S□□IRT	ERL	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	survival
Acetone				5.20E+04	EPA, 1999		5.20E+04	EPA, 1999	
Aldrin	9.50E-03	S□□IRT	AET		, , , , , ,				
Aluminum	0.002 00	OLLIIV.	7121	1.10E+02	EPA, 1999		1.10E+02	EPA, 1999	
Antimony	9.30E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.102.02	LI A, 1555		1.102.02	LI A, 1000	
Arsenic	8.20E+00	OFFIRE	ERL	2.24E+00	EPA, 2005d		2.24E+00	EPA. 2005d	
	0.200700	S□□IRT	EKL						
Barium	4.005.00	0		2.08E+01	EPA, 1999		2.08E+01	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.80E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.40E-01	EPA, 1999		1.40E-01	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	6.70E-01	S□□IRT	AET					1	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.80E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.40E-01	EPA, 1999		1.40E-01	EPA, 1999	
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	1.82E-01	S□□IRT	TEL	1.11E+02	EPA, 1999		1.11E+02	EPA, 1999	
Beryllium									
Boron				2.86E+01	Sample, 1996		2.86E+01	Sample, 1996	
Carbon Disulfide		_		2.002.01			L.00L · 0 ·		
Chromium				2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Chromium VI				2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Chrysene	3.84E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	ioi reproduction and growth	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	growth
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	3.04E-U1	SULIKI	ERL	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999		1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	
Cobalt									
Copper	3.40E+01	Saairt	ERL	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and surviyal	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	0.40E101	OBBIN	LIVE	1.11E+02	EPA, 1999	Sulvival	1.11E+02	EPA, 1999	Suivivai
Di-n-octyl Phthalate		_		1.11E+02	EPA, 1999		1.11E+02	EPA, 1999	
lron Lead	4.67E+01	Sudirt	ERL	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Lithium									
Manganese				1.64E+03	Sample, 1996		1.64E+03	Sample, 1996	
Mercury	1.50E-01	Sudirt	ERL	3.25E+00	EPA, 1999	Acute (5 days) LOAEL for mortality in coturnix quail (dose 325 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)	3.25E+00	EPA, 1999	Acute (5 days) LOAEL for mortality in coturnix quail (dose 325 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)
Methoxyclor								1	
Molybdenum				3.30E+00	Sample, 1996		3.30E+00	Sample, 1996	
Nickel	2.09E+01	Sudirt	ERL	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Silver	1.00E+00	SUBIRT	ERL	1.78E+02	EPA, 1999	22.77701	1.78E+02	EPA, 1999	
Strontium	1.002.00	322		02.02	_171, 1000		1.102.02	2.71, 1000	
Titanium		+		+				+	
	4.405.00	0==10*	AFT					1	
Trichloroethene	4.10E-02	S□□IRT	AET	0.445.04	ED4 000-			ED4 000-	
Vanadium	5.70E+01	SUBIRT	AET	3.44E-01	EPA, 2005b		3.44E-01	EPA, 2005b	
□ylene	4.00E-03	SIRT	AET		EPA, 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth effect groups	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth effect groups
Zinc	1.50F+02	SHIRT	FRI	6.61 ⊏+01					
Zinc	1.50E+02 5.52E-01	SOURT	ERL	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	circci groups	0.01E+01	EPA, 20076	and growth effect groups
LPAHs	5.52E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	chect groups	0.01E+01	EPA, 2007e	and growth effect groups
				6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	circut groups	0.012+01	EPA, 2007e	and growth effect groups

Notes:
ERL -- Effects Range-Low
AET -- Apparent Effects Threshold
EPA, 2007a -- DDT
EPA, 2007b -- PAHs
EPA, 2007c -- Copper
EPA, 2007d -- Nickel
EPA, 2007e -- Zinc

TABLE G-3 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA SEDIMENT **BACKGROUND**

Pol chaetes an Other Benthic Invertebrates

Ecological Hazard □uotie	ent □ Sc/ERL		
Parameter	Definition		Default
Sc	Sediment Concentration (mg/kg)		see below
ERL	Effects Range-Low (mg/kg)		see Table G-2
Chemical	Exposure Point Concentration* (Sc)	ERL	Maximum EHQ ⁺
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.91E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	4.11E-03	1.10E-01	3.74E-02
2-Butanone	2.16E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
4,4EDDT	5.70E-04	1.19E-03	4.79E-01
Aluminum	2.18E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL
Antimony	7.33E+00	9.30E+00	7.88E-01
Arsenic	9.62E+00	8.20E+00	1.17E+00
Barium	2.80E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.69E-02	1.80E+00	2.05E-02
Beryllium	1.32E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL
Boron	4.79E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Carbon Disulfide	8.41E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
Chromium	2.25E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2.84E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Cobalt	1.18E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Copper	1.68E+01	3.40E+01	4.94E-01
ron	2.79E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL
Lead	1.45E+01	4.67E+01	3.10E-01
_ithium	4.46E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Manganese	4.42E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Mercury	5.00E-02	1.50E-01	3.33E-01
Molybdenum	3.50E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Nickel	2.73E+01	2.09E+01	1.31E+00
Strontium	8.74E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Γitanium	5.45E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Γrichloroethene	1.59E-02	4.10E-02	3.88E-01
/anadium	3.42E+01	5.70E+01	6.00E-01
□ylene	3.35E-03	4.00E-03	8.38E-01
Zinc	5.41E+01	1.50E+02	3.61E-01
LPAHs			no ERL
HPAH	3.69E-02	1.70E+00	2.17E-02
Total DALIa	2.005.02	4.005+00	0.475.00

4.02E+00

9.17E-03

Total PAHs

3.69E-02

 $[\]hfill \Box$ EPC for benthic receptors is maximum measured concentration from Report Table 7.

⁺Shading indicates EH□ □1.

TABLE G-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

SEDIMENT INGESTION				
INTA□E □ (Sc □IR □AF □A□F) / (BW)				
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Sc	Sediment concentration (mg/kg)		see Table G-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of sed (kg/day)		5.34E-06	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in sediment (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Default Area □se Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		3.40E-02	EPA, 1993
		EPC		
Chemical		Sc	Intake	
			= -=	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		7.24E-04	1.14E-07	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		1.54E-03	2.42E-07	
2-Butanone		2.00E-03	3.14E-07	
4,4∃DDT		2.10E-04	3.30E-08	
Aluminum		1.65E+04	2.59E+00	
Antimony		5.40E+00	8.47E-04	
Arsenic		7.74E+00	1.21E-03	
Barium		2.39E+02	3.75E-02	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		1.09E-02	1.71E-06	
Beryllium		1.02E+00	1.59E-04	
Boron		3.56E+01	5.59E-03	
Carbon Disulfide		8.40E-04	1.32E-07	
Chromium		8.40E-04 1.69E+01		
			2.64E-03	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		4.61E-04	7.24E-08	
Cobalt		8.66E+00	1.36E-03	
Copper		1.13E+01	1.78E-03	
Iron		2.15E+04	3.38E+00	
Lead		1.18E+01	1.86E-03	
Lithium		3.03E+01	4.76E-03	
Manganese		3.86E+02	6.06E-02	
Mercury		3.68E-02	5.78E-06	
Molybdenum		2.83E-01	4.44E-05	
Nickel		1.99E+01		
			3.13E-03	
Strontium		7.28E+01	1.14E-02	
Titanium		3.83E+01	6.01E-03	
Trichloroethene		6.47E-04	1.02E-07	
Vanadium		2.59E+01	4.06E-03	
□ylene		2.09E-03	3.28E-07	
Zinc		4.45E+01	6.99E-03	
LPAH ⁺⁺				
HPAH		1.09E-02	1.71E-06	
Total PAHs		1.09E-02	1.71E-06	
Total 1 Al 19		1.031-02	1.7 IL-00	
S RFACE WATER INGESTION				
INTAGE G(Wc GIR GAF GAGF) / (BW)				
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	NOIGIGIUG
Wc				
	Surface Water concentration (mg/kg)		see Table G-1	EDA 1000
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of water (L/day)		7.11E-03	EPA, 1993
AF A□F	Chemical Bioavailability in water (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Default Area □se Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		3.40E-02	EPA, 1993
Chemical		Wc	Intake	
4.4⊨DDD		7.605.00	4.505.00	
4,4∃DDD		7.62E-06	1.59E-06	
4,4⊑DDT		1.30E-05	2.72E-06	
Acetone		4.52E-03	9.45E-04	
Aldrin		1.10E-05	2.30E-06	
Aluminum		4.00E-01	8.36E-02	
Barium		2.00E-02	4.18E-03	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		2.02E-04	4.22E-05	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		3.11E-04	6.50E-05	
		0.11L=0 1	0.00L-00	

TABLE G-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

	Avian Carnivore (-		
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate		1.97E-02	4.12E-03	
Boron		4.50E+00	9.41E-01	
Chromium		7.90E-02	1.65E-02	
Chromium VI		1.10E-02	2.30E-03	
Chrysene		3.68E-04	7.70E-05	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate		1.42E-03	2.97E-04	
			1.36E-04	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate		6.50E-04	8.99E-02	
Iron		4.30E-01		
Lithium		3.40E-01	7.11E-02	
Manganese		4.10E-02	8.57E-03	
Methoxyclor		1.40E-05	2.93E-06	
Molybdenum		4.20E-03	8.78E-04	
Silver		5.90E-03	1.23E-03	
Strontium		8.31E+00	1.74E+00	
Titanium		4.20E-03	8.78E-04	
Vanadium		3.70E-02	7.74E-03	
LPAHs++				
HPAHs		8.81E-04	1.84E-04	
Total PAHs		8.81E-04	1.84E-04	
FOOD INGESTION				
NTA□E □ ((Cc □IR □Dfc □A□F)	/(BW) + (Cw □IR □DFw □A□F) / (BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Cc	Crab concentration (mg/kg)		see Table G-8	
Cw	Worm concentration (mg/kg)		see Table G-8	
R	Maximum Ingestion rate of food (kg/day)		2.81E-05	EPA, 1993
Ofc	Dietary fraction of crabs (unitless)		4.00E-01	prof. udgement
Ofw	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless)		6.00E-01	prof. Idgement
A□F	Default Area □se Factor		1	EPA, 1997
	Minimum Body weight (kg)		3.40E-02	EPA, 1993
BW				,
BW	william body weight (kg)			
Chemical	Crab	Worm	Intake	
Chemical SEDIMENT	Crab			
Chemical SEDIMENT 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Crab 3.91E-03	3.91E-03	3.23E-06	
Chemical SEDIMENT 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Crab 3.91E-03 4.11E-03	3.91E-03 4.11E-03	3.23E-06 3.40E-06	
Chemical SEDIMENT 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2-Butanone	Crab 3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06	
Chemical SEDIMENT 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2-Butanone 4,4-EDDT	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06	
Chemical SEDIMENT 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2,4-EDDT Aluminum	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01	
Chemical SEDIMENT 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2-Butanone 4,4-DDT Aluminum Antimony	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03	
Chemical SEDIMENT 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2-Butanone 4,4-DDT Aluminum Antimony Arsenic	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03	
Chemical SEDIMENT , 2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-DDT Numinum Antimony Arsenic Sarium	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene ,4-DDT Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03	
Chemical SEDIMENT 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2-Butanone 1,4-EDT Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01	
Chemical SEDIMENT 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2-Butanone 1,4-EDDT Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04	
Chemical SEDIMENT 1, 2, 4-Trimethylbenzene 1, 4-Dichlorobenzene 2-Butanone 1, 4-EDDT Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium 3enzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium 3oron Carbon Disulfide	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04	
Chemical SEDIMENT , 2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-DDT Numinum Antimony Arsenic Sarium 3enzo(b)fluoranthene Seryllium Soron Carbon Disulfide	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02	
Chemical SEDIMENT , 2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene P-Butanone ,4-EDDT Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Borton Darbon Disulfide Chromium	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-EDDT Numinum Antimony Assenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Boron Carbon Disulfide Chromium iis-1,2-Dichloroethene	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-EDDT Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Boron Carbon Disulfide Chromium iss-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-DDT Muminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Boron Carbon Disulfide Chromium isi-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt Copper	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03	
Chemical Chemical Chemical Calcinum Advisor Service And Proceedings of the Chemical And Pro	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-DDT duminum nutimony visenic starium stenzo(b)fluoranthene steryllium storon Carbon Disulfide chromium is-1,2-Dichloroethene cobalt copper	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-DDT duminum natimony ursenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Boron Carbon Disulfide Chromium is-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt Copper on ead ithium	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02	
Chemical Che	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01	
Chemical Chemical Chemical C.4-Trimethylbenzene C.4-Dichlorobenzene C.4-DDT Committee Commit	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05	
Chemical IEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene Butanone ,4-DDT Juminum Intimony Internation Internat	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+00 8.66E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04	
chemical CHEMINT 2.4-Trimethylbenzene 4.4-Dichlorobenzene Butanone 4.5-DDT Juminum Intimony Idenze(b)fluoranthene Ideryllium Idenze(b)fluoranthene Idenze(b)f	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02	
chemical EDIMENT .2.4-Trimethylbenzene .4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone .4-DT Juminum Intimony Intimony Interest of the state of the stat	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02	
chemical EDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-DDT Juminum Intimony Intimony Interest in the proper Identification Interest in the proper Identification Intimony Intimony Interest in the proper Interest in the proper Intimony Intimony Intimony Interest in the proper Interest in the proper Intimony Intimony Interest in the proper Interest in the proper Intimony Interest in the proper I	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.45E+01	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02	
Chemical CEDIMENT .2.4-Trimethylbenzene .4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone .4-DDT .duminum .nutimony .rsenic .tarium .tenzo(b)fluoranthene .teryllium .toron .tarbon Disulfide .thromium .tis-1,2-Dichloroethene .tobalt .topper .ton .tenzo (b) the control of the control .tenzo (b) the control .tenzo (b) the control .tenzo (b) the control .tenzo (b) the control .tenzo (c)	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.36E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05	
Chemical CEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-DDT duminum natimony ursenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Boron Carbon Disulfide Chromium is-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt Copper Ton ead dithium danganese dercury dolybdenum lickel strontium citanium ritchloroethene danadium	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02	
Chemical CEDIMENT 2.4-Trimethylbenzene 4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone 4-EDDT Juminum Intimony Interest of the second of the	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06	
Chemical SEDIMENT , 2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-EDDT Numinum nntimony varsenic Sarium Senzo(b)fluoranthene Seryllium Soron Sarbon Disulfide Chromium iis-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt Copper ron ead iithium Alanganese Aercury Aolybdenum Jickel Strontium Titchloroethene Vanadium Tylene Linc	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 6.17E+01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.59E-02 3.42E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 3.08E+01	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06 3.57E-02	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-DDT duminum whitimony virsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Boron Carbon Disulfide Chromium is-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt Copper ron e.ead ithium danganese Mercury Molybdenum lickel Strontium Trichloroethene danadium Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene Trichloroethene	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 3.08E+01 0.00E+00	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06 3.57E-02 0.00E+00	
Chemical CEDIMENT .2.4-Trimethylbenzene .4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone .4-DDT duminum nutimony ursenic starium denzo(b)fluoranthene seryllium doron carbon Disulfide chromium is-1,2-Dichloroethene cobalt copper on dead ithium danganese Mercury Molybdenum lickel birontium irichloroethene anadium lyylene linc PAH**	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 6.17E+01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.59E-02 3.42E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 3.08E+01	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06 3.57E-02	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-EDDT Muminum Intimony Intimo	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 6.17E+01 0.00E+00	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 3.08E+01 0.00E+00	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06 3.57E-02 0.00E+00	
Chemical SEDIMENT , 2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-EDDT Numinum nntimony virsenic Sarium Senzo(b)fluoranthene Seryllium Soron Carbon Disulfide Chromium iis-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt Copper ron ead iithium Alanganese Aercury Aolybdenum Jickel Strontium Tirchloroethene Cinc PAH** HPAH Total PAHs SURFACE WATER	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 6.17E+01 0.00E+00 2.34E-01 2.34E-01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 3.08E+01 0.00E+00 5.94E-02 5.94E-02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06 3.57E-02 0.00E+00 1.07E-04	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-DDT duminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Boron Carbon Disulfide Chromium is-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt Copper ron ead ithium Aanganese Aercury Aolybdenum lickel Strontium Trichloroethene Aanadium Tylene Cinc PAH** IPAH Total PAHs SURFACE WATER ,4-DDD	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 6.17E+01 0.00E+00 2.34E-01 2.34E-01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 3.08E+01 0.00E+00 5.94E-02 9.09E-02	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06 3.57E-02 0.00E+00 1.07E-04 7.51E-05	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene -Butanone ,4-EDDT Auminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Boron Carbon Disulfide Chromium Carbon Disulfide Chromium Carbon Disulfide Chromium Carbon Disulfide Chromium Carbon Disulfide Chromium Carbon Disulfide Chromium Carbon Disulfide Chromium Cise-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt Copper ron Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Molybdenum Lickel Strontium Trichloroethene /anadium Lylene Zinne Lylene Zinne Lylene Zinne Lylene Zinne Lylene Zinne Lylene Zinne Lylene Zinne Lylene	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 6.17E+01 0.00E+00 2.34E-01 2.34E-01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.30E-03 3.08E+01 0.00E+00 5.94E-02 9.09E-02 1.55E-01	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06 3.57E-02 0.00E+00 1.07E-04 1.07E-04	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene ,4-EDUT Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Boron Carbon Disulfide Chromium cis-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt Copper ron Lead Lithium Manganese Mercury Molybdenum lickel Strontium Titanium Tirchloroethene Anadium Lylene Zinc LPAH** HPAH Total PAHs SURFACE WATER 1,4-EDDT Acetone	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 6.17E+01 0.00E+00 2.34E-01 2.34E-01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 3.08E+01 0.00E+00 5.94E-02 5.94E-02 1.55E-01 2.26E-04	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06 3.57E-02 0.00E+00 1.07E-04 1.07E-04 7.51E-05 7.69E-05 1.87E-07	
Chemical SEDIMENT ,2,4-Trimethylbenzene ,4-Dichlorobenzene P-Butanone ,4-EDUT Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barrium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium Boron Disulfide Chromium is-1,2-Dichloroethene Cobalt Copper ron .ead .ithium Manganese Mercury Molybdenum Viickel Strontium Trichloroethene Zinc .PAH** HPAH Total PAHs SURFACE WATER .4-EDDT Acetone Noring Mercury Mercury Mercury Mercury Mercury Molybdenum Mickel Strontium Trichloroethene Mercury Molybdenum Mickel Strontium Trichloroethene Mercury Molybdenum Mickel Strontium Trichloroethene Mercury Molybdenum Mickel Strontium Trichloroethene Mercury Molybdenum Mickel Mercury Molybdenum Mickel Mic	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 6.17E+01 0.00E+00 2.34E-01 9.09E-02	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.40E-02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 3.08E+01 0.00E+00 5.94E-02 9.09E-02 1.55E-01 2.26E-04 1.10E-05	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 7.15E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 2.35E-05 9.75E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06 3.57E-02 0.00E+00 1.07E-04 7.51E-05 7.69E-05 1.87E-07 9.09E-09	
Chemical SEDIMENT 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2-Butanone 1,4-EDDT Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(b)fluoranthene Beryllium	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 2.98E-03 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 2.34E-01 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.50E-02 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.00E-03 3.50E-01 1.47E+00 8.74E+01 5.45E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 6.17E+01 0.00E+00 2.34E-01 2.34E-01	3.91E-03 4.11E-03 2.16E-03 4.56E-04 1.96E+04 6.60E+00 8.66E+00 2.52E+02 5.94E-02 1.19E+00 4.79E+01 8.41E-03 8.78E+00 2.84E-02 1.18E+01 5.04E+00 2.79E+04 9.14E+00 4.46E+01 4.42E+02 3.50E-01 2.46E+01 1.59E-02 3.42E+01 3.35E-03 3.08E+01 0.00E+00 5.94E-02 5.94E-02 1.55E-01 2.26E-04	3.23E-06 3.40E-06 1.78E-06 1.78E-06 1.21E-06 1.62E+01 5.45E-03 2.08E-01 1.07E-04 9.81E-04 3.96E-02 6.95E-06 7.25E-03 4.16E-03 2.30E+01 4.56E-03 3.68E-02 3.65E-01 1.78E-05 2.89E-04 1.27E-02 7.22E-02 4.50E-02 1.31E-05 2.83E-02 2.77E-06 3.57E-02 0.00E+00 1.07E-04 1.07E-04 7.51E-05 7.69E-05 1.87E-07	

TABLE G-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.02E-04	2.02E-04	1.67E-07	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.96E-01	4.11E+00	2.10E-03	

TABLE G-INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	6.26E+00	6.26E+00	5.17E-03	
Boron	4.50E+00	4.50E+00	3.72E-03	
Chromium	2.37E+02	2.37E+02	1.96E-01	
Chromium VI	3.30E+01	3.30E+01	2.73E-02	
Chrysene	1.49E-01	3.61E-01	2.28E-04	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	8.44E+00	8.44E+00	6.97E-03	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	3.86E+00	3.86E+00	3.19E-03	
Iron	4.30E-01	4.30E-01	3.55E-04	
Lithium	3.40E-01	3.40E-01	2.81E-04	
Manganese	4.10E-02	4.10E-02	3.39E-05	
Methoxyclor	1.40E-05	1.40E-05	1.16E-08	
Molybdenum	4.20E-03	4.20E-03	3.47E-06	
Silver	1.10E-01	1.76E+00	9.08E-04	
Strontium	8.31E+00	8.31E+00	6.86E-03	
Titanium	4.20E-03	4.20E-03	3.47E-06	
Vanadium	3.70E-02	3.70E-02	3.06E-05	
LPAHs++	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
HPAHs	-	8.81E-04	4.37E-07	
Total PAHs	-	8.81E-04	4.37E-07	

TOTAL INTA E

INTA□E □ Sediment Intake + Water Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	I otal Intake
	Thursday of the state of the st
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.34E-06
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	3.64E-06
2-Butanone	2.10E-06
4,4=DDD	7.67E-05
4,4=DDT	8.08E-05
Acetone	9.45E-04
Aldrin	2.31E-06
Aluminum	2.02E+01
Antimony	6.30E-03
Arsenic	8.37E-03
Barium	2.53E-01
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.08E-04
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.24E-05
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.17E-03
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	9.29E-03
Beryllium	1.14E-03
Boron	9.90E-01
Carbon Disulfide	7.08E-06
Chromium	2.22E-01
Chromium VI	2.96E-02
Chrysene	3.05E-04
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2.35E-05
Cobalt	1.11E-02
Copper	5.94E-03
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	7.27E-03
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	3.33E-03
Iron	2.65E+01
Lead	6.41E-03
Lithium	1.13E-01
Manganese	4.34E-01
Mercury	2.36E-05
Methoxyclor	2.94E-06
Molybdenum	6.40E-06
Nickel	1.58E-02
Silver	2.14E-03
Strontium	1.83E+00
Titanium	5.19E-02
Trichloroethene	1.32E-05
Vanadium	4.01E-02
□ylene	3.10E-06
Zinc	4.26E-02
LPAHs	0.00E+00
HPAH	2.93E-04
Total PAHs	2.93E-04

NOTES:

COPEC was measured in crab tissue and water, but not in sediment.

No LPAHs were detected in the surface water samples.

Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE G-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ BACKGROUND Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

SEDIMENT INGESTION				
	-			
INTABE B (Sc BIR BAF BABF	-) / (BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Sc	Sediment concentration (mg/kg)		see Table G-1	
IR • -	Maximum Ingestion rate of sed (kg/day). □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□		1.88E-06	EPA, 1993
AF.	Chemical Bioavailability in sediment (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Default Area □se Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.77E-01	EPA, 1993
		EPC		
Chemical		Sc	Intake	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene		7.24E-04	7.69E-09	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		1.54E-03	1.64E-08	
2-Butanone		2.00E-03	2.12E-08	
4,4EDDT		2.10E-04	2.23E-09	
Aluminum		1.65E+04	1.75E-01	
Antimony		5.40E+00	5.73E-05	
Arsenic		7.74E+00	8.22E-05	
Barium		2.39E+02	2.54E-03	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		1.09E-02	2.54E-03 1.16E-07	
Beryllium		1.09E-02 1.02E+00	1.16E-07 1.08E-05	
Boron Carbon Disulfide		3.56E+01 8.40E-04	3.78E-04 8.92E-09	
Chromium		1.69E+01	1.79E-04	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene		4.61E-04	4.89E-09	
Cobalt		8.66E+00	9.19E-05	
Copper		1.13E+01	1.20E-04	
Iron		2.15E+04	2.28E-01	
Lead		1.18E+01	1.25E-04	
Lithium		3.03E+01	3.22E-04	
Manganese		3.86E+02	4.10E-03	
Mercury		3.68E-02	3.91E-07	
Molybdenum		2.83E-01	3.00E-06	
Nickel		1.99E+01	2.12E-04	
Strontium		7.28E+01	7.73E-04	
Titanium		3.83E+01	4.07E-04	
Trichloroethene		6.47E-04	6.87E-09	
Vanadium		2.59E+01	2.75E-04	
□ylene		2.09E-03	2.22E-08	
Zinc		4.45E+01	4.73E-04	
LPAH ⁺⁺			0.00E+00	
HPAH		1.09E-02	1.16E-07	
Total PAHs		1.09E-02	1.16E-07	
S□RFACE WATER INGESTI	ON			
INTA□E □ (Wc □IR □AF □A□	F)/(BW)			
Parameter Intake	Definition Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		Value calculated	Reference
Wc	Surface Water concentration (mg/kg)		see Table G-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of water (L/day)		2.09E-02	EDA 1003
AF				EPA, 1993
	Chemical Bioavailability in water (unitless)		1	EPA, 1997
A□F BW	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)		1 1.77E-01	EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
5**	William Body Woight (kg)		1.772 01	
Chemical		Wc	Intake	
4,4⊑DDD		7.62E-06	8.99E-07	
4,4⊑DDT		1.30E-05	1.53E-06	
Acetone		4.52E-03	5.33E-04	
Aldrin		1.10E-05	1.30E-06	
Aluminum		4.00E-01	4.72E-02	
Barium		2.00E-02	2.36E-03	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		2.02E-04	2.38E-05	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		3.11E-04	3.67E-05	
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate		1.97E-02	2.32E-03	
Boron		4.50E+00	5.31E-01	
Chromium		7.90E-02	9.32E-03	
Chromium VI		1.10E-02	1.30E-03	
Chrysene		3.68E-04	4.34E-05	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate		1.42E-03	1.68E-04	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate		6.50E-04	7.67E-05	
Di ii ootyi i iitiialate		0.50L-0 4	1.01L-03	

TABLE G-□
INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ BACKGROUND
Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

	(J. (12.10.11)		
Iron		4.30E-01	5.07E-02	
Lithium		3.40E-01	4.01E-02	
Manganese		4.10E-02	4.84E-03	
Methoxyclor		1.40E-05	1.65E-06	
Molybdenum		4.20E-03	4.95E-04	
Silver		5.90E-03	6.96E-04	
Strontium		8.31E+00	9.80E-01	
Titanium		4.20E-03	4.95E-04	
Vanadium		3.70E-02	4.37E-03	
LPAHs++		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
HPAHs		8.81E-04	1.04E-04	
Total PAHs		8.81E-04	1.04E-04	
FOOD INGESTION				
INTA□E □ ((Cc □IR □Dfc □A□	F)/(BW) + (Cw IR DFf A F) / (BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg-day)		calculated	
Cc	Crab concentration (mg/kg)		see Table G-8	
Cw	Worm concentration (mg/kg)		see Table G-8	
IR			9.40E-05	EDA 1003
	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day) □□			EPA, 1993
Dfc	Dietary fraction of crabs (unitless)		2.50E-01	□ent, 1986
Dff	Dietary fraction of fish (unitless)		7.50E-01	□ent, 1986
A□F	Default Area □se Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.77E-01	EPA, 1993
Chemical	Fish	Crab	Intake	
SEDIMENT				
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	7.24E-04	3.91E-03	8.07E-07	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.54E-03	4.11E-03	1.16E-06	
2-Butanone	2.00E-03	2.16E-03	1.08E-06	
4,4⊑DDT	5.04E-03	2.98E-03	2.40E-06	
Aluminum	1.65E+04	1.96E+04	9.17E+00	
Antimony	5.40E+00	6.60E+00	3.02E-03	
Arsenic	1.25E+00	8.66E+00	1.65E-03	
Barium	2.39E+02	2.52E+02	1.29E-01	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4.44E-02	2.34E-01	4.87E-05	
Beryllium	6.30E+01	1.19E+00	2.52E-02	
Boron	3.56E+01	4.79E+01	2.05E-02	
Carbon Disulfide	8.40E-04	8.41E-03	1.45E-06	
Chromium	1.69E+01	8.78E+00	7.87E-03	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	4.61E-04	2.84E-02	3.95E-06	
Cobalt	8.66E+00		5.01E-03	
		1.18E+01		
Copper	1.13E+01	5.04E+00	5.18E-03	
Iron	2.15E+04	2.79E+04	1.23E+01	
Lead	2.36E-01	9.50E-02	1.07E-04	
Lithium	3.03E+01	4.46E+01	1.80E-02	
Manganese	3.86E+02	4.42E+02	2.12E-01	
Mercury	1.19E-01	3.00E-03	4.77E-05	
Molybdenum	2.83E-01	3.50E-01	1.59E-04	
Nickel	1.08E+00	1.47E+00	6.24E-04	
Strontium	7.28E+01	8.74E+01	4.06E-02	
Titanium	7.26E+01 3.83E+01		4.06E-02 2.25E-02	
Trichloroethene		5.45E+01		
	6.47E-04	1.59E-02	2.37E-06	
Vanadium	2.59E+01	3.42E+01	1.48E-02	
□ylene	2.09E-03	3.35E-03	1.28E-06	
Zinc	5.08E+01	6.17E+01	2.84E-02	
LPAH ^{**}	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
HPAH	7.19E-03	2.34E-01	3.39E-05	
Total PAHs	7.19E-03	2.34E-01	3.39E-05	
SURFACE WATER	7.102 00	2.0.2.01	0.002 00	
4,4EDDD		9.09E-02	1.21E-05	
4,4≣DDT	3.32E-01			
		1.55E-01	1.53E-04	
Acetone	4.52E-04	2.26E-04	2.10E-07	
Aldrin	1.10E-05	1.10E-05	5.84E-09	
	1.08E+00	1.63E+03	2.16E-01	
Aluminum		4.00E+00	5.57E-03	
Barium	1.27E+01	4.00E+00		
		2.02E-04	1.07E-07	
Barium	1.27E+01		1.07E-07 6.08E-04	
Barium Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.27E+01 2.02E-04 1.56E-01	2.02E-04 4.11E+00	6.08E-04	
Barium Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	1.27E+01 2.02E-04 1.56E-01 1.38E+00	2.02E-04 4.11E+00 6.26E+00	6.08E-04 1.38E-03	
Barium Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate Boron	1.27E+01 2.02E-04 1.56E-01 1.38E+00 4.50E+00	2.02E-04 4.11E+00 6.26E+00 4.50E+00	6.08E-04 1.38E-03 2.39E-03	
Barium Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate Boron Chromium	1.27E+01 2.02E-04 1.56E-01 1.38E+00 4.50E+00 1.50E+00	2.02E-04 4.11E+00 6.26E+00 4.50E+00 2.37E+02	6.08E-04 1.38E-03 2.39E-03 3.21E-02	
Barium Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Bisethylhexyl) Phthalate Boron Chromium Chromium VI	1.27E+01 2.02E-04 1.56E-01 1.38E+00 4.50E+00 1.50E+00 2.09E-01	2.02E-04 4.11E+00 6.26E+00 4.50E+00 2.37E+02 3.30E+01	6.08E-04 1.38E-03 2.39E-03 3.21E-02 4.46E-03	
Barium Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate Boron Chromium Chromium VI Chrysene	1.27E+01 2.02E-04 1.56E-01 1.38E+00 4.50E+00 1.50E+00 2.09E-01 1.84E-01	2.02E-04 4.11E+00 6.26E+00 4.50E+00 2.37E+02 3.30E+01 3.61E-01	6.08E-04 1.38E-03 2.39E-03 3.21E-02 4.46E-03 1.21E-04	
Barium Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Bisethylhexyl) Phthalate Boron Chromium Chromium VI	1.27E+01 2.02E-04 1.56E-01 1.38E+00 4.50E+00 1.50E+00 2.09E-01	2.02E-04 4.11E+00 6.26E+00 4.50E+00 2.37E+02 3.30E+01	6.08E-04 1.38E-03 2.39E-03 3.21E-02 4.46E-03	
Barium Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate Boron Chromium Chromium VI Chrysene	1.27E+01 2.02E-04 1.56E-01 1.38E+00 4.50E+00 1.50E+00 2.09E-01 1.84E-01	2.02E-04 4.11E+00 6.26E+00 4.50E+00 2.37E+02 3.30E+01 3.61E-01	6.08E-04 1.38E-03 2.39E-03 3.21E-02 4.46E-03 1.21E-04	

TABLE G-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR INTRACOASTAL WATERWA BACKGROUND **Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)**

Lithium	3.40E-01	3.40E-01	1.80E-04	
Manganese	4.10E-02	4.10E-02	2.18E-05	
Methoxyclor	1.40E-05	1.40E-05	7.43E-09	
Molybdenum	4.20E-03	4.20E-03	2.23E-06	
Silver	5.17E-01	1.76E+00	4.39E-04	
Strontium	8.31E+00	8.31E+00	4.41E-03	
Titanium	4.20E-03	4.20E-03	2.23E-06	
Vanadium	3.70E-02	3.70E-02	1.96E-05	
LPAHs++	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
HPAHs	8.81E-04	8.81E-04	4.68E-07	
Total PAHs	8.81E-04	8.81E-04	4.68E-07	

TOTAL INTA□E

INTA□E □ Sediment Intake + Water Intake + Food Intake

	Total
Chemical	Total Intake
Grenica	IIIdke
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	8.15E-07
	1.17E-06
	1.10E-06
	1.30E-05
4,4EDDT	1.57E-04
Acetone	5.33E-04
Aldrin	1.30E-06
	9.61E+00
	3.08E-03
	1.73E-03
	1.39E-01
	4.88E-05
(C) 1/1 3	2.39E-05
	6.44E-04
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	3.70E-03
Beryllium	2.52E-02
Boron	5.54E-01
Carbon Disulfide	1.46E-06
	4.94E-02
	5.76E-03
	1.65E-04
	3.96E-06
	5.11E-03
	5.30E-03
,	6.60E-03
,	3.02E-03
	1.25E+01
	2.32E-04
Lithium	5.86E-02
Manganese	2.21E-01
Mercury	4.81E-05
Methoxyclor	1.66E-06
Molybdenum	6.60E-04
	8.36E-04
	1.14E-03
	1.03E+00
	2.34E-02
	2.37E-06
	1.95E-02
*	1.30E-06
	2.89E-02
	0.00E+00
	1.38E-04
Total PAHs NOTES:	1.38E-04

NOTES:

COPEC was measured in crab tissue and water, but not in sediment.

No LPAHs were detected in the surface water samples.

Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE G-□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ BACKGROUND Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

Ecological Hazard

uotient

Total Intake / TRV

 Parameter
 Definition
 Default

 Total Intake
 Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)
 see Intake

 TRV
 Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)
 see Table G-2

Chemical	Total Inta⊡e	TRV San⊡piper	EHQ	
Offernical	rotal ma_s	Jun pipor		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.34E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	3.64E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
2-Butanone	2.10E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
4,4∃DDD	7.67E-05	2.27E-01	3.38E-04	
4,4∃DDT	8.08E-05	2.27E-01	3.56E-04	
Acetone	9.45E-04	5.20E+04	1.82E-08	
Aldrin	2.31E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Aluminum	2.02E+01	1.10E+02	1.84E-01	
Antimony	6.30E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Arsenic	8.37E-03	2.24E+00	3.74E-03	
Barium	2.53E-01	2.08E+01	1.22E-02	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.08E-04	1.40E-01	7.74E-04	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.24E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.17E-03	1.40E-01	1.55E-02	
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	9.29E-03	1.11E+02	8.37E-05	
Beryllium	1.14E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Boron	9.90E-01	2.86E+01	3.46E-02	
Carbon Disulfide	7.08E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Chromium	2.22E-01	2.66E+00	8.35E-02	
Chromium VI	2.96E-02	2.66E+00	1.11E-02	
Chrysene	3.05E-04	1.00E+00	3.05E-04	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2.35E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Cobalt	1.11E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Copper	5.94E-03	4.05E+00	1.47E-03	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	7.27E-03	1.11E+02	6.55E-05	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	3.33E-03	1.11E+02	3.00E-05	
Iron	2.65E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Lead	6.41E-03	1.63E+00	3.94E-03	
Lithium	1.13E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Manganese	4.34E-01	1.64E+03	2.65E-04	
Mercury	2.36E-05	3.25E+00	7.27E-06	
Methoxyclor	2.94E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Molybdenum	6.40E-06	3.30E+00	1.94E-06	
Nickel	1.58E-02	6.71E+00	2.35E-03	
Silver	2.14E-03	1.78E+02	1.20E-05	
Strontium	1.83E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Titanium	5.19E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Trichloroethene	1.32E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV	
√anadium	4.01E-02	3.44E-01	1.17E-01	
□ylene	3.10E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Zinc	4.26E-02	6.61E+01	6.45E-04	
LPAHs	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV	
HPAH	2.93E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Total PAHs	2.93E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV	

TABLE G-□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS INTRACOASTAL WATERWA□ BACKGROUND Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

Ecological Hazard □uotient □ Intake / TRV

 Parameter
 Definition
 Default

 Total Intake
 Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)
 see Intake

 TRV
 Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)
 See Table G-2

		TRV		
		Green		
Chemical	Total Inta □e	Heron	EHQ	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	8.15E-07	0.00E+00	no TRV	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1.17E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
2-Butanone	1.10E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
4.4EDDD	1.30E-05	2.27E-01	5.71E-05	
4,4EDDT	1.57E-04	2.27E-01	6.90E-04	
Acetone	5.33E-04	5.20E+04	1.03E-08	
Aldrin	1.30E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Aluminum	9.61E+00	1.10E+02	8.73E-02	
Antimony	3.08E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Arsenic	1.73E-03	2.24E+00	7.72E-04	
			7.72E-04 6.69E-03	
Barium	1.39E-01	2.08E+01		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4.88E-05	1.40E-01	3.48E-04	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.39E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	6.44E-04	1.40E-01	4.60E-03	
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	3.70E-03	1.11E+02	3.34E-05	
Beryllium	2.52E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Boron	5.54E-01	2.86E+01	1.94E-02	
Carbon Disulfide	1.46E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Chromium	4.94E-02	2.66E+00	1.86E-02	
Chromium VI	5.76E-03	2.66E+00	2.17E-03	
Chrysene	1.65E-04	1.00E+00	1.65E-04	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	3.96E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Cobalt	5.11E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Copper	5.30E-03	4.05E+00	1.31E-03	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	6.60E-03	1.11E+02	5.95E-05	
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	3.02E-03	1.11E+02	2.72E-05	
ron	1.25E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV	
_ead	2.32E-04	1.63E+00	1.42E-04	
_ithium	5.86E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Manganese	2.21E-01	1.64E+03	1.35E-04	
Mercury	4.81E-05	3.25E+00	1.48E-05	
Methoxyclor	1.66E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Molybdenum	6.60E-04	3.30E+00	2.00E-04	
Vickel	8.36E-04	6.71E+00	1.25E-04	
Silver	1.14E-03	1.78E+02	6.38E-06	
Strontium	1.03E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Titanium	2.34E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Trichloroethene	2.34E-02 2.37E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
	2.37E-06 1.95E-02	0.00E+00 3.44E-01	5.67E-02	
Vanadium ⊒vlana				
□ylene	1.30E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Zinc	2.89E-02	6.61E+01	4.37E-04	
LPAHs	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV	
HPAH	1.38E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Total PAHs	1.38E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV	

TABLE G-□ CONCENTRATION OF CHEMICAL IN FOOD ITEM (m)

Coo Cse x BSAF or Cwtr x BCF

where:

Chemical Concentration in food (mg/kg dry) Chemical Concentration in sediment (mg/kg dry) Chemical Concentration in water (mg/L) Biota to Sediment Accumulation Factor (unitless) Cfood □ Csed □ Cwtr □ BSAF
BCF

Bioconcentration Factor (unitless)

BCF 🗆	Bioconcentration Fa	ctor (unitless)						
Compoun□	Cse□ - max	Cse□ - EPC	Se⊡iment to Worm	Worm Reference		Crab Reference	Se⊡iment to Fish	Fish
	(m 🗆 🗆)	(m 🗆 🗆)	BSAF C	oncentration	BSAF	Concentration	BSAF	Concentration
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	3.91E-03	7.24E-04	1.00E+00	3.91E-03 EPA, 1997	1.00E+00	3.91E-03 EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	7.24E-04
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	4.11E-03	1.54E-03	1.00E+00	4.11E-03 EPA, 1997			1.00E+00	1.54E-03
2-Butanone	2.16E-03	2.00E-03	1.00E+00	2.16E-03 EPA, 1997			1.00E+00	2.00E-03
4.4∃DDT	5.70E-04	2.10E-04	8.00E-01	4.56E-04 BSAF DB		□0.00298 Gulfco HHRA sampling □	2.40E+01	5.04E-03
Áluminum	2.18E+04	1.65E+04	9.00E-01	1.96E+04 EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	1.96E+04 EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.65E+04
Antimony	7.33E+00	5.40E+00	9.00E-01	6.60E+00 EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	6.60E+00 EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	5.40E+00
Arsenic	9.62E+00	7.74E+00	9.00E-01	8.66E+00 EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	8.66E+00 EPA, 1999	1.62E-01	1.25E+00
Barium	2.80E+02	2.39E+02	9.00E-01	2.52E+02 EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	2.52E+02 EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	2.39E+02
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.69E-02	1.09E-02	1.61E+00	5.94E-02 EPA, 1999		□0.234 Gulfco HHRA sampling □	4.07E+00	4.44E-02
Beryllium	1.32E+00	1.02E+00	9.00E-01	1.19E+00 EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	1.19E+00 EPA, 1999	6.20E+01	6.30E+01
Boron	4.79E+01	3.56E+01	1.00E+00	4.79E+01 EPA, 1997	□ 1.00E+00	4.790E+01 EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	3.56E+01
Carbon Disulfide	8.41E-03	8.40E-04	1.00E+00	8.41E-03 EPA, 1997	□ 1.00E+00	8.410E-03 EPA, 1997□	1.00E+00	8.40E-04
Chromium	2.25E+01	1.69E+01	3.90E-01	8.78E+00 EPA, 1999	3.90E-01	8.775E+00 EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.69E+01
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	2.84E-02	4.61E-04	1.00E+00	2.84E-02 EPA, 1997	1.00E+00	2.84E-02 EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	4.61E-04
Cobalt	1.18E+01	8.66E+00	1.00E+00	1.18E+01 EPA, 1997	1.00E+00	1.18E+01 EPA, 1997□□	1.00E+00	8.66E+00
Copper	1.68E+01	1.13E+01	3.00E-01	5.04E+00 EPA, 1999	3.00E-01	5.04E+00 EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.13E+01
Iron	2.79E+04	2.15E+04	1.00E+00	2.79E+04 EPA, 1997	1.00E+00	2.79E+04 EPA, 1997□□	1.00E+00	2.15E+04
Lead	1.45E+01	1.18E+01	6.30E-01	9.14E+00 EPA, 1999		□0.095 Gulfco HHRA sampling □	2.00E-02	2.36E-01
Lithium	4.46E+01	3.03E+01	1.00E+00	4.46E+01 EPA, 1997	1.00E+00	0 4.46E+01 EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	3.03E+01
Manganese	4.42E+02	3.86E+02	1.00E+00	4.42E+02 EPA, 1997	1.00E+00	4.42E+02 EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	3.86E+02
Mercury	5.00E-02	3.68E-02	6.80E-01	3.40E-02 EPA, 1999	6.00E-02	3.00E-03 Max value from Calcasieu I	RI 3.23E+00	1.19E-01
Molybdenum	3.50E-01	2.83E-01	1.00E+00	3.50E-01 EPA, 1997	□ 1.00E+00	3.50E-01 EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	2.83E-01
Nickel	2.73E+01	1.99E+01	9.00E-01	2.46E+01 EPA, 1999	5.40E-02	1.47E+00 Max value from Calcasieu I	RI 5.40E-02	1.08E+00
Strontium	8.74E+01	7.28E+01	1.00E+00	8.74E+01 EPA, 1997	□ 1.00E+00	8.74E+01 EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	7.28E+01
Titanium	5.45E+01	3.83E+01	1.00E+00	5.45E+01 EPA, 1997	□ 1.00E+00	5.45E+01 EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	3.83E+01
Trichloroethene	1.59E-02	6.47E-04	1.00E+00	1.59E-02 EPA, 1997	□ 1.00E+00	1.59E-02 EPA, 1997□	1.00E+00	6.47E-04
Vanadium	3.42E+01	2.59E+01	1.00E+00	3.42E+01 EPA, 1997	□ 1.00E+00	3.42E+01 EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	2.59E+01
□ylene	3.35E-03	2.09E-03	1.00E+00	3.35E-03 EPA, 1997	□ 1.00E+00	3.35E-03 EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	2.09E-03
Zinc	5.41E+01	4.45E+01	5.70E-01	3.08E+01 EPA, 1999	1.14E+00	 6.17E+01 Max value from Calcasieu I 	RI 1.14E+00	5.08E+01
LPAH	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.61E+00	0.00E+00 EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	0.00E+00 EPA, 1997□	6.60E-01	0.00E+00
HPAH	3.69E-02	1.09E-02	1.61E+00	5.94E-02 EPA, 1999		□0.234 maximum PAH in crab □	6.60E-01	7.19E-03
Total PAHs	3.69E-02	1.09E-02	1.61E+00	5.94E-02 EPA, 1999		□0.234 maximum PAH in crab □	6.60E-01	7.19E-03
Compoun□	Cwtr		Water to Worm	Worm Re erenc		Crab Re@rence	Water to Fish	Fish
	(m□□□)		BCF C	oncentration	BCF	Concentration	BCF	Concentration
4,4=DDD	7.62E-06		1.19E+04	9.09E-02 EPA, 1999	1.19E+04	9.09E-02 EPA, 1999	2.55E+04	1.94E-01
4,4 EDDT	1.30E-05		1.19E+04	1.55E-01 EPA, 1999	1.19E+04		2.55E+04	3.32E-01
Acetone	4.52E-03		5.00E-02	2.26E-04 EPA, 1999	5.00E-02		1.00E-01	4.52E-04
Aldrin	1.10E-05		1.00E+00	1.10E-05 EPA, 1997			1.00E+00	1.10E-05
Aluminum	4.00E-01		4.07E+03	1.63E+03 EPA, 1999	4.07E+03		2.70E+00	1.08E+00
Barium	2.00E-02		2.00E+02	4.00E+00 EPA, 1999	2.00E+02		6.33E+02	1.27E+01
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.02E-04		1.00E+00	2.02E-04 EPA, 1997	1.00E+00		1.00E+00	2.02E-04
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.11E-04		1.32E+04	4.11E+00 EPA, 1999	1.00E · 00	©0.196 Gulfco HHRA sampling	5.00E+02	
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	1.97E-02		3.18E+02	6.26E+00 EPA, 1999	3.18E+02		7.00E+01	1.38E+00
Boron	4.50E+00		1.00E+00	4.50E+00 EPA, 1997			1.00E+00	4.50E+00
Chromium	7.90E-02		3.00E+03	2.37E+02 EPA, 1999	3.00E+03		1.90E+01	1.50E+00
Chromium VI	1.10E-02		3.00E+03	3.30E+01 EPA, 1999			1.90E+01	2.09E-01
Chrysene	3.68E-04		9.80E+02	3.61E-01 EPA, 1999	0.002.00	□0.149 Gulfco HHRA sampling □	5.00E+02	
, 50.10	0.002 0 7		0.002.02	5.0.2 0. 2. 7, 1000	_	_o.r.o cancernationalpling	3.302.02	

Coo Cse x BSAF or C	Cwt
where:	
Of	
Cfood □ Csed □	
Cwtr	
BSAF	
BCF 🗆	
BOI 1	
Compoun	Reference
•	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	EPA, 1997Ⅲ
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	EPA, 1997
2-Butanone	EPA, 1997Ⅲ
4,4-DDT	WSDOH, 1995
Aluminum	EPA, 1997
Antimony	EPA, 1997
Arsenic	EPA, 2000
Barium	EPA, 1997
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	WSDOH, 1995
Beryllium	EPA, 1997
Boron	EPA, 1997
Carbon Disulfide	EPA, 1997
Chromium	EPA, 1997□
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	EPA, 1997
Cobalt	EPA, 1997
Copper	Max value from Calcasieu RI
Iron	EPA, 1997
Lead	Max value from Calcasieu RI
Lithium	EPA, 1997
Manganese	EPA, 1997
Melyhdanum	Max value from Calcasieu RI EPA, 1997 □
Molybdenum Nickel	Max value from Calcasieu RI
Strontium	EPA, 1997
Titanium	EPA, 1997
Trichloroethene	EPA, 1997 III
Vanadium	EPA, 1997
	EPA, 1997
□ylene Zinc	Max value from Calcasieu RI
Zinc LPAH	WSDOH, 1995
HPAH	WSDOH, 1995
Total PAHs	WSDOH, 1995
Compoun □	Re erence
4,4EDDD 4,4EDDT	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999
	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999
Acetone Aldrin	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1997Ⅲ
Aluminum	EPA, 1997
Aluminum Barium	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	EPA, 1997
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	EPA, 1999
Bis(ethylhexyl) Phthalate	EPA, 1999
Boron	EPA, 1997
Chromium	EPA, 1999
Chromium VI	EPA, 1999□ EPA, 1999
Chrysene	EFA, 1999

TABLE G-CONCENTRATION OF CHEMICAL IN FOOD ITEM (m)

Coo Cse x BSAF or Cwtr x BCF

where:

Chemical Concentration in food (mg/kg dry) Chemical Concentration in sediment (mg/kg dry) Chemical Concentration in water (mg/L) Cfood 🗆 Csed Cwtr 🗆 BSAF
BCF Biota to Sediment Accumulation Factor (unitless)

Bioconcentration Factor (unitless)

Compoun □	Cse□ - max (m□⊞⊒)	Cse□ - EPC (m□□□)	Se⊡iment to Worm BSAF	Worm Concentration	Reference	Se⊡iment to Crab BSAF	Crab Concentration	Reference	Se⊡iment to Fish BSAF	Fish Concentration
D' - b (Dhille lete	4.405.00		5.055.00	0.445.00	EDA 4000-	5.055.00	0.445.00	EDA 4000=	0.405.00	1.005.01
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	1.42E-03		5.95E+03		EPA, 1999□	5.95E+03		EPA, 1999□	9.40E+03	1.33E+01
Di-n-octyl Phthalate	6.50E-04		5.95E+03		EPA, 1999	5.95E+03		EPA, 1999	9.40E+03	6.11E+00
Iron	4.30E-01		1.00E+00	4.30E-01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	4.30E-01	EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	4.30E-01
Lithium	3.40E-01		1.00E+00	3.40E-01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	3.40E-01	EPA, 1997□□	1.00E+00	3.40E-01
Manganese	4.10E-02		1.00E+00	4.10E-02	P. EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	4.10E-02	EPA, 1997□□	1.00E+00	4.10E-02
Methoxyclor	1.40E-05		1.00E+00	1.40E-05	EPA, 1997Ⅲ	1.00E+00	1.40E-05	EPA, 1997□□	1.00E+00	1.40E-05
Molybdenum	4.20E-03		1.00E+00	4.20E-03	B EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	4.20E-03	EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	4.20E-03
Silver	5.90E-03		2.98E+02	1.76E+00	EPA, 1999	2.98E+02	□0.110		8.77E+01	5.17E-01
Strontium	8.31E+00		1.00E+00	8.31E+00	EPA, 1997Ⅲ	1.00E+00	8.31E+00	EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	8.31E+00
Titanium	4.20E-03		1.00E+00	4.20E-03	B EPA, 1997Ⅲ	1.00E+00	4.20E-03	EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	4.20E-03
Vanadium	3.70E-02		1.00E+00	3.70E-02	PEPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	3.70E-02	EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	3.70E-02
LPAHs++	0.00E+00		1.00E+00	0.00E+00	EPA, 1997Ⅲ	1.00E+00	0.00E+00	EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	0.00E+00
HPAHs	8.81E-04		1.00E+00	9 945 04	FEPA. 1997Ⅲ		0.00E+00	Gulfco HHRA sampling □(value already accounted for via	1.00E+00	8.81E-04
					,		0.00E+00	sediment) Gulfco HHRA sampling □(value already accounted for via		
Total PAHs	8.81E-04		1.00E+00	8.81E-04	EPA, 1997□			sediment)	1.00E+00	8.81E-04

- □ Compounds analyzed but not detected in Sites blue crab samples so value is one-half of maximum detection limit.
- III If no BSAF or BCF was available in the literature, a default value of 1.0 was used.
- COPEC was measured in crab tissue and surface water, but not in sediment.
- † Test compound is di-n-octyl phthalate.
- ☐ Test compound is total chromium.

Coo Cse x BSAF o	r Cwt
where:	
Cfood □	
Csed □	
Cwtr □	
BSAF 🗆	
BCF □	
Compoun□	Relerence
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	EPA, 1999□ EPA. 1999
Di-n-octyl Phthalate Iron	EPA, 1999 EPA. 1997 □
Lithium	EPA, 1997
Manganese	EPA. 1997 III
Methoxyclor	EPA. 1997 □
Molybdenum	EPA, 1997Ⅲ
Silver	EPA, 1999
Strontium	EPA, 1997Ⅲ
Titanium	EPA, 1997 □
Vanadium	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
LPAHs++	EPA, 1997Ⅲ
HPAHs	EPA, 1997 □
Total PAHs	EPA, 1997Ⅲ

Notes:

- ☐ Compounds analyzed but nol ☐ If no BSAF or BCF was avai ☐ COPEC was measured in c
- † Test compound is di-n-octyl

 ☐ Test compound is total chrom

TABLE H-□ E POSURE POINT CONCENTATION (m) SEDIMENT AND SURFACE WATER NORTH OF MARLIN*

	F	xposure Point				
Chemical o⊡nterest [†]		concentration	Statistic Use □	Maximum Detection		
SEDIMENT						
1,2-Dichloroethane		1.50E-04	median	2.40E-03		
2-Methylnaphthalene		1.20E-02	median	4.30E-01		
4,4-DDT		2.52E-03	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	9.22E-03		
Acenaphthene		1.11E-02	median	1.33E-01		
Acenaphthylene		1.27E-02	median	5.45E-01		
Aluminum Anthracene	++	1.40E+04 9.70E-02	95□ Student's-t 97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	1.82E+04 3.34E-01		
Antimony	2	1.80E+00	97.5 M (Chebyshev)	4.24E+00		
Arsenic	\dashv	4.81E+00	97.5 M (Chebyshev)	1.28E+01		
Barium		2.38E+02	95□ Chebyshev	8.20E+02		
Benzo(a)anthracene		1.14E-02	median	9.93E-01		
Benzo(a)pyrene		3.47E-01	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	1.30E+00		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		1.59E-01	95□ □M (BCA)	1.36E+00		
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	$-\!\!\!\!+\!\!\!\!\!+$	4.49E-01	95 M (Chebyshev)	1.94E+00		
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	++	1.31E-01 9.43E-01	95□ □M (Bootstrap) 95□ Studentis-t	7.30E-01 1.37E+00		
Beryllium Boron	2	2.61E+01	97.5 M (Chebyshev)	4.62E+01		
Cadmium	+	2.42E-01	97.5 M (Chebyshev)	4.80E-01		
Carbazole		1.10E-02	median	1.41E-01		
Carbon Disulfide		1.40E-04	median	6.99E-03		
Chromium		1.64E+01	95□ Student s-t	4.46E+01		
Chromium VI		5.67E-01	median	4.04E+00		
Chrysene		8.71E-01	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	4.05E+00		
Cobalt	-	7.32E+00 2.21E+01	95 Student's-t	9.89E+00 4.90E+01		
Copper Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		3.75E-02	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev) median	4.90E+01 2.91E+00		
Dibenzofuran	H	1.56E-02	median	8.00E-02		
Endosulfan Sulfate		4.40E-04	median	6.00E-02		
Endrin Aldehyde	\dashv	3.32E-03	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	1.00E-02		
Endrin □etone		5.50E-04	median	1.30E-02		
Fluoranthene		4.46E-01	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	2.17E+00		
Fluorene		1.10E-02	median	1.39E-01		
gamma-Chlordane		4.40E-04	median	3.60E-03		
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Iron	+	3.17E-01 1.88E+04	95□ □M (BCA) 95□ Studentis-t	1.94E+00 6.09E+04		
Lead	\dashv	4.68E+01	95 Chebyshev	2.37E+02		
Lithium		1.96E+01	95□ Student's-t	2.76E+01		
Manganese		5.17E+02	97.5□ Chebyshev	1.01E+03		
Mercury		3.80E-02	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	8.10E-02		
Molybdenum		1.20E+00	97.5□ □M (Chebyshev)	3.24E+00		
Nickel Phenanthrene	-	1.81E+01 1.56E-01	95□ Student's-t 95□ □M (BCA)	2.77E+01 1.30E+00		
Pyrene Pyrene	+	4.77E-01	97.5 M (Chebyshev)	1.64E+00		
Strontium	+	1.15E+02	97.5 M (Chebyshev)	3.30E+02		
Tin	2	1.26E+00	95 Chebyshev	4.61E+00		
Titanium		4.17E+01	97.5□ Chebyshev	6.87E+01		
Toluene		7.30E-04	median	2.14E-03		
Vanadium		2.28E+01	95□ Studentīs-t	3.20E+01		
Zinc	$\dashv \perp$	2.36E+02	95□ Chebyshev	9.03E+02		
LPAH HPAH	+	3.00E-01 3.25E+00	summed value summed value	2.88E+00 1.90E+01		
TOTAL PAHs	+	3.25E+00 3.55E+00	summed value summed value	1.90E+01 2.19E+01		
	+	0.00L100	Summed value	2.10L101		
CUREAGE WATER	-1					
SURFACE WATER 1,2-Dichloroethane	\dashv	2 055 02	EDC in may datest	2 055 03		
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein	+	3.85E-03 9.30E-03	EPC is max detect EPC is max detect	3.85E-03 9.30E-03		
Aluminum	+	8.00E-01	EPC is max detect	9.30E-03 8.00E-01		
Barium	+	3.70E-01	EPC is max detect	3.70E-01		
Boron	\neg	2.42E+00	EPC is max detect	2.42E+00		
Chromium		3.70E-02	EPC is max detect	3.70E-02		
Chromium VI		8.00E-03	EPC is max detect	8.00E-03		
Copper	-	1.10E-02	EPC is max detect	1.10E-02		
Iron	\dashv	1.08E+00	EPC is max detect	1.08E+00		
Lithium	++	2.50E-01 3.40E-01	EPC is max detect EPC is max detect	2.50E-01 3.40E-01		
Manganese Mercury	++	7.00E-05	EPC is max detect	7.00E-05		
Molybdenum	+	1.50E-02	EPC is max detect	1.50E-02		
Nickel	+	2.20E-03	EPC is max detect	2.20E-03		
Strontium	\dashv	6.64E+00	EPC is max detect	6.64E+00		
Titanium		9.80E-03	EPC is max detect	9.80E-03		
Zinc		2.20E-02	EPC is max detect	2.20E-02		
** *						

- Notes:

 * Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

 □Sediment data from Report Table 8. Surface water data from Report Table 12 and are total concentrations unless otherwise noted.

 * Based on Version 4.00.04 Pro □CL output provided in Appendix A.

 * Samples 2WSED8, SWSED10, 4WSED2, and 4WSED3 were re-analyzed for antimony, boron, and tin because they were measured at concentrations much higher than other data, although □A/□C indicated acceptability.

 Re-analysis was run twice with good concurrence between the two re-analyses, but with very different values from the original. So, the first re-analyzed value was used in the □CL calculation.

TABLE HTO ICIT REFERENCE VALUES

							Avian Carnivore			Avian Carnivore		
Parameter	Polychaetes (mg/kg)	Ref.	Comments	Polychaetes (mg/kg)	Ref.	Comments	(Sandpiper) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments	(Green heron) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments
1,2-Dichloroethane												
2-Methylnaphthalene	7.00E-02	Suirt	ERL	6.70E-01	Suirt	ERM						
									Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for
4,4-DDT	1.19E-03	S□□IRT	ERL	6.29E-02	S□□IRT	ERM	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	reproduction, growth, and survival
Acenaphthene	1.60E-02	S□□IRT	ERL	5.00E-01	S□□IRT	ERM						
Acenaphthylene	4.40E-02	S□□IRT	ERL	6.40E-01	S□□IRT	ERM						
Acrolein												
Aluminum							1.10E+02	EPA, 1999		1.10E+02	EPA, 1999	
Anthracene	8.53E-02	S□□IRT	ERL	1.10E+00	SUBIRT	ERM						
Antimony	8.20E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	7.00E+01	S□□IRT	ERM						
Arsenic	8.20E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	7.00E+01	S□□IRT	ERM	2.24E+00	EPA, 2005d		2.24E+00	EPA, 2005d	
Barium							2.08E+01	EPA, 1999		2.08E+01	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.61E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	1.60E+00	S□□IRT	ERM	7.90E-01	EPA, 1999		7.90E-01	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.30E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	1.60E+00	S□□IRT	ERM	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999		1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.80E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.80E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.40E-01	EPA, 1999		1.40E-01	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	6.70E-01	S□□IRT	AET	6.70E-01	S□□IRT	AET						
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.80E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.80E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.40E-01	EPA, 1999		1.40E-01	EPA, 1999	
Beryllium												
Boron							2.86E+01	Sample, 1996		2.86E+01	Sample, 1996	
Cadmium	1.20E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	9.60E+00	S□□IRT	ERM	1.47E+00	EPA, 2005a	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	1.47E+00	EPA, 2005a	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Carbazole	1.20L+00	SHEIRI	LINE	3.00L+00	SHEIKI	LIXIVI	1.47L+00	LFA, 2003a		1.471-100	LFA, 2003a	Tor reproduction and growth
Carbon Disulfide									0 1: (1)0151 1 (
Chromium							2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
0							0.005.00		Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	0.005.00	-D	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Chromium VI							2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c		2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	
Chrysene	3.84E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	2.80E+00	S□□IRT	ERM	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999		1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	
Cobalt												
	0.405.04	0IDT	- FDI	0.705.00	0IDT	504	4.055.00		Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,	4.055.00		Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for
Copper	3.40E+01	S□□IRT	ERL	2.70E+02	SIIRT	ERM	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	growth, and survival	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	reproduction, growth, and survival
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.34E-02	S□□IRT	ERL	2.60E-01	S□□IRT	ERM	3.90E-01	EPA, 1999		3.90E-01	EPA, 1999	
Dibenzofuran	1.10E-01	S□□IRT	AET	1.10E-01	S□□IRT	AET						
Endosulfan Sulfate			IEL for			PEL for						
			freshwater			freshwater			Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with an			Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with
Endrin Aldehyde	2.67E-03	S□□IRT	IEL for	6.24E-02	Sudirt	sediment PEL for	1.00E-02	Sample, 1996	uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.00E-02	Sample, 1996	an uncertainty factor of 0.1
Endrin □etone	2.67E-03	S□□IRT	freshwater sediment	6.24E-02	S□□IRT	freshwater sediment	1.00E-02	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with an uncertainty factor of 0.1	1.00E-02	Sample, 1996	Chronic LOAEL in screech owl with an uncertainty factor of 0.1
Fluoranthene	6.00E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	5.10E+00	S□□IRT	ERM						
Fluorene	1.90E-02	S□□IRT	ERL	5.40E-01	S□□IRT	ERM						
gamma-Chlordane	2.26E-03	S□□IRT	ERL	4.79E-03	S□□IRT	ERM	2.14E+00	Sample, 1996	Chronic NOAEL in red-winged blackbird	2.14E+00	Sample, 1996	Chronic NOAEL in red-winged blackbird

TABLE H-**TO** ICIT REFERENCE VALUES

Parameter	Polychaetes (mg/kg)	Ref.	Comments	Polychaetes (mg/kg)	Ref.	Comments	Avian Carnivore (Sandpiper) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments	Avian Carnivore (Green heron) (mg/kgBW-day)	Ref.	Comments
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	6.00E-01	S□□IRT	AET	6.00E-01	S□□IRT	AET	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999		1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	
Iron												
Lead	4.67E+01	Sooirt	ERL	2.18E+02	SolRT	ERM	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Lithium												
Manganese							1.64E+03	Sample, 1996	Acute (5 days) LOAEL for mortality in	1.64E+03	Sample, 1996	Acute (5 days) LOAEL for mortality
Mercury	1.50E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	7.10E-01	S□□IRT	ERM	3.25E+00	EPA, 1999	coturnix quail (dose 325 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)	3.25E+00	EPA, 1999	in coturnix quail (dose 325 with uncertainty factor of 0.01)
Molybdenum							3.30E+00	Sample, 1996		3.30E+00	Sample, 1996	
Nickel	2.09E+01	Sooirt	ERL	5.16E+01	Sooirt	ERM	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Phenanthrene	2.40E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	1.50E+00	S□□IRT	ERM						
Pyrene	6.65E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	2.60E+00	S□□IRT	ERM						
Strontium												
Tin												
Titanium												
Toluene												
Vanadium	5.70E+01	S□□IRT	AET	5.70E+01	S□□IRT	AET	3.44E-01	EPA, 2005b		3.44E-01	EPA, 2005b	
									Geometric mean of NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth			Geometric mean of NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth
Zinc	1.50E+02	S□□IRT	ERL	4.10E+02	S□□IRT	ERM	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	effect groups	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	effect groups
LPAH	5.52E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	3.16E+00	S□□IRT	ERM						
HPAH	1.70E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	9.60E+00	S□□IRT	ERM						
TOTAL PAHs	4.02E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	4.48E+01	S□□IRT	ERM						
Notes: ERL – Effects Range-Low AET – Apparent Effects TT TEL – Threshold Effects L PEL – Probable Effects L ERM - Effects Range-Med EPA, 2007a – DDT EPA, 2007b – PAHs EPA, 2007c – Copper EPA, 2007c – Nickel EPA, 2007e – Nickel EPA, 2007e – Zinc	evel vel											

TABLE H-3 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SEDIMENT NORTH OF MARLIN POL CHAETES AND OTHER BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES

Ecological Hazard □uotie	nt □Sc /ERL		
Parameter	Definition	Def	ault
Sc	Sediment Concentration (mg/kg)		below
ERL	Effects Range-Low (mg/kg)	see	Table H-2
	Exposure Point Concentration*	ERL	Maximum
Chemical	(Sc)		EHQ ⁺
1,2-Dichloroethane	2.40E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
2-Methylnaphthalene	4.30E-01	7.00E-02	6.14E+00
4,4⊑DDT	9.22E-03	1.19E-03	7.75E+00
Acenaphthene	1.33E-01	1.60E-02	8.31E+00
Acenaphthylene	5.45E-01	4.40E-02	1.24E+01
Aluminum	1.82E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL
Anthracene	3.34E-01	8.53E-02	3.92E+00
Antimony	4.24E+00	8.20E+00	5.17E-01
Arsenic	1.28E+01	8.20E+00	1.56E+00
Barium	8.20E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Benzo(a)anthracene	9.93E-01	2.61E-01	3.80E+00
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.30E+00	4.30E-01	3.02E+00
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.36E+00	1.80E+00	7.56E-01
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.94E+00	6.70E-01	2.90E+00
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	7.30E-01	1.80E+00	4.06E-01
Beryllium	1.37E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL
Boron	4.62E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Cadmium	4.80E-01	1.20E+00	4.00E-01
Carbazole	1.41E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Carbon Disulfide	6.99E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
Chromium	4.46E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Chromium VI	4.04E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL
Chrysene	4.05E+00	3.84E-01	1.05E+01
Cobalt	9.89E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL
Copper	4.90E+01	3.40E+01	1.44E+00
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.91E+00	6.34E-02	4.59E+01
Dibenzofuran	8.00E-02	1.10E-01	7.27E-01
Endosulfan Sulfate	6.00E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Endrin Aldehyde	1.00E-02	2.67E-03	3.75E+00
Endrin □etone	1.30E-02	2.67E-03	4.87E+00
Fluoranthene	2.17E+00	6.00E-01	3.62E+00
Fluorene	1.39E-01	1.90E-02	7.32E+00
gamma-Chlordane	3.60E-03	2.26E-03	1.59E+00
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.94E+00	6.00E-01	3.23E+00
Iron	6.09E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL
Lead	2.37E+02	4.67E+01	5.07E+00
Lithium	2.76E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Manganese	1.01E+03	0.00E+00	no ERL
Mercury	8.10E-02	1.50E-01	5.40E-01
Molybdenum	3.24E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL
Nickel	2.77E+01	2.09E+01	1.33E+00
Phenanthrene	1.30E+00	2.40E-01	5.42E+00
Pyrene	1.64E+00	6.65E-01	2.47E+00
Strontium	3.30E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL
Tin	4.61E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL
Titanium	6.87E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL
Toluene	2.14E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL
Vanadium	3.20E+01	5.70E+01	5.61E-01
Zinc	9.03E+02	1.50E+02	6.02E+00
LPAH	2.88E+00	5.52E-01	5.22E+00
HPAH	1.90E+01	1.70E+00	1.12E+01
TOTAL PAHs	2.19E+01	4.02E+00	5.45E+00

Notes:

 $[\]hfill \Box$ EPC for benthic receptors is maximum measured concentration from Report Table 8.

 $^{^{^{+}}}$ Shading indicates EH \square 1.

CEDIMENT INCECTION			
SEDIMENT INGESTION			
INTAGE G (O - GIP GAS - 1	EL / (DM)		
INTA□E □ (Sc □IR □AF □A□	F) / (BW)		
Develope	D. C. W.	\/-L	Deferre
Parameter Intake	Definition	Value calculated	Reference
Sc	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-day) Sediment concentration (mg/kg)	see Table H-1	
SC IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of sed (kg/day)	5.34E-06	EDA 1002
AF	0 (0),	5.34E-06 1	EPA, 1993
ar A□F	Chemical Bioavailability in sediment (unitless) Default Area □se Factor	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)	3.40E-02	EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
BVV	Willimiditi Body Weight (kg)	3.40L-02	LFA, 1993
Chemical	Sc	Intake	
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.50E-04	2.35E-08	
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.20E-02	1.88E-06	
4,4∃DDT	2.52E-03	3.96E-07	
Acenaphthene	1.11E-02	1.73E-06	
Acenaphthylene	1.27E-02	1.99E-06	
Aluminum	1.40E+04	2.20E+00	
Anthracene	9.70E-02	1.52E-05	
Antimony	1.80E+00	2.83E-04	
Arsenic	4.81E+00	7.55E-04	
Barium	2.38E+02	3.73E-02	
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.14E-02	1.78E-06	
Benzo(a)pyrene	3.47E-01	5.45E-05	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.59E-01	2.50E-05	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	4.49E-01	7.05E-05	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.31E-01	2.06E-05	
Beryllium	9.43E-01	1.48E-04	
Boron	2.61E+01	4.09E-03	
Cadmium	2.42E-01	3.80E-05	
Carbazole	1.10E-02	1.73E-06	
Carbon Disulfide	1.40E-04	2.20E-08	
Chromium	1.64E+01	2.58E-03	
Chromium VI	5.67E-01	8.90E-05	
Chrysene	8.71E-01	1.37E-04	
Cobalt	7.32E+00	1.15E-03	
Copper	2.21E+01	3.47E-03	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	3.75E-02	5.89E-06	
Dibenzofuran	1.56E-02	2.44E-06	
Endosulfan Sulfate	4.40E-04	6.91E-08	
Endrin Aldehyde	3.32E-03	5.21E-07	
Endrin □etone	5.50E-04	8.63E-08	
Fluoranthene	4.46E-01	7.00E-05	
Fluorene	1.10E-02	1.73E-06	
gamma-Chlordane	4.40E-04	6.91E-08	
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.17E-01	4.98E-05	
ron	1.88E+04	2.95E+00	
Lead	4.68E+01	7.35E-03	
Lithium	1.96E+01	3.07E-03	
Manganese	5.17E+02	8.12E-02	
Mercury	3.80E-02	5.96E-06	
Molybdenum	1.20E+00	1.88E-04	
Nickel	1.81E+01	2.84E-03	
Phenanthrene	1.56E-01	2.45E-05	
Pyrene	4.77E-01	7.49E-05	
Pyrene Strontium	4.77E-01 1.15E+02	1.80E-02	
Pyrene Strontium Tin	4.77E-01 1.15E+02 1.26E+00	1.80E-02 1.98E-04	
Pyrene Strontium Tin Titanium	4.77E-01 1.15E+02 1.26E+00 4.17E+01	1.80E-02 1.98E-04 6.54E-03	
Pyrene Strontium Tin Titanium Toluene	4.77E-01 1.15E+02 1.26E+00 4.17E+01 7.30E-04	1.80E-02 1.98E-04 6.54E-03 1.15E-07	
Pyrene Strontium Tin Titanium Toluene Vanadium	4.77E-01 1.15E+02 1.26E+00 4.17E+01 7.30E-04 2.28E+01	1.80E-02 1.98E-04 6.54E-03 1.15E-07 3.57E-03	
Pyrene Strontium Tin Titanium Toluene Vanadium Zinc	4.77E-01 1.15E+02 1.26E+00 4.17E+01 7.30E-04 2.28E+01 2.36E+02	1.80E-02 1.98E-04 6.54E-03 1.15E-07 3.57E-03 3.70E-02	
Pyrene Strontium Tin Titanium Toluene	4.77E-01 1.15E+02 1.26E+00 4.17E+01 7.30E-04 2.28E+01	1.80E-02 1.98E-04 6.54E-03 1.15E-07 3.57E-03	

TOTAL PAHs		3.55E+00	5.56E-04	
S RFACE WATER INGEST	ION			
INTA□E □ (Wc □IR □AF □A□	F) / (BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (m	ng/kg BW-day)	calculated	reference
Wc	Surface Water conce		see Table H-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion r	ate of water (L/day)	7.11E-03	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailabi	lity in water (unitless)	1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Default Area □se Fac	ctor	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weigh	nt (kg)	3.40E-02	EPA, 1993
Chemical		Wc	Intake	
Chemical		****	mano	
1,2-Dichloroethane		3.85E-03	8.05E-04	
Acrolein		9.30E-03	1.94E-03	
Aluminum		8.00E-01	1.67E-01	
Barium		3.70E-01	7.74E-02	
Boron		2.42E+00	5.06E-01	
Chromium		3.70E-02	7.74E-03	
Chromium VI		8.00E-03	1.67E-03	
Copper		1.10E-02	2.30E-03	
Iron		1.08E+00	2.26E-01	
Lithium		2.50E-01	5.23E-02	
Manganese		3.40E-01	7.11E-02	
Mercury		7.00E-05	1.46E-05	
Molybdenum		1.50E-02	3.14E-03	
Nickel		2.20E-03	4.60E-04	
Strontium		6.64E+00	1.39E+00	
Titanium Zinc		9.80E-03	2.05E-03	
ZINC		2.20E-02	4.60E-03	
FOOD INGESTION				
INTAGE GUOL GID GDG GA	===\//B\A/\ .	DE		
INTA□E □ ((Cc □IR □Dfc □A		DFW LALF) / (BW)		
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (m	ng/kg BW-day)	calculated	
Cc	Crab concentration (mg/kg)	see Table H-8	
Cw	Worm concentration	(mg/kg)	see Table H-8	
IR	Maximum Ingestion r	ate of of food (kg/day)	2.81E-05	EPA, 1993
DFc	Dietary fraction of cra		4.00E-01	prof. udgment
DFw	Dietary fraction of wo	,	6.00E-01	prof. udgement
A□F	Default Area □se Fac	ctor	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weigh	nt (kg)	3.40E-02	EPA, 1993
Chaminal	21	10/	I de la	
Chemical Se iment	Crab	Worm	Intake	
Seliment				
1,2-Dichloroethane	2.40E-03	2.40E-03	1.98E-06	
2-Methylnaphthalene	2.98E-03	6.92E-01	3.44E-04	
4,4⊑DDT	2.98E-03	7.38E-03	4.64E-06	
Acenaphthene	2.14E-01	2.14E-01	1.77E-04	
Acenaphthylene	8.77E-01	8.77E-01	7.25E-04	
Aluminum	1.64E+04	1.64E+04	1.35E+01	
Anthracene	2.92E-01	4.84E-01	3.37E-04	
Antimony	1.80E-01	3.82E+00	1.95E-03	
Arsenic	2.29E-01	1.15E+01	5.79E-03	
Barium	7.38E+02	7.38E+02	6.10E-01	
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.92E-01	1.44E+00	8.10E-04	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.80E-01	2.07E+00	1.08E-03	

Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.29E-01	2.19E+00	1.16E-03
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.12E+00	3.12E+00	2.58E-03
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.96E-01	1.18E+00	6.47E-04
Beryllium	1.23E+00	1.23E+00	1.02E-03
Boron	4.62E+01	4.62E+01	3.82E-02
Cadmium Carbazole	1.63E+00	1.63E+00	1.35E-03
Carbon Disulfide	1.41E-01 6.99E-03	1.41E-01 6.99E-03	1.16E-04 5.77E-06
Chromium	6.99E-03 1.74E+01	1.74E+01	1.44E-02
Chromium VI	1.18E-01	1.58E+00	8.20E-04
Chrysene	1.49E-01	5.59E+00	2.82E-03
Cobalt	9.89E+00	9.89E+00	8.17E-03
Copper	1.47E+01	1.47E+01	1.21E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.47E-01	4.69E+00	2.40E-03
Dibenzofuran	8.00E-02	8.00E-02	6.61E-05
Endosulfan Sulfate	3.00E-01	6.00E-02	1.29E-04
Endrin Aldehyde	1.00E-02	1.00E-02	8.26E-06
Endrin □etone	1.30E-02	1.30E-02	1.07E-05
Fluoranthene	3.49E+00	3.49E+00	2.89E-03
Fluorene	2.24E-01	2.24E-01	1.85E-04
gamma-Chlordane	8.28E-03	2.12E-02	1.32E-05
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.18E-01	3.12E+00	1.59E-03
Iron	6.09E+04	6.09E+04	5.03E+01
Lead	9.50E-02	1.49E+02	7.40E-02
Lithium	2.76E+01	2.76E+01	2.28E-02
Manganese	1.01E+03	1.01E+03	8.34E-01
Mercury	4.86E-03	5.51E-02	2.89E-05
Molybdenum	3.24E+00	3.24E+00	2.68E-03
Nickel	1.50E+00	2.49E+01	1.29E-02
Phenanthrene	2.09E+00	2.09E+00	1.73E-03
Pyrene	2.64E+00	2.64E+00	2.18E-03
Strontium	3.30E+02	3.30E+02	2.73E-01
Tin	4.61E+00	4.61E+00	3.81E-03
Titanium Toluene	6.87E+01	6.87E+01	5.67E-02
Vanadium	2.14E-03 3.20E+01	2.14E-03 3.20E+01	1.77E-06 2.64E-02
Zinc	1.03E+03	5.15E+02	5.95E-01
LPAH	2.92E-01	4.64E+00	2.40E-03
HPAH	2.92E-01	3.06E+01	1.53E-02
TOTAL PAHs	2.92E-01	3.53E+01	1.76E-02
101712171110	2.022 01	0.002 - 0 1	1.702 02
Sur ace Water	Crab	Worm	Intake
1,2-Dichloroethane	3.85E-03	3.85E-03	3.18E-06
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein	3.85E-03 9.30E-03	3.85E-03 9.30E-03	3.18E-06 7.68E-06
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium VI	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium Chromium VI Copper	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium Chromium VI Copper	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02 8.92E-04
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium VI Copper Iron Lithium	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium VI Copper Iron Lithium Manganese	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02 8.92E-04 2.07E-04
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium VI Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Mercury	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02 8.92E-04 2.07E-04 2.81E-04
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium VI Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Mercury Molybdenum	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02 8.92E-04 2.07E-04 2.81E-04 3.18E-03
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium VI Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Mercury Molybdenum	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00 1.50E-02	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00 1.50E-02	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02 8.92E-04 2.07E-04 2.81E-04 3.18E-03 1.24E-05
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium VI Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Mercury Molybdenum Nickel	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00 1.50E-02 6.16E-02	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00 1.50E-02 6.16E-02	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02 8.92E-04 2.07E-04 2.81E-04 3.18E-03 1.24E-05 5.09E-05
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium VI Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Mercury Molybdenum Nickel Strontium	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00 1.50E-02 6.16E-02 6.64E+00	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00 1.50E-02 6.16E-02 6.64E+00	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02 8.92E-04 2.07E-04 2.81E-04 3.18E-03 1.24E-05 5.09E-05 5.48E-03
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium Chromium VI Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Mercury Molybdenum Nickel Strontium Titanium	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00 1.50E-02 6.16E-02 6.64E+00 9.80E-03	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00 1.50E-02 6.16E-02 6.64E+00 9.80E-03	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02 8.92E-04 2.07E-04 2.81E-04 3.18E-03 1.24E-05 5.09E-05 5.48E-03 8.10E-06
1,2-Dichloroethane Acrolein Aluminum Barium Boron Chromium VI Copper Iron Lithium Manganese Mercury Molybdenum Nickel Strontium Titanium Zinc	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00 1.50E-02 6.16E-02 6.64E+00 9.80E-03 1.01E+02	3.85E-03 9.30E-03 3.25E+03 7.40E+01 2.42E+00 1.11E+02 2.40E+01 4.09E+01 1.08E+00 2.50E-01 3.40E-01 3.85E+00 1.50E-02 6.16E-02 6.64E+00 9.80E-03 1.01E+02	3.18E-06 7.68E-06 2.69E+00 6.11E-02 2.00E-03 9.17E-02 1.98E-02 3.38E-02 8.92E-04 2.07E-04 2.81E-04 3.18E-03 1.24E-05 5.09E-05 5.48E-03 8.10E-06

Total

2-Methylnaphthalene	ntake
2-Methylnaphthalene	
4,4=DDT Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Acrolein Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Benzo(a)anthracene Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluoranthe	10E-04
Acenaphthene	46E-04
Acrolein 1.5 Acrolein 1.5 Aluminum 1.8 Anthracene 3.5 Antimony 2.2 Arsenic 6.5 Barium 7.6 Benzo(a)anthracene 8.7 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.7 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.7 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 6.6 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 6.6 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 6.6 Beryllium 1.7 Boron 5.5 Cadmium 1.7 Carbazole 1.7 Carbon Disulfide 5.6 Chromium 1.7 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.2 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.0 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.6 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.6 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.6 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.6 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.6 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.6 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.7	03E-06
Acrolein Aluminum Anthracene 3.8 Antimony 2.2 Arsenic Benzo(a)anthracene 8.7 Benzo(a)pyrene 8.7 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 8.7 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 8.7 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.7 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.7 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.7 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.8 Berzo(k)fluoranthene 8.9 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.6 Berzolilium 1.7 Boron 5.8 Cadmium 1.7 Carbazole 1.7 Carbon Disulfide Chromium 1.7 Chromium VI Chromium VI Chromium VI Chromium VI Chromium VI Chromium VI Chromium VI Chromium VI Chysene 2.9 Cobalt Copper Dibenzo(x₁h)anthracene Dibenzofuran 8.7 Endrin □etone Fluoranthene Fluoranthene Fluoranthene Fluoranthene Fluorene gamma-Chlordane Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Iron Iron Iron Iron Iron Iron Iron Iron	79E-04
Aluminum Anthracene Anthracene 3.5 Antimony 2.2 Arsenic 3.6 Barium 7.8 Benzuc(a)nthracene 8.7 Benzo(a)pyrene 8.7 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 8.7 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 8.7 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 8.7 Benzo(g,h)fluoranthene 8.8 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.6 Beryllium 8.7 Boron 8.7 Cadmium 1.7 Carbazole 1.7 Carbon Disulfide 8.7 Chromium 1.7 Chromium 1.7 Chrysene 2.6 Cobalt 9.7 Copper 1.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.9 Endrin Letone 1.0 Fluoranthene 1.1 Endrin Letone 1.2 Fluoranthene 1.3 Endrin Letone 1.4 Endrin Letone 1.5 Fluoranthene 1.6 Fluoranthene 1.7 Pyrene 1.8 Manganese Mercury Molybdenum 1.7 Manganese Mercury Molybdenum 1.7 Molybdenum 1.	27E-04
Anthracene Antimony 2.2. Antimony 2.2. Arsenic Barium 6.8. Benzo(a)anthracene 8.1. Benzo(b)fluoranthene 8.1. Benzo(b)fluoranthene 8.2. Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.3. Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.4. Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.5. Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.6. Beryllium 8.7. Benzo(k)fluoranthene 8.8. Berzo(k)fluoranthene 8.9. Berzo(k)fluoranthene 8.	95E-03
Arsenic 6.8 Barium 7.8 Benzo(a)anthracene 8.8 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.1 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.1 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 2.6 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 2.6 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.1 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.1 Boron 5.6 Cadmium 1.1 Carbazole 1.1 Carbazole 1.1 Carbon Disulfide 5.8 Chromium 1.1 Chromium V1 2.2 Chrysene 2.5 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.5 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin □dtohe 1.5 Endrin □dtohe 1.6 Fluoranthene 1.6 Fluoranthene 1.6 Fluoranthene 1.6 Fluoranthene 1.6 Barnan-Chlordane 1.6 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Barnan-Chlordane 1.	86E+01
Arsenic 6.5 Barium 7.5 Barium 7.5 Benzo(a)anthracene 8.1 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.1 Benzo(g), hi, perylene 2.6 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.1 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.1 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.1 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.5 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.5 Cadmium 1.1 Boron 5.5 Cadmium 1.2 Carbazole 1.1 Carbazole 1.1 Carbon Disulfide 5.5 Chromium 1.1 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.5 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.1 Dibenzo(a, h) anthracene 2.5 Dibenzo(aran 6.5 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin □etone 1.0 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluoranthene 1.5 Barman-Chlordane 1.5 Lead 8.3 Lithium 7.5 Manganese 9.5 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 7.5 Molybdenum 1.6 Nickel 9.1 Phenanthrene 9.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 1.5 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 4.5 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 5.5 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 6.5 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 9.5 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 9.5 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 9.5 Toluene 9.5 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 9.5 Toluene 9.5 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 9.5 Toluene	52E-04
Barium 7.8 Benzo(a)anthracene 8.1 Benzo(b)fuoranthene 1.1 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 2.6 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 6.6 Beryllium 1.7 Boron 5.5 Cadmium 1.2 Carbazole 1.7 Carbon Disulfide 5.6 Chromium 1.7 Chromium VI 2.2 Chysene 2.5 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.2 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.2 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.2 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.2 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.2 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Eluorene 1.6 Ilcorene 1.6 Ilcorene 1.6 Ilcorene 1.6 Ilcorene 1.6 Me	23E-03
Benzo(a)pyrene 1.1 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.7 Benzo(k)filoranthene 2.6 Benzo(k)filoranthene 6.6 Beryllium 1.1 Boron 5.5 Cadmium 1.3 Carbazole 1.7 Carbon Disulfide 5.8 Chromium 1.7 Chromium VI 2.2 Chromium VI 2.5 Copper 5.7 Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene 2.5 Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene 2.5 Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene 2.5 Dibenzofuran 6.6 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin □dehyde 8.7 Endrin □dene 1.6 Fluorene 1.6 gamma-Chlordane 1.5 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene	54E-03
Benzo(a)pyrene 1.1 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.1 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 2.6 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 6.6 Beryllium 1.1 Boron 5.5 Cadmium 1.5 Carbozole 1.5 Carbon Disulfide 5.6 Chromium 1.7 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.6 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.2 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Betone 1.6 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluoranthene	85E-01
Benzo(a)pyrene 1.1 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.1 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 2.6 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 6.6 Beryllium 1.1 Boron 5.5 Cadmium 1.5 Carbazole 1.5 Carbon Disulfide 5.6 Chromium 1.7 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.6 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.2 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin □dtonan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin □dtone 1.6 Fluoranthene 1.6 Fluorene 1.5 gamma-Chlordane 1.5 lndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 lron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 <td>12E-04</td>	12E-04
Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.1 Benzo(k,h)perylene 2.6 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 6.6 Beryllium 1.1 Boron 5.5 Cadmium 1.2 Carbazole 1.7 Carbon Disulfide 5.6 Chromium 1.7 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.5 Cobalt 9.5 Copper 5.7 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin □etone 1.6 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluorene 1.6 gamma-Chlordane 1.5 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.1 Lithium 7.6 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.6 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Titanium	14E-03
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 2.6 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 6.6 Beryllium 1.7 Boron 5.6 Cadmium 1.7 Carbazole 1.7 Carbon Disulfide 5.6 Chromium 1.7 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.9 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.6 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.6 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Haldehyde 8.7 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Haldehyde 8.7 Endrin Haldehyde 8.7 Endrin Haldehyde 8.7 Endrin Haldehyde 8.7	19E-03
Benzo(k)fluoranthene 6.6 Beryllium 1.1 Boron 5.5 Cadmium 1.3 Carbon Disulfide 5.5 Chromium 1.1 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.5 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Hetone 1.6 Fluorene 1.8 gamma-Chlordane 1.3 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 1.6 Lead 8.3 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 1.6 Nickel 1.7 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Titanium 6.6 Toluene 1.6	65E-03
Beryllium 1.1 Boron 5.5 Cadmium 1.3 Carbon Disulfide 1.7 Carbon Disulfide 5.6 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.5 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.4 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin □etone 1.5 Fluoranthene 1.6 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluorene 1.6 gamma-Chlordane 1.5 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.6 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0 <td>68E-04</td>	68E-04
Boron 5.5 Cadmium 1.3 Carbazole 1.1 Carbon Disulfide 5.5 Chromium 1.1 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.5 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.1 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.6 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Letone 1.0 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluorene 1.5 gamma-Chlordane 1.5 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.6 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.6 Titanium 6.6 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.6	17E-03
Cadmium 1.3 Carbazole 1.1 Carbon Disulfide 5.8 Chromium 1.3 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.5 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.6 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin □etone 1.6 Fluoranthene 2.9 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluorane 1.5 gamma-Chlordane 1.6 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.1 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.6 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.6 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.6	50E-01
Carbazole 1.1 Carbon Disulfide 5.8 Chromium 1.1 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.5 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.1 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.6 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Letone 1.6 Fluoranthene 2.5 Fluoranthene 1.5 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.1 Lithium 7.6 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	39E-03
Carbon Disulfide 5.8 Chromium 1.1 Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.9 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz/(a,h)anthracene 2.4 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Letone 1.6 Fluoranthene 2.9 Fluoranthene 1.5 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.1 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 1.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	18E-04
Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.9 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.4 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin □etone 1.0 Fluoranthene 2.9 Fluorene 1.5 gamma-Chlordane 1.5 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.5 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	
Chromium VI 2.2 Chrysene 2.5 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.4 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin □etone 1.0 Fluoranthene 2.9 Fluorene 1.5 gamma-Chlordane 1.5 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.5 Manganese 9.6 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	80E-06
Chrysene 2.9 Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.4 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin □etone 1.0 Fluoranthene 2.9 Fluorene 1.5 gamma-Chlordane 1.5 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	16E-01
Cobalt 9.3 Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.4 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin Letone 1.6 Fluoranthene 2.9 Fluorene 1.8 gamma-Chlordane 1.3 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8. Lead 8. Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	24E-02
Copper 5.7 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.4 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin □etone 1.5 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluorene 1.6 gamma-Chlordane 1.6 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	96E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.4 Dibenzofuran 6.8 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin □etone 1.6 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluorene 1.8 gamma-Chlordane 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.4 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Titanium 6.6 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	32E-03
Dibenzofuran 6.6 Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin □etone 1.0 Fluoranthene 1.5 Fluorene 1.5 gamma-Chlordane 1.6 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.1 Lithium 7.5 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	17E-02
Endosulfan Sulfate 1.2 Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin □etone 1.0 Fluoranthene 2.9 Fluorene 1.8 gamma-Chlordane 1.3 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.1 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 1.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 4.6	41E-03
Endrin Aldehyde 8.7 Endrin □etone 1.0 Fluoranthene 2.9 Fluorene 1.8 gamma-Chlordane 1.3 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	85E-05
Endrin □etone 1.0 Fluoranthene 2.9 Fluorene 1.8 gamma-Chlordane 1.3 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	29E-04
Fluoranthene 2.5 Fluorene 1.8 gamma-Chlordane 1.3 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	78E-06
Fluorene 1.5 gamma-Chlordane 1.5 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.5 Manganese 9.5 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	08E-05
gamma-Chlordane 1.3 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.7 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	96E-03
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.6 Iron 5.3 Lead 8.1 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	87E-04
Iron 5.3 Lead 8.1 Lithium 7.5 Manganese 9.5 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	33E-05
Lead 8.1 Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	64E-03
Lithium 7.8 Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	35E+01
Manganese 9.8 Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	14E-02
Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.6 Vanadium 3.0	84E-02
Mercury 3.2 Molybdenum 6.0 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	87E-01
Molybdenum 6.6 Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	23E-03
Nickel 1.6 Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.6 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.6	01E-03
Phenanthrene 1.7 Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.6 Vanadium 3.0	62E-02
Pyrene 2.2 Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	75E-03
Strontium 1.6 Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.6 Vanadium 3.0	26E-03
Tin 4.0 Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.6 Vanadium 3.0	38E+00
Titanium 6.5 Toluene 1.5 Vanadium 3.0	01E-03
Toluene 1.8 Vanadium 3.0	53E-02
Vanadium 3.0	
	88E-06
ZINC 7.2	00E-02
	20E-01
	44E-03
	58E-02
TOTAL PAHs 1.8	81E-02

NOTES

☐Ingestion rates are in dry weight.

	Δ F) / (R\M)			
INTA□E □ (Sc □IR □AF □	A⊔F)/(DW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-	• /	calculated	
Sc	Sediment concentration (mg/kg		see Table H-1	
R	Maximum Ingestion rate of sec	(0) /	1.88E-06	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in sed	iment (unitless)	1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Default Area □se Factor		1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.77E-01	EPA, 1993
Chemical		80	Intake	
Chemical		Sc	шаке	
1,2-Dichloroethane		1.50E-04	1.59E-09	
2-Methylnaphthalene		1.20E-02	1.27E-07	
4,4∃DDT		2.52E-03	2.68E-08	
Acenaphthene		1.11E-02	1.17E-07	
Acenaphthylene		1.27E-02	1.35E-07	
Aluminum		1.40E+04	1.49E-01	
Anthracene		9.70E-02	1.03E-06	
Antimony		1.80E+00	1.91E-05	
Arsenic		4.81E+00	5.11E-05	
Barium		2.38E+02	2.52E-03	
Benzo(a)anthracene		1.14E-02	1.21E-07	
Benzo(a)pyrene		3.47E-01	3.68E-06	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		1.59E-01	1.69E-06	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		4.49E-01	4.77E-06	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.31E-01	1.39E-06	
Beryllium		9.43E-01	1.00E-05	
Boron		2.61E+01	2.77E-04	
Cadmium		2.42E-01	2.57E-06	
Carbazole		1.10E-02	1.17E-07	
Carbon Disulfide		1.40E-04	1.49E-09	
Chromium		1.64E+01	1.74E-04	
Chromium VI		5.67E-01	6.02E-06	
Chrysene		8.71E-01	9.25E-06	
Cobalt		7.32E+00	7.77E-05	
Copper		2.21E+01	2.35E-04	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene		3.75E-02	3.98E-07	
Dibenzofuran		1.56E-02	1.65E-07	
Endosulfan Sulfate Endrin Aldehvde		4.40E-04	4.67E-09	
Endrin Aldenyde Endrin □etone		3.32E-03	3.52E-08	
Endrin ⊔etone Fluoranthene		5.50E-04	5.84E-09	
Fluorantnene Fluorene		4.46E-01 1.10E-02	4.74E-06 1.17E-07	
		1.10E-02 4.40E-04	1.17E-07 4.67E-09	
gamma-Chlordane		4.40E-04 3.17E-01	4.67E-09 3.37E-06	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene Iron		1.88E+04	2.00E-01	
Lead		4.68E+01	4.97E-04	
Lead Lithium		4.06E+01	2.08E-04	
Manganese		5.17E+02	5.49E-03	
Mercury		3.80E-02	5.49E-03 4.03E-07	
Molybdenum		1.20E+00	4.03E-07 1.27E-05	
Nickel		1.81E+01	1.92E-04	
Nickei Phenanthrene		1.56E-01	1.92E-04 1.66E-06	
Prienantifierie Pyrene		4.77E-01	5.06E-06	
Strontium				
Strontium Tin		1.15E+02	1.22E-03	
rin Titanium		1.26E+00 4.17E+01	1.34E-05 4.42E-04	
ritanium Toluene			4.42E-04 7.75E-09	
≀oiuene Vanadium		7.30E-04		
vanadium Zinc		2.28E+01 2.36E+02	2.42E-04 2.50E-03	
zinc LPAH				
PAH		3.00E-01	3.18E-06	

l -				
TOTAL PAHs		3.55E+00	3.76E-05	
O-DEAGE WATER INGS	TOTION			
SORFACE WATER INGE	ESTION			
INTA□E □ (Wc □IR □AF □	ΠΛΠΕ) / (B\M)			
INTALE (VVC LIK LAFT	LALF)/(BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg B)	W-day)	calculated	11010101100
Wc	Surface Water concentration		see Table H-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of v		7.11E-03	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in w	, ,,	1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Default Area □se Factor	,	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.77E-01	EPA, 1993
	william body weight (kg)		1.772 01	L171, 1000
Chemical		Wc	Intake	
1,2-Dichloroethane		3.85E-03	1.55E-04	
Acrolein		9.30E-03	3.74E-04	
Aluminum		8.00E-01	3.21E-02	
Barium		3.70E-01	1.49E-02	
Boron		2.42E+00	9.72E-02	
Chromium		3.70E-02	1.49E-03	
Chromium VI		8.00E-03	3.21E-04	
Copper		1.10E-02	4.42E-04	
Iron		1.08E+00	4.34E-02	
Lithium		2.50E-01	1.00E-02	
Manganese		3.40E-01	1.37E-02	
Mercury		7.00E-05	2.81E-06	
Molybdenum		1.50E-02	6.02E-04	
Nickel		2.20E-03	8.84E-05	
Strontium		6.64E+00	2.67E-01	
Titanium		9.80E-03	3.94E-04	
Zinc		2.20E-02	8.84E-04	
FOOD INGESTION				
WITA - E - (O - ID - DE		-A-E) ((D)A))		
	□A□F)/(BW) + (Cw □IR □DFf	⊔A⊔F) / (BW)		
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg B)	W-day)	calculated	receive
Cc	Crab concentration (mg/kg)	vv day)	see Table H-8	
Cf	Fish concentration (mg/kg)		see Table H-8	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of o	of food (kg/day)	2.81E-05	EPA, 1993
DFc	Dietary fraction of crabs (uni	(0) /		prof. Iudgement
DFf	Dietary fraction of fish (unitle		0.000	
		1229	7.50F-01	□ent 1986
A□F		ess)	7.50E-01 1	□ent, 1986 FPA 1997
A□F BW	Default Area □se Factor	ess)	1	EPA, 1997
A□F BW		988)		
	Default Area □se Factor		1	EPA, 1997
	Default Area □se Factor	ess)	1	EPA, 1997
	Default Area □se Factor	rish	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)	<i>,</i>	1 3.40E-02	EPA, 1997
BW Chemical	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)	Fish	1 3.40E-02	EPA, 1997
Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane	Default Area Se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03	<i>,</i>	1 3.40E-02	EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se⊡iment	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab	Fish	1 3.40E-02 Intake	EPA, 1997
Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4∃DDT	Default Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03 2.98E-03 2.98E-03	Fish 1.50E-04	1 3.40E-02 Intake	EPA, 1997
Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4∈DDT Acenaphthene	Default Area Se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03 2.98E-03	1.50E-04 5.58E-02 6.05E-02 4.31E-03	1 3.40E-02 Intake 1.28E-06 3.60E-05	EPA, 1997
Chemical Seciment 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4-DDT Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene	Default Area se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03 2.98E-03 2.98E-03	1.50E-04 5.58E-02 6.05E-02	1 3.40E-02 Intake 1.28E-06 3.60E-05 3.89E-05	EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4⊆DDT Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Aluminum	Default Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03 2.98E-03 2.98E-03 2.14E-01 8.77E-01 1.64E+04	Fish 1.50E-04 5.58E-02 6.05E-02 4.31E-03 1.27E-02 1.40E+04	1,28E-06 3,60E-05 3,89E-05 1,09E-04 4,43E-04 1,68E+01	EPA, 1997
Chemical Seciment 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4-DDT Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03 2.98E-03 2.98E-03 2.14E-01 8.77E-01 1.64E+04 2.92E-01	1.50E-04 5.58E-02 6.05E-02 4.31E-03 1.27E-02 1.40E+04 3.78E-02	1,28E-06 3,60E-05 3,89E-05 1,09E-04 4,43E-04	EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4⊆DDT Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Aluminum	Default Area ☐se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03 2.98E-03 2.98E-03 2.14E-01 8.77E-01 1.64E+04	Fish 1.50E-04 5.58E-02 6.05E-02 4.31E-03 1.27E-02 1.40E+04	1,28E-06 3,60E-05 3,89E-05 1,09E-04 4,43E-04 1,68E+01	EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4 = DDT Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Aluminum Anthracene	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03 2.98E-03 2.98E-03 2.14E-01 8.77E-01 1.64E+04 2.92E-01	1.50E-04 5.58E-02 6.05E-02 4.31E-03 1.27E-02 1.40E+04 3.78E-02	1 3.40E-02 Intake 1.28E-06 3.60E-05 3.89E-05 1.09E-04 4.43E-04 1.68E+01 1.68E-04	EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4-DDT Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03 2.98E-03 2.98E-03 2.14E-01 8.77E-01 1.64E+04 2.92E-01 1.80E-01	1.50E-04 5.58E-02 6.05E-02 4.31E-03 1.27E-02 1.40E+04 3.78E-02 1.80E+00	1,3.40E-02 Intake 1.28E-06 3.60E-05 3.89E-05 1.09E-04 4.43E-04 1.68E+01 1.68E-04 1.21E-03	EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4 DDT Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03 2.98E-03 2.98E-03 2.14E-01 8.77E-01 1.64E+04 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 2.29E-01	1.50E-04 5.58E-02 6.05E-02 4.31E-03 1.27E-02 1.40E+04 3.78E-02 1.80E+00 7.80E-01	1,3.40E-02 Intake 1.28E-06 3.60E-05 3.89E-05 1.09E-04 4.43E-04 1.68E+01 1.68E-04 1.21E-03 5.96E-04	EPA, 1997
BW Chemical Se iment 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Methylnaphthalene 4,4 DDT Acenaphthene Acenaphthylene Aluminum Anthracene Antimony Arsenic Barium	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg) Crab 2.40E-03 2.98E-03 2.98E-03 2.14E-01 8.77E-01 1.64E+04 2.92E-01 1.80E-01 2.29E-01 7.38E+02	1.50E-04 5.58E-02 6.05E-02 4.31E-03 1.27E-02 1.40E+04 3.78E-02 1.80E+00 7.80E-01 2.38E+02	1,3.40E-02 Intake 1.28E-06 3.60E-05 3.89E-05 1.09E-04 4.43E-04 1.68E+01 1.68E-04 1.21E-03 5.96E-04 5.13E-01	EPA, 1997

Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.29E-01	6.47E-01	5.15E-04	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.12E+00	4.49E-01	1.83E-03	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.96E-01	5.33E-01	4.27E-04	
Beryllium	1.23E+00	9.43E-01	1.20E-03	
Boron	4.62E+01	2.61E+01	3.90E-02	
Cadmium	1.63E+00	2.42E-01	9.59E-04	
Carbazole	1.41E-01	1.10E-02	7.67E-05	
Carbon Disulfide	6.99E-03	1.40E-04	3.55E-06	
Chromium	1.74E+01	1.64E+01	1.88E-02	
Chromium VI	1.18E-01	5.67E-01	4.10E-04	
Chrysene	1.49E-01	1.90E+00	1.25E-03	
Cobalt	9.89E+00	7.32E+00	9.44E-03	
Copper	1.47E+01	2.21E+01	2.10E-02	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.47E-01	1.53E-01	2.17E-04	
Dibenzofuran	8.00E-02	1.56E-02	4.93E-05	
Endosulfan Sulfate	3.00E-01	3.91E-03	1.51E-04	
Endrin Aldehyde	1.00E-02	3.32E-03	7.01E-06	
Endrin ⊟etone	1.30E-02	5.50E-04	6.78E-06	
Fluoranthene				
Fluorene	3.49E+00 2.24E-01	3.05E-01 4.29E-03	1.92E-03 1.14E-04	
gamma-Chlordane	8.28E-03	6.60E-04	4.51E-06	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.18E-01	9.99E-02	1.20E-04	
Iron	6.09E+04	1.88E+04	4.18E+01	
Lead	9.50E-02	9.37E-01	6.27E-04	
Lithium	2.76E+01	1.96E+01	2.58E-02	
Manganese	1.01E+03	5.17E+02	8.21E-01	
Mercury	4.86E-03	1.23E-01	7.85E-05	
Molybdenum	3.24E+00	1.20E+00	2.35E-03	
Nickel	1.50E+00	9.77E-01	1.35E-03	
Phenanthrene	2.09E+00	1.56E-01	1.13E-03	
Pyrene	2.64E+00	3.26E-01	1.51E-03	
Strontium	3.30E+02	1.15E+02	2.35E-01	
Tin	4.61E+00	1.26E+00	3.07E-03	
Titanium	6.87E+01	4.17E+01	5.99E-02	
Toluene	2.14E-03	1.66E-04	1.16E-06	
Vanadium	3.20E+01	2.28E+01	3.00E-02	
Zinc	1.03E+03	2.68E+02	6.77E-01	
LPAH	2.92E-01	1.98E-01	2.67E-04	
HPAH	2.92E-01	2.14E+00	1.47E-03	
TOTAL PAHs	2.92E-01	2.34E+00	1.59E-03	
Sur⊡ace Water	Crab	Fish	Intake	
Our lace water	Olab	1 1311	inako	
1,2-Dichloroethane	3.85E-03	3.85E-03	4.29E-06	
Acrolein	9.30E-03	9.30E-03	1.04E-05	
Aluminum	3.25E+03	2.16E+00	1.61E+00	
Barium	7.40E+01	2.34E+02	1.82E-01	
Boron	2.42E+00	2.42E+00	2.70E-03	
Chromium	1.11E+02	7.03E-01	5.55E-02	
Chromium VI	2.40E+01	1.52E-01	1.20E-02	
Copper	4.09E+01	7.81E+00	2.51E-02	
Iron	1.08E+00	1.08E+00	1.20E-03	
Lithium	2.50E-01	2.50E-01	2.79E-04	
Manganese	3.40E-01	3.40E-01	3.79E-04	
Mercury	3.85E+00	2.47E-01	2.06E-03	
Molybdenum	1.50E-02	1.50E-02	1.67E-05	
Nickel	6.16E-02	1.72E-01	1.37E-04	
Strontium	6.64E+00	6.64E+00	7.40E-03	
Titanium	9.80E-03	9.80E-03	1.09E-05	
Zinc	1.01E+02	4.53E+01	7.80E-02	
TOTAL INTA E				
INTA□E □ Sediment Intake + Wa	ter Intake + Food Intake	е		

Total

Chemical	Intake
Onemical	illianc
1,2-Dichloroethane	1.60E-04
2-Methylnaphthalene	3.62E-05
4,4EDDT	3.90E-05
Acenaphthene	1.09E-04
Acenaphthylene	4.43E-04
Acrolein	3.84E-04
Aluminum	
	1.86E+01
Anthracene	1.69E-04
Antimony	1.23E-03
Arsenic	6.48E-04
Barium	7.12E-01
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.60E-04
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.08E-03
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5.16E-04
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.83E-03
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.29E-04
Beryllium	1.21E-03
Boron	1.39E-01
Cadmium	9.61E-04
Carbazole	7.68E-05
Carbon Disulfide	3.55E-06
Chromium	7.59E-02
Chromium VI	1.27E-02
Chrysene	1.26E-03
Cobalt	9.51E-03
Copper	4.68E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.17E-04
Dibenzofuran	4.94E-05
Endosulfan Sulfate	1.51E-04
Endrin Aldehyde	7.05E-06
Endrin □etone	6.79E-06
Fluoranthene	
	1.93E-03
Fluorene	1.14E-04
gamma-Chlordane	4.52E-06
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.23E-04
lron	4.21E+01
Lead	1.12E-03
Lithium	3.63E-02
Manganese	8.41E-01
Mercury	2.14E-03
Molybdenum	2.98E-03
Nickel	1.76E-03
Phenanthrene	1.14E-03
Pyrene	1.52E-03
Strontium	5.10E-01
Tin	3.08E-03
Titanium	6.07E-02
Toluene	1.17E-06
Vanadium	3.02E-02
Zinc	6.79E-01
LPAH	2.70E-04
HPAH	1.51E-03
TOTAL PAHs	1.63E-03
I O I ALIS	1.03L-03

NOTES:

☐Ingestion rates are in dry weight.

TABLE H-ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR AREA NORTH OF MARLIN Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

Ecological Hazard □uotient □Total Intake / TRV			
Parameter	Definition	Default	
Total Intake	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day)	see Intake	
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)	see Table H-2	

	Total	San⊡piper	
Chemical	Inta⊡e	TRV	EHQ
1,2-Dichloroethane	8.10E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
2-Methylnaphthalene	3.46E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
4,4⊑DDT	5.03E-06	2.27E-01	2.22E-05
Acenaphthene	1.79E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthylene	7.27E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acrolein	1.95E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Aluminum	1.86E+01	1.10E+02	1.69E-01
Anthracene	3.52E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Antimony	2.23E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Arsenic	6.54E-03	2.24E+00	2.92E-03
Barium	7.85E-01	2.08E+01	3.78E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	8.12E-04	7.90E-01	1.03E-03
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.14E-03	1.00E+00	1.14E-03
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.19E-03	1.40E-01	8.47E-03
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.65E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	6.68E-04	1.40E-01	4.77E-03
Beryllium	1.17E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron	5.50E-01	2.86E+01	1.92E-02
Cadmium	1.39E-03	1.47E+00	9.43E-04
Carbazole	1.18E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Carbon Disulfide	5.80E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Chromium	1.16E-01	2.66E+00	4.37E-02
Chromium VI	2.24E-02	2.66E+00	8.42E-03
Chrysene	2.96E-03	1.00E+00	2.96E-03
Cobalt	9.32E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	5.17E-02	4.05E+00	1.28E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.41E-03	3.90E-01	6.18E-03
Dibenzofuran	6.85E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Endosulfan Sulfate	1.29E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Endrin Aldehyde	8.78E-06	1.00E-02	8.78E-04
Endrin □etone	1.08E-05	1.00E-02	1.08E-03
Fluoranthene	2.96E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluorene	1.87E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
gamma-Chlordane	1.33E-05	2.14E+00	6.21E-06
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.64E-03	1.00E+00	1.64E-03
Iron	5.35E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead	8.14E-02	1.63E+00	4.99E-02
Lithium	7.84E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese	9.87E-01	1.64E+03	6.02E-04
Mercury	3.23E-03	3.25E+00	9.94E-04
Molybdenum	6.01E-03	3.30E+00	1.82E-03
Nickel	1.62E-02	6.71E+00	2.41E-03
Phenanthrene	1.75E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	2.26E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Strontium	1.68E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV
Tin	4.01E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Titanium	6.53E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Toluene	1.88E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Vanadium	3.00E-02	3.44E-01	8.72E-02
Zinc	7.20E-01	6.61E+01	1.09E-02
LPAH	2.44E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
HPAH	1.58E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
TOTAL PAHs	1.81E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV

Notes: Shading indicates $EH \square \square 1$.

TABLE H-□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR AREA NORTH OF MARLIN Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

Ecological Hazard □uotient □Total Intake / TRV

Parameter Definition Default

Total Intake Intake of COPEC (mg/kg-day) see Intake

TRV Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg) see Table H-2

	, () (,		
Chemical	Total Inta⊑e	Green Heron TRV	EHQ
Chemical	malo	1144	LIIQ
1.2-Dichloroethane	1.60E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
2-Methylnaphthalene	3.62E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
4,4⊑DDT	3.90E-05	2.27E-01	1.72E-04
Acenaphthene	1.09E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acenaphthylene	4.43E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Acrolein	3.84E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Aluminum	1.86E+01	1.10E+02	1.69E-01
Anthracene	1.69E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Antimony	1.23E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Arsenic	6.48E-04	2.24E+00	2.89E-04
Barium	7.12E-01	2.08E+01	3.42E-02
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.60E-04	7.90E-01	2.03E-04
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.08E-03	1.00E+00	1.08E-03
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	5.16E-04	1.40E-01	3.69E-03
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.83E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.29E-04	1.40E-01	3.06E-03
Beryllium	1.21E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Boron	1.39E-01	2.86E+01	4.87E-03
Cadmium	9.61E-04	1.47E+00	6.54E-04
Carbazole	7.68E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Carbon Disulfide	3.55E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Chromium	7.59E-02	2.66E+00	2.85E-02
Chromium VI	1.27E-02	2.66E+00	4.78E-03
Chrysene	1.26E-03	1.00E+00	1.26E-03
Cobalt	9.51E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Copper	4.68E-02	4.05E+00	1.16E-02
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.17E-04	3.90E-01	5.57E-04
Dibenzofuran	4.94E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV
Endosulfan Sulfate	1.51E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
Endrin Aldehyde	7.05E-06	1.00E-02	7.05E-04
Endrin □etone	6.79E-06	1.00E-02	6.79E-04
Fluoranthene	1.93E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Fluorene	1.14E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
gamma-Chlordane	4.52E-06	2.14E+00	2.11E-06
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.23E-04	1.00E+00	1.23E-04
Iron	4.21E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Lead	1.12E-03	1.63E+00	6.90E-04
Lithium	3.63E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Manganese	8.41E-01	1.64E+03	5.13E-04
Mercury	2.14E-03	3.25E+00	6.59E-04
Molybdenum	2.98E-03	3.30E+00	9.03E-04
Nickel	1.76E-03	6.71E+00	2.63E-04
Phenanthrene	1.14E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Pyrene	1.52E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Strontium	5.10E-01	0.00E+00	no TRV
Tin	3.08E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
Titanium	6.07E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV
Toluene	1.17E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV
Vanadium	3.02E-02	3.44E-01	8.78E-02
Zinc	6.79E-01	6.61E+01	1.03E-02
LPAH HPAH	2.70E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV
	1.51E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV
TOTAL PAHs	1.63E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV

Notes:

Shading indicates EH□ □ 1.

TABLE H-CONCENTRATION OF CHEMICAL IN FOOD ITEM (m)

Clool Csel x BSAF or Cwtr x BCF

where:

Chemical Concentration in food (mg/kg dry)
Chemical Concentration (maximum for inverts, EPC for fish) in sediment (mg/kg dry)
Chemical Concentration (maximum) in water (mg/L)
Biota to Sediment Accumulation Factor (unitless)
Bioconcentration Factor (unitless)

Cfood
Csed
Cwtr
BSAF
BCF

Compoun⊡	Cse□ -max (m□□□□)	Cse⊡-EPC (m□□□□)	Se⊡iment to Worm BSAF	Worm Concentration	Reference	Se⊡iment to Crab BSAF	Crab Concentration	Re⊡erence	Se⊡iment to Fish BSAF	Fish Concentration	Relerence
1.2-Dichloroethane	2.40E-03	1.50E-04	1.00E+00	2.40E-03	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	2.40E-03	EPA. 1997 □	1.00E+00	1.50E-04	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
2-Methylnaphthalene	4.30E-01	1.20E-02	1.61E+00	6.92E-01	EPA. 1999	1.61E+00	2.98E-03	EPA. 1999	4.65E+00	5.58E-02	Brunson et al. (1998)
1,4EDDT	9.22E-03	2.52E-03	8.00E-01	7.38E-03	BSAF DB		□0.00298	Gulfco HHRA sampling	2.40E+01	6.05E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Acenaphthene	1.33E-01	1.11E-02	1.61E+00	2.14E-01	EPA. 1999	1.61E+00	2.14E-01	EPA. 1999	3.90E-01	4.31E-03	WSDOH, 1995
Acenaphthylene	5.45E-01	1.27E-02	1.61E+00	8.77E-01	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	8.77E-01	EPA. 1999	1.00E+00	1.27E-02	EPA, 1997 III
Aluminum	1.82E+04	1.40E+04	9.00E-01	1.64E+04	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	1.64E+04	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.40E+04	EPA, 1997 III
			9.00E-01 1.45E+00	4.84E-01			2.92E-01	BSAF DB		3.78E-02	
Anthracene	3.34E-01	9.70E-02			EPA, 1999	3.27E+00			3.90E-01		WSDOH, 1995
Antimony	4.24E+00	1.80E+00	9.00E-01	3.82E+00	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	1.80E-01	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.80E+00	EPA, 1997 III
Arsenic	1.28E+01	4.81E+00	9.00E-01	1.15E+01	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	2.29E-01	EPA, 1999	1.62E-01	7.80E-01	EPA, 2000
Barium	8.20E+02	2.38E+02	9.00E-01	7.38E+02	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	7.38E+02	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	2.38E+02	EPA, 1997 III
Benzo(a)anthracene	9.93E-01	1.14E-02	1.45E+00	1.44E+00	EPA, 1999		□0.29200	Gulfco HHRA sampling	2.18E+00	2.47E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.30E+00	3.47E-01	1.59E+00	2.07E+00	EPA, 1999		□0.17950	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	4.60E+00	1.60E+00	WSDOH, 1995
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.36E+00	1.59E-01	1.61E+00	2.19E+00	EPA, 1999		□0.22900	Gulfco HHRA sampling	4.07E+00	6.47E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.94E+00	4.49E-01	1.61E+00	3.12E+00	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	3.12E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	4.49E-01	EPA, 1997 □
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	7.30E-01	1.31E-01	1.61E+00	1.18E+00	EPA, 1999		□0.19600	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	4.07E+00	5.33E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Beryllium	1.37E+00	9.43E-01	9.00E-01	1.23E+00	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	1.23E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	9.43E-01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Boron	4.62E+01	2.61E+01	1.00E+00	4.62E+01	EPA. 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	4.62E+01	EPA. 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.61E+01	EPA. 1997 III
Cadmium	4.80E-01	2.42E-01	3.40E+00	1.63E+00	EPA, 1999	3.40E+00	1.63E+00	EPA. 1999	1.00E+00	2.42E-01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Carbazole	1.41E-01	1.10E-02	1.00E+00	1.41E-01	EPA, 1997 □		1.41E-01	EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	1.10E-02	EPA, 1997 □
Carbon Disulfide	6.99E-03	1.40E-04	1.00E+00	6.99E-03	EPA. 1997		6.99E-03	EPA. 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.40E-04	EPA. 1997 III
Chromium	4.46E+01	1.64E+01	3.90E-01	1.74E+01	EPA. 1999	3.90E-01	1.74E+01	EPA. 1999	1.00E+00	1.64E+01	EPA, 1997 III
Chromium VI	4.04E+00	5.67E-01	3.90E-01	1.58E+00	EPA, 1999	3.90E-01	1.18E-01	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	5.67E-01	EPA, 1997 III
	4.04E+00 4.05E+00	8.71E-01	1.38E+00	5.59E+00	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1999	3.90E-01	□0.14900		2.18E+00	1.90E+00	
Chrysene								Gulfco HHRA sampling			WSDOH, 1995
Cobalt	9.89E+00	7.32E+00	1.00E+00	9.89E+00	EPA, 1997 □		9.89E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	7.32E+00	EPA, 1997 III
Copper	4.90E+01	2.21E+01	3.00E-01	1.47E+01	EPA, 1999	3.00E-01	1.47E+01	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	2.21E+01	Max value from Calcasieu I
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.91E+00	3.75E-02	1.61E+00	4.69E+00	EPA, 1999		□0.24700	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	4.07E+00	1.53E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Dibenzofuran	8.00E-02	1.56E-02	1.00E+00	8.00E-02	EPA, 1997 🗆		8.00E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.56E-02	EPA, 1997 🗆
Endosulfan Sulfate	6.00E-02	4.40E-04	1.00E+00	6.00E-02	EPA, 1997 🗆	5.00E+00	3.00E-01	BSAF DB	8.88E+00	3.91E-03	WSDOH, 1995
Endrin Aldehyde	1.00E-02	3.32E-03	1.00E+00	1.00E-02	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	1.00E-02	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	3.32E-03	EPA, 1997 III
Endrin □etone	1.30E-02	5.50E-04	1.00E+00	1.30E-02	EPA, 1997	1.00E+00	1.30E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	5.50E-04	EPA, 1997 III
Fluoranthene	2.17E+00	4.46E-01	1.61E+00	3.49E+00	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	3.49E+00	EPA, 1999	6.83E-01	3.05E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Fluorene	1.39E-01	1.10E-02	1.61E+00	2.24E-01	EPA. 1999	1.61E+00	2.24E-01	EPA. 1999	3.90E-01	4.29E-03	WSDOH. 1995
gamma-Chlordane	3.60E-03	4.40E-04	5.88E+00	2.12E-02	BSAF DB	2.30E+00	8.28E-03	BSAF DB	1.50E+00	6.60E-04	BSAF DB
ndeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.94E+00	3.17E-01	1.61E+00	3.12E+00	EPA. 1999		□0.11750	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	3.15E-01	9.99E-02	WSDOH. 1995
ron	6.09E+04	1.88E+04	1.00E+00	6.09E+04	EPA, 1997		6.09E+04	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.88E+04	EPA, 1997 III
Lead	2.37E+02	4.68E+01	6.30E-01	1.49E+02	EPA, 1997	1.002+00	□0.09500	Gulfco HHRA sampling	2.00E-02	9.37E-01	Max value from Calcasieu I
_eau _ithium	2.76E+01	1.96E+01	1.00E+00	2.76E+01	EPA, 1999		2.76E+01	EPA. 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.96E+01	EPA. 1997 III
	2.76E+01 1.01E+03	5.17E+02	1.00E+00 1.00E+00	1.01E+03			1.01E+03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00 1.00E+00	5.17E+02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Manganese					EPA, 1997 [
Mercury	8.10E-02	3.80E-02	6.80E-01	5.51E-02	EPA, 1999	6.00E-02	4.86E-03	Max value from Calcasieu RI	3.23E+00	1.23E-01	Max value from Calcasieu
Molybdenum	3.24E+00	1.20E+00	1.00E+00	3.24E+00	EPA, 1997 □		3.24E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.20E+00	EPA, 1997 III
Nickel	2.77E+01	1.81E+01	9.00E-01	2.49E+01	EPA, 1999	5.40E-02	1.50E+00	Max value from Calcasieu RI	5.40E-02	9.77E-01	Max value from Calcasieu
Phenanthrene	1.30E+00	1.56E-01	1.61E+00	2.09E+00	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	2.09E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.56E-01	EPA, 1997 🗆
Pyrene	1.64E+00	4.77E-01	1.61E+00	2.64E+00	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	2.64E+00	EPA, 1999	6.83E-01	3.26E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Strontium	3.30E+02	1.15E+02	1.00E+00	3.30E+02	EPA, 1997 🗆		3.30E+02	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	1.15E+02	EPA, 1997 🗆
Tin .	4.61E+00	1.26E+00	1.00E+00	4.61E+00	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	4.61E+00	EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	1.26E+00	EPA, 1997 □□
Titanium Titanium	6.87E+01	4.17E+01	1.00E+00	6.87E+01	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	6.87E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	4.17E+01	EPA, 1997 □□
oluene	2.14E-03	7.30E-04	1.00E+00	2.14E-03	EPA, 1997 □		2.14E-03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	2.28E-01	1.66E-04	WSDOH, 1995
/anadium	3.20E+01	2.28E+01	1.00E+00	3.20E+01	EPA, 1997 🗆		3.20E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.28E+01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Zinc	9.03E+02	2.36E+02	5.70E-01	5.15E+02	EPA, 1999	1.14E+00	1.03E+03	Max value from Calcasieu RI	1.14E+00	2.68E+02	Max value from Calcasieu
PAH	2.88E+00	3.00E-01	1.61E+00	4.64E+00	max PAH	1.142+00	□0.292	maximum PAH in crab	6.60E-01	1.98E-01	WSDOH, 1995
HPAH	1.90E+01	3.25E+00	1.61E+00	3.06E+01	EPA, 1999		0.292	maximum PAH in crab	6.60E-01	2.14E+00	WSDOH, 1995

TABLE H-CONCENTRATION OF CHEMICAL IN FOOD ITEM (m)

Clool Csel x BSAF or Cwtr x BCF

where:

Chemical Concentration in food (mg/kg dry)
Chemical Concentration (maximum for inverts, EPC for fish) in sediment (mg/kg dry)
Chemical Concentration (maximum) in water (mg/L)
Biota to Sediment Accumulation Factor (unitless)
Bioconcentration Factor (unitless)

Cfood
Csed
Cwtr
BSAF
BCF

Compoun□	Cse□ -max (m□□□□)	Cse -EPC (m)	Se⊡iment to Worm BSAF	Worm Concentration	Relerence	Se⊡iment to Crab BSAF	Crab Concentration	Relerence	Se⊡iment to Fish BSAF	Fish Concentration	Relerence
TOTAL PAHs	2.19E+01	3.55E+00	1.61E+00	3.53E+01	EPA, 1999		□0.292	maximum PAH in crab	6.60E-01	2.34E+00	WSDOH, 1995
Compoun□	Cwtr (m⊐L)		Water to Worm BCF	Worm Concentration	Relerence	Water to Crab BCF	Crab Concentration	Re⊡erence	Water to Fish BCF	Fish Concentration	Reference
1,2-Dichloroethane	3.85E-03		1.00E+00	3.85E-03	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	3.85E-03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	3.85E-03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Acrolein	9.30E-03		1.00E+00	9.30E-03	EPA, 1997 🗆		9.30E-03	EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	9.30E-03	EPA, 1997 III
Aluminum	8.00E-01		4.07E+03	3.25E+03	EPA, 1999	4.07E+03	3.25E+03	EPA, 1999	2.70E+00	2.16E+00	EPA, 1999
Barium	3.70E-01		2.00E+02	7.40E+01	EPA, 1999	2.00E+02	7.40E+01	EPA, 1999	6.33E+02	2.34E+02	EPA, 1999
Boron	2.42E+00		1.00E+00	2.42E+00	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	2.42E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.42E+00	EPA, 1997 III
Chromium	3.70E-02		3.00E+03	1.11E+02	EPA, 1999	3.00E+03	1.11E+02	EPA, 1999	1.90E+01	7.03E-01	EPA, 1999
Chromium VI	8.00E-03		3.00E+03	2.40E+01	EPA, 1999 ¥	3.00E+03	2.40E+01	EPA, 1999	1.90E+01	1.52E-01	EPA, 1999□
Copper	1.10E-02		3.72E+03	4.09E+01	EPA, 1999	3.72E+03	4.09E+01	EPA, 1999	7.10E+02	7.81E+00	EPA, 1999
ron	1.08E+00		1.00E+00	1.08E+00	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	1.08E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.08E+00	EPA, 1997 III
_ithium	2.50E-01		1.00E+00	2.50E-01	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	2.50E-01	EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	2.50E-01	EPA, 1997 III
Manganese	3.40E-01		1.00E+00	3.40E-01	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	3.40E-01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	3.40E-01	EPA, 1997 III
Mercury	7.00E-05		5.50E+04	3.85E+00	EPA, 1999	5.50E+04	3.85E+00	EPA, 1999	3.53E+03	2.47E-01	EPA, 1999
Molybdenum	1.50E-02		1.00E+00	1.50E-02	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	1.50E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.50E-02	EPA, 1997 III
Nickel	2.20E-03		2.80E+01	6.16E-02	EPA, 1999	2.80E+01	6.16E-02	EPA, 1999	7.80E+01	1.72E-01	EPA, 1999
Strontium	6.64E+00		1.00E+00	6.64E+00	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	6.64E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	6.64E+00	EPA, 1997 III
Titanium	9.80E-03		1.00E+00	9.80E-03	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	9.80E-03	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	9.80E-03	EPA, 1997 III
Zinc	2.20E-02		4.58E+03	1.01E+02	EPA, 1999	4.58E+03	1.01E+02	EPA, 1999	2.06E+03	4.53E+01	EPA, 1999

Notes:

[☐] Compounds analyzed but not detected in Site's blue crab samples so value is one-half of maximum detection limit.

[☐] If no BSAF or BCF was available in the literature, a default value of 1.0 was used. ☐ Test compound is total chromium.

TABLE H-□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR SEDIMENT NORTH OF MARLIN POL CHAETES AND OTHER BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES -- MIDPOINT BETWEEN ERL AND ERM COMPARISON

Parameter	Definition		
			Default
Sc	Sediment Concentration (mg/kg)		see below
ERL/ERM	Midpoint between Effects Range-Low and Effects Range-Medium ((mg/kg)	see Table H-2
	Exposure Point Concentration*	TRV	Maximum
Chemical	(Sc)	INV	EHQ ⁺
1,2-Dichloroethane	2.40E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
2-Methylnaphthalene	4.30E-01	3.70E-01	1.16E+00
4,4EDDT	9.22E-03	3.20E-02	2.88E-01
Acenaphthene	1.33E-01	2.58E-01	5.16E-01
Acenaphthylene	5.45E-01	3.42E-01	1.59E+00
Aluminum	1.82E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Anthracene	3.34E-01	5.93E-01	5.64E-01
Antimony	4.24E+00	3.91E+01	1.08E-01
Arsenic	1.28E+01	3.91E+01	3.27E-01
Barium	8.20E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Benzo(a)anthracene	9.93E-01	9.31E-01	1.07E+00
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.30E+00	1.02E+00	1.28E+00
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.36E+00	1.80E+00	7.56E-01
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.94E+00	6.70E-01	2.90E+00
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	7.30E-01	1.80E+00	4.06E-01
Beryllium	1.37E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Boron	4.62E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Cadmium	4.80E-01	5.40E+00	8.89E-02
Carbazole	1.41E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Carbon Disulfide	6.99E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Chromium	4.46E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Chromium VI	4.04E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Chrysene	4.05E+00	1.59E+00	2.54E+00
Cobalt	9.89E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Copper	4.90E+01	1.52E+02	3.22E-01
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	2.91E+00	1.62E-01	1.80E+01
Dibenzofuran	8.00E-02	1.10E-01	7.27E-01
Endosulfan Sulfate	6.00E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Endrin Aldehyde	1.00E-02	3.25E-02	3.07E-01
Endrin □etone	1.30E-02	3.25E-02	4.00E-01
Fluoranthene	2.17E+00	2.85E+00	7.61E-01
Fluorene	1.39E-01	2.80E-01	4.97E-01
gamma-Chlordane	3.60E-03	3.53E-03	1.02E+00
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.94E+00	6.00E-01	3.23E+00
Iron	6.09E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Lead	2.37E+02	1.32E+02	1.79E+00
Lithium	2.76E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Manganese	1.01E+03	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Mercury	8.10E-02	4.30E-01	1.88E-01
Molybdenum	3.24E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Nickel	2.77E+01	3.63E+01	7.64E-01
Phenanthrene	1.30E+00	8.70E-01	1.49E+00
Pyrene	1.64E+00	1.63E+00	1.00E+00
Strontium	3.30E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Tin	4.61E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Titanium	6.87E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Toluene	2.14E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Vanadium	3.20E+01	5.70E+01	5.61E-01
Zinc	9.03E+02	2.80E+02	3.23E+00
LPAH	2.88E+00	1.86E+00	1.55E+00
HPAH	1.90E+01	5.65E+00	3.37E+00
TOTAL PAHs	2.19E+01	2.44E+01	8.98E-01

Notes:

□ EPC for benthic receptors is maximum measured concentration from Report Table 8.

⁺Shading indicates EH□ □ 1.

TABLE I-□ E□POSURE POINT CONCENTRATION (m□□□) POND SEDIMENT AND SURFACE WATER*

	Exposure Point		Maximum
Parameter	Concentration [□]	Statistic Use	Detection
SEDIMENT			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	□0.0269	median	4.29E-02
4,4∃DDD 4.4∃DDT	□0.0200 □0.0110	median median	6.76E-04 1.57E-03
Acetone	□0.0110	median	7.98E-02
Aluminum	1.40E+04	95□ Student s-t	1.63E+04
Antimony	□0.4400	median	1.85E+00
Arsenic	□0.3350	median	5.01E+00
Barium	382.6 □0.0338	95□ Chebyshev	4.17E+02 1.06E-01
Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	□0.0338 □0.0159	median median	1.06E-01 1.35E-01
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.0275	median	1.30E-01
Beryllium	0.97	95□ Student's-t	1.13E+00
beta-BHC	□0.0230	median	6.99E-04
Boron Bromomethane	□12.4000 □0.0135	median median	2.84E+01
Cadmium	□0.1900	median	3.10E-02 2.70E-01
Carbon Disulfide	0.0010	median	7.71E-03
Chromium	16.0	95□ Student s-t	2.01E+01
Chrysene	□0.0140	median	2.57E-02
Copper	7.86 20.2	95□ Studentis-t 95□ Studentis-t	8.99E+00 2.68E+01
Copper Iron	20.2 1.74E+04	95□ Studentis-t 95□ Studentis-t	2.68E+01 2.01E+04
Lead	22.3	95 Students-t	3.05E+01
Lithium	21.2	95□ Student's-t	2.37E+01
m,p-Cresol	□0.0234	median	3.75E-02
Manganese	570.8	95□ Studentis-t	7.11E+02
Methyl Iodide Molybdenum	□0.0078 □0.1200	median median	4.10E-02 6.00E-01
Nickel	18.4	95□ Studentis-t	2.06E+01
Pyrene	□0.0196	median	2.65E-02
Strontium	131.6	95□ Student's-t	1.81E+02
Titanium	35.4	95□ Student s-t	4.05E+01
Vanadium Zinc	24.6 960.7	95□ Studentis-t 95□ Chebyshev	2.74E+01 9.99E+02
LPAHs++	900.7	95 Chebyshev	9.99E+02
HPAH	0.111	summed value	4.23E-01
TOTAL PAHs	0.111	summed value	3.50E-01
SURFACE WATER			
4-Chloroaniline	8.23E-04	EPC is max detect	8.23E-04
Aluminum	2.22E+00	EPC is max detect	2.22E+00
Antimony Arsenic	7.60E-03 1.30E-02	EPC is max detect EPC is max detect	7.60E-03 1.30E-02
Barium	1.90E-01	EPC is max detect	1.90E-02
Benzo(a)pyrene	3.48E-04	EPC is max detect	3.48E-04
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.81E-03	EPC is max detect	1.81E-03
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.73E-03	EPC is max detect	1.73E-03
Benzo(k)fluoranthene Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	5.42E-04 4.00E-02	EPC is max detect	5.42E-04 4.00E-02
Boron	3.52E+00	EPC is max detect EPC is max detect	3.52E+00
Chromium	1.50E-03	EPC is max detect	1.50E-03
Chromium VI	1.60E-02	EPC is max detect	1.60E-02
Chrysene	7.10E-04	EPC is max detect	7.10E-04
Cobalt Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	3.20E-03 3.04E-03	EPC is max detect EPC is max detect	3.20E-03 3.04E-03
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	3.81E-03	EPC is max detect	3.81E-03
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.44E-03	EPC is max detect	3.44E-03
Iron	6.67E+00	EPC is max detect	6.67E+00
Lead	1.10E-02	EPC is max detect	1.10E-02
Lithium Manganese	1.60E-01 1.44E+00	EPC is max detect EPC is max detect	1.60E-01 1.44E+00
Molybdenum	1.80E-02	EPC is max detect	1.80E-02
Nickel	7.90E-03	EPC is max detect	7.90E-03
Selenium	9.80E-03	EPC is max detect	9.80E-03
Silver	1.50E-02	EPC is max detect	1.50E-02
Strontium Thallium	7.19E+00 7.70E-03	EPC is max detect EPC is max detect	7.19E+00 7.70E-03
Titanium	4.40E-02	EPC is max detect	4.40E-02
Vanadium	8.40E-03	EPC is max detect	8.40E-03
Zinc	6.30E-01	EPC is max detect	6.30E-01
LPAHs ++	4.405.00		4.405.00
HPAHs Total PAHs	1.16E-02 1.16E-02	summed value summed value	1.16E-02 1.16E-02
TOTAL I ALIO	1.10E-02	ounnieu value	1.10E-02

Notes:

Sediment data from Report Table 9. Surface water data from Report Table 13 and are total concentrations unless otherwise noted.

Chemicals of interest are any chemical measured in at least one sample.

++ No LPAHs were detected in the samples.

Based on Version 4.00.04 Pro CL output provided in Appendix A.

TABLE I-□ TO□ICIT□ REFERENCE VALUES

				1								
Parameter	Pol⊡chaetes (m⊡⊞)	ReⅢ	Comments	Pol chaetes (m	ReⅢ	Comments	Avian Carnivore (San⊡piper) (m□□□□ BW-□a□)	ReⅢ	Comments	Avian Carnivore (Green heron) (m	Re⊞	Comments
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol												
4-Chloroaniline												
4,4⊑DDD	1.19E-03	S□□IRT	ERL	6.29E-02	Suirt	ERM	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
									Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
4,4∃DDT	1.19E-03	S□□IRT	ERL	6.29E-02	S□□IRT	ERM	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	growth, and survival	2.27E-01	EPA, 2007a	Suivivai
Acetone							5.20E+01	EPA, 1999		5.20E+01	EPA, 1999	
Aluminum							1.10E+02	EPA, 1999		1.10E+02	EPA, 1999	
Antimony	9.30E+00	S□□IRT	AET	9.30E+00	S□□IRT	AET						
Arsenic	8.20E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	7.00E+01	S□□IRT	ERM	2.24E+00	EPA, 2005d		2.24E+00	EPA, 2005d	
Barium							2.08E+01	EPA, 1999		2.08E+01	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(a)pyrene	4.30E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	1.60E+00	S□□IRT	ERM	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999		1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.80E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.80E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.40E-01	EPA, 1999		1.40E-01	EPA, 1999	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	6.70E-01	S□□IRT	AET	6.70E-01	S□□IRT	AET						
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.80E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.80E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.40E-01	EPA, 1999		1.40E-01	EPA, 1999	
Beryllium												
beta-BHC												
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalat	1.82E-01	S□□IRT	TEL	2.65E+00	S□□IRT	PEL	1.11E+02	EPA, 1999		1.11E+02	EPA, 1999	
Boron							2.86E+01	Sample, 1996		2.86E+01	Sample, 1996	
Bromomethane												
Cadmium	1.20E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	9.60E+00	S□□IRT	ERM	1.47E+00	EPA, 2005a	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	1.47E+00	EPA, 2005a	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Carbon Disulfide												
Chromium							2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Chromium VI							2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth	2.66E+00	EPA, 2005c	Geometric mean of NOAEL values for reproduction and growth
Chrysene	3.84E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	2.80E+00	S□□IRT	ERM	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999		1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	
Cobalt												
Copper	3.40E+01	Sooirt	ERL	2.70E+02	Sudirt	ERM	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival	4.05E+00	EPA, 2007c	Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and survival
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	6.34E-02	S□□IRT	ERL	2.60E-01	S□□IRT	ERM	3.90E-01	EPA, 1999		3.90E-01	EPA, 1999	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate							1.11E+02	EPA, 1999		1.11E+02	EPA, 1999	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	6.00E-01	S□□IRT	AET	6.00E-01	S□□IRT	AET	1.00E+00	EPA, 1999		1.00E+00	EPA, 1999	
Iron	0.002 01	3	,	5.552 57	3		1.002.00	,			,	

TABLE I-TO ICIT REFERENCE VALUES

Parameter	Polichaetes (milio)	ReⅢ	Comments	Polichaetes (milii)	ReⅢ	Comments	Avian Carnivore (San piper) (m BW- BW- a S	ReⅢ		Avian Carnivore (Green heron) (m		Comments
									Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and
Lead	4.67E+01	S□□IRT	ERL	2.18E+02	S□□IRT	ERM	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	growth, and survival	1.63E+00	EPA, 2005e	survival
Lithium												
m,p-Cresol												
Manganese							1.64E+03	Sample, 1996		1.64E+03	Sample, 1996	
Methyl Iodide												
Molybdenum							3.30E+00	Sample, 1996		3.30E+00	Sample, 1996	
									Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction,			Highest bounded NOAEL for growth and reproduction lower than the lowest bounded LOAEL for reproduction, growth, and
Nickel	2.09E+01	S□□IRT	ERL	5.16E+01	S□□IRT	ERM	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	growth, and survival	6.71E+00	EPA, 2007d	survival
Pyrene	6.65E-01	S□□IRT	ERL	2.60E+00	S□□IRT	ERM						
Selenium	1.10E+00	S□□IRT	AET	1.10E+00	S□□IRT	AET	5.00E-01	EPA, 1999		5.00E-01	EPA, 1999	
Silver	1.00E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	3.70E+00	S□□IRT	ERM	1.78E+02	EPA, 1999		1.78E+02	EPA, 1999	
Strontium												
Thallium							3.50E-01	EPA, 1999		3.50E-01	EPA, 1999	
Titanium												
Vanadium	5.70E+01	S□□IRT	AET	5.70E+01	S□□IRT	AET	3.44E-01	EPA, 2005b		3.44E-01	EPA, 2005b	
Zinc	1.50E+02	S□□IRT	ERL	4.10E+02	Sulirt	ERM	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth effect groups	6.61E+01	EPA, 2007e	Geometric mean of NOAEL values within the reproductive and growth effect groups
LPAH												
HPAH	1.70E+00	S□□IRT	ERL	9.60E+00	Sudirt	ERM						
Total PAHs		S□□IRT	ERL	4.48E+01	S□□IRT	ERM						

IDIA PARIS 4.02E*
Notes:

ERL – Effects Range-Low
ERM – Effects Range-Medium
AET – Apparent Effects Threshold
EPA, 2007a – DDT
EPA, 2007b – PAHS
EPA, 2007c – Copper
EPA, 2007d – Nickel

EPA, 2005c -- Chromium EPA, 2005b -- Vanadium

EPA, 2005b -- Variadidi EPA, 2005e -- Lead EPA, 2005d -- Arsenic

TABLE I-3 ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR POND SEDIMENT POL CHAETES AND OTHER BENTHIC INVERTEBRATES

Ecological Hazard □uo	Ecological Hazard □uotient □ Sc / ERL					
Parameter	Definition	De	efault			
Sc	Sediment Concentration (mg/kg)	se	e below			
ERL	Effects Range-Low (mg/kg)	se	e Table I-2			
	Exposure Point Concentration*	ERL	Maximum			
Chemical	(Sc)		EHQ [†]			
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	4.29E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL			
4,4-DDD	6.76E-04	1.19E-03	5.68E-01			
4,4 EDDT	1.57E-03	1.19E-03	1.32E+00			
Acetone	7.98E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Aluminum	1.63E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Antimony	1.85E+00	9.30E+00	1.99E-01			
Arsenic	5.01E+00	8.20E+00	6.11E-01			
Barium	4.17E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.06E-01	1.80E+00	5.89E-02			
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.35E-01	6.70E-01	2.01E-01			
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.30E-01	1.80E+00	7.22E-02			
Beryllium	1.13E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL			
beta-BHC	6.99E-04	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Boron	2.84E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Bromomethane	3.10E-02	0.00E+00 0.00E+00	no ERL			
Cadmium	2.70E-01	1.20E+00	2.25E-01			
Carbon Disulfide						
II .	7.71E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Chromium	2.01E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Chrysene	2.57E-02	3.84E-01	6.69E-02			
Cobalt	8.99E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Copper	2.68E+01	3.40E+01	7.88E-01			
Iron	2.01E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Lead	3.05E+01	4.67E+01	6.53E-01			
Lithium	2.37E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL			
m,p-Cresol	3.75E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Manganese	7.11E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Methyl lodide	4.10E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Molybdenum	6.00E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Nickel	2.06E+01	2.09E+01	9.86E-01			
Pyrene	2.65E-02	6.65E-01	3.98E-02			
Strontium	1.81E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Titanium	4.05E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL			
Vanadium	2.74E+01	5.70E+01	4.81E-01			
Zinc	9.99E+02	1.50E+02	6.66E+00			
LPAHs ++						
HPAH	4.23E-01	1.70E+00	2.49E-01			
TOTAL PAHs	3.50E-01	4.02E+00	8.70E-02			

Notes:

 $^{\ \}square$ EPC for benthic receptors is maximum measured concentration from Report Table 9.

⁺ Shading indicates EH□ □1.

^{**} No LPAHs were detected in the samples.

TABLE I-INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR POND

	Asian Carrier (CANDDIDE	D)	
	Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPE	K)	
SEDIMENT INGESTION			
INTA□E □ (Sc □IR □AF □	□A□F) / (BW)		
Parameter	Definition	Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-day)	calculated	
Sc	Sediment exposure point concentration (mg/kg)	see Table I-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of sed (kg/day)□□□	5.34E-06	EPA, 1993
AF	Chemical Bioavailability in sediment (unitless)	1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Default Area □se Factor	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)	3.40E-02	EPA, 1993
Chemical	Sc	Intake	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	2.69E-02	4.22E-06	
4,4⊑DDD	2.00E-02	3.14E-06	
4,4⊡DDT	1.10E-02	1.73E-06	
Acetone	4.25E-02	6.67E-06	
Aluminum	1.40E+04	2.20E+00	
Antimony	4.40E-01	6.91E-05	
Arsenic	3.35E-01	5.26E-05	
Barium	3.83E+02	6.00E-02	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.38E-02	5.30E-06	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.59E-02	2.50E-06	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.75E-02	4.32E-06	
Beryllium	9.72E-01	1.53E-04	
beta-BHC	2.30E-02	3.61E-06	
Boron	1.24E+01	1.95E-03	
Bromomethane	1.35E-02	2.12E-06	
Cadmium	1.90E-01	2.98E-05	
Carbon Disulfide	9.60E-04	1.51E-07	
Chromium	1.60E+01	2.51E-03	
Chrysene	1.40E-02	2.20E-06	
Cobalt	7.86E+00	1.23E-03	
Copper	2.02E+01	3.17E-03	
Iron	1.74E+04	2.74E+00	
Lead	2.23E+01	3.50E-03	
Lithium	2.12E+01	3.33E-03	
m,p-Cresol	2.34E-02	3.67E-06	
Manganese	5.71E+02	8.96E-02	
Methyl lodide	7.84E-03	1.23E-06	
Molybdenum	1.20E-01	1.88E-05	
Nickel	1.84E+01	2.89E-03	
Pyrene	1.96E-02	3.08E-06	
Strontium	1.32E+02	2.07E-02	
Titanium	3.54E+01	5.55E-03	
Vanadium	2.46E+01	3.86E-03	
Zinc	9.61E+02	1.51E-01	
LPAH++	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
HPAH	1.11E-01	1.74E-05	
TOTAL PAHs	1.11E-01	1.74E-05	
SURFACE WATER INGE			
INTA□E □ (Wc □IR □AF			
Parameter	Definition	Value	Reference
Intake Wc	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-day) Surface Water maximum concentration (mg/L)	calculated see Table I-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of water (L/day)	7.11E-03	EPA, 1993
AF			
AF A□F	Chemical Bioavailability in water (unitless)	1 1	EPA, 1997
A⊔F BW	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)	3.40E-02	EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
D**	wiiminum body weight (kg)	J.4UE-UZ	EFA, 1993

Parameter	Definition	Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-day)	calculated	
Wc	Surface Water maximum concentration (mg/L)	see Table I-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of water (L/day)	7.11E-03	EPA, 1993
Wc IR AF A□F	Chemical Bioavailability in water (unitless)	1	EPA, 1997
A□F	Default Area □se Factor	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)	3.40E-02	EPA, 1993

Chemical	Wc	Intake	
4-Chloroaniline	8.23F-04	1.72E-04	
Aluminum	2.22E+00	4.64E-01	
Antimony	7.60E-03	1.59E-03	
Arsenic	1.30E-02	2.72E-03	
Barium	1.90E-01	3.97E-02	
Benzo(a)pyrene	3.48E-04	7.28E-05	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.81E-03	3.79E-04	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.73E-03	3.62E-04	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	5.42E-04	1.13E-04	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	4.00E-02	8.36E-03	
Boron	3.52E+00	7.36E-01	
Chromium	1.50E-03	3.14E-04	
Chromium VI	1.60E-02	3.35E-03	
Chrysene	7.10E-04	1.48E-04	
Cobalt	3.20E-03	6.69E-04	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	3.04E-03	6.36E-04	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	3.81E-03	7.97E-04	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3.44E-03	7.19E-04	
Iron	6.67E+00	1.39E+00	
Lead	1.10E-02	2.30E-03	
Lithium	1.60E-01	3.35E-02	

TABLE I-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR POND Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

Manganese	1.44E+00	3.01E-01
Molybdenum	1.80E-02	3.76E-03
Nickel	7.90E-03	1.65E-03
Selenium	9.80E-03	2.05E-03
Silver	1.50E-02	3.14E-03
Strontium	7.19E+00	1.50E+00
Thallium	7.70E-03	1.61E-03
Titanium	4.40E-02	9.20E-03
Vanadium	8.40E-03	1.76E-03
Zinc	6.30E-01	1.32E-01
LPAHs ++	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
HPAHs	1.16E-02	2.43E-03
Total PAHs	1.16E-02	2.43E-03

FOOD INGESTION

INTAGE (((Cc GIR GDfc GAGF)/(BW) + (Cw GIR GDFw GAGF) / (BW)

Parameter	Definition	Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-day)	calculated	
Cc	Crab concentration (mg/kg)	see Table I-8	
Cw	Worm concentration (mg/kg)	see Table I-8	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of of food (kg/day)	2.81E-05	EPA, 1993
Dfc	Dietary fraction of crabs (unitless)	4.00E-01	prof. Iudgment
Dfw	Dietary fraction of worms (unitless)	6.00E-01	prof. udgment
A□F	Default Area □se Factor	1	EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)	3.40E-02	EPA, 1993

Chemical Crab Worm Intake Se Iment				
2.4.6-Trichlorophenol 4.29E-02 4.29E-02 3.54E-05 4.4:DDD 6.76E-04 5.41E-04 4.91E-07 4.4:DDT 2.98E-03 1.26E-03 1.61E-06 Acetone 3.99E-03 3.99E-03 3.30E-06 Aluminum 1.47E+04 1.47E+04 1.27E+01 1.21E+01 Antimony 1.67E+00 1.76T-400 1.38E-03 Arsenic 4.51E+00 4.51E+00 3.72E-03 Barium 3.75E+02 3.75E+02 3.10E-01 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 2.34E-01 1.71E-01 1.62E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 2.17E-01 2.17E-01 1.80E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.99E-01 2.09E-01 1.80E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.99E-01 2.09E-01 1.80E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.99E-01 2.09E-01 1.80E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 3.10E-01 3.05E-02 3.10E-02 Cadmium 1.02E+00 1.02E+00 8.40E-04 beta-BHC 1.60E-00 1.02E+00 8.40E-04 beta-BHC 1.60E-00 1.02E+00 1.33E-03 Bromomethane 3.10E-02 3.0E-02 2.56E-05 Cadmium 9.18E-01 9.18E-01 7.58E-04 Carbon Disuffide 7.71E-03 7.71E-03 6.37E-06 Chrysene 1.49E-01 3.55E-02 6.68E-05 Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.99E+00 6.64E-03 lron 2.01E-04 1.60E+01 9.50E-03 llimitum 2.37E-02 6.68E-05 Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.99E+00 6.64E-03 lron 2.21E+04 1.95E-03 llimitum 2.23FE-01 9.55E-03 llithium 2.23FE-01 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.75E-03 llithium 2.23FE-01 4.95E-03 llithium 2.23FE-01 4.95E-03 llithium 2.23FE-01 4.95E-03 llithium 2.23FE-01 9.55E-03 llithium 2.23FE-01 4.95E-03 llithium 2.23FE-01 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.75E-03 llithium 1.81E-02 4.27E-02 3.35E-03 llithium 1.81E-02 4.27E-02 3.35E-05 Strontium 4.05E+01 4.05E-03 llithium 1.81E-02 4.27E-02 3.35E-05 Strontium 4.05E+01 4.05E-03 llithium 1.81E-02 4.27E-02 3.35E-05 Strontium 4.05E+01 4.05E-01 3.35E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Strontium 4.05E+01 4.05E-01 3.75E-03 3.75	Chemical	Crab	Worm	Intake
4,4-DDD	Se⊡iment			
4,4-DDD	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	4.29E-02	4.29E-02	3.54E-05
Acetone 3.99E-03 3.99E-03 3.30E-06 Aluminum 1.47E+04 1.47E+04 1.21E+01 Antimomy 1.67E+00 1.67E+00 1.38E-03 Arsenic 4.51E+00 4.51E+00 3.72E-03 Barium 3.75E+02 3.75E+02 3.10E-01 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 2.34E-01 1.71E-01 1.62E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.96E-01 2.07E-01 1.80E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.96E-01 2.09E-01 1.80E-04 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 1.96E-02 3.10E-02 2.56E-05 Cadmium 9.18E-01 9.18E-01 7.58E-04 G.87E-06 Chromium 7.84E-00 6.48E-03 G.87E-06 Chromium 7.84E-00 6.48E-03 G.87E-06 Chromium 7.84E-00 6.48E-03 G.87E-06 Chromium 7.84E-00 6.48E-03 G.87E-06 Chromium 7.84E-00 6.48E-03 G.87E-02 G.88E-05 C.90E-01 9.55E-03 G.88E-05 C.90E-01 9.55E-03 G.88E-05				
Aluminum	4,4⊑DDT	2.98E-03	1.26E-03	1.61E-06
Artimony 1.67E+00 1.67E+00 1.38E-03 Arsenic 4.51E+00 4.51E+00 3.72E-03 Barlum 3.75E+02 3.75E+02 3.10E-01 1.62E-04 Benzo(p)fluoranthene 2.34E-01 1.71E-01 1.62E-04 Benzo(p)fluoranthene 1.96E-01 2.09E-01 1.80E-04 Benzo(p)fluoranthene 1.96E-01 2.09E-01 1.80E-04 Benzo(p)fluoranthene 1.96E-01 2.09E-01 1.80E-04 Benzo(p)fluoranthene 1.96E-01 2.09E-01 1.80E-04 Beryllium 1.02E+00 1.02E+00 8.40E-04 beta-BHC 1.60E+00 1.00E+00 1.33E-03 Boron 2.84E+01 2.34E+01 2.35E-02 Bromomethane 3.10E-02 3.10E-02 2.56E-05 Cadmium 9.18E-01 9.18E-01 7.58E-04 Carbon Disulfide 7.71E-03 7.71E-03 6.37E-06 Chromium 7.84E+00 7.84E+00 6.48E-03 6.37E-06 Chromium 7.84E+00 7.84E+00 6.48E-03 6.37E-06 Chromium 7.84E+00 8.04E+00 6.48E-03 6.68E-05 Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.04E+00 6.64E-03 Iron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E+01 1.66E+				
Arsenic 4.51E+00 4.51E+00 3.72E-03 Barium 3.75E+02 3.75E+02 3.10E-01 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 2.34E-01 1.71E-01 1.62E-04 Benzo(c)g.h.i)perylene 2.17E-01 2.17E-01 1.80E-04 Benzo(c)g.h.i)perylene 1.96E-01 2.09E-01 1.88E-04 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 1.96E-01 1.02E+00 8.40E-04 Beryllium 1.02E+00 1.02E+00 8.40E-04 Beryllium 1.02E+00 1.60E+00 1.33E-03 Boron 2.84E+01 2.84E+01 2.35E-02 Bromomethane 3.10E-02 3.10E-02 2.56E-05 Cadmium 9.18E-01 9.18E-01 7.58E-04 Carbon Disulfide 7.71E-03 7.71E-03 6.37E-06 Chromium 7.84E+00 7.84E+00 6.48E-03 Chrysene 1.49E-01 3.55E-02 6.68E-05 Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.99E+00 6.64E-03 Iron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E+01 Lead 9.50E-02 1.92E+01 9.55E-03 Lithium 2.37E+01 9.55E-02 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.71E+02 3.39E-05 Molydenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.55E-03 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.81E+02 1.50E-04 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.59E-04 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.59E-04 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.75E-01 3.55E-02 Vanadium 3.50E-01 3.55E-02 3.10E-05 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-01 5.64E-01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-01 5.64E-01 3.36E-02 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-01 5.64E-01 3.36E-04 Varene 4.26E-01 5.64E-01 3.36E-04 Varene 4.26E-01 5.64E-01 3.36E-04 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Varene 4.27E-01 5.64E-01 3.36E-04 Varene 4.27E-02 4.27E-01 3.56E-03 Varene 4.27E-01 5.64E-01 3.36E-04 Varene 4.26E-01 5.64E-01 3.36E-04 Varene 4.26E-01 5.64E-01 3.36E-04 Varene 4.26E-01 5.64E-01 3.36E-04 Varene 4.26E-01 5.64E-01 3.36E-04 Varene 4.26E-02 5.32E-02 4.38E-04 Varene 4.26E-03 5.32E-04 4.38E-04 Varene 4.26E-03 5.32E-04 4.38E-04 Varen				-
Barium				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene				
Benzo(g), i), perylene				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene				
betá-BHC 1.60E+00 1.30E+00 1.33E-03 Boron 2.84E+01 2.38E+01 2.35E-02 Bromomethane 3.10E-02 3.10E-02 2.56E-05 Cardmium 9.18E-01 7.58E-04 7.58E-04 Carbon Disulfide 7.71E-03 7.71E-03 6.37E-06 Chromium 7.84E+00 7.84E+00 6.48E-03 Chrysene 1.49E-01 3.55E-02 6.68E-05 Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.99E+00 7.43E-03 Copper 8.04E+00 8.04E+00 6.64E-03 Iron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E+01 Lead 9.50E-02 1.92E+01 9.55E-03 Lithium 2.37E+01 2.37E+01 1.96E-02 M-P.Cresol 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.10E-05 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molydenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00		1.96E-01	2.09E-01	1.68E-04
Boron 2.84E+01 2.84E+01 2.35E-02 Bromomethane 3.10E-02 3.10E-02 2.55E-05 Cadmium 9.18E-01 9.18E-01 7.58E-04 Carbon Disulfide 7.71E-03 7.71E-03 6.37E-06 Chromium 7.84E+00 7.84E+00 6.48E-03 Chromium 7.84E+00 7.84E+00 6.48E-03 Chrysene 1.49E-01 3.55E-02 6.68E-05 Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.99E+00 7.43E-03 Copper 8.04E+00 8.04E+00 6.64E-03 Iron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E+01 Lead 9.50E-02 1.92E+01 9.55E-03 Lithium 2.37E+01 2.37E+01 1.96E-02 m.p-Cresol 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.10E-05 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.55E-03 S.27E-03 S.27E-	Beryllium	1.02E+00	1.02E+00	8.40E-04
Bromomethane 3.10E-02 3.10E-02 2.56E-05 Cadmium 9.18E-01 7.58E-04 Carbon Disulfide 7.71E-03 7.71E-03 Chromium 7.84E+00 7.84E+00 Chrysene 1.49E-01 3.55E-02 6.68E-05 Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.99E+00 7.43E-03 Copper 8.04E+00 8.04E+00 6.64E-03 Iron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E-03 Iron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E-03 Lead 9.50E-02 1.92E+01 1.95E-03 Lithium 2.37E+01 2.37E+01 1.96E-02 m.p-Cresol 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.10E-05 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.56E-03 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 Titaniu				
Cadmium 9.18E-01 9.18E-01 7.58E-04 Carbon Disulfide 7.71E-03 7.71E-03 6.37E-06 Chromium 7.84E+00 7.84E+00 6.48E-03 Chrysene 1.49E-01 3.55E-02 6.68E-05 Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.99E+00 7.43E-03 Copper 8.04E+00 8.04E+00 6.64E-03 Iron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E+01 Lead 9.50E-02 1.92E+01 9.55E-03 Lithium 2.37E+01 2.37E+01 1.96E-02 M.P.Cresol 3.75E-02 3.10E-05 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 4.00E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 1.85E+01 9.56E-03 Pyrene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-06 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 Titanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 <				
Carbon Disulfide 7.71E-03 7.71E-03 6.37E-06 Chromium 7.84E+00 7.84E+00 6.48E-03 Chrysene 1.49E-01 3.55E-02 6.68E-03 Coper 8.04E+00 8.99E+00 7.43E-03 Copper 8.04E+00 8.09E+00 6.64E-03 Iron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E+01 Lead 9.50E-02 1.92E+01 9.55E-03 Lithium 2.37E+01 2.37E+01 1.96E-02 m.p-Cresol 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.10E-05 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.56E-03 Pyrene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 Titanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E-00 4.21E-03 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 1.73E-03 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 1.73E-03 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylnexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
Chromium 7.84E+00 7.84E+00 6.48E-03 Chrysene 1.49E-01 3.55E-02 6.68E-05 Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.99E+00 7.43E-03 Copper 8.04E+00 8.04E+00 6.64E-03 Iron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E+01 Lead 9.50E-02 1.92E+01 9.55E-03 Lithium 2.37E+01 2.37E+01 1.96E-02 m,P-Cresol 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.10E-05 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.56E-03 Pyrene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 3.25E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02				
Chrysene 1.49E-01 3.55E-02 6.68E-05 Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.99E+00 7.43E-03 Copper 8.04E+00 8.04E+00 6.64E-03 lron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E+01 Lead 9.50E-02 1.92E+01 9.55E-03 Lithium 2.37E+01 2.37E+01 1.96E-02 m.p-Cresol 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.10E-05 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.56E-03 Pyrene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 Titanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Titanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Varsenum 9.03E+03 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Assenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(g)hjluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g)hjluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylpexylp)hthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
Cobalt 8.99E+00 8.99E+00 7.43E-03 Copper 8.04E+00 8.04E+00 6.64E-03 Iron 2.01E+04 2.01E+04 1.66E+01 Lead 9.50E-02 1.92E+01 9.55E-03 Lithium 2.37E+01 2.37E+01 1.96E-02 m.p-Cresol 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.10E-05 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.56E-03 Pyrene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 Titanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.89E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 <				
Iron				
Lead 9,50E-02 1,92E+01 9,55E-03 Lithium 2,37E+01 2,37E+01 1,96E-02 m,p-Cresol 3,75E-02 3,75E-02 3,10E-05 Manganese 7,11E+02 7,11E+02 5,87E-01 Methyl lodide 4,10E-02 4,10E-02 3,39E-05 Molybdenum 6,00E-01 6,00E-01 4,96E-04 Nickel 1,11E+00 1,85E+01 9,56E-03 Pyrene 4,27E-02 4,27E-02 3,52E-05 Strontium 1,81E+02 1,81E+02 1,50E-01 Titanium 4,05E+01 4,05E+01 3,35E-02 Vanadium 2,74E+01 2,74E+01 2,26E-02 Zinc 1,14E+03 5,69E+02 6,59E-01 LPAH++ 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 0,00E+00 HPAH 2,92E-01 6,81E-01 3,76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8,23E-04 8,23E-04 6,80E-07 Aluminum 9,03E+03 9,03E+03 7,46E+00	Copper	8.04E+00	8.04E+00	6.64E-03
Lithium 2.37E+01 2.37E+01 1.96E-02 m.p-Cresol 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.10E-05 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.56E-03 Pyrene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 Titanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 6.81E-01 3.76E-04 TOTAL PAHs 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E-03 1.33E-03 1.43E-04 Benzo(a)plyrene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylnexyl)phrhalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02	Iron			
m,p-Cresol 3.75E-02 3.75E-02 3.10E-05 Manganese 7.11E+02 7.11E+02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.56E-03 Pyrene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 Titanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 6.81E-01 4.34E-04 TOTAL PAHs 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barzium				
Manganese 7.11E-02 7.11E-02 5.87E-01 Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.56E-03 Pyrene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.81E+02 3.52E-05 Strontium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.24E-01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 6.81E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Bernzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.09E-04 <				
Methyl lodide 4.10E-02 4.10E-02 3.39E-05 Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel 1.11E+00 1.85E+01 9.56E-03 Pyrene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 1.50E-01 Titlanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 6.81E-01 4.34E-04 TOTAL PAHs 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 9.49E-05 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 <tr< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>				
Molybdenum 6.00E-01 6.00E-01 4.96E-04 Nickel				
Nickel 1.11E-00 1.85E-01 9.56E-03 Pyrene 4.27E-02 4.27E-02 3.52E-05 Strontium 1.81E+02 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 Titanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 6.81E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g),fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g),fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylnexy),phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01				
Strontium 1.81E+02 1.81E+02 1.50E-01 Titanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 6.81E-01 4.34E-04 TOTAL PAHS 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 4.7senic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g),fliperylene 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalte 1.27E+01 1.05E-02		1.11E+00	1.85E+01	9.56E-03
Titanium 4.05E+01 4.05E+01 3.35E-02 Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 6.81E-01 4.34E-04 TOTAL PAHs 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 4.91E-03 1.43E-03 Benzo(g),hi)perylene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g),hi)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(g),hi)perylene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylnexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02	Pyrene	4.27E-02	4.27E-02	3.52E-05
Vanadium 2.74E+01 2.74E+01 2.26E-02 Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 6.81E-01 4.34E-04 TOTAL PAHs 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 9.49E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalte 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
Zinc 1.14E+03 5.69E+02 6.59E-01 LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 1.00E+00				
LPAH++ 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 0.00E+00 HPAH 2.92E-01 6.81E-01 4.34E-04 TOTAL PAHs 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g)f,fi)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylnexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
HPAH 2.92E-01 6.81E-01 4.34E-04 TOTAL PAHs 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
TOTAL PAHS 2.92E-01 5.64E-01 3.76E-04 Sur ace Water 4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g),h,i)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(g),fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylnexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
4-Chloroaniline 8.23E-04 8.23E-04 6.80E-07 Aluminum 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02	Sur ace Water			
Aluminum 9.03E+03 7.46E+00 Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
Antimony 5.32E-02 5.32E-02 4.39E-05 Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
Arsenic 9.49E-01 9.49E-01 7.84E-04 Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
Barium 3.80E+01 3.80E+01 3.14E-02 Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
Benzo(a)pyrene 1.80E-01 1.63E+00 8.69E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 8.50E+00 4.21E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1.73E-03 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
Benzo(g), h)perylene 1.73E-03 1.43E-06 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.00E+00 7.17E+00 3.55E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.27E+01 1.27E+01 1.05E-02		1.73E-03		1.43E-06
	Benzo(k)fluoranthene			
	Boron	3.52E+00	3.52E+00	2.91E-03
Chromium 4.50E+00 4.50E+00 3.72E-03 Chromium VI 4.80E+01 4.80E+01 3.97E-02				
Chrysene 0.00E+00 6.96E-01 3.45E-04				
Cobalt 3.20E-03 3.20E-03 2.64E-06				
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 2.47E-01 2.16E+00 1.15E-03				
Di-n-butyl Phthalate 2.27E+01 2.27E+01 1.87E-02				
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 1.18E-01 1.62E+01 8.05E-03	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.18E-01	1.62E+01	8.05E-03

TABLE I-INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR POND Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

'E+00 6.67E+00	5.51E-03
E+00 5.56E+01	2.76E-02
DE-01 1.60E-01	1.32E-04
E+00 1.44E+00	1.19E-03
DE-02 1.80E-02	1.49E-05
1E-01 2.21E-01	1.83E-04
E+01 1.24E+01	1.02E-02
DE-01 4.47E+00	2.25E-03
9E+00 7.19E+00	5.94E-03
E+02 1.16E+02	9.54E-02
DE-02 4.40E-02	3.63E-05
DE-03 8.40E-03	6.94E-06
E+03 2.88E+03	3 2.38E+00
0.00E+00	0.00E+00
E+00 1.16E-02	5.76E-06
E+00 1.16E-02	5.76E-06
	NE+00 5.56E+0

TOTAL INTA□E

INTA□E □ Sediment Intake +Water Intake + Food Intake

Chemical Intake 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 3.97E-05 4-Chloroaniline 1.73E-04 4,4-EDDT 3.63E-06 4,4-EDT 3.35E-06 Acetone 9.97E-06 Aluminum 2.22E+01 Antimony 3.08E-03 Arsenic 7.28E-03 Barium 4.41E-01 Benzo(a)pyrene 9.42E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 4.76E-03 Benzo(gh,j)perjene 5.45E-04 Benzo(gk,j)perjene 3.84E-03 Beryllium 9.93E-04 beta-BHC 1.33E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.89E-02 Boron 7.64E-01 Bromomethane 2.77E-05 Cadmium 7.88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6.52E-06 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chromium VI 9.33E-03 Dibenz(a, h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Dibenz(a, h)anthracene 1.79E-03	
4-Chloroaniline 1,73E-04 4,4:DDD 3,63E-06 4,4:DDD 3,63E-06 4,4:DDD 3,63E-06 4,4:DDT 3,33E-06 Acetone 9,97E-06 Aluminum 2,22E+01 Antimony 3,08E-03 Arsenic 7,28E-03 Barium 4,4:E-01 Benzo(a)pyrene 9,42E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 4,76E-03 Benzo(g),h)perylene 5,45E-04 Benzo(g),h)perylene 5,45E-04 Benzo(g),hiperylene 5,45E-04 Benzo(g),hiperylene 1,25E-04 Benzo(g),hiperylene 1,25E-06 Benzo(g),hipery	
4-Chloroaniline 1,73E-04 4,4:DDD 3,63E-06 4,4:DDD 3,63E-06 4,4:DDD 3,63E-06 4,4:DDT 3,33E-06 Acetone 9,97E-06 Aluminum 2,22E+01 Antimony 3,08E-03 Arsenic 7,28E-03 Barium 4,4:E-01 Benzo(a)pyrene 9,42E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 4,76E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 5,45E-04 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 5,45E-04 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 5,45E-04 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1,38E-03 Berjlium 9,93E-04 beta-BHC 1,33E-03 Berjlium 9,93E-04 beta-BHC 1,33E-03 Berjlium 9,93E-04 beta-BHC 1,33E-03 Berjlium 9,93E-04 beta-BHC 1,33E-03 Berjlium 1,35E-02 Boron 7,64E-01 Bromomethane 2,77E-05 Cadmium 7,88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6,52E-06 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium 1,79E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1,79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8,77E-03	
4,4=DDD 3,63E-06 4,4=DDT 3,33E-06 Acetone 9,97E-06 Aluminum 2,22E+01 Antimony 3,08E-03 Arsenic 7,28E-03 Barium 4,41E-01 Benzo(a)pyrene 9,42E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 4,76E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 5,45E-04 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 3,84E-03 Berzo(k)fluoranthene 3,84E-03 Berzolk,fluoranthene 1,33E-03 Bisi(2-ethylexyl)phthalate 1,89E-02 Boron 7,64E-01 Bromomethane 2,77E-05 Cadmium 7,88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6,52E-06 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium VI 4,30E-02 Chrysene 5,62E-04 Cobalt 9,33E-03 Copper 9,81E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1,79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1,95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8,77E-03	
4,4=DDT 3,33E-06 Acetone 9,97E-06 Aluminum 2,22E+01 Antimony 3,08E-03 Arsenic 7,28E-03 Barium 4,41E-01 Benzo(a)pyrene 9,42E-04 Benzo(g)hjfluoranthene 4,76E-03 Benzo(g,h,j)perylene 5,45E-04 Benzo(g,h,j)perylene 3,84E-03 Beryllium 9,93E-04 beta-BHC 1,33E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1,89E-02 Boron 7,64E-01 Bromomethane 2,77E-05 Cadmium 7,88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6,52E-06 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium VI 4,30E-02 Chromium VI 4,30E-02 Chrysene 5,62E-04 Cobalt 9,33E-03 Dienz(a, h)anthracene 1,79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1,95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8,77E-03	
Acetone 9,97E-06 Aluminum 2,22E+01 Antimony 3,08E-03 Arsenic 7,28E-03 Barium 4,41E-01 Benzo(a)pyrene 9,42E-04 Benzo(g,h,l)perylene 5,45E-03 Benzo(g,h,l)perylene 5,45E-04 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3,84E-03 Beryllium 9,93E-04 beta-BHC 1,33E-03 Bisi(2-ethylexyl)phthalate 1,89E-02 Boron 7,64E-01 Brommethane 2,77E-05 Cadmium 7,88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6,52E-06 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chrysene 5,62E-04 Cobalt 9,33E-03 Copper 9,81E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1,99E-03 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8,77E-03	
Aluminum 2.22E+01 Antimony 3.08E-03 Arsenic 7.28E-03 Barium 4.41E-01 Benzo(a)pyrene 9.42E-04 Benzo(c)fliuoranthene 4.76E-03 Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 5.45E-04 Benzo(k)fliuoranthene 3.84E-03 Beryllium 9.93E-04 beta-BHC 1.33E-03 Bis(2-ethylnexyl)phthalate 1.89E-02 Boron 7.64E-01 Bromomethane 2.77E-05 Cadmium 7.88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6.52E-06 Chromium 1.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dienz(a,h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Antimony Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Arsenic Benzo(a)pyrene Arte-01 Benzo(a)pfluoranthene Ar6E-03 Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b)fluor	
Arsenic 7.28E-03 Barium 4.41E-01 Benzo(a)pyrene 9.42E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 4.76E-03 Benzo(c)fi, liperylene 5.45E-04 Benzo(c)filuoranthene 3.84E-03 Beryllium 9.93E-04 beta-BHC 1.33E-03 Bisi(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.89E-02 Boron 7.64E-01 Brommethane 2.77E-05 Cadmium 7.88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6.52E-06 Chromium 1.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Barium 4.41E-01 Benzo (a) pyrene 9.42E-04 Benzo (b) fluoranthene 4.76E-03 Benzo (c) fluoranthene 5.45E-04 Benzo (c) fluoranthene 3.84E-03 Benzo (c) fluoranthene 9.93E-04 beta-BHC 1.33E-03 Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate 1.89E-02 Boron 7.64E-01 Bromomethane 2.77E-05 Cadmium 7.88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6.52E-06 Chromium 1.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a, h) anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.99E-02 Indeno(1, 2,3-cd) pyrene 8.77E-03	
Benzo(a)pyrene 9.42E-04 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 4.76E-03 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 5.45E-04 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.84E-03 Beryllium 9.93E-04 beta-BHC 1.33E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.89E-02 Boron 7.64E-01 Bromomethane 2.77E-05 Cadmium 7.88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6.52E-06 Chromium 1.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene 4,76E-03 Benzo(g),h.)perylene 5,45E-04 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3,84E-03 Beryllium 9,93E-04 beta-BHC 1,33E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1,89E-02 Brom 7,64E-01 Brommethane 2,77E-05 Cadmium 7,88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6,52E-06 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chrysene 5,62E-04 Cobalt 9,33E-03 Copper 9,81E-03 Dib-n-butyl Phthalate 1,79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1,95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8,77E-03	
Benzo(g,h.i)perylene 5.45E-04 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.84E-03 Beryllium 9.93E-04 beta-BHC 1.33E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.89E-02 Boron 7.64E-01 Bromomethane 2.77E-05 Cadmium 7.88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6.52E-06 Chromium 1.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.99E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene 3.84E-03 Beryllium 9.93E-04 beta-BHC 1.33E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.89E-02 Boron 7.64E-01 Bromomethane 2.77E-05 Cadmium 7.88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6.52E-06 Chromium 1.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Beryllium 9,93E-04 beta-BHC 1,33E-03 Bisi(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1,89E-02 Boron 7,64E-01 Brommethane 2,77E-05 Cadmium 7,88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6,52E-06 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium VI 4,30E-02 Chrysene 5,62E-04 Cobalt 9,33E-03 Copper 9,81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1,79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1,95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8,77E-03	
beta-BHC 1,33E-03 Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1,89E-02 Boron 7,64E-01 Bromomethane 2,77E-05 Cadmium 7,88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6,52E-06 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium VI 4,30E-02 Chrysene 5,62E-04 Cobalt 9,33E-03 Copper 9,81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1,79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1,95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8,77E-03	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate 1.89E-02 Boron 7.64E-01 Bromomethane 2.77E-05 Cadmium 7.88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6.52E-06 Chromium 1.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Boron 7,64E-01 Bromomethane 2,77E-05 Cadmium 7,88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6,52E-06 Chromium 1,30E-02 Chromium VI 4,30E-02 Chrysene 5,62E-04 Cobalt 9,33E-03 Copper 9,81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1,79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1,95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8,77E-03	
Bromomethane 2.77E-05	
Cadmium 7.88E-04 Carbon Disulfide 6.52E-06 Chromium 1.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Carbon Disulfide 6.52E-06 Chromium 1.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a, h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Chromium 1.30E-02 Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Chromium VI 4.30E-02 Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Chrysene 5.62E-04 Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a, h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Cobalt 9.33E-03 Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Copper 9.81E-03 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 1.79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Diberoz(a, h)anthracene 1,79E-03 Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1,95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8,77E-03	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate 1.95E-02 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 8.77E-03	
Iron 2.07E+01	
Lead 4.29E-02	
Lithium 5.65E-02	
m,p-Cresol 3.46E-05	
Manganese 4.25E-01	
Methyl lodide 3.51E-05	
Molybdenum 4.29E-03	
Nickel 1.43E-02	
Pyrene 3,83E-05	
Selenium 1.23E-02	
Silver □ 5.39E-03	
Strontium 1.68E+00	
Thallium 9.70E-02	
Titanium 4.82E-02	
Vanadium 2.83E-02	
Zinc 3.32E+00	
LPAH ++ 0.00E+00	
HPAH 2.89E-03	
Total PAHs 2.83E-03	
2.03E-03	

NOTES:

COPEC was measured in crab tissue.

Expressed in dry weight.

TABLE I-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR POND Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

SEDIMENT INGESTION				
DEDIMENT INGESTION				
INTADE D (Sc DIR DAF D	A□F) / (BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-	day)	calculated	Reference
Sc	Sediment exposure point conce	entration (mg/kg)	see Table I-1	
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of sed		1.88E-06	EPA, 1993
AF A□F	Chemical Bioavailability in sedi Default Area □se Factor	ment (unitiess)	1 1	EPA, 1997 EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.77E-01	EPA, 1993
Chemical		Sc	Intake	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol		2.69E-02	2.86E-07	
4,4EDDD		2.00E-02	2.12E-07	
4,4EDDT Acetone		1.10E-02 4.25E-02	1.17E-07 4.51E-07	
Aluminum		1.40E+04	4.51E-07 1.49E-01	
Antimony		4.40E-01	4.67E-06	
Arsenic		3.35E-01	3.56E-06	
Barium		3.83E+02	4.06E-03	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		3.38E-02	3.59E-07	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene		1.59E-02 2.75E-02	1.69E-07 2.92E-07	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene Beryllium		9.72E-01	2.92E-07 1.03E-05	
beta-BHC		2.30E-02	2.44E-07	
Boron		1.24E+01	1.32E-04	
Bromomethane		1.35E-02	1.43E-07	
Cadmium		1.90E-01	2.02E-06	
Carbon Disulfide		9.60E-04	1.02E-08	
Chromium		1.60E+01	1.70E-04	
Chrysene Cobalt		1.40E-02 7.86E+00	1.49E-07 8.35E-05	
Copper		2.02E+00	8.35E-05 2.14E-04	
Iron		1.74E+04	1.85E-01	
Lead		2.23E+01	2.37E-04	
Lithium		2.12E+01	2.25E-04	
m,p-Cresol		2.34E-02	2.48E-07	
Manganese Mathyl Iodida		5.71E+02	6.06E-03	
Methyl lodide Molybdenum		7.84E-03 1.20E-01	8.32E-08 1.27E-06	
Nickel		1.84E+01	1.95E-04	
Pyrene		1.96E-02	2.08E-07	
Strontium		1.32E+02	1.40E-03	
Titanium		3.54E+01	3.76E-04	
Vanadium		2.46E+01	2.61E-04	
Zinc LPAH++		9.61E+02	1.02E-02	
LPAH++ HPAH		0.00E+00 1.11E-01	0.00E+00 1.18E-06	
TOTAL PAHs		1.11E-01	1.18E-06	
S RFACE WATER INGE	STION			
INTA□E □ (Wc □IR □AF □	A□F) / (BW)			
Parameter	Definition		Value	Reference
Intake	Intake of chemical (mg/kg BW-		calculated	
Wc	Surface Water maximum conce		see Table I-1	ED4 4:
IR	Maximum Ingestion rate of water		2.09E-02	EPA, 1993
AF A□F	Chemical Bioavailability in water Default Area □se Factor	(unitiess)	1 1	EPA, 1997 EPA, 1997
BW	Minimum Body weight (kg)		1.77E-01	EPA, 1993
Chemical		Wc	Intake	
4 Chloroga:		9 225 04	0.745.05	
4-Chloroaniline Aluminum		8.23E-04 2.22E+00	9.71E-05 2.62E-01	
Antimony		7.60E-03	8.97E-04	
Arsenic		1.30E-02	1.53E-03	
Barium		1.90E-01	2.24E-02	
Benzo(a)pyrene		3.48E-04	4.11E-05	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene		1.81E-03	2.14E-04	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene		1.73E-03 5.42E-04	2.04E-04 6.39E-05	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate		4.00E-02	4.72E-03	
Boron		3.52E+00	4.15E-01	
Chromium		1.50E-03	1.77E-04	
Chromium VI		1.60E-02	1.89E-03	
Chrysene		7.10E-04	8.38E-05	
Cobalt		3.20E-03	3.78E-04	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene Di-n-butyl Phthalate		3.04E-03 3.81E-03	3.59E-04	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene		3.81E-03 3.44E-03	4.49E-04 4.06E-04	
Iron		6.67E+00	7.87E-01	
Lead		1.10E-02	1.30E-03	

TABLE I-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR POND Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

Lithium		1.60E-01	1.89E-02	
Manganese		1.44E+00	1.70E-01	
Molybdenum		1.80E-02	2.12E-03	
Nickel		7.90E-03	9.32E-04	
Selenium		9.80E-03	1.16E-03	
Silver		1.50E-02	1.77E-03	
Strontium		7.19E+00	8.48E-01	
Thallium		7.70E-03	9.08E-04	
Titanium		4.40E-02	5.19E-03	
Vanadium		8.40E-03	9.91E-04	
Zinc		6.30E-01	7.43E-02	
LPAHs ++		0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
HPAHs		1.16E-02	1.37E-03	
Total PAHs		1.16E-02	1.37E-03	
ECOD INCECTION				
FOOD INGESTION				
**	□A□F)/(BW) + (Cw □IR □DI	Fw □A□F) / (BW)		
Parameter Intake	Definition	PW day)	Value calculated	Reference
Cc	Intake of chemical (mg/kg		see Table I-8	
Cw	Crab concentration (mg/kg			
	Worm concentration (mg/k		see Table I-8	EDA 4000
IR Dfo	Maximum Ingestion rate of		9.40E-05	EPA, 1993
Dfc Dff	Dietary fraction of crabs (u		2.50E-01	□ent, 1986
	Dietary fraction of fish (unit	ucos)	7.50E-01	□ent, 1986
A□F BW	Default Area □se Factor Minimum Body weight (kg)		1 1.77E-01	EPA, 1997 EPA, 1993
			1	
Observiced		Finh	1.1.1	
Chemical Se□iment	Crab	Fish	Intake	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	4.29E-02	4.29E-02	2.28E-05	
4,4EDDD	6.76E-04	5.41E-04	3.05E-07	
4,4EDDT	2.98E-03	1.26E-03	8.95E-07	
Acetone	3.99E-03	3.99E-03	2.12E-06	
Aluminum	1.47E+04	1.47E+04	7.79E+00	
Antimony	1.67E+00	1.67E+00	8.84E-04	
Arsenic	4.51E+00	4.51E+00	2.39E-03	
Barium	3.75E+02	3.75E+02	1.99E-01	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.34E-01	1.71E-01	9.89E-05	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	2.17E-01	2.17E-01	1.15E-04	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.96E-01	2.09E-01	1.09E-04	
Beryllium	1.02E+00	1.02E+00	5.40E-04	
beta-BHC	1.60E+00	1.60E+00	8.52E-04	
Boron	2.84E+01	2.84E+01	1.51E-02	
Bromomethane	3.10E-02	3.10E-02	1.65E-05	
Cadmium	9.18E-01	9.18E-01	4.87E-04	
Carbon Disulfide	7.71E-03	7.71E-03	4.09E-06	
Chromium	7.84E+00	7.84E+00	4.16E-03	
Chrysene	1.49E-01	3.55E-02	3.39E-05	
Cobalt	8.99E+00	8.99E+00	4.77E-03	
Copper	8.04E+00	8.04E+00	4.27E-03	
Iron	2.01E+04	2.01E+04	1.07E+01	
Lead	9.50E-02	1.92E+01	7.66E-03	
Lithium	2.37E+01	2.37E+01	1.26E-02	
m,p-Cresol	3.75E-02	3.75E-02	1.99E-05	
Manganese	7.11E+02	7.11E+02	3.77E-01	
Methyl Iodide	4.10E-02	4.10E-02	2.18E-05	
Molybdenum	6.00E-01	6.00E-01	3.19E-04	
Nickel	1.11E+00	1.85E+01	7.53E-03	
Pyrene	4.27E-02	4.27E-02	2.26E-05	
Strontium	1.81E+02	1.81E+02	9.61E-02	
Titanium	4.05E+01	4.05E+01	2.15E-02	
Vanadium	2.74E+01	2.74E+01	1.45E-02	
Zinc	1.14E+03	5.69E+02	3.78E-01	
LPAH++	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
HPAH	2.92E-01	6.81E-01	3.10E-04	
TOTAL PAHs	2.92E-01	5.64E-01	2.63E-04	
Sur ace Water				
4-Chloroaniline	8.23E-04	8.23E-04	4.37E-07	
Aluminum	9.03E+03	9.03E+03	4.79E+00	
Antimony	5.32E-02	5.32E-02	2.82E-05	
Arsenic	9.49E-01	9.49E-01	5.04E-04	
Barium	3.80E+01	3.80E+01	2.02E-02	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.80E-01	1.63E+00	6.75E-04	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.00E+00	8.50E+00	3.38E-03	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.73E-03	1.73E-03	9.18E-07	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.00E+00	7.17E+00	2.85E-03	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate		1.27E+01	6.75E-03	
Boron	3.52E+00	3.52E+00	1.87E-03	
Chromium	4.50E+00	4.50E+00	2.39E-03	
	4.80E+01	4.80E+01	2.55E-02	
Chromium VI	4.80E+01 0.00E+00	4.80E+01 6.96E-01	2.55E-02 2.77E-04	
Chromium VI Chrysene Cobalt				

TABLE I-□ INTAKE CALCULATIONS FOR POND **Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)**

Di-n-butyl Phthalate	2.27E+01	2.27E+01	1.20E-02	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.18E-01	1.62E+01	6.45E-03	
Iron	6.67E+00	6.67E+00	3.54E-03	
Lead	0.00E+00	5.56E+01	2.22E-02	
Lithium	1.60E-01	1.60E-01	8.49E-05	
Manganese	1.44E+00	1.44E+00	7.64E-04	
Molybdenum	1.80E-02	1.80E-02	9.56E-06	
Nickel	2.21E-01	2.21E-01	1.17E-04	
Selenium	1.24E+01	1.24E+01	6.57E-03	
Silver	1.10E-01	4.47E+00	1.79E-03	
Strontium	7.19E+00	7.19E+00	3.82E-03	
Thallium	1.16E+02	1.16E+02	6.13E-02	
Titanium	4.40E-02	4.40E-02	2.34E-05	
Vanadium	8.40E-03	8.40E-03	4.46E-06	
Zinc	2.88E+03	2.88E+03	1.53E+00	
LPAHs ++	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	
HPAHs	0.00E+00	1.16E-02	4.63E-06	
Total PAHs	0.00E+00	1.16E-02	4.63E-06	

TOTAL INTA E

INTA□E □ Sediment Intake +Water Intake + Food Intake

Chemical 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 4-Chloroaniline 4,4-DDD 4,4-DDT Acetone Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h.i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Beryllium	2.31E-05 9.75E-05 5.17E-07 1.01E-06 2.57E-06 1.30E+01 1.81E-03 4.43E-03 2.46E-01 7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
4-Chloroaniline 4,4:DDD 4,4:DDT Acetone Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,1,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	9.75E-05 5.17E-07 1.01E-06 2.57E-06 1.30E+01 1.81E-03 4.43E-03 2.46E-01 7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
4-Chloroaniline 4,4-EDDT 4,4-EDDT Acetone Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(g,hi)fluoranthene	9.75E-05 5.17E-07 1.01E-06 2.57E-06 1.30E+01 1.81E-03 4.43E-03 2.46E-01 7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
4,4=DDD 4,4=DDT Acetone Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(g,hi)fluoranthene	5.17E-07 1.01E-06 2.57E-06 1.30E+01 1.81E-03 4.43E-03 2.46E-01 7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
4,4=DDT Acetone Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,h.i)perylene Benzo(b,fluoranthene	1.01E-06 2.57E-06 1.30E+01 1.81E-03 4.43E-03 2.46E-01 7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
Acetone Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b, fluoranthene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.57E-06 1.30E+01 1.81E-03 4.43E-03 2.46E-01 7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
Aluminum Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(b,h.i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.30E+01 1.81E-03 4.43E-03 2.46E-01 7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
Antimony Arsenic Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(k)hi.)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.81E-03 4.43E-03 2.46E-01 7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
Arsenic Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	4.43E-03 2.46E-01 7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
Barium Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	2.46E-01 7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
Benzo(a)pyrene Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(c,h.i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	7.16E-04 3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.70E-03 3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.21E-04 3.03E-03 5.50E-04
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.03E-03 5.50E-04
	5.50E-04
Beryllium	
	0.505.04
beta-BHC	8.52E-04
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	1.15E-02
Boron	4.32E-01
Bromomethane	1.66E-05
Cadmium	4.89E-04
Carbon Disulfide	4.10E-06
Chromium	6.90E-03
Chromium VI	2.74E-02
Chrysene	3.95E-04
Cobalt	5.24E-03
Copper	4.48E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.25E-03
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	1.25E-02
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	6.85E-03
Iron	1.16E+01
Lead	3.14E-02
Lithium	3.18E-02
m,p-Cresol	2.02E-05
Manganese	1.98E-01
Methyl Iodide	2.18E-05
Molybdenum	2.45E-03
Nickel	8.77E-03
Pyrene	2.29E-05
Selenium	7.72E-03
Silver Ⅲ	3.56E-03
Strontium	9.50E-01
Thallium	6.22E-02
Titanium	2.71E-02
Vanadium	1.58E-02
Zinc	1.99E+00
LPAH ++	0.00E+00
HPAH	1.69E-03
Total PAHs	1.64E-03
10(4) 17(1)	1.042-00

- NOTES:

 COPEC was measured in crab tissue.

 COPEC was measured in crab tissue.

 No LPAHs were detected in the samples.

TABLE I-□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR POND Avian Carnivore (SANDPIPER)

Ecological Hazard □uotient □Total Intake / TRV							
Parameter	Definition	Default					
Total Intake	Intake of COPEC (mg/kg BW-day)	see Intake					
TRV	Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)	see Table I-2					

	TRV			
	Total	IIX		
Chemical	Inta⊡e	San⊡piper	EHQ	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	3.97E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV	
4-Chloroaniline	1.73E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV	
4,4⊑DDD	3.63E-06	2.27E-01	1.60E-05	
4,4EDDT	3.33E-06	2.27E-01	1.47E-05	
Acetone	9.97E-06	5.20E+01	1.92E-07	
Aluminum	2.22E+01	1.10E+02	2.03E-01	
Antimony	3.08E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Arsenic	7.28E-03	2.24E+00	3.25E-03	
Barium	4.41E-01	2.08E+01	2.12E-02	
Benzo(a)pyrene	9.42E-04	1.00E+00	9.42E-04	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	4.76E-03	1.40E-01	3.40E-02	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	5.45E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.84E-03	1.40E-01	2.74E-02	
Beryllium	9.93E-04	0.00E+00	no TRV	
beta-BHC	1.33E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	1.89E-02	1.11E+02	1.70E-04	
Boron	7.64E-01	2.86E+01	2.67E-02	
Bromomethane	2.77E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Cadmium	7.88E-04	1.47E+00	5.36E-04	
Carbon Disulfide	6.52E-06	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Chromium	1.30E-02	2.66E+00	4.89E-03	
Chromium VI	4.30E-02	2.66E+00	1.62E-02	
Chrysene	5.62E-04	1.00E+00	5.62E-04	
Cobalt	9.33E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Copper	9.81E-03	4.05E+00	2.42E-03	
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.79E-03	3.90E-01	4.58E-03	
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	1.95E-02	1.11E+02	1.76E-04	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	8.77E-03	1.00E+00	8.77E-03	
Iron	2.07E+01	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Lead	4.29E-02	1.63E+00	2.63E-02	
Lithium	5.65E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV	
m,p-Cresol	3.46E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Manganese	4.25E-01	1.64E+03	2.59E-04	
Methyl lodide	3.51E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Molybdenum	4.29E-03	3.30E+00	1.30E-03	
Nickel	1.43E-02	6.71E+00	2.13E-03	
Pyrene	3.83E-05	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Selenium	1.23E-02	5.00E-01	2.45E-02	
Silver	5.39E-03	1.78E+02	3.03E-05	
Strontium	1.68E+00	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Thallium	9.70E-02	3.50E-01	2.77E-01	
Titanium	4.82E-02	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Vanadium	2.83E-02	3.44E-01	8.21E-02	
Zinc	3.32E+00	6.61E+01	5.03E-02	
LPAH	0.00E+00	0.01E+01 0.00E+00	no TRV	
HPAH	2.89E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV	
Total PAHs	2.83E-03	0.00E+00	no TRV	
TOTAL I ALIS	Z.00L-00	0.00∟100	110 110	

Notes:

Shading indicates EH \square 1.

TABLE I-□ ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR POND Avian Carnivore (GREEN HERON)

 Ecological Hazard □uotient □ Total Intake / TRV

 Parameter
 Definition
 Default

 Total Intake
 Intake of COPEC (mg/kg BW-day)
 see Intake

 TRV
 Toxicity Reference Value (mg/kg)
 see Table I-2

		TRV
Chemical	Total Inta⊡e	Green Heron EHQ
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	2.31E-05	0.00E+00 no TRV
4-Chloroaniline	9.75E-05	0.00E+00 no TRV
4,4⊑DDD	5.17E-07	2.27E-01 2.28E-06
4,4⊑DDT	1.01E-06	2.27E-01 4.46E-06
Acetone	2.57E-06	5.20E+01 4.94E-08
Aluminum	1.30E+01	1.10E+02 1.18E-01
Antimony	1.81E-03	0.00E+00 no TRV
Arsenic	4.43E-03	2.24E+00 1.98E-03
Barium	2.46E-01	2.08E+01 1.18E-02
Benzo(a)pyrene	7.16E-04	1.00E+00 7.16E-04
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3.70E-03	1.40E-01 2.64E-02
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	3.21E-04	0.00E+00 no TRV
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	3.03E-03	1.40E-01 2.16E-02
Beryllium	5.50E-04	0.00E+00 no TRV
beta-BHC	8.52E-04	0.00E+00 no TRV
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	1.15E-02	1.11E+02
Boron	4.32E-01	2.86E+01 1.51E-02
Bromomethane	1.66E-05	0.00E+00 no TRV
Cadmium	4.89E-04	1.47E+00 3.33E-04
Carbon Disulfide	4.10E-06	0.00E+00 no TRV
Chromium	6.90E-03	2.66E+00 2.59E-03
Chromium VI	2.74E-02	2.66E+00 1.03E-02
Chrysene	3.95E-04	1.00E+00 3.95E-04
Cobalt	5.24E-03	0.00E+00 no TRV
Copper	4.48E-03	4.05E+00 1.11E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	1.25E-03	3.90E-01 3.21E-03
Di-n-butyl Phthalate	1.25E-02	1.11E+02 1.12E-04
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	6.85E-03	1.00E+00 6.85E-03
Iron	1.16E+01	0.00E+00 no TRV
Lead	3.14E-02	1.63E+00 1.92E-02
Lithium	3.18E-02	0.00E+00 no TRV
m,p-Cresol	2.02E-05	0.00E+00 no TRV
Manganese	1.98E-01	1.64E+03 1.21E-04
Methyl lodide	2.18E-05	0.00E+00 no TRV
Molybdenum	2.45E-03	3.30E+00 7.43E-04
Nickel	8.77E-03	6.71E+00 1.31E-03
Pyrene	2.29E-05	0.00E+00 no TRV
Selenium	7.72E-03	5.00E-01 1.54E-02
Silver	3.56E-03	1.78E+02 2.00E-05
Strontium	9.50E-01	
Thallium	9.50E-01 6.22E-02	0.00E+00 no TRV 3.50E-01 1.78E-01
Titanium	6.22E-02 2.71E-02	0.00E+00 no TRV
Vanadium	1.58E-02	3.44E-01 4.59E-02
Zinc	1.99E+00	6.61E+01 3.02E-02
LPAH	0.00E+00	0.00E+00 no TRV
HPAH Tatal BALIa	1.69E-03	0.00E+00 no TRV
Total PAHs	1.64E-03	0.00E+00 no TRV

Notes:

Shading indicates EH \square \square 1.

Coo Cse x BSAF or Cwtr x BCF

where:

Cfood □ Chemical Concentration in food (mg/kg dry)

Csed

Chemical Concentration (maximum for inverts, EPC for fish) in sediment (mg/kg dry)

Cwtr Chemical Concentration (maximum) in water (mg/L)
BSAF Biota to Sediment Accumulation Factor (unitless)

BCF
Bioconcentration Factor (unitless)

Compoun□	Cse □ - max	Cse □ - EPC	Se⊡iment to	Worm	Reference	Se⊡iment to	Crab	Re erence	Se⊡iment to	Fish	Re erence
	(m□)	(m□□□)	Worm BSAF	Concentration		Crab BSAF	Concentration		Fish BSAF	Concentration	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	4.29E-02	□0.0269	1.00E+00	4.29E-02	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	4.29E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	2.69E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
4.4EDDD	6.76E-04	□0.0200	8.00E-01	5.41E-04	BSAF DB	1.00E+00	6.76E-04	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	2.40E+01	4.80E-01	WSDOH, 1995
1,4⊑DDT	1.57E-03	□0.0110	8.00E-01	1.26E-03	BSAF DB		□0.00298	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	2.40E+01	2.64E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Acetone	7.98E-02	□0.0425	5.00E-02	3.99E-03	EPA, 1999	5.00E-02	3.99E-03	EPA, 1999	3.90E-01	1.66E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Aluminum	1.63E+04	1.40E+04	9.00E-01	1.47E+04	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	1.47E+04	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.40E+04	EPA, 1997 □
Antimony	1.85E+00	□0.4400	9.00E-01	1.67E+00	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	1.67E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	4.40E-01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Arsenic	5.01E+00	□0.3350	9.00E-01	4.51E+00	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	4.51E+00	EPA, 1999	1.62E-01	5.43E-02	EPA, 2000
Barium	4.17E+02	382.6	9.00E-01	3.75E+02	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	3.75E+02	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	3.83E+02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.06E-01	□0.0338	1.61E+00	1.71E-01	EPA, 1999		□0.234	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	4.07E+00	1.38E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.35E-01	□0.0159	1.61E+00	2.17E-01	EPA, 1999	1.61E+00	2.17E-01	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.59E-02	EPA, 1997 □
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.30E-01	□0.0275	1.61E+00	2.09E-01	EPA, 1999		□0.196	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	4.07E+00	1.12E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Beryllium	1.13E+00	0.972	9.00E-01	1.02E+00	EPA, 1999	9.00E-01	1.02E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	9.72E-01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
peta-BHC	6.99E-04	□0.0230	2.30E+03	1.60E+00	EPA, 1999	2.30E+03	1.60E+00	EPA, 1999	4.60E+00	1.06E-01	WSDOH, 1995
Boron	2.84E+01	□12.4000	1.00E+00	2.84E+01	EPA, 1997 III		2.84E+01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	1.24E+01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Bromomethane	3.10E-02	□0.0135	1.00E+00	3.10E-02	EPA. 1997 III		3.10E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	1.35E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Cadmium	2.70E-01	□0.1900	3.40E+00	9.18E-01	EPA, 1999	3.40E+00	9.18E-01	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.90E-01	EPA, 1997 III
Carbon Disulfide	7.71E-03	□0.0010	1.00E+00	7.71E-03	EPA. 1997 III		7.71E-03	EPA, 1997 III	2.88E-01	2.76E-04	WSDOH, 1995
Chromium	2.01E+01	16.0	3.90E-01	7.84E+00	EPA, 1999	3.90E-01	7.84E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	1.60E+01	EPA, 1997 □
Chrysene	2.57E-02	□0.0140	1.38E+00	3.55E-02	EPA. 1999	0.302-01	□0.149	Gulfco HHRA sampling	2.18E+00	3.05E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Cobalt	8.99E+00	7.86	1.00E+00	8.99E+00	EPA, 1997 III		8.99E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	7.86E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Copper	2.68E+01	20.2	3.00E-01	8.04E+00	EPA. 1999	3.00E-01	8.04E+00	EPA, 1999	1.00E+00	2.02E+01	Max value from Calcasieu RI
ron	2.01E+04	1.74E+04	1.00E+00	2.01E+04	EPA, 1997 III		2.01E+04	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.74E+04	EPA, 1997 III
Lead	3.05E+01	22.3	6.30E-01	1.92E+01	EPA, 1999	1.002100	□0.095	Gulfco HHRA sampling	2.00E-02	4.46E-01	Max value from Calcasieu RI
Lithium	2.37E+01	21.2	1.00E+00	2.37E+01	EPA, 1999		2.37E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.12E+01	EPA, 1997 III
m,p-Cresol	3.75E-02	□0.0234	1.00E+00 1.00E+00	3.75E-02	EPA, 1997 III		3.75E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	2.34E-02	EPA, 1997 □
Manganese	7.11E+02	571	1.00E+00	7.11E+02	EPA, 1997 III		7.11E+02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	5.71E+02	EPA, 1997 III
Methyl Iodide	4.10E-02	□0.0078	1.00E+00 1.00E+00	4.10E-02	EPA, 1997 III		4.10E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	7.84E-03	EPA, 1997 III
Molybdenum	6.00E-01	□0.1200	1.00E+00 1.00E+00	6.00E-01	EPA, 1997 III		6.00E-01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.20E-01	EPA, 1997 □
,	2.06E+01	18.4	9.00E-01	1.85E+01	EPA, 1997 III	5.40E-02	1.11E+00	Max value from Calcasieu RI	5.40E-02	9.94E-01	Max value from Calcasieu RI
Nickel Pyrene	2.65E-02	□0.0196	1.61E+00	4.27E-02		1.61E+00	4.27E-02		6.83E-01	9.94E-01 1.34E-02	
•	2.65E-02 1.81E+02	131.6	1.00E+00	4.27E-02 1.81E+02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1997		4.27E-02 1.81E+02	EPA, 1999 EPA, 1997 □	1.00E+00	1.34E-02 1.32E+02	WSDOH, 1995 EPA, 1997 □
Strontium											
Fitanium	4.05E+01 2.74E+01	35.4	1.00E+00 1.00E+00	4.05E+01 2.74E+01	EPA, 1997 III		4.05E+01 2.74E+01	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00 1.00E+00	3.54E+01 2.46E+01	EPA, 1997 □
/anadium Zinc	9.99E+02	24.6		5.69E+02	EPA, 1997 III			EPA, 1997 III		1.10E+03	EPA, 1997 Max value from Coloniau Bl
∠inc _PAHs ++		961 0.0	5.70E-01 1.61E+00	5.69E+02 0.00E+00	EPA, 1999 max PAH	1.14E+00	1.14E+03 0.00E+00	Max value from Calcasieu RI EPA. 1999	1.14E+00	0.00E+00	Max value from Calcasieu RI
	0.00E+00					1.61E+00		,	6.60E-01		WSDOH, 1995
HPAH	4.23E-01	0.111	1.61E+00	6.81E-01	EPA, 1999		□0.292 □0.202	maximum PAH in crab	6.60E-01	7.31E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Total PAHs	3.50E-01	0.111	1.61E+00	5.64E-01	EPA, 1999		□0.292	maximum PAH in crab □	6.60E-01	7.31E-02	WSDOH, 1995
Compoun□	Cwtr - max		Water to	Worm	Reference	Water to	Crab	Relerence	Water to	Fish	Relerence
	(m□L)		Worm BCF	Concentration		Crab BCF	Concentration		Fish BCF	Concentration	
1-Chloroaniline	8.23E-04		1.00E+00	8.23E-04	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	8.23E-04	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	8.23E-04	EPA, 1997 □
Aluminum	2.22E+00		4.07E+03	9.03E+03	EPA, 1999	4.07E+03	9.03E+03	EPA, 1999	2.70E+00	5.99E+00	EPA, 1999
Antimony	7.60E-03		7.00E+00	5.32E-02	EPA, 1999	7.00E+00	5.32E-02	EPA, 1999	4.00E+01	3.04E-01	EPA, 1999

II		7.30E+01	9.49E-01	EPA, 1999	7.30E+01	9.49E-01	EPA, 1999	1.14E+02	1.48E+00	EPA, 1999
			3.80E+01	EPA, 1999	2.00E+02	3.80E+01	EPA, 1999	6.33E+02	1.20E+02	EPA, 1999
Benzo(a)pyrene 3.	.48E-04	4.70E+03	1.63E+00	EPA, 1999		□0.180	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	5.00E+02	1.74E-01	EPA, 1999
						0.00E+00	Gulfco HHRA sampling □(value already			
Benzo(b)fluoranthene 1.	.81E-03	4.70E+03	8.50E+00	EPA, 1999		0.002100	accounted for via sediment)	5.00E+02	9.05E-01	EPA, 1999
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene 1.	.73E-03	1.00E+00	1.73E-03	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	1.73E-03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	1.73E-03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
						0.00E+00	Gulfco HHRA sampling □(value already			
			7.17E+00	EPA, 1999			accounted for via sediment)	5.00E+02	2.71E-01	EPA, 1999
			1.27E+01	EPA, 1999	3.18E+02	1.27E+01	EPA, 1999	7.00E+01	2.80E+00	EPA, 1999
Boron 3.	.52E+00	1.00E+00	3.52E+00	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	3.52E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	3.52E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Chromium 1.	.50E-03	3.00E+03	4.50E+00	EPA, 1999	3.00E+03	4.50E+00	EPA, 1999	1.90E+01	2.85E-02	EPA, 1999
Chromium VI 1.	.60E-02	3.00E+03	4.80E+01	EPA, 1999 ¥	3.00E+03	4.80E+01	EPA, 1999□	1.90E+01	3.04E-01	EPA, 1999□
						0.00E+00	Gulfco HHRA sampling □(value already			
		9.80E+02	6.96E-01	EPA, 1999			accounted for via sediment)	5.00E+02	3.55E-01	EPA, 1999
Cobalt 3.	3.20E-03	1.00E+00	3.20E-03	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	3.20E-03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	3.20E-03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 3.	.04E-03	7.10E+02	2.16E+00	EPA, 1999		□0.247	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	5.00E+02	1.52E+00	EPA, 1999
Di-n-butyl Phthalate 3.	3.81E-03	5.95E+03	2.27E+01	EPA, 1999 †	5.95E+03	2.27E+01	EPA, 1999 †	9.40E+03	3.58E+01	EPA, 1999□
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 3.	.44E-03	4.70E+03	1.62E+01	EPA, 1999		□0.118	Gulfco HHRA sampling □	5.00E+02	1.72E+00	EPA, 1999
Iron 6.	.67E+00	1.00E+00	6.67E+00	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	6.67E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	6.67E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
						0.00E+00	Gulfco HHRA sampling □(value already			
11			5.56E+01	EPA, 1999			accounted for via sediment)	9.00E-02	9.90E-04	EPA, 1999
Lithium 1.	.60E-01	1.00E+00	1.60E-01	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	1.60E-01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	1.60E-01	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Manganese 1.	.44E+00	1.00E+00	1.44E+00	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	1.44E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	1.44E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Molybdenum 1.	.80E-02	1.00E+00	1.80E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	1.80E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	1.80E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Nickel 7.	7.90E-03	2.80E+01	2.21E-01	EPA, 1999	2.80E+01	2.21E-01	EPA, 1999	7.80E+01	6.16E-01	EPA, 1999
Selenium 9.	.80E-03	1.26E+03	1.24E+01	EPA, 1999	1.26E+03	1.24E+01	EPA, 1999	1.29E+02	1.26E+00	EPA, 1999
Silver 1.	.50E-02	2.98E+02	4.47E+00	EPA, 1999		0.11 🗆	Gulfco HHRA sampling □□□	8.77E+01	1.32E+00	EPA, 1999
Strontium 7.	.19E+00	1.00E+00	7.19E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	7.19E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	7.19E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Thallium 7.	7.70E-03	1.50E+04	1.16E+02	EPA, 1999	1.50E+04	1.16E+02	EPA, 1999	1.00E+04	7.70E+01	EPA, 1999
Titanium 4.	.40E-02	1.00E+00	4.40E-02	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	4.40E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	4.40E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Vanadium 8.	3.40E-03	1.00E+00	8.40E-03	EPA, 1997 🗆	1.00E+00	8.40E-03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	8.40E-03	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
Zinc 6.	5.30E-01	4.58E+03	2.88E+03	EPA, 1999	4.58E+03	2.88E+03	EPA, 1999	2.06E+03	1.30E+03	EPA, 1999
LPAHs ++ 0.	.00E+00	1.00E+00	0.00E+00	EPA, 1997 III	1.00E+00	0.00E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ	1.00E+00	0.00E+00	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ
				•		0.005.00	Gulfco HHRA sampling □(value already			
HPAHs 1.	.16E-02	1.00E+00	1.16E-02	EPA, 1997 🗆		0.00E+00	accounted for via sediment)	1.00E+00	1.16E-02	EPA, 1997 □□
						0.00E+00	Gulfco HHRA sampling □(value already			
Total PAHs 1.	.16E-02	1.00E+00	1.16E-02	EPA, 1997 III		0.00⊑+00	accounted for via sediment)	1.00E+00	1.16E-02	EPA, 1997 Ⅲ

Notes

[☐] Compounds analyzed but not detected in Site® blue crab samples☐so value is one-half of maximum detection limit.

[☐] If no BSAF or BCF was available in the literature, a default value of 1.0 was used.

COPEC was measured in crab tissue and surface water, but not in sediment.

[†] Test compound is di-n-octyl phthalate.

[☐] Test compound is total chromium.

TABLE I
ECOLOGICAL HAZARD QUOTIENT CALCULATIONS FOR POND SEDIMENT

Pol chaetes an Other Benthic Invertebrates -- COMPARED WITH MIDPOINT BETWEEN ERL an ERM

Ecological Hazard □uotient □ Sc /(midpoint ERL/ERM)						
Parameter	Definition	Default				
Sc	Sediment Concentration (mg/kg)	see below				
ERL/ERM	Midpoint between Effects Range-Low and Effects Range-Medium (mg/kg)	see TRV summary page				

Chemical	Exposure Point Concentration* (Sc)	ERLŒRM	Maximum EHQ [†]
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	4.29E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
4,4EDDD	6.76E-04	3.20E-02	2.11E-02
4,4EDDT	1.57E-03	3.20E-02	4.90E-02
Acetone	7.98E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Aluminum	1.63E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Antimony	1.85E+00	9.30E+00	1.99E-01
Arsenic	5.01E+00	3.91E+01	1.28E-01
Barium	4.17E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.06E-01	1.80E+00	5.89E-02
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.35E-01	6.70E-01	2.01E-01
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.30E-01	1.80E+00	7.22E-02
Beryllium	1.13E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
beta-BHC	6.99E-04	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Boron	2.84E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Bromomethane	3.10E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Cadmium	2.70E-01	5.40E+00	5.00E-02
Carbon Disulfide	7.71E-03	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Chromium	2.01E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Chrysene	2.57E-02	1.59E+00	1.61E-02
Cobalt	8.99E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Copper	2.68E+01	1.52E+02	1.76E-01
Iron	2.01E+04	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Lead	3.05E+01	1.32E+02	2.30E-01
Lithium	2.37E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
m,p-Cresol	3.75E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Manganese	7.11E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Methyl lodide	4.10E-02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Molybdenum	6.00E-01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Nickel	2.06E+01	3.63E+01	5.68E-01
Pyrene	2.65E-02	1.63E+00	1.62E-02
Strontium	1.81E+02	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Titanium	4.05E+01	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
Vanadium	2.74E+01	5.70E+01	4.81E-01
Zinc	9.99E+02	2.80E+02	3.57E+00
LPAHs ++	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	no ERL/ERM
HPAH	4.23E-01	5.65E+00	7.49E-02
TOTAL PAHs	3.50E-01	2.44E+01	1.43E-02

Notes:

 $\hfill \Box$ EPC for benthic receptors is maximum measured concentration from Report Table 9.

⁺ Shading indicates EH□ □ 1.

^{**} No LPAHs were detected in the samples.

APPENDIX J
REFERENCES FOR THE APPENDICES

APPENDIX J - REFERENCES FOR APPENDICES

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APPENDIX K SITE SOIL BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY CONSIDERATIONS (APPENDIX C FROM PHASE 1 SOIL INVESTIGATION DATA AND PROPOSED PHASE 2 SOIL INVESTIGATION ACTIVITIES LETTER TO EPA FROM PBW, LLC ON SEPTEMBER 11, 2007)

APPENDIX C

SITE SOIL BIOLOGICAL ACTIVITY CONSIDERATIONS

The coastal uplands of the central Texas coast generally support a variety of burrowing wildlife, and an assortment of animals that rely on the burrowers for abandoned tunnels. Burrowing animals observed at the Gulfco site (the Site) include field mice, rat snakes, fiddler crabs, and ghost crabs. The distribution of burrowing organisms is typically restricted by the availability of food and soil characteristics. Most species of burrowing mammals, reptiles and crustaceans prefer to excavate their tunnels in sandy loam or sandy clay, and have limited success in hard compacted surface soils or soils containing rocks and shell (Crane, 1975)(Grimes, et al., 1989).

Shallow soil borings advanced to depths of approximately two feet or more at the Gulfco Marine Maintenance Site indicate that approximately 80% of the surface or near surface soil at the Site (i.e. the portion of the Site not covered by concrete slabs or gravel/shell road base material) is composed of compacted clay, shell hash, and brick fragments that would tend to inhibit burrowing activity. Soil borings were advanced at 99 locations as part of the shallow soil sampling program. Shallow soils at 81 of these locations were characterized as either compacted fill material (typically described as varying combinations of sand, clay, gravel, oyster shell, and/or brick fragments) or firm clays that would be difficult for borrowing animals to excavate. The probability that burrowing wildlife would utilize the compacted soils is low. Small burrowing animals typically avoid hard compacted surfaces (Crane, 1975)(Grimes, et al., 1989).

Studies have shown that the average burrow depth and depth of bioturbation for burrowing organisms (intertidal and supratidal) is 9.8 cm (approximately four inches). This includes a large number of shallow burrowing species and a few species that burrow to 60 cm (approximately 24 inches) (Boudreau 1998; Kristensen, and Kostka, 2004).

The following paragraphs provide descriptions of some of the wildlife that could potentially inhabit the soils at the Gulfco Site. None of the wildlife described here are likely to utilize the hard compacted surface soils covering a portion of the Site, or the clay dominated subsurface soils found under most of the Site. Scientific studies indicate that most of the small burrowing mammals, crustaceans, and reptiles found in Texas coastal habitats prefer soft sandy surface soils and are restricted by soil composition and compaction, to the upper 24 inches of soil (Kristensen and Kostka 2004).

It should be noted that the wildlife discussed below were chosen based on the terrestrial receptors of concern identified for the Site in the Screening Level Ecological Risk Assessment (SLERAA)(PBW, 2005). If the receptor of concern (ROC) for a given guild does not burrow, an alternative animal has been included to ensure that all guilds that may contain burrowing species have been evaluated. The fiddler crab is also included because it has been observed along and north of Marlin Avenue and because it may burrow in the more moist soils at the Site.

Detritivores, Invertebrates, and Terrestrial Plants

Earthworms (Lumbricus terrestris)

The earthworm was chosen as the ROC in the SLERA (PBW, 2005) for the detritivores and invertebrates at the Site. Earthworms burrow into all types of soil but are most effective in loamy soil. Burrows are continuous from surface opening to a maximum depth of 40 cm (~16 in) and

have few interconnections (Daane, et al., 1997). Earthworms loosen soil by excavating winding burrows through the soil, and leaving a trail of partially digested organic detritus and nutrients. The burrows promote water percolation and allow oxygen to penetrate deeper soil layers.

Mammalian Herbivores and Omnivores

Deer mouse (Peromyscus maniculatus)

The omnivorous deer mouse was chosen as the ROC for the various feeding guilds of small mammals at the Site. In Texas, deer mice usually inhabit grasslands or areas of open brush. Deer mice are not burrowers but build their nest from grasses in protected areas above ground beneath debris, in tree cavities, in rotting logs, or in abandoned burrows. They are almost strictly nocturnal.

Their food consists primarily of seeds and insect larvae. They will eat fruits, bark, roots, and herbage. In spring they will eat large numbers of lepidopteran (moths and butterflies) larvae and other insect larvae. Deer mice are an important source of food for many small carnivores, owls, and snakes.

Since deer mice do not burrow, the following mammalian species were also considered for their burrowing habits although none are known to reside at the Site.

Mexican ground squirrel (Spermophilus mexicanus)

The Mexican ground squirrel ranges from Northern Mexico to the Gulf coast of Texas, extending to western and central Texas and into southeastern New Mexico (Young and Jones, 1982). The species inhabits level grasslands and typically avoids rocky soils. It is typically found in sandy regions of coastal savannas. The species is well adapted for digging and burrowing and makes its home in underground burrows. An individual may occupy more than one burrow, with many escape burrows in addition to the home. The home burrows are 60 to 80 mm in diameter and reach a depth of 125 mm (~5 in), while the refuge and escape burrows are not as deep (Young and Jones, 1982; Edwards, 1946).

The Mexican Ground Squirrel is omnivorous and like other ground squirrels is adapted for life on the ground foraging for seeds, nuts, roots, bulbs, plant stems, leaves, mice, insects and eggs (Walker, 1975). S. mexicanus is typically active and feeds during the day. The food habits vary seasonally. In the spring the diet is distinctively herbivorous, consisting of seeds and leaves, nuts and fruits. However, in the early summer, half the diet is composed of insects commonly encountered in the burrows.

Nine-banded armadillo (Dasypus novemcinctus)

The preferred habitats of the nine-banded armadillo are drier areas including wire-grass prairie, abandoned fields, shrubs, and cultivated fields (Neill, 1952). The nine-banded armadillo is most successful in riparian habitats with rich organic litter (Humphrey, 1974). The armadillo is an opportunistic species that flourishes in communities that are disrupted by tree harvesting, cattle grazing, and agricultural crops. The most important economic benefits from the nine-banded armadillo are its predation on agricultural pests such as the scarabid beetles and other insects (Fitch et al., 1952). Other positive impacts of armadillo include the predation on venomous snakes, creation of shelters for other wildlife, and soil fertilization. Armadillos prefer to dig their burrows in sandy soils and avoid digging into hard clay.

Attwater's pocket gopher (Geomys attwateri)

The pocket gopher inhabits the sandy prairies in coastal Texas where it feeds on plant roots, seeds, and insects. The pocket gopher generally excavates shallow tunnels (<6 in deep) and is responsible for a significant amount of soil turbation in areas where it is abundant (Williams and Cameron, 1986; Rezsutek and Cameron, 2000). The gopher prefers sandy loamy soil and will avoid hard compacted surface soils.

Mammalian Predators

Coyote (Canis latrans)

The coyote was selected in the SLERA (PBW, 2005) as the ROC for the mammalian carnivore feeding guild at the Site. Coyotes are opportunistic feeders but most often feed on rabbits, rodents, and carrion (Andelt, 1985), (Windberg and Mitchell, 1990). They typically produce one litter of pups a year and raise the litter in a nursery den (Andelt and Gipson, 1979). Nursery dens are usually located on brush covered slopes, steep banks, thickets, in hollow logs, or on rock ledges. They are also known to den in crevices and shallow caves but they do not normally excavate a den (Bradley and Fagre, 1988), (Roy and Dorrance, 1985).

Coyotes are not typically burrowing mammals nor are any other mammalian predators that may potentially be at the Site such as a bobcat (*Felis rufus*) (Bradley and Fagre, 1988), (Koehler, 1987), or raccoon (*Procyon lotor*) (Chapman and Feldhamer, 1982).

Reptile Predators

Texas rat snake (Elaphe obsolete)

This species is a voracious predator on rodents of all sizes, with large adults being able to take prey up to the size of a fox squirrel (*Sciurus niger*). As juveniles, rat snakes will eat small lizards, baby mice, and an occasional small frog. Rat snakes kill their prey by constriction. Texas Ratsnakes also prey on birds and bird eggs; some individuals frequent chicken coops in search of eggs and chicks (Conant and Collins, 1998). Texas Ratsnakes are skilled climbers, able to climb vertical trunks of trees by clinging to cracks in the bark. They are also capable swimmers. Texas Ratsnakes breed in the spring, shortly after emerging from winter hibernation, and lay clutches of 5 to 20 eggs, which hatch in August or September. The female will lay her eggs in a hidden area, under hollow logs or leaves, or in abandoned burrows (Rossi, 1992). The hatchlings of common rat snakes are vigorous eaters and will double their size rather quickly. If conditions are good, females will sometimes produce two clutches of eggs a year. Rat snakes do not burrow but often enter the burrows of rodents in search of food. Rat snakes will use empty burrows for nesting or resting.

Avian Herbivores and Omnivores

American robin (Turdus migratorius)

The American robin was selected in the SLERA (PBW, 2005) as the ROC for the avian herbivore and omnivore feeding guild. No small birds at the Site are likely to burrow.

Avian Predators

Red-tailed hawk (Buteo jamaicensis)

While the red-tailed hawk was chosen as the ROC for this feeding guild, it does not burrow. Therefore, an alternate species was considered in this analysis.

Burrowing Owl (Athene cunicularia)

The burrowing owl utilizes burrows surrounded by short or sparse vegetation, and open terrain. The owls over-winter on the Texas coast in abandoned burrows of ground-dwelling mammals such as ground squirrels and rodents. They select burrows in short vegetation near tall weedy areas, where insects and rodents are most common. This ensures an adequate food supply and allows the owl to see approaching predators (Johnsgard, 1988; Haug et al., 1993). In Texas the owl is probably dependent on the burrowing activities of ground dwelling mammals like gophers, ground squirrels, and armadillos. The owls can also be found on croplands and in roadside culverts. Owls that are attracted to roadside culverts are in danger of being struck by passing vehicles as they enter or leave the culverts (James and Espie, 1997; Haug et al., 1993).

Estuarine Wetland and Aquatic Receptors

Fiddler crabs (Uca spp.)

Fiddler crabs eat algae, bacteria, and fungus scraped off of sand particles, and organic detritus (dead and decaying plant and animal matter) that is mixed with sand in the intertidal zone (Williams, 1984; Heard, 1982). Burrows provide privacy for mating, sleeping and "hibernating" during the winter months. Fiddlers also burrow into the sand to escape from predators and abandon their temporary burrow once the danger has passed. During high tide, fiddler crabs pack sand into the entrance to their burrows and wait until the tide retreats. Fiddler crabs improve coastal wetland ecosystems by excavating burrows that aerate the marsh grasses and underwater seagrass.

Two species of fiddler crabs can be found at the Site. Mud fiddler crab (*Uca rapax*) burrows in muddy marsh sediment that is relatively free of plant roots and gravel. The sand fiddler crab (*Uca pugilator*) prefers sandy soils and is generally found near the shoreline. The depth of the burrows is dependent on the stability of the soil/sediment. The density of burrows can be as high as 27 per m², and reach depths of 60 cm (23 in) (Teal, 1958)(Grimes, et al., 1989). Most of the crab burrows are shallow and crabs living in sandy silty sediment may be restricted to shallow burrows by the lack of soil stability.

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APPENDIX L
DOCUMENTATION FOR JARVINEN AND ANKLEY EVALUATION

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)
LOCATION	l: Intracoastal Wate	erway Sedi	ment							
2-Methylnaphthalene	No data available for wh	nole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					6.79E-02
4,4'-DDT	Atlantic menhaden (Brevoortia tyrannus)	larvae- juvenile	lab; flow-through	diet; 93 ng/g	48 (109)	24	120	growth - no effect	radiotracer study; residues = DDT + metabolites	1.18E-04
4,4'-DDT	sailfin molly (Poecilia latipinna)	3 days	lab; renewal, 1- day, aerated	water; 50 ug/L	21	77.3	386.5	survival, growth - reduced	residues = DDT + metabolites	1.18E-04
4,4'-DDT	sailfin molly (Poecilia latipinna)	3 days	lab; renewal, 1- day, aerated	water; 25 ug/L	21	43	215	survival, growth - no effect	residues = DDT + metabolites	1.18E-04
4,4'-DDT	(Pseudopleuronectes americanus)	embryo	lab; flow-through	adult fish; (water; 2 ug/L)	(9-12)	2.49-3.77	12.45-18.85	reduced 91- 99%	residues = DDT + DDE	1.18E-04
4,4'-DDT	(Pseudopleuronectes americanus)	embryo	lab; flow-through	adult fish; (water; 2 ug/L)	(9-12)	1.55	7.75	survival - no effect	residues = DDT + DDE	1.18E-04
Acenaphthene	No data available for wh	nole-body tissi	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.		3 1100000			6.68E-03
Anthracene	No data available for wh	nole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.50E-03
Benzo(a)anthracene	No data available for wh	nole-body tissi	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					9.11E-03
Benzo(a)pyrene	flatfish (Psettichthys melanostichus)	egg-larvae	lab; static	water; 0.1 ug/L	6	2.1	10.5	survival (hatchability) - reduced	radiotracer study; since BaP is volatile, residues may contain metabolites	1.04E-02
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	No data available for wh	nole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.32E-01
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	No data available for wh	nole-body tissi	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.				100	1.14E-02
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	No data available for wh	nole-body tissi	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.60E-01
Chrysene	No data available for wh	nole-body tissi	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.80E-01
Copper	No data available for wh	nole-body tissi	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.				a salah salah kara sa	8.43E+00
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	No data available for wh	nole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.04E-02
Fluoranthene	No data available for wh	nole-body tissi	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.	lia.				2.90E-01
Fluorene	No data available for wh	nole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					6.83E-03
gamma-Chlordane	No data available for wh	nole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					5.87E-04

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)	
Hexachlorobenzene	pinfish (Lagodon rhomboides)	55-89 mm	lab, flow-through	water; 91.3 ug/L	4	48.6	243	reduced survival > 50%	sum of alpha, gamma, beta, and delta isomers; residues in surviving organism.	2.30E-02	
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.67E-02	
Mercury [©]	eel (Anguilla anguilla)	100 g	lab; renewal, 1- day	water; 0.1 mg/L	32	15.3	76.5	survival - reduced 25%		7.53E-02	
Nickel	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.				A.	5.83E-01	
Phenanthrene	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.			5,000		1.39E-01	
Pyrene	No data available for wh	ata available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.									
Pyrene	No data available for wh	ata available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.									
Zinc	No data available for wh	ata available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.									
LPAH	No data available for wh	data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species. data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.									
HPAH	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.24E+00	
Total HPAH	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.46E+00	
LOCATION:	Intracoastal Waterw	ay Surface	Water							14.7	
Acryonitrle	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.01E-01	
Aluminum	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.49E+00	
Barium	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.65E+01	
Boron	No data available for wh	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					4.81E+00	
Chromium	No data available for wh	No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.									
Copper	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					7.81E+00	
Iron	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.			- 100-040-00		5.90E-01	
Lithium	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.70E-01	
Manganese	No data available for wh	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					4.80E-02	

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)
Silver	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					3.25E-01
Strontium	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					7.35E+00
Titanium	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.					5.70E-03
Vanadium	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.					6.10E-02
LOCATION: We	tlands Sediment									
2-Methylnaphthalene	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					5.58E-02
4,4'-DDT	Atlantic menhaden (Brevoortia tyrannus)	larvae- juvenile	lab; flow-through	diet; 93 ng/g	48 (109)	24	120	growth - no effect	radiotracer study; residues = DDT + metabolites	1.46E-03
4,4'-DDT	sailfin molly (Poecilia latipinna)	3 days	lab; renewal, 1- day, aerated	water, 50 ug/L	21	77.3	386.5	survival, growth	residues = DDT + metabolites	1.46E-03
4,4'-DDT	sailfin molly (Poecilia latipinna)	3 days	lab; renewal, 1- day, aerated	water; 25 ug/L	21	43	215	survival, growth		1.46E-03
4,4'-DDT	(Pseudopleuronectes americanus)	embryo	lab; flow-through	adult fish; (water; 2 ug/L)	(9-12)	2.49-3.77	12.45-18.85	reduced 91- 99%	residues = DDT + DDE	1.46E-03
4,4'-DDT	(Pseudopleuronectes americanus)	embryo	lab; flow-through	adult fish; (water; 2 ug/L)	(9-12)	1.55	7.75	survival - no effect	residues = DDT + DDE	1.46E-03
Acenaphthene	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.					5.45E-03
Acenaphthylene	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					6.29E-03
Anthracene	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	pecies.					8.15E-03
Arsenic	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.					7.80E-01
Benzo(a)anthracene	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.					7.49E-03
Benzo(a)pyrene	flatfish (Psettichthys melanostichus) egg-larvae lab; static water; 0.1 ug/L 6 2.1 10.5 reduced may contain metabolites									
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.	W				1.05E-01
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	pecies.					2.96E-01
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss		n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					8.65E-02
Cadmium	Baltic herring (Clupea harengus)	embryo	lab renewal, 2 days	water; 5 mg/L	15	36-77	180-385	survival - reduced		2.42E-01

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)
Cadmium	Baltic herring (Clupea harengus)	embryo	lab renewal, 2 days	water; 1 mg/L	15	19-38	95-190	survival - no effect		2.42E-01
Cadmium	Baltic herring (Clupea harengus)	embryo	lab renewal, 2 days	water; 0.5 mg/L	15	24	120	survival (viable hatch) - reduced	Salinity = 5 ppt.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	Baltic herring (Clupea harengus)	embryo	lab renewal, 2 days	water; 0.1 mg/L	15	7	35	survival (viable hatch) - no effect	Salinity = 5 ppt.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	Baltic herring (Clupea harengus)	embryo	lab renewal, 2 days	water; 1.0 mg/L	15	19	95	survival (viable hatch) - reduced	Salinity = 16 ppt.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	Baltic herring (Clupea harengus)	embryo	lab renewal, 2 days	water; 0.5 mg/L	15	11	55	survival (viable hatch) - no effect	Salinity = 16 ppt.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	Baltic herring (Clupea harengus)	embryo	lab renewal, 2 days	water; 5.0 mg/L	15	38-52	190-260	survival (viable hatch) - reduced	Salinity = 25 and 30 ppt.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	Baltic herring (Clupea harengus)	embryo	lab renewal, 2 days	water; 2.0 mg/L	15	29	145	survival (viable hatch) - no effect	Salinity = 25 and 30 ppt.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	garpike (Belone belone)	embryo	lab;static	water; 1.0 mg/L	25	18-28	90-140	survival - reduced		2.42E-01
Cadmium	garpike (Belone belone)	embryo	lab;static	water; 1.0 mg/L	26	10-19	50-95	survival - no effect		2.42E-01
Cadmium	garpike (Belone belone)	embryo	lab;static	water; 0.5 mg/L	27	10-19	50-95	survival - reduced		2.42E-01
Cadmium	garpike (Belone belone)	embryo	lab;static	water; 8.5 mg/L	28	7-11	35-55	survival - no effect		2.42E-01
Cadmium	seabass (Lates calcarifer)	larvae- juvenile	lab; renewal, 2 days	water; 3.2 mg/L	16	20.4	102	survival - reduced 50%	Residues in surviving fish.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	seabass (Lates calcarifer) seabass (Lates	larvae- juvenile	lab; renewal, 2 days lab; renewal, 2	water; 1.0 mg/L water; 0.32	16	8.3	41.5	survival - reduced < 50% survival -	Residues in surviving fish.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	calcarifer) seabass (Lates	larvae- juvenile larvae-	days lab; renewal, 2	mg/L water; 0.10	16	4.2	21	reduced 10% survival - no	Residues in surviving fish.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	calcarifer)	juvenile	days	mg/L	16	2.5	12.5	effect survival -		2.42E-01
Cadmium	xanthurus)	larvae	lab; flow-through	water; 6-8 mg/L	1.25	42-69	210-345	reduced 50% survival -	Residues in surviving fish.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	xanthurus)	larvae	lab; flow-through	water; 2.4 mg/L	1.5	34-49	170-245	reduced 50%	Residues in surviving fish.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	xanthurus)	larvae	lab; flow-through	water; 0.8 mg/L	4.7	24-38	120-190	reduced 50%	Residues in surviving fish.	2.42E-01
Cadmium	xanthurus)	larvae	lab; flow-through	water; 0.6 mg/L	4.8	8.6-11.2	43-56	reduced 50%	Residues in surviving fish.	2.42E-01

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)
Cadmium	spot (Leiostomus xanthurus)	larvae	lab; flow-through	water; 0.3 mg/L	7.2	8-8.6	40-43	survival - reduced 50%	Residues in surviving fish.	2.42E-01
	spot (Leiostomus		V-1 12 - V				9.1	survival - no		2 /22/21
Cadmium	xanthurus) flounder (Pleuronectes	larvae embryo-	lab; flow-through lab; renewal, 3	water; 0.1 mg/L	8.3	5.4-5.8	27-29	effect survival -		2.42E-01
Cadmium	flesus)	larvae	days	water; 2-5 mg/L	17	4-18	20-90	reduced		2.42E-01
Caumun	flounder (Pleuronectes	embryo-	lab; renewal, 3	Water, 2 o mg/L	11	4-10	20-30	survival - no		2.421-01
Cadmium	flesus)	larvae	days	water; 1 mg/L	17	2-6	10-30	effect		2.42E-01
Gedinani	flounder (Pleuronectes	embryo-	lab; renewal, 3	matery i mgrz	1,40	20	10 00	growth - no		E. TEL OI
Cadmium	flesus)	larvae	days	water; 5 mg/L	17	8-18	40-90	effect		2.42E-01
Chrysene	No data available for who	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sr	ecies					5.75E-01
Only Solito	The data divaliable for this	no body noo	ao comocinadono n	Tours not of						0.102 01
Copper	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.21E+01
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	No data available for who	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.48E-02
Endosulfan sulfate [†]	pinfish (Lagodon rhomboides)	juvenile	lab;flow-through	water; 0.26 ug/L	4	0.27	1.35	survival - reduced 35%	100% mortality occurred at next highest conc. (0.91 ug/L), but no residues reported. Residues in living organisms.	4.40E-04
Endosulfan sulfate [†]	pinfish (Lagodon rhomboides)	juvenile	lab;flow-through	water; 0.15 ug/L	4	0.20	1.0	survival - no effect		4.40E-04
Endosulfan sulfate [†]	spot (Leiostomus xanthurus)	juvenile	lab;flow-through	water; 0.31 ug/L	4	0.26	1.3	survival - reduced 90%	Residues in surviving organisms.	4.40E-04
Endosulfan sulfate [†]	spot (Leiostomus xanthurus)	juvenile	lab;flow-through	water; 0.08 ug/L	4	0.07	0.35	survival - reduced 45%	Residues in surviving organisms.	4.40E-04
Endosulfan sulfate [†]	spot (Leiostomus xanthurus)	juvenile	lab;flow-through	water; 0.05 ug/L	4	0.03	0.15	survival - reduced 35%	Residues in surviving organisms. Lowest conc. Tested, control had 10% mortality.	4.40E-04
Endosulfan sulfate [†]	mullet (Mugil cephalus)	juvenile	lab;flow-through	water; 0.49 ug/L	4	0.43-0.49	2.15-2.45	survival - reduced 90%	Residues in surviving fish.	4.40E-04
Endosulfan sulfate [†]	mullet (Mugil cephalus)	juvenile	lab;flow-through	water; 0.36 ug/L	4	0.36	1.8	survival - reduced 40%	Residues in surviving fish. Lowest conc. tested.	4.40E-04
Endrin Aldehyde ** and Endrin Ketone **	sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	embryo- adult	lab, flow-through	water; 0.12 ug/L	140	0.29	1.45	survival - no effect		3.32E-03
Endrin Aldehyde ** and Endrin Ketone **	sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	adult	lab, flow-through	water, 0.31 ug/L	140	0.94	4.7	reproduction - reduced	XIII-33	3.32E-03
Endrin Aldehyde ** and Endrin Ketone **	sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	adult	lab, flow-through	water, 0.12 ug/L	140	0.26	1.3	reproduction - no effect		3.32E-03

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)		
Endrin Aldehyde ** and Endrin Ketone **	sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	embryo	lab, flow-through	adult fish + water; 0.31 ug/L	28	1.8	9	survival - reduced	52	3.32E-03		
Endrin Aldehyde ** and Endrin Ketone **	sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	embryo	lab, flow-through	adult fish + water; 0.12 ug/L	28	0.87	4.35	survival - no effect		3.32E-03		
Endrin Aldehyde ** and Endrin Ketone **	sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	juvenile	lab, flow-through	adult fish + water; 0.31 ug/L	28	0.88	4.4	survival - reduced		3.32E-03		
Endrin Aldehyde ** and Endrin Ketone **	sheepshead minnow (Cyprinodon variegatus)	juvenile	lab, flow-through	adult fish + water; 0.12 ug/L	28	0.11	0.55	survival - no effect		3.32E-03		
Fluoranthene	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.94E-01		
Fluorene	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.			1.0		5.45E-03		
gamma-Chlordane	No data available for who		6.60E-04									
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.09E-01		
Lead	No data available for who	le-body tiss		n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					9.36E-01		
Mercury [€]	eel (Anguilla anguilla)	100 g	lab; renewal, 1- day	water; 0.1 mg/L	32	15.3	76.5	survival - reduced 25%		1.23E-01		
Nickel	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					9.77E-01		
Phenanthrene	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					7.72E-02		
Pyrene	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					3.11E-01		
Zinc	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.				ware services	2.69E+02		
LPAH	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.		1			1.48E-01		
HPAH	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.			- //		2.14E+00		
Total PAH	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.34E+00		
LOCATION: V	Vetlands Surface Wa	etlands Surface Water										
1,2-Dichloroethane	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					3.85E-03		
Acrolein	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					9.29E-03		
Aluminum	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.16E+00		
Barium	No data available for who	le-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.34E+02		

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)		
Boron	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.					2.42E+00		
Chromium	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.					7.03E-01		
Chromium VI ^a	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.			×		1.52E-01		
Copper	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.					7.81E+00		
Iron	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.					1.08E+00		
Lithium	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.					2.50E-01		
Manganese No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species. lab; renewal, 1-												
Mercury ^{b €}	rcury ^{b €} eel (<i>Anguilla anguilla</i>) 100 g lab; renewal, 1- day water; 0.1 mg/L 32 15.3 76.5 reduced 25%											
Molybdenum No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.										1.50E-02		
Nickel No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.												
Strontium	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	oecies.		1			6.64E+00		
Titanium	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish s	pecies.		10			9.80E-03		
Zinc	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish s	pecies.		-			4.53E+01		
LOCATION: PO	onds Sediment											
4,4'-DDD	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	sue concentrations i	n saltwater fish s	pecies. Se	4,4'-DDT.			****	1.16E-02		
4,4'-DDT	Atlantic menhaden (Brevoortia tyrannus)	larvae- juvenile	lab; flow-through	diet; 93 ng/g	48 (109)	24	120	growth - no effect	radiotracer study; residues = DDT + metabolites	6.38E-03		
4,4'-DDT	sailfin molly (Poecilia latipinna)	3 days	lab; renewal, 1- day, aerated	water; 50 ug/L	21	77.3	386.5	survival, growth	residues = DDT + metabolites	6.38E-03		
sailfin molly (<i>Poecilia</i> lab; renewal, 1- latipinna) 3 days day, aerated water; 25 ug/L 21 43 215 - no effect metabolites												
4,4'-DDT	(Pseudopleuronectes americanus)	embryo	lab; flow-through	adult fish; (water, 2 ug/L)	(9-12)	2.49-3.77	12.45-18.85	reduced 91-	residues = DDT + DDE	6.38E-03 6.38E-03		
4,4'-DDT	(Pseudopleuronectes americanus)	embryo	lab; flow-through	adult fish; (water; 2 ug/L)	(9-12)	1.55	7.75	survival - no effect	residues = DDT + DDE	6.38E-03		
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	No data available for wh					1.00	1.10	1		2.23E-02		
201120(D)IIIIOI AITII IETTE	nto data avaliable for Wi	ole-body uss	suc concentrations i	ii saitwatei iisil S	JUUI03.				111.	Z.ZJL-UZ		

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	No data available for whol	e-body tiss	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.82E-02
	Baltic herring (Clupea		lab renewal, 2					survival -		101 5 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
Cadmium	harengus)	embryo	days	water; 5 mg/L	15	36-77	180-385	reduced		1.90E-01
- De S.M. October 1970	Baltic herring (Clupea		lab renewal, 2					survival - no		
Cadmium	harengus)	embryo	days	water; 1 mg/L	15	19-38	95-190	effect		1.90E-01
	Baltic herring (Clupea		lab renewal, 2					survival (viable		
Cadmium	harengus)	embryo	days	water; 0.5 mg/L	15	24	120	hatch) -	Salinity = 5 ppt.	1.90E-01
	Baltic herring (Clupea		lab renewal, 2				and the second	survival (viable		
Cadmium	harengus)	embryo	days	water; 0.1 mg/L	15	7	35	hatch) - no	Salinity = 5 ppt.	1.90E-01
	Baltic herring (Clupea		lab renewal, 2		-			survival (viable		
Cadmium	harengus)	embryo	days	water; 1.0 mg/L	15	19	95	hatch) -	Salinity = 16 ppt.	1.90E-01
	Baltic herring (Clupea		lab renewal, 2		- 1.2			survival (viable		
Cadmium	harengus)	embryo	days	water; 0.5 mg/L	15	- 11	55	hatch) - no	Salinity = 16 ppt.	1.90E-01
	Baltic herring (Clupea		lab renewal, 2	materi ere mg. =				survival (viable		
Cadmium	harengus)	embryo	days	water; 5.0 mg/L	15	38-52	190-260	hatch) -	Salinity = 25 and 30 ppt.	1.90E-01
	Baltic herring (Clupea		lab renewal, 2	The state of the s				survival (viable		
Cadmium	harengus)	embryo	days	water; 2.0 mg/L	15	29	145	hatch) - no	Salinity = 25 and 30 ppt.	1.90E-01
	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR			materi are mgra	1.50			survival -		
Cadmium	garpike (Belone belone)	embryo	lab;static	water; 1.0 mg/L	25	18-28	90-140	reduced		1.90E-01
	3	Citionyo	100,000	mator, the mgre		10 20	00 110	survival - no		1.002 01
Cadmium	garpike (Belone belone)	embryo	lab;static	water, 1.0 mg/L	26	10-19	50-95	effect		1.90E-01
			LIAMOS TOTAL	indicaj no major				survival -		
Cadmium	garpike (Belone belone)	embryo	lab;static	water; 0.5 mg/L	27	10-19	50-95	reduced		1.90E-01
	,			Tractory over migra		10.10		survival - no		1.002.01
Cadmium	garpike (Belone belone)	embryo	lab;static	water; 8.5 mg/L	28	7-11	35-55	effect		1.90E-01
	seabass (Lates	larvae-	lab; renewal, 2	, , , , , ,				survival -		7,002.01
Cadmium	calcarifer)	juvenile	days	water, 3.2 mg/L	16	20.4	102	reduced 50%	Residues in surviving fish.	1.90E-01
	seabass (Lates	larvae-	lab; renewal, 2				102	survival -		1.002 01
Cadmium	calcarifer)	juvenile	days	water; 1.0 mg/L	16	8.3	41.5		Residues in surviving fish.	1.90E-01
	seabass (Lates	larvae-	lab; renewal, 2	water; 0.32		0.0	71.0	survival -		1.002 01
Cadmium	calcarifer)	juvenile	days	mg/L	16	4.2	21	reduced 10%	Residues in surviving fish.	1.90E-01
Oddinioni	seabass (Lates	larvae-	lab; renewal, 2	water; 0.10	10	7.6	2.1	survival - no	Treesauce in curring non.	1.002-01
Cadmium	calcarifer)	juvenile	days	mg/L	16	2.5	12.5	effect		1.90E-01
oud.iiidiii	spot (Leiostomus	jaranna		1119/2	- 10	2.0	12.0	survival -		1.002-01
Cadmium	xanthurus)	larvae	lab; flow-through	water; 6-8 mg/L	1.25	42-69	210-345	reduced 50%	Residues in surviving fish.	1.90E-01
- warring III	spot (Leiostomus	iui vuo	, non un ough		1.20	72.00	210 040	survival -	The state of the s	1.002.01
Cadmium	xanthurus)	larvae	lab; flow-through	water; 2.4 mg/L	1.5	34-49	170-245	reduced 50%	Residues in surviving fish.	1.90E-01
	spot (Leiostomus	1011100	,				110210	survival -		1.002 01
Cadmium	xanthurus)	larvae	lab; flow-through	water; 0.8 mg/L	4.7	24-38	120-190	reduced 50%	Residues in surviving fish.	1.90E-01
	spot (Leiostomus	101100	,			2,00	120 100	survival -	The state of the s	1.002 01
Cadmium	xanthurus)	larvae	lab; flow-through	water: 0.6 mg/l	4.8	8.6-11.2	43-56	reduced 50%	Residues in surviving fish.	1.90E-01
sessionally	spot (Leiostomus	IUI VUO	and the state of t	mater, ore migra	4.0	0.0 11.2	40.00	survival -		1.002 01
Cadmium	xanthurus)	larvae	lob: flow through	water; 0.3 mg/L	7.2	8-8.6	40-43		Residues in surviving fish.	1.90E-01

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)	
O- deliver	spot (Leiostomus	1	lah: flaw through	water 0.1 mg/l	0.0	E 4 E 0	07.00	survival - no effect		1.90E-01	
Cadmium	xanthurus) flounder (Pleuronectes	larvae embryo-	lab; flow-through	water; 0.1 mg/L	8.3	5.4-5.8	27-29	survival -		1.90E-01	
Cadmium	flesus)	larvae	days	water; 2-5 mg/L	17	4-18	20-90	reduced		1.90E-01	
Oddinan	flounder (Pleuronectes	embryo-	lab; renewal, 3			7 10	2000	survival - no		1.002 01	
Cadmium	flesus)	larvae	days	water; 1 mg/L	17	2-6	10-30	effect		1.90E-01	
	flounder (Pleuronectes	embryo-	lab; renewal, 3					growth - no		C Discours	
Cadmium	flesus)	larvae	days	water; 5 mg/L	17	8-18	40-90	effect		1.90E-01	
Chrysene	No data available for who	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.				12	9.24E-03	
Copper	No data available for who	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.				ganare	2.02E+01	
Nickel	No data available for who	ole-body tissu	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					9.94E-01	
Pyrene											
Zinc	No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.										
HPAH	H No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.										
Total PAH	No data available for who	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.	F-7				7.31E-02	
LOCATION: Pon	ds Surface Water							2012			
4-Chloroaniline	No data available for who	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.				3- 4-4-	8.23E-04	
Aluminum	No data available for who	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.	W-13-34-	-11-2-			5.99E+00	
Antimony	No data available for who	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					3.04E-01	
Arsenic	No data available for who	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.48E+00	
Barium	No data available for who	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.20E+02	
	Barium No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species. Survival radiotracer study; since flatfish (Psettichthys hatchability) - BaP is volatile, residues										
Benzo(a)pyrene	melanostichus)	egg-larvae	lab; static	water; 0.1 ug/L	6	2.1	10.5	reduced	may contain metabolites	1.74E-01	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	No data available for who	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					9.05E-01	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	No data available for who	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.73E-03	
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	No data available for who	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.71E-01	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	No data available for who	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations in	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					2.80E+00	

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)
Boron	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					3.52E+00
Chromium	No data available for wh	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.		200			2.85E-02
Chromium VI ^a	No data available for wh	ole-body tissi	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					3.04E-01
Chrysene	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					3.55E-01
Cobalt	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					3.20E-03
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.52E+00
Di-n-butyl phthalate °	No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.									
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene										
Iron	d)pyrene No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species. No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.									
Lead	No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species. No data available for whole-body tissue concentrations in saltwater fish species.									
Lithium	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.60E-01
Manganese	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.	TRI DITTATO	0 0 Haz-1)	1.44E+00
Molybdenum	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.		11000	2000000	5052244.5	1.80E-02
Nickel	No data available for wh	ole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					6.16E-01
Selenium *	chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	fingerling	lab; flow-through	diet; 35.4 ng/g	120	5.8	29	survival - no effect	Salinity = 0.6-1.2 g/L.	1.26E+00
Selenium *	chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	fingerling	lab; flow-through	diet; 9.6 ng/g	120	1,6	8	growth - reduced	Salinity = 0.6-1.2 g/L.	1.26E+00
Selenium *	chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	fingerling	lab; flow-through	diet; 5.3 ng/g	120	0.8	4	growth - no effect	Salinity = 0.6-1.2 g/L.	1.26E+00
Selenium *	chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	fingerling	lab; flow-through	diet; 35.4 ng/g	120	5.8	29	survival - reduced	Salinity = 28 g/L for last 10 days.	1.26E+00
Selenium ¥	chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	fingerling	lab; flow-through	diet; 35.4 ng/g	120	2.8	14	survival - no effect	Salinity = 28 g/L for last 10 days.	1.26E+00

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration	Test Duration (days)	Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)	Tissue Residue * (mg/kg dw)	Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)
Selenium §	chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	fingerling	lab; flow-through	diet; 35.4 ng/g	120	4.8	24	survival - no effect	Salinity = 0.6-1.2 g/L.	1.26E+00
Selenium [§]	chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	fingerling	lab; flow-through	diet; 35.4 ng/g	120	4.8	24	growth - reduced	Salinity = 0.6-1.2 g/L.	1.26E+00
Selenium [§]	chinook salmon (Oncorhynchus tshawytscha)	fingerling	lab; flow-through	diet; 18.2 ng/g	120	2.52	12.6	growth - no effect	Salinity = 0.6-1.2 g/L.	1.26E+00
Silver	No data available for w	hole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.32E+00
Strontium	No data available for w	hole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.				100	7.19E+00
Thallium	No data available for w	hole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					7.70E+01
Titanium	No data available for w	hole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.		AUTOL Plant			4.40E-02
Vanadium	No data available for w	hole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					8.40E-03
Zinc	No data available for w	hole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.30E+03
LPAH	No data available for w	hole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					0.00E+00
НРАН	No data available for w	hole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.					1.16E-02
Total PAH	No data available for w	hole-body tiss	ue concentrations i	n saltwater fish sp	ecies.		MISSER			2.64E-03

Notes -

Data chosen after meeting the following criteria: 1) fish species must be saltwater inhabitant; and 2) fish tissue concentration must be for whole-body.

- * Tissue residue concentration, reported in wet weight, converted to dry weight by dividing by default moisture content of 20% (Stephan et al., 1985).
- ** Test compound is endrin.
- † Test compound is endosulfan.
- * Test compound is inorganic selenium.
- ⁵ Test compound is seleno-DL-methionine.
- Test compound is mercuric chloride.

Stephen, C.E., D.I. Mount, D.J. Hansen, J.H. Gentile, G.A. Chapman, and W.A. Brungs. 1985. Guidelines for deriving numerical water quality criteria for the protection of aquatic organisms and their uses. National Technical Information Service, Washington, DC. PB85-227049.

^a Water to fish BCF value is for total chromium, as value not available for hexavalent chromium in EPA, 1993.

Final SLERA COPECs	Fish Species	Life Stage	Test Site & Conditions	Exposure Route & Concentration		Tissue Residue (mg/kg ww)		Effect	Comments	Estimated Tissue Residue in Final SLERA (mg/kg dw)
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b Water to fish BCF value is for methyl mercury, as value not available for inorganic mercury in EPA, 1993.

^c Water to fish BCF value is for di-n-octyl phthalate, as value not available for di-n-butyl phthalate in EPA, 1993.